

BYAKUGŌ ビヤクガウ 白毫 n. A protuberance on the forehead of Buddhist idols, supposed to be the organ of omniscience.
 BYAKU-RAI ビヤクライ 白癩 n. White leprosy. Syn. SHIRA-HATAKE.
 BYAKURI ビヤクリ 白痢 n. White mucous stools.
 BYAKURŌ ビヤクラフ 白蠟 n. White wax.
 BYAKURŌ ビヤクラフ 白鐵 n. Pewter.
 BYŌ ビウ same as *beku*. Way; appearance: *sukū* — *mo miezu*, do not see any way of saving.
 BYŌ ベウ 鑢 n. A tack; a small nail with a large head.
 BYŌ ベウ 廟 n. Imperial ancestral temple.
 BYŌ ビヤウ病 (*yamai*). Sickness; disease; malady; illness. Used only in composition, as: *byō-chū*, — 中 during sickness; while sick; *byō-gan*, — 眼 sore eyes; *byō-go*, — 後 (*yamai agari*) after a sickness; *byō-in*, — 院 a hospital, infirmary; *byō-ja*, — 者 a sick person; a patient; *byō-jō*, — 牀 a sick-bed; *byō-ka*, — 家 a sick family; a house where there is sickness; *byō-kaku*, — 客 a sick

guest, or stranger; a hospital patient; *byō-ki*, — 氣 (*yamai*) sickness; disease; malady; illness; *byō-kon*, — 根 (*yamai no ne*) the origin or cause of disease; *byō-ku*, — 苦 sufferings or pains of sickness; *byō-nan*, — 難 calamity or misfortune occasioned by sickness; *byō-nin*, — 人 a sick person; a patient; *byō-nō*, — 惱 sufferings from sickness; affliction; *byō-shi* — 死 death from sickness; a natural death; *byō-shin*, — 身 a sickly person; an invalid; *byō-shō*, — 症 symptoms of disease.

BYŌBU ビヤウブ 屏風 n. A folding screen: — *issō*, a pair of screens; — *hanzō*, one screen.

BYŌ-BYŌ ベウベウ 渺渺 adv. Indistinct from distance; scarcely to be distinguished, as anything on the distant horizon.

BYŌ-DAN ベウダン 廟壇 n. The altar where ancestral tablets are kept.

BYŌ-DŌ ビヤウトウ 平等 (*tairaka-ni hitoshi*) Even and equal; just and equal: — *ni kubaru*, to distribute equally; — *ni suru*, to make equal; — *no kenri*, equal rights.

C.

CHA チャ茶 n. Tea: — *wo irete ki na*, make some tea (to a servant); — *wo niru*, or — *wo senjiru*, to boil tea; — *wo tateru*, to make tea from the powdered leaf; — *wo iru*, to fire, or roast tea; — *wo hiku*, to powder tea; — *wo tsumu*, to pick tea; — *wo seisuru*, to prepare the tea for market; — *wo tsumeru*, to pack tea in boxes; — *wo furumau*, to serve out tea; — *wo sonaeru*, to make offerings of tea; — *kwai*, a tea-party; — *ni suru*, to make light of, deride.
 CHA チャア (vulg. coll.) Same as *jaa*.
 CHABAKO チャバコ 茶箱 n. A tea-chest, or box.
 CHABAN チャバン 茶番 n. A waiter in a restaurant, or eating house; a kind of theatrical performance; a farce.
 CHABATAKE チャバタケ 茶圃 n. A tea plantation, or a field where tea is grown.
 CHABENTŌ チャベントウ 茶辦當 n. A portable chest with drawers and furnace for preparing tea when on a journey.
 CHABIN チャビン 茶瓶 n. A tea-pot.
 CHABISHAKU チャビシヤク 茶匕杓 n. A tea ladle.
 CHABO チャボ 矮鷄 n. A bantam fowl.
 CHABŌKI チャボウキ 茶帚 n. A feather brush, used in sweeping up tea when grinding it in a mill.
 CHABON チャボン 茶盆 n. A tea-tray.

CHABUKURO チャブクロ 茶袋 n. A small hempen bag used for holding the tea in boiling it.

CHABUNE チャブネ 茶船 n. A flat-bottomed boat, with heavy gunwales, pushed by a pole, and used for carrying earth or heavy loads.

CHADAI チャダイ 茶臺 n. A stand for a tea-cup; a saucer.

CHADAI チャダイ 茶代 n. A present made to servants, etc., at hotels and tea-houses: — *wo yaru*, to give —.

Syn. SAKATE.

CHADANSU チャダンス 茶簞笥 n. A cup-board for keeping tea and tea utensils.

CHADASHI チャダシ 茶注 n. A teapot for pouring out tea.

CHADŌ チャダウ 茶道 n. The art of making tea.

CHADŌGU チャダウグ 茶具 n. Vessels and utensils used in making tea.

CHAGAMA チャガマ 茶釜 n. A pot for boiling water.

CHAGARA チャガラ 茶滓 n. Tea grounds.

CHAGWASHI チャグワシ 茶菓子 n. Fruit, or sweetmeats eaten with tea.

CHAHŌJI チャハフジ 茶焙 n. A vessel for heating tea leaves before drawing; a tea-firer.

CHA-IRE チャイレ 茶入 n. A tea-caddy.

CHA-IRI チャイリ 茶煎 n. A pan for firing tea.

CHA-IRO チャイロ 茶色 n. Tea-color.
 CHAJAWAN チャヂヤワン n. A tea-cup.
 CHAJIN チャジン 茶人 n. A master in the art of preparing powdered tea; an eccentric person.
 CHAKASHI, -SU チャカス 嘲弄 t.v. (coll.) To hoax; to befool; to trick; to impose on, banter, humbug.
 Syn. GURŌ SURU. AZAKERU.
 CHAKASU チャカス 茶滓 n. Tea grounds.
 CHAKI チャキ 茶器 n. Utensils for preparing tea.
 CHAKIN チャキン 茶巾 n. A tea-towel or napkin.
 CHAKOSHI チャコシ 茶漉 n. A tea strainer.
 CHAKU チャク 着 — *suru*, to arrive; to wear: — *shidai*, upon arrival; as soon as he arrives; *kon-nichi Tōkyō kara — shimashita*, I arrived from Tōkyō to-day; *haori wo — suru*, to wear a coat.
 Syn. TSUKU, KIRU.
 CHAKUBO チャクボ 嫡母 n. The principal wife or mother of the house.
 CHAKUFU チャクフ 着府 Arrival at the capital.
 CHAKUGAN チャクガン 着岸 n. Arrival in port; landing: — *suru*.
 CHAKUGAN チャクガン 着眼 (*me wo tsukeru*), — *suru*, to look attentively at, fix the eyes upon.
 CHAKUGYO チャクギョ 着御 — *ni naru*, to arrive at (spoken only of the Emperor).
 CHAKUJITSU チャクジツ 着實 n. Sober-minded; thoughtful; prudent; not flighty or speculative.
 CHAKUNAN チャクナン 嫡男 n. The eldest son.
 CHAKURYŪ チャクリウ 嫡流 n. The eldest son's line, or descent through the eldest son of each generation.
 CHAKUSAI チャクサイ 嫡妻 n. The principal wife.
 CHAKUSEN チャクセン 着船 Ship arrival: *kon-nichi — itashimashita*, the ship arrived to-day.
 CHAKUSHI チャクシ 嫡子 n. The eldest son; the heir.
 Syn. CHŌSHI, SŌRYŌ.
 CHAKUSHU チャクシュ 着手 — *suru*, to put the hand to, commence to do.
 CHAKUSON チャクソン 嫡孫 n. A descendant in the regular line of the eldest son.
 CHAKUTŌ チャクトウ 着到 n. Arrival; coming: — *suru*, to arrive, reach, come; *ninsoku no — wo shiraberu*, take account of the number of coolies at work; *gunzei no — wo tsukeru*, take account of an army, of the chiefs, and their clansmen who compose it.
 CHAKUYŌ チャクヨウ 着用 To wear; put on: *kimono wo — suru*, to put on clothes.
 CHAKUZA チャクザ 着座 (*za ni tsuku*) To sit down; take a seat: — *suru*.
 CHAMAGA チャマガ n. i.q. *chagama*; (Tōkyō dialect).
 CHAMAME チャマメ n. A kind of confectionery made of beans coated with sugar.
 CHAMESHI チャメシ 茶飯 n. Rice boiled in tea.

CHAMISE チャミセ 茶店 n. A tea-house; a shop where tea is sold.
 CHAN チャン (coll.) n. Father (said only by the lower classes).
 CHAN チャン 油脂 n. Tar; resin; pitch.
 CHANCHANBŌZU チャンチャンバフズ n. (vul. coll.) A Chinaman (from the resemblance of his head to a poppy capsule).
 CHANOFU チャノフ 茶譜 n. A tea price-current.
 CHANOKO チャノコ 茶子 n. Cake, sweetmeats, or anything eaten with tea.
 CHANOMA チャノマ 茶間 n. The dining room; tea room.
 CHANOYU チャノユ 茶湯 n. Tea-making or tea party, (said only of powdered tea).
 CHAN-TO チャント adv. (coll.) Well; correctly; straight; right; perfectly; completely; full: *kimono wo — suru*, to settle, or rectify one's dress; — *shita nari*, precise, or exact in dress and behaviour; — *sumi-mashita*, it is completely finished; — *shite ore*, sit straight.
 Syn. SHIKA-TO.
 CHAPPO チャツポ 女褌 (coll.) The cloth worn around the loins by women.
 CHARI チャリ n. A buffoon; buffoonery.
 CHARI-BANASHI チャリバナシ n. Humorous talk.
 CHARI-SHIBAI チャリシバイ n. Comedy; farce.
 CHARUMERA チャルメラ 喇叭 n. A trumpet, bugle: — *fuki*, a trumpeter.
 CHASEKI チャセキ 茶席 n. A place where a tea-party assembles.
 CHASEN チャセン 茶筌 n. A tea-stirrer made of bamboo.
 CHASHAKU チャシヤク 茶杓 n. A tea-spoon, or ladle.
 CHASHI チャシ 茶師 n. A tea-grower.
 CHASHIBU チャシブ 茶漉 n. The deposit from tea, as on an old teapot or towel.
 CHASHITSU チャシツ 茶室 n. A tea-room; a room for drinking tea.
 CHATEI チャテイ 茶亭 n. A small building separate from the house for tea parties; an inn.
 CHATEN チャテン 茶店 n. A tea-house.
 CHATŌ チャタウ 茶湯 n. Offerings of tea made to idols.
 CHATO チャト adv. Quickly.
 CHATSUBO チャツボ 茶壺 n. A tea jar.
 †CHATSUKI タツキ n. A tea-cup.
 CHATSUMI チャツミ 茶摘 n. A person who gathers tea leaves from the tree.
 CHATTO チャット adv (coll.) Quickly; instantly; well; perfectly.
 CHA-USU チャウス 茶磨 n. A tea mill for pulverizing tea; a rice-bowl.
 CHAWAN チャワン 茶碗 n. A tea-cup.
 CHAYA チャヤ 茶屋 n. A tea-store, tea-house, eating saloon: — *bairi*, frequenting tea-houses.
 CHAYEN チャエン 茶園 n. A tea garden, or plantation.
 CHAZOME チャゾメ 茶染 n. Dyed of a tea color.
 CHAZUKE チャツケ 茶漬 n. A food made by mixing boiled rice in tea; lunch.
 †CHI チ n. A fish-hook; i.q. *tsuribari*.

†CHI 千 n. Wind. Only used in compounds, as *ko-chi*, *haya-chi*.

†CHI 千 n. A reed or tall grass.

Syn. KAYA.

CHI 千 (sen) A thousand: — *tose*, a thousand years; — *tabi*, a thousand times.

CHI 千 n. A loop; — *wo tsukeru*, to fasten a loop to anything.

CHI 千地 n. The earth; a place or region of country; the blank space at the foot of a page: *ten* —, heaven and earth; *tō* —, this part or region of country.

Syn. TSUCHI, TOKORO.

CHI 千血 n. Blood: — *wo haku*, to vomit blood; — *no namida*, tears of blood; — *wo toru*, to take blood, to bleed; — *no meguri*, the circulation of the blood; — *ga sawagu*, derangement of the menses; — *ga kudaru*, discharge of blood; — *wo tomeru*, to stop the flow of blood; — *ga deru*, it bleeds.

Syn. KETSU.

CHI 千乳 n. Milk; the breasts.

CHI 千智 n. Wisdom; shrewdness; cleverness; knowledge: — *no aru hito*, a clever person; *mu* —, ignorant.

Syn. KASHIKOKI, SATOKI.

†CHI 千 adj. Contraction of *toshi*, year; used only in numerals, as *hatachi*, *misoji*, etc.

CHIAN 千安 治安 n. Peace; tranquility: — *wo samatageru*, to disturb the peace.

CHIAN-SAIBANSHO 千安サイバンショ 治安裁判所 n. The Court for the preservation of the peace.

†CHIARE 千アレ n. A miscarriage, abortion.

CHIBANARE 千バナレ 乳離 n. Weaning: — *wo shita*, to be weaned; — *wo sareru*.

CHIBARE-MONO 千バレモノ n. A swelling of the breast.

CHIBASHIRI,-RU 千バシル 血走 i.v. To bleed; to run with blood: *chibashiru manako*, blood shot eyes.

CHIBI,-RU 千ビル 耗 i.v. To waste away little by little; wear away; grow less and less: *mai nichu tsukatta kara toishi mo hōchō mo chibita*, the whetstone and knife from daily use waste away; *noki amadare de ishi ga chibita*, the stone is worn away by rain dropping from the eaves; *chibi-fude*, a pencil the point of which has been worn off. Syn. HERU.

CHIBI-CHIBI 千ビチビ 微微 adv. Little by little; a little at a time; in small quantities; in driblets: *kane wo* — *watasu*, to pay money a little at a time; — *sake wo nomu*.

Syn. SUKOSHI-ZUTSU.

†CHIBIKI 千ビキ — *no ishi*, a rock so large that it takes a thousand men to move it: — *no tsuna*, a very strong rope.

CHIBŌ 千ボウ 智謀 n. Clever at planning; fertile in expedients.

CHIBURUI 千ブルヒ 血振 n. The shivering of lying-in women; the cold stage of milk fever; dizziness.

CHIBUSA 千ブサ 乳房 n. The nipple of the breasts: — *wo fukumeru*, to give a child the breast.

CHICHI 千千父 n. Father: — *haha*, father and mother; — *kata no shinrui*, relations on the father's side; — *nashi go*, a child whose father is dead.

Syn. TETEYOYA, TO-TO, O-TOTTSAN, CHAN.

CHICHI 千千乳 n. Milk; the breasts; a nurse: — *ga deru*, the milk flows; — *ga haru*, the breast is swollen; — *wo amasu*, to throw up milk (as an infant); — *wo nomaseru*, to give suck: — *wo shiboru*, to milk; — *kusai*, smelling of milk, babyish; — *no haremono*, abscess of the breast; — *wo hanasu*, to wean.

CHICHI 千千遅遅 Tardily; slowly: — *to susumu*, to advance slowly.

Syn. GUZU-GUZU SHITE, HIMADORITE, SORO-SORO TO.

CHICHIKU 千ク 馳逐 — *suru*, to ride or pursue on horseback.

†CHICHINOMI 千ノミ n. The fruit of the *ichō*.

Syn. GINNAN.

†CHICHIWAKU NI 千ワクニ adv. Various: — *hito wa iu tomo*.

CHICHŪ 千チウ 踟躕 (*tachi motoru*), — *suru*, to be slow; to hesitate; to delay: — *naku*, without delay.

Syn. CHŪCHO SURU, TAMERAU.

CHI-CHŪ-KAI 千チウカイ 地中海 n. The Mediterranean sea.

CHI-DARAKE 千ダラケ adj. Smearred with blood.

†CHIDARI 千ダリ n. A chimney.

Syn. KEMURIDASHI.

CHIDOME 千ドメ 血止 n. A styptic.

CHIDON 千ドン 遅鈍 — *na*, slow to understand; stupid; foolish.

CHIDORI 千ドリ 千鳥 n. A snipe or plover: — *ashi ni aruku*, to walk with steps crossing each other, as a snipe, or to totter; — *ni nū*, to cross-stitch.

CHIE 千エ 智慧 n. Wisdom; intelligence; talent; cleverness; ingenuity: — *fukaki hito*, a very intelligent person; — *asaki mono*, a person of little cleverness; — *aru hito*, a wise man; — *no nai otoko da*, a man of no talent; — *no wa*, a puzzle made of rings; — *no ita*, a kind of game or puzzle.

Syn. KASHIKOI, RIKŌ, SAICHI.

CHI-E 千エ n. A thousand-fold.

CHI-EN 千エン 遅延 Delay; to be late; tardy: — *ni oyobu*, to be delayed.

CHIE-NO-HI 千エノヒ n. Wisdom which, like fire, purifies the heart from passion and lust. (Bud.)

CHIEZUKI,-KU 千エツク i.v. To grow in intelligence, or knowledge: *dan-dan chiezuite otona ni naru*.

†CHIFURI NO KAMI 千フリノカミ n. The god of roads, who protects travelers.

Syn. DŌSŌJIN.

CHIFUSU 千フス (Eng.) Typhus: *chō* —, typhoid fever: *hasshin* —, eruptive typhus.

CHIGAE,-RU 千ガヘル t.v. To make to differ, or different; to dislocate; to vary: *koronde ude no suji wo* —, I fell and put my arm out of joint.

CHIGAI チガヒ 違 n. Difference; dissimilarity; distinction; variation; mistake: — *wa nai*, there is no difference; identical.

CHIGAI, -AU チガフ 違 i.v. To be different; to differ; to be unlike; to vary; to be dissimilar; to mistake; to miss: *nippon no fude to gai-koku no fude to wa — masu*, the Japanese pen differs from that of foreigners; *doko no kuni demo hito no kokoro wa chigawanai*, in every nation the heart of man is the same; *iki —*, to miss in going; *sure —*, to graze in passing; *fumi —*, to make a false step; *hone ga —*, the bone is out of joint, or dislocated; *mokuteki ga —*, to miss one's aim; to be disappointed.

Syn. TAGAU, KOTONARU, MACHIGAU.

CHIGAI-DANA チガヒダナ 違棚 n. A shelf, one half of which is on a different plain from the other.

CHIGAWASE, -RU チガハセル caust of *chigau*. To cause to differ, or be unlike; make different; to vary.

CHIGAYA チガヤ 茅 n. A kind of rush, same as *kaya*, dog grass.

CHIGI チギ 秤 (hakari) n. A weighing beam, steelyard; also a wedge let into a board to prevent it from cracking; the cross-beams on the top of the roof of a *miya*.

CHIGI チギ 地祇 (*kunitsu kami*) n. Gods that dwell on the earth.

CHIGIRE, -RU チギレル 断離 i.v. To be torn, rent, broken: *kimono ga chigirete sagatta*, the clothes are torn and hanging down.

Syn. KIRERU, YABURERU.

CHIGIRE-CHIGIRE チギレチギレ 断断 adv. Scattered; broken; torn; rent to pieces.

CHIGIRI, -RU チキル 拗切 t.v. To tear; to pluck off: *kaki wo chigitte toru*, to pluck off a persimmon; *kenkwa sunde no bōchigiri*, (prov.) flourishing a stick after the fight is over.

Syn. MUSHIRU, MOGU.

CHIGIRI チギリ 契 n. An alliance, relation of marriage or friendship; a union, compact, agreement, engagement: — *wo musubu*, to make an alliance: to be engaged, affianced, or promised in marriage: *shū-jū no — kono yo nomi ni arazu*, the relation of master and servant is not confined to this world.

Syn. YAKUSOKU, KEIYAKU, MAJIWARI.

CHIGIRI, -RU チギル 契 (*te nigiru*) i.v. To form an alliance, or engagement; have fellowship with; make a compact: *hito to chigiru nara usuku chigirite sue woba toge-yo*, in our intercourse with others, slight familiarity will conduce to long friendship.

Syn. MAJIWARU, YAKUSOKU SURU.

†CHIGIRI-KI チギリキ n. A cane.

Syn. TSUE.

CHIGO チゴ 乳兒 n. An infant, child; a page of the Emperor, or of a priest.

Syn. WARAMBE, AKAMBO.

CHIGOBAMI チゴバミ n. (lit. infant bite) The bites inflicted on a mother's nipple by an infant: — *de nayamu*.

CHIGO-GAO チゴガホ n. i.q. *osanagao*.

CHIGO-OI チゴオヒ n. The appearance of a person in childhood.

CHIGWAI-HŌKEN チグワイハフケン 治外法權 n. Extra-territorial jurisdiction.

CHI-GYŌ チギヤウ 知行 n. The estate of a lord, or noble: — *wa sai-koku nite taka wa jū man goku*, his estate is in the western provinces, and revenue one hundred thousand *koku*.

Syn. RYŌBUN, SHORYO.

CHIHATSU チハツ 薙髮 (*kami wo soru*) n. Tonsure; shaving the head; entering the priesthood.

Syn. KASHIRA-OROSHI, TEIHATSU, RAKUSHOKU.

†CHIHAYA チハヤ n. A kind of mourning coat.

†CHIHAYABURU チハヤブル adj. A pillow word used with *Kami*=far shooting.

CHIHEI チヘイ 地平 n. The horizon (on land).

CHIHIRO チヒロ n. A thousand fathoms; very deep.

CHIHŌ チハウ 地方 n. Locality; local; district; province: — *kwan*, the governor of a province.

CHI-I チイ 地位 (same as *i-chi*) n. Degree; grade; measure; station; pitch; point; position; extent.

CHI-IN チイン 知音 n. An intimate friend, or acquaintance.

CHIISAI, -KI チイサイ 小 adj. Small; little; minute; trifling; of small importance: — *inu*, a little dog; — *koe*, a low voice; — *toki*, when one was little, or young; — *kizu*, a trifling wound; — *koto*, an unimportant matter.

CHIISAKU チイサク adv. — *naru*, to become small; — *suru*, to make small; — *nai*, not little.

CHIISŌ チイサウ adv. Cont. of *chiisaku*.

CHI-JI チジ 知事 n. The chief magistrate or governor of a *ken*, *han* or *fu*.

†CHIJI チチ (a thousand thousand) Very many: — *no omoi*, many anxious thoughts.

CHIJKAMARI, -RU チヂカマル 縮 i.v. To shrink; to contract; to shrug up: *samukute chijikamatta*, shrunk with cold.

CHIJIKE, -RU チヂケル i.v. To be curly, frizzled; i.q. *chijireru*.

CHIJIKU チヂク 地軸 n. The axis of the earth.

CHIJIMARI, -RU チヂマル 縮 i.v. To shrink, contract, diminish in size, shrug up; to be corrugated; to shorten.

CHIJIME, -RU チヂメル 縮 t.v. To cause to contract, shrink, lessen in bulk; to corrugate, wrinkle; to shorten: *inochi wo —*, to shorten life.

CHIJIMI チヂム 縮 i.v. To be contracted, shrunk, corrugated, shortened.

CHIJIMI チヂミ 縮 n. A kind of corrugated cloth.

CHIJIKE, -RU チヂレル 縮 i.v. To be curled, frizzled, corrugated, wrinkled: *kami ga chijireru*, the hair is curled; *chijireke*, curly hair; woolly hair.

CHIJO チジョウ 蕩情 n. Foolish love, affection, or attachment.

Syn. AIJŌ.

CHIJOKU チジヨク恥辱 n. Disgrace; dishonor; shame; opprobrium: — *wo toru*, to be disgraced; — *wo ataeru*, to disgrace another.

Syn. HAJI, HAZUKASHIME.

CHIKA チカ近 (used only in comp. words) Near; close by.

CHIKADONARI チカドナリ n. Near neighbor.

CHIKAGATSUE チカガツエ近飢 Hunger; craving food.

CHIKAGORO チカゴロ近頃 adv. Lately; recently; of late; latterly: — *wa hayari yamai ōku*, epidemic diseases have prevailed much of late; — *kita*, came lately; — *katajikenai*, much obliged; — *ni nai mezurashii koto*, not for many years such a strange thing.

Syn. KONOIDA, KIN-RAI, KONOGORO.

†CHIKAGOTO チカゴト n. Oath; i.q. *chikai*.

CHIKAI, -KI-KU-SHI チカイ近 adj. Near; close by; recent; familiar; easy; alike; about; nearly: — *michi*, a near way; *chikaku suru*, to bring near; *chikaki toshi*, in recent times; *chikaki shinrui*, near relatives; *ammari chikaku gozarimasen*, they are not so near or much alike (of two words); *mimi ga* —, sharp of hearing; *sen ryō chikaki*, about a thousand *ryō*.

CHIKAI チカヒ誓 n. An oath, promise: — *chikai wo musubu*, to bind by an oath; *chikai wo tateru*, to take an oath; *chikai ni somuku*, to break an oath.

Syn. SEIGON.

CHIKAI, -AU チカフ誓 i.v. To take an oath; to swear; to vow, promise, covenant: *ware mato wo inukazumba chikatte kono ba wo saraji*, I swear, if I do not hit the mark, I will not leave this place.

CHIKA-JIKA チカヂカ近近 (*kin-kin*) adv. Soon; shortly; in a short time; before long: — *no uchi Tōkyō ye mairimasu*, I shall go to Tōkyō soon.

Syn. TŌKARAZU, KINJITSU.

†CHIKAKI-MAMORI チカキマモリ n. The Imperial body-guard.

CHIKAKU チカク知覺 (*oboe*) n. Feeling; sensation; sensibility: *shinkei no chikaku wa don ni naru*, the sensibility of the nerves is blunted; — *nashi*, insensible; without feeling; apathy.

CHIKA-MASARI チカマサリ n. Appearing better for being near.

CHIKAME チカメ近視 n. Near-sightedness.

CHIKA-MICHI チカミチ n. A short road, near way.

CHIKA-OTORI チカオトリ n. Appearing the worse for being near.

CHIKARA チカラ力 n. Strength; ability; power; force; authority; influence: *chikara wo arasō*, to dispute about strength, trying who is the strongest; *kane wo chikara ni suru*, to rely on money; — *wo yoseru*, to aid, assist; *chikara wo awasuru*, to unite together with strength, money, or talent, in order to accomplish something; — *ni oyobu*, to be able; — *wo tanomi to shite*, depending on his strength; — *wo tsukusu*, to exert all one's strength; — *ga*

ochiru, to be discouraged; to lose heart; to be disappointed; — *wo otosu*, to be disheartened, lose courage; — *wo tsukeru*, to encourage.

Syn. RIKI, IKIOI.

†CHIKARA ナカラ税 n. Tax paid to government.

†CHIKARABITO チカラビト n. A strong man; a wrestler.

CHIKARA-DAKE チカラダケ力竹 n. A bamboo used to give strength, or carried by coolies to support a burden while resting.

CHIKARA-GANE チカラガネ力金 n. A buckle.

CHIKARA-GAWA チカラガハ斬 n. A stirrup-leather.

CHIKARAGE チカラゲ力毛 n. The long hairs on the arms, breast, and legs, supposed to indicate strength.

CHIKARAGI チカラギ力木 n. A weaver's beam.

Syn. CHIKIRI.

†CHIKARA-GURA タカラグラ n. Store-house for keeping rice-tax.

†CHIKARA-GURUMA チカヤグルマ n. A cart or wagon for hauling heavy loads.

CHIKARA-KOBU チカラコブ力瘤 n. The lump made on the arm above the elbow by the contraction of the biceps-flexor muscle.

CHIKARA-KURABE チカラクラベ n. Trial of strength; wrestling.

CHIKARA-MOCHI チカラモチ力持 Trying or exhibiting strength by lifting heavy weights: — *wo suru*.

†CHIKARA-NO-KAMI チカラノカミ主税頭 n. Formerly the superintendent of taxes and revenue in the Mikado's government.

†CHIKARA-SHINE チカラシネ n. Rice tax.

†CHIKARA-SHIRO チカラシロ n. Anything given in lieu of labor.

CHIKARA-WAZA チカラワザ n. Work which requires strength.

CHIKARAZUKI, -KU チカラヅク t.v. To recover strength, regain health.

CHIKARA-ZUKU チカラヅク n. Through strength only; depending on strength; by virtue of strength: — *de koto wo suru*; — *no koto*.

CHIKA-WARI チカハリ n. The method of calculating the local expenses in proportion to the value of land.

CHIKAWASE, -RU チカハセル caust. of *chikau*. To cause or let another swear, or take an oath.

CHIKAYORASE, -RU チカヨラセル caust. of *chikayoru*, to cause or let another approach or draw near.

CHIKAYORI, -RU チカヨル近依 i.v. To approach, come, or draw near.

CHIKAYOSE, -RU チカヨセル t.v. To bring near, cause to approach. Syn. CHIKAZUKERU.

CHIKAZUKE, -RU チカヅケル暱 t.v. To bring near, cause to approach, cause to associate with: *kodomo wo aku-nin ni chikazukeru koto wa warui*, it is wrong to bring children near bad men.

CHIKAZUKI, -KU チカヅク近著 i.v. To come or draw near, approach, associate with: *samusa ga dan-dan chikazuku*, cold weather is gradually drawing near.

Syn. CHIKAYORU.

CHIKAZUKI チカヅキ 相識 n. An acquaintance, companion, friend.
Syn. TOMODACHI, HÖYŪ.

CHIKAI チケイ 地形 (*tochi no katachi*) n. The shape or contour of a country.

CHI-KEMURI チケムリ 血煙 n. Vapor which rises from blood: *chikemuri tatete tatakau*.

CHIKEN チケン 知見 n. Knowledge.

CHIKEN チケン 地券 n. A deed for the sale or transfer of land.

CHIKI チキ 知己 n. An intimate acquaintance, friend. Syn. CHIKAZUKI, HÖYŪ.

CHIKIRI チキリ 藤 n. A weaver's beam.

CHIKIRI-JIME チキリジメ 藤緊 n. A piece of wood let into two boards to bind them together; a wooden clamp.

†CHIKIRI-KŌMURI チキリカウムリ n. The white bonnet worn by women at funerals.

CHIKKYO チツキヨ 蟄居 n. Confinement in one's own house for some offence: — *saseru*, to imprison in one's house.
Syn. OSHI-KOME, HEIMON, YENRYO.

CHIKKURI チツクリ adv. (coll.) A little, in time, degree, or space: — *magatta*, a little bent.

CHIKO チコ 侏儒 n. A person of small stature; a dwarf = *chisago*.

CHIKŌ チカウ (cont. of *chikaku*: see *chikai*) adv. Near: — *gozarimasu*, it is near.

CHIKO チコ n. A priest whose duty it is to entertain the visitors at a temple.
Syn. SHIKA.

CHIKOBU チコブ n. (coll.) A bloody tumor, aneurism.

CHIKU チク 馳驅 — *suru*, to ride or drive (a horse).

CHIKU チク 竹 (*take*) s. Bamboo, mostly used in compounds words.

CHIKUBA チクバ 竹馬 n. A bamboo horse; stilts: — *no tomo*, a playfellow.

CHIKUBI チクビ 乳頭 n. The nipples; teat.

CHIKU-CHIKU チクチク adv. (coll.) Pricking; sticking: — *itai*, a pricking pain; — *suru*, to prick, stick.

CHI-KUDARI チクダリ 下血 (*geketsu*) n. A bloody flux.

CHIKUFUJIN チクフジン 竹夫人 n. A flea trap, made of split bamboo.

CHIKU-HAKU チクハク 竹帛 n. Record.

CHIKU-ICHI チクイチ 逐一 adv. Minutely; particularly; each and every one: — *ni hanashi wo suru*, to tell minutely, tell every particular; — *ni shōchi itashimashita*, I understand all the particulars.
Syn. KUWASHIKU, ISAI-NI, ICHI-ICHI.

CHIKURIN チクリン 竹林 n. A bamboo-grove.
Syn. SASA-YABU.

CHIKURUI チクルイ 畜類 n. A beast, animal.

CHI-KUSAI, -KI-KU-SHI チクサキ adj. Smelling of milk; young; babyish.

CHIKUSHI チクシ 逐次 (*dan-dan*) — *ni*, successively; in order.

CHIKUSHI チクシ 竹枝 n. A comic newspaper, punch.

CHIKUSHI チクシ 竹紙 n. A very thin kind of paper made of bamboo.

CHIKUSHŌ チクシャウ 畜生 n. A beast, brute, animal. This word includes also birds and insects: — *barami*, giving birth to a litter, or triplets.

CHIKUSHŌDŌ チクシャウダウ 畜生道 n. A place of torment in the Buddhist infernum.

CHIKUTEN チクテン 逐電. Absconding: — *suru*, to abscond; to run or flee away; *kuni wo — suru*, to abscond from one's country.
Syn. NIGERU, SHUPPON SURU.

CHIKWAN チクワン 遅緩 — *suru*, to delay, procrastinate; to be tardy, slow.

CHIKUYŌ チクエフ 竹葉 n. Wine; ardent spirit; sake.
Syn. SASA.

CHIKYŌ チケフ 地峡 n. An isthmus.

CHIKYŌDAI チキヤウダイ 乳兄弟 n. One nursed by the same nurse, or at the same breast; foster brother.

CHIKYŪ チキウ 地毯 n. The globe; a terrestrial-globe: — *no zu*, a map of the world.

CHIMAKI チマキ 粽 n. A kind of rice cake.

CHIMAKI チマキ n. Wound around with the *chi* grass.

CHIMAME チマメ n. A blood blister.

CHIMAMIRE チマミレ 血塗. Smearred with blood.
Syn. CHIDARAKE, CHIMIDORO.

CHIMANAKO チマナコ 血眼 n. Blood-shot eyes, or eyes reddened (as with anger).

CHIMATA チマタ 街 n. Forks of a road; a street; a town; a place: *kassen no —*, a field of battle.

CHIMATSURI チマツリ 鬘 n. The offering of the blood of the first one of the enemy slain in battle to the Kami, to insure victory.

CHIMAYOI チマヨヒ 血迷 n. Deranged in mind from rush of blood to the head.

CHIMBA チンバ 跛 (coll.) Lamé: *kata —*, lame in one leg.
Syn. BIKKO.

CHIMBIKI チンビキ 賃曳 n. (coll.) Spinning cotton thread by the job.

CHIMBO チンボ n. The male member (used by children).

CHIMBOTSU チンボツ 沈没 (*shizumi iru*) — *suru*, to be submerged; to be lost, ruined, destroyed.

CHIMBU チンブ 鎮撫 (*tori-shizumeru*) — *suru*, to calm, subdue, settle, quell.

CHIMBUTSU チンブツ 珍物 (*mezurashii mono*) n. A rare thing; unusual and excellent; a curiosity.

CHIME チメ n. Eye red from inflammation; conjunctivitis.

CHIMI チミ 魍魎 n. An elf, satyr, dryad, nymph of the woods.

CHI-MI チミ 地味 (earth food) n. Food produced by the earth itself without human labor (an ancient fiction).

CHI-MIDORO チミドロ n. Smearred with blood.
Syn. CHIDARAKE.

CHIMMARI チンマリ 約 adv. Abridged; condensed; reduced in size; in miniature: — *to shita yoi ie da*, a small and neat house.

CHIMMOCHI チンモチ 賃持 n. (coll.) Carrying goods or burdens of any kind by the job.

- CHIM-MOKU チンモク 沈黙 n. Taciturn; silent; reserved.
Syn. MOKUNEN.
- †CHIMORI チモリ n. A watchman, policeman.
- †CHIMOTO チモト (a thousand stems) A multitude.
- CHIMPI チンピ 陳皮 n. Dried orange peel.
- CHIMPŌ チンポウ 珍寶 n. Rare and valuable things; precious things; treasures.
- CHI-MYAKU チミヤク n. The veins of the earth, in which gas is supposed to circulate.
- CHIN チン 朕 pro. I; me. Only used by the Mikado, when speaking of himself.
- CHIN チン 佛林狗 n. A small pet dog.
- CHIN チン 亭 (tei) n. A small summer-house or saloon used for pleasure or amusements; an harbour.
- CHIN チン 賃 n. Hire; fare; wages: *tana-chin*, house rent; *funa-chin*, boat hire, or freight; *tema-chin*, price of labor; *da-chin*, fare for transporting on horseback; *un-chin*, freight, fare; — *wo harau*, to pay the hire.
- CHINA チナ 支那 n. China.
- †CHINA チナ 千名 — *ni tatsu*, to have one's name noised abroad (generally on account of a love affair).
- †CHINA チナ n. The foot-stalk, or peduncle of a flower or fruit.
Syn. HOSO.
- CHINAMI チナミ 縁 n. Connection; relation; alliance; cause; reason: — *wo musubu*, to form an intimate alliance.
Syn. EN, YUKARI.
- CHINAMI-NI チナミニ 因 adv. To take the opportunity, in connection with, or apropos to this subject: *sen-koku ikusa-banashi no uchi ni uma no koto ga arimashita ga, sono —, uma no koto wo kuwashiku o hanashi mōshimasu*, as there was something said about a horse in the war-story just told, I will take the occasion to speak about the horse.
Syn. TSUIDE-NI.
- CHIN-ATSU チンアツ 鎮壓 — *suru*, to put down, suppress, quell, subdue.
- CHIN-CHIN チンチン (vul. coll.) — *de iru*, to be jealous; intimate, loving, spooney: — *kamo-kamo de iru*, to be spooney.
- CHINCHŌ チンチヨウ 珍重 n. Happiness; bliss: — *suru*, to prize, value highly.
Syn. KEKKŌ.
- CHINDAI チンダイ 鎮臺 n. A garrison.
- CHINDAN チンダン 珍談 (*mezurashi banashi*) n. News; rare and excellent story.
- CHINDEKI チンデキ 沈溺 (*shizumi oboru*) n. — *suru*, devoted to, immersed in, addicted.
- CHINFU チンフ 陳腐 (*furukusai*) — *na*, trite; common; not new: — *no setsu*, a trite saying.
- CHINGEN チンゲン 陳言 (*furuki kotoba*) n. A trite or common saying.
- CHINGIN チンギン 沈吟 — *suru*, to speak to one's self, soliloquize: *ikaga sen to — suru*, "what shall I do," he said to himself.
- CHINGO チンゴ 鎮護 (*shizume mamoru*) — *suru*, to govern; to guard and keep in subjection; to tranquilize.
- CHINJI チンジ 珍事 (*mezurashi koto*) n. A strange thing; unwonted; uncommon affair; (generally in a bad sense).
- CHINJU チンジュ 鎮守 (*shizume mamoru*) The presiding or guardian deity of a place: — *suru*, to garrison; — *fu*, a garrison.
- CHINJUTSU チンジュツ 陳述 (*mōshi noberu*) — *suru*, to state, tell, relate: — *sho*, a written statement, memorial.
- CHINKEI-ZAI チンケイザイ 鎮痙劑 n. (med.) Antispasmodic medicines.
- CHINKI チンキ 珍器 n. A rare and precious utensil.
- CHINKI チンキ 丁幾 (Eng.) n. Tincture: *tetsu chinki*, tinct. of iron; *fukuhō* —, compound tincture.
- CHINKIN チンキン 賃金 n. Wages; hire.
Syn. CHINSEN.
- CHINKINBORI チンキンボリ 沈金彫 n. Carved and gilt work; chased gold work.
- CHINKŌ チンカウ 珍肴 n. Delicious (said of things eaten with *sake*).
- CHINKO チンコ i.q. *chimbo*.
- CHINKWA チンクワ 鎮火 — *suru*, to be extinguished, as a conflagration: — *suru*.
- CHINOMICHI, チノミチ 血道 n. Blood-vessels; dizziness; rush of blood to the head; headache; circulation of blood, (only used of women): — *ga okoru*, to have dizziness.
- CHINOMIGO チノミゴ 乳子 n. A suckling; an infant.
- CHINORI チノリ 地利 n. The strong, advantageous, or important strategical places of a country: *ten no toki wa — ni shikazu*.
Syn. YŌGAI.
- †CHINORI チノリ n. — *no yuki*, a quiver capable of holding many arrows.
- CHINOWA チノワ n. A ring made of the tall grass called *chi*, supposed to protect against the plague.
- CHINRETSU チンレツ 陳列 (*narabe sonaeru*) — *suru*, to arrange, put in order.
- CHINRIN チンリン 沈淪 (*shizumi shizumaru*) Ruin; destruction; perdition (Bud.).
- CHINSATSU チンサツ 鴆殺 — *suru*, to poison; kill with poison. Syn. DOKUSATSU.
- CHINSEI チンセイ 鎮靜 — *suru*, to subdue, calm, settle.
- CHINSEN チンセン 賃錢 n. Hire; wages; money earned.
- CHINSETSU チンセツ 珍説 (*mezurashi hanashi*) n. News: *nan zo — wa gozarimasen ka*, is there any news?
- CHINSHA チンシャ 陳謝 (*mōshi-wake wo suru*) — *suru*, to explain, or plead in one's defense; to apologize.
- CHINSHI チンシ 沈思 (*toku to kangaeru*) — *suru*, to think deeply, consider well.
- CHINSHIGOTO チンシゴト 賃仕事 n. Work done by the job or piece; job work.
- CHINSHO チンショ 珍書 (*mezurashi shomotsu*). A rare and valuable book.
- CHINSUI チンスイ 沈醉 — *suru*, to be intoxicated; dead drunk.
Syn. JUKUSUI, MEITEL.

CHINTAI チンタイ 鎮臺 n. A governor or chief civil magistrate formerly appointed by the *Shōgun* to Nagasaki.

CHINTEI チンテイ 鎮定 — *suru*, to settle, repress, subdue, quell (as an insurrection).

CHINTSŪ チンツウ 靜痛 (*itami shizume*) n. (med.) Anodyne: — *zai*, id.

CHINURI, -RU チヌル t.v. To smear with blood; consecrate with blood.

CHINUSHI チヌシ n. A wet-nurse.

Syn. UBA, MENOTO.

CHINZA チンザ 鎮座. To dwell, as a *kami* in a *miya*: — *mashimasu*.

CHINZEN チンゼン 珍膳 n. Delicacies; dainties.

CHINZŌ チンゾウ 珍藏 n. Valuable property: *kono hon wa soregashi uji no — de gozarimasu*, this book is the exclusive property of Mr. —.

CHINZUKI チンヅキ 賃搗 n. Cleaning rice by the job or quantity

CHINZURU チンズル 陳 To state, relate, narrate, explain: — *ni kotoba nakaru beshi*, you cannot deny it.

Syn. NOBERU, TSUGURU.

†CHIOMO } チオモ n. A wet-nurse.

†CHIMO }
Syn. UBA.

CHIPPOKE チツポケ (coll.) — *na*, small; little; diminutive; tiny.

CHIRABARI, -RU チラバル i.v. To be scattered.

CHIRA-CHIRA チラチラ adv. In a flickering, fluttering, or scattering manner; twinkling; dazzling: *yuki ga — to furu*, the snow falls with a fluttering motion.

CHIRAHORA チラホラ adv. Few; dispersed; scattering: *yuki ga — ochiru*, the snow falls in scattered flakes.

CHIRAMEKI, -KU チラメク i. v. To flutter, flicker; to move with a quick jerk; to flap, whisk; to scatter.

CHI-RAN チラン 治亂 (*osamuru midareru*) Tranquility or disturbance; peace or war; order or riot.

CHIRARI チラリ 瞥 adv. A glimpse, glance; a short transient view or sound: — *to miru*, to glance at; — *to kiku*.

CHIRASHI, -SU チラス 散 t.v. To scatter; to disperse: *kaze ga hana wo fuki-chirasu*, the wind scatters the flowers; *hibana wo chirashite tatakau*, they fought making the sparks fly.

CHIRASHI チラシ n. The act of scattering; dispersion.

CHIRATSUKI, -KU チラツク 閃 i.v. To flicker; to twinkle; to be dazzled; to flutter: *hoshi ga —*, the stars twinkle; *kaze ga fuite hi —*, the light flickers in the wind; *iri-hi ga sashite me ga —*, the eyes are dazzled by the setting sun; *yuki ga —*, the snow falls in a fluttering manner. Syn. HIRAMEKU.

CHIRI チリ 地理 n. Geography: — *sho*, book on geography; — *gakusha*, a geographer.

CHIRI, -RU チル 散 i.v. To be scattered; to be dispersed, dissipated: *sumi ga —*, the ink spreads (as in porous paper); *momiji ga —*, the red leaves of autumn are scattered.

Syn. SANZURU.

CHIRI チリ 塵 n. Dirt; rubbish; litter; dust; a little; least bit; (met.) for the busy world: — *wo harau*, to clean away dust; *yo no —*, the affairs or things of this world (Bud.); — *tsumorite yama to naru*, dust piled up becomes a mountain; — *ni tsugu*, to study ancient books; — *no hoka ni oru*, to live secluded from the world.

Syn. GOMI, AKUTA.

CHIRI チリ 智利 n. Chili (country).

CHIRI-BAKARI-MO チリバカリ adv. With a neg. not as much as a grain of dust—not the least; not a bit, or mite.

CHIRIBAME, -RU チリバメル 鋳 t.v. To carve; to engrave; 錐 to ornament by inlaying with gold or silver: *kin wo —*, to inlay with gold; *azusa ni —*, to carve in blocks of *azusa* (for printing).

Syn. HORU, YERU.

CHIRIBAMI, -MU チリバム i.v. To be covered with dust; become dusty.

†CHIRIBOI, -U } チリボフ i.v. To be scattered;

†CHIROBOI } i.q. *chirabaru*.

CHIRIGAMI チリガミ 塵紙 n. A kind of coarse

paper made of the rubbish of a paper mill.

CHIRI-HARAI チリハラヒ 塵掃 n. A dusting brush.

†CHIRI-HIJI チリヒヂ n. Dust: — *no kazu ni mo aranu ware*.

CHIRI-JIRI チリヂリ 散散 adv. Scattered; dispersed: — *ni naru*, to be scattered about.

Syn. BARA-BARA, SAN-ZAN.

CHIRIKAI, -AU チリカフ t.v. To fall in confusion; to be scattered, as flowers blown by the wind.

CHIRIKE チリケ 身柱 n. Nape of the neck.

CHIRIMEN チリメン 縮緬 n. Crape: — *goro*, mousseline de laine.

CHIRISHA チリシヤ 地理者 n. A geographer.

CHIRI-TORI チリトリ 塵取 n. A dust pan.

CHIRIZUKA チリヅカ n. A dirt-heap; heap of dirt.

CHIRŌ チロウ 血漏 n. (med.) Menorrhagia.

Syn. NAGACHI.

CHIRO-CHIRO チロチロ adv. In a flickering manner; with a short, irregular motion: — *moeru*, to burn in a slow and flickering manner.

CHIRORI チロリ 酒注 n. A metal pot for warming sake.

CHIRYAKU チリヤク 智略 n. Discretion; wisdom and sagacity in planning, or contriving.

CHIRYOKU チリヨク 智力 n. Intellect; intelligence; intellectual power.

Syn. CHIE, SATORI.

†CHISA チサ 智者 n. The ancient form of *chisha*.

CHISAGO チサゴ n. A dwarf.

CHISAN チサン 遅參 (*osoku mairu*) — *suru*, to be late or tardy in coming.

†CHISATO チサト 千里 n. A distant country.

CHISEI チセイ 地勢 (*tochi no ikioi*) n. The advantages of a region, as for military purposes.

CHISEKI チセキ 治蹟 n. The effects of government or administration upon a country.

CHISHA チシヤ 智者 n. A wise man; a sagacious or ingenious person: — *mo sen ryo ni issuitsu ari*, even a wise man will sometimes err.

CHISHA チシヤ 苣蒿 n. Lettuce.
Syn. CHISA.

CHISHI チシ 致仕 (*tsukae wo itasu*) — *suru*, to resign office. Syn. JISHOKU.

CHISHI チシ 地子 n. Rental of land paid in kind.

CHI-SHI チシ 稚子 n. A child.
Syn. OSANAGO.

†CHISHIBU チシブ n. Petroleum.

CHISHIGO チシゴ 知死期 n. Foretelling the time of death by a diagram.

CHISHIKI チシキ 知識 n. A learned priest (Bud.); knowledge.

†CHISHIO チシホ adv. Thousand times or fold; exceedingly; very: — *kurenai*, very deep scarlet.

CHI-SHIO チシホ 血汐 n. Blood.

CHI-SHIRU チシル 乳汁 n. Milk.

CHISHITSU-GAKU チシツガク 地質學 n. Geology: — *sha*, a geologist.

CHISO チソ 地租 n. Land tax.
Syn. NENGU, CHIZEI.

CHISŌ チソウ 馳走 n. A feast, entertainment, amusement, pleasure: — *wo suru*, to make a feast; *kyaku ye — ni geisha wo yobu*, to call a ballad-singer for the amusement of guests; *ōki ni go — ni narimashita*, I have greatly enjoyed your entertainment; *dan-dan go — ni ai-narimashite katajikenaku zonjimasuru*, I am much obliged to you for often being entertained by you.
Syn. FURUMAI, KYŌ-Ō, MOTENASHI.

CHISŌ チサウ 地層 n. The strata of earth.

CHISOKU チソク 遲速 (*ososhi hayashi*) Slow or fast; tardy or quick; rate of moving; velocity.

CHISOKU チソク 知足 (*taru koto wo shiru*) n. Contentment; satisfaction: — *suru*, to be contented.

CHISSHI, CHISSURU チツスル 蟄 i.v. Imprisoned or confined to the house for crime.
Syn. CHIKKYO.

CHISSO チツソ 窒素 n. Nitrogen.

CHISUJI チスヂ 血脈 n. Family line; lineage: — *ga tsuzuite iru*, the family line is unbroken.

CHITAI チタイ 遲滯 (*todokōru*) n. Slowness; delay; procrastination; tardiness: — *naku*, without delay; promptly and in time.

CHITCHOKU チツチヨク 黜陟 — *suru*, to promote or degrade: *kwanri wo — suru*.

CHITSU チツ 帙 n. A cover, or case for books (in the manner of the Chinese).
Syn. FUMAKI.

CHITSU チツ 膺 n. (med.) The vagina.

CHITSUJO チツジョ 秩序 n. Order; regular arrangement; good order: *shakirai no — wo midasu*.

†CHITSUKE チツケ n. A wet-nurse.
Syn. UBA, CHOMO.

CHITSUKE チツケ n. One who gives temporary suck to an infant.

CHITSUROKU チツロク 秩祿 n. The capitalized pension of a *samurai*: — *kōsai-shō-sho*, Government bonds of —.

CHITTO チット 小些 adv. A little in quantity or time: — *bakari kudasaimase*, give me a little; — *o machi-nasari*, wait a little; — *mo hayaku yuke*, go quick, without delay.
Syn. SUKOSHI, WAZUKA, ISASAKA.

†CHIUSHI チウシ n. A cow that gives milk; milch cow.

CHIWA チワ 癡話 n. The bantering, sportive talk of lovers; flirting: *chiwa-genka inu mo kamawanu*, a dog even will not interfere in a love-quarrel.
Syn. IRO-GURUI.

CHIWA-BUMI チワブミ 艶書 n. A love-letter.
Syn. IRO-BUMI.

CHIWA-GURUI チワグルヒ 姪戯 n. The bantering, sportive or jesting of persons in love with each other; flirting.

†CHIWAU, -AU チハフ i.v. To prosper; to be favored or blessed. Also t.v. To bless, felicitate; i.q. *sachiwanu*.
Syn. SAIWAI SURU.

†CHIWAKI チワキ n. Passing through anything; making one's way through a jungle by pushing aside the bushes.

CHIWARU, -RU チワル i.v. To flirt, coquet; to banter and jest with each other: *fūfu ga chiwatte iru*.

CHIYŌ チヨウ 地妖 (*ashiki shirase*) n. A sign or omen of calamity proceeding from the earth: *tensai — komo-gomo itaru*.

CHIYOGI チヨギ 千代木 n. The pine, supposed to live a thousand generations.

CHIYO-MASE チヨマセ. May you live a thousand years—"long live the king."

CHIZAIHŌ チザイハウ 治罪法 n. Laws or procedure relating to criminal cases; criminal process.

CHIZEI チゼイ 地稅 n. Land tax; ground-rent.

CHIZU チヅ 地圖 n. A map, atlas.

†CHIZUKA チヅカ n. Lit. a thousand sheaves; for an indefinitely large number.

CHŌ チヤウ 町 n. A town; a street; a division of a street; a measure of length=60 *ken*,=358 Eng. feet, or $\frac{1}{15}$ stat. mile; also a land measure of 3,000 *tsubo*=108,000 square feet.

CHŌ テウ n. Prostitute quarter.

CHŌ テフ 貼 n. Dose of medicine; a powder: *kusuri san —*, three doses of medicine.

CHŌ チヤウ 帳 n. A register, account-book, ledger: — *ni tsukeru*, to enter in an account-book; to register.

CHŌ チヤウ 挺 n. The numeral for guns, ink, candles, poles, hoes, etc.: *teppō it —*, one gun, a piece of cannon; *sumi san —*, three sticks of ink; *rōsoku ni —*, two candles.

CHŌ チヤウ 腸 n. The intestines: *shō —*, small intestines; *dai —*, large intestines.
Syn. HYAKUHIRO, HARAWATA.

CHŌ テウ 朝 n. Morning: — *seki*, morning and evening; *myō —*, to-morrow morning; *saku —*, yesterday morning.
Syn. ASA.

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CHŌ テフ蝶 n. A butterfly.
 CHŌ チャウ丁 n. Numeral for sedan chairs: *kago san* —, three sedan chairs.
 CHŌ チャウ偶 An even number: — *han*, even and odd numbers.
 Syn. GU.
 CHŌ チャウ長 (*nagai*) Long; old; senior; chief; principal; eminent; superior: — *suru*, to grow, increase; *shi-shi wa hyaku-jū no — nari*, the lion is the chief among beasts; *sake wa hyaku yaku no —*, wine is the best of medicines.
 Syn. OSA, KASHIRA.
 CHŌ チャウ廳 n. A court; a government office, as *kenchō*, *fuchō*.
 CHŌ チャウ聽 (*kiku*) Hearing: — *suru*, to hear.
 CHŌ-AI チャウアヒ帳合 n. Book-keeping; balancing or comparing account-books; to audit accounts: — *no shikata*.
 Syn. CHŌMEN WO HIKI-AWASERU.
 CHŌ-AI チョウアイ寵愛 (*itsukushimi*) Love; affection: — *suru*, to love; to be fond of.
 Syn. KAWAIGARU, AI-SURU.
 CHŌASHI テフアシ蝶脚 n. Butterfly-legs, as, — *zen*, a table with legs like a butterfly.
 CHŌBA チャウバ丁場 n. The ground, field, or sphere where one labors (spoken mostly of laborers); also a stage or distance between resting-places.
 CHŌBA チャウバ帳場 n. The place or office where the accounts and account books are kept.
 †CHŌBAMI チョウバミ n. Dice.
 CHŌBATSU チョウバツ懲罰 n. Punishment by imprisonment.
 CHŌBO テウボ朝暮 adv. Morning and evening.
 Syn. ASA-BAN, CHŌ-SEKI.
 CHŌBŌ テウバウ眺望 n. A view, prospect, landscape: — *suru*, to look at a landscape; *kono yama no — wa yoi*, the view from this mountain is fine.
 Syn. MI-WATASHI, NAGAME.
 CHŌBO チョボ点 n. A dot, point, speck; also a numeral for a string of twenty-one very small fish called *shira-uwo*: — *wo utsu*, to make a dot.
 CHŌBO チョウボ徴募 (*meshitsunoru*) — *suru*, to levy, raise, enlist (as troops, laborers, etc.).
 CHŌBO チョボ n. A game played with dice; i.q. *chobo-ichi*.
 CHŌBO チャウボ帳簿 n. Account book: — *kata*, bookkeeper.
 CHŌBO-CHŌBO チョボチョボ点点 adv. Dotted; the sound of the dropping of raindrops: *ama-dare ga — ochiru*.
 Syn. POCHI-POCHI.
 CHŌBO-ICHI チョボイチ樗蒲 n. A kind of gambling played with dice: — *wo suru*.
 CHŌBOKURE チョボクレ n. A kind of song sung by a beggar who goes about beating a wooden bell.
 CHŌBON チャウボン張本 n. A ringleader, chief; cause, occasion, germ or first appearance of any event: *tōzoku no —*, chief of banditi; — *nin*, a ringleader, chief.
 Syn. HOTTŌ-NIN, KASHIRA.

CHŌBUKU テウブク調伏 n. Enchantment, or incantations used to bring evil on an enemy: — *suru*, to use incantations in order to injure an enemy; — *no inori*, incantation.
 Syn. NOROI, SHUSO.
 CHŌBUTSU チャウブツ長物 n. That which is superfluous, needless, unnecessary.
 Syn. MUDAMONO, ZEIBUTSU.
 CHŌBYŌ チャウビヤウ長病 (*naga-yamai*) n. A long and chronic disease; a severe sickness.
 CHŌCHAKU チャウチャク打擲 (coll.) — *suru*, to beat, whip, strike, thrash: *kodomo wo — suru*, to whip a child.
 Syn. UCHI-TATAKU, BUTSU.
 CHŌCHI テウチ諜知 — *suru*, to spy out.
 Syn. UKAGAI SHIRU.
 CHŌCHI-KAN チョウチカン懲治監 n. House of correction; a reformatory.
 CHŌCHIKU チョチク儲蓄 (*takuwae*), — *suru*, to store up, treasure up, lay by: — *ginkō*, a savings-bank.
 CHŌCHIN テウチン挑燈 n. A lantern.
 CHŌCHŌ or CHŌTO チャウチャウ打打 adv. The sound or appearance of striking; clashing; noisy: — *utsu*; — *kiru*.
 CHŌCHŌ テフテフ喋喋 adv. Garrulous; noisily: — *to ronzzuru*, to dispute noisily.
 CHŌCHŌSHII, -KI-KU テフテフシイ adj. Talkative; loquacious; garrulous: *ano hito wa amari chōchōshii kuchi no kiki yō da*; *chōchōshiku suru*.
 CHŌDAI チャウダイ頂戴 — *suru*, to give; to receive from a superior; — *itashi-tai*, I would like to have this; *kono hon wo — narimasen ka*, will you give me this book?
 Syn. ITADAKU, MORAU, HAIRYŌ.
 CHŌDAI チャウダイ帳臺 n. A curtained bedstead; a higher seat for honorable persons.
 †CHŌDAI チャウダイ町代 n. An officer or superintendent of a ward, next below a *nanusshi*.
 CHŌDAN チャウダン長談 (*naga banashi*) n. Long talk: *ano hito no — ni wa komaru*, annoyed by his long-talking.
 CHŌDANSU チャウダンス長厨 n. A chest or bureau in which account books, or registers are kept.
 CHŌDATSU テウダツ調達 — *suru*, to make up or collect together a sum of money: *konnichi-jū ni ichi man doru chōdatsu seneba naranu*, I must to-day make up ten thousand dollars.
 Syn. TOTONOERU, SAIKAKU SURU.
 CHŌDO テウド調度 n. Utensils; things suitable for the purpose, as: *tabi no —*, articles to be used in traveling; *yome iri no —*, articles necessary for a bride going to the house of her husband; also, bow and arrow (obs.).
 CHŌDO テウド恰 adv. Just; exactly; precisely; — *yoi*, just right; — *yoi tokoro ye kita*, have come just at the right time.
 Syn. ADAKAMO.
 CHŌDŌ テウダウ鳥道 n. A narrow path.
 Syn. HOSO-MICHI.
 CHŌDŌ チャウダウ聽道 n. (med.) The auditory canal.

- CHŌEKI テウエキ 懲役 n. A convict.
- CHO-EN チョウエン 腸炎 n. (med.) Inflammation of bowels; enteritis.
- CHŌETSU テウエツ 朝謁 (*mamieru*) — *suru*, to have an audience with the Emperor.
- CHŌETSU テウエツ 超越 — *suru*, to transcend, surpass: — *gaku*, transcendentalism.
- CHŌFUKU チョウフク 重復 (*kasamaru*) — *suru*, needlessly repeating or doing anything over again.
- CHŌGA テウガ 朝賀 n. Congratulating the Emperor, as on the birth of a son.
- CHŌGAKU チョウガク 重學 n. Mechanics.
- CHŌGI テウギ 朝議 n. Decision of the government.
- CHŌGIN チヤウギン 丁銀 n. A silver coin weighing 37 *momme*.
- CHŌGŌ テウガフ 調合 n. A prescription; making up or compounding medicines: — *ba*, a place where patients are prescribed for; — *suru*, to compound medicines.
- CHŌGUN テウゲン 超群 n. Eminent; excelling others; preëminent.
- CHŌGWAI テウクワイ 帳外 Erased from the register; not written in the register: *gokuraku-zumai no* — *mono*, one whose name is not written in the book in which the name of the inhabitants of heaven are recorded; — *mono*, a vagabond.
Syn. MUSHIKU.
- CHŌHAI テウハイ 朝拜 n. Congratulating the Emperor, as on new year's day.
- CHŌ-HAN チョウハン 重半 n. Odd and even; gambling: — *suru*, to gamble.
- CHŌHATSU チヤウハツ 長髮 n. Long hair; the hair suffered to become long in parts that should be shaved.
- CHŌHATSU チョウハツ 徴發 (*mesarete deru*) — *suru*, to levy on the property for public service.
- CHOHEI チョヘイ 楮幣 Paper-money.
- CHŌHEI チョウヘイ 徴兵 n. Enlisted soldier; conscript: — *rei*, conscription laws.
- CHŌHEI テウヘイ 朝聘 — *ni ōzuru*, to receive a summons or invitation to court.
- CHŌHŌ チョウハウ 重寶 Convenient; useful; serviceable; precious: — *na mono*; — *suru*, to value.
Syn. BENRI.
- CHŌ-IN テウイン 調印 (*in wo osu*) — *suru*, to affix a seal, or signature.
- CHOITO チョイト 一寸 (same as *chotto*) adv. For a moment, instant, little while: — *o mise kudare*, let me look at it; — *o yori nasai*, come in for a moment.
- CHŌJA チヤウジヤ 長者 n. A rich man; one in good circumstances: — *tomi ni akazu*, the rich man is not satisfied with his riches.
- CHŌJI チヤウジ 丁子 n. Cloves.
- CHŌJI チヤウジ 停止 — *suru*, to forbid for a season; to stop; cease temporarily.
Syn. KINZURU, TODOMURU.
- CHŌJI, -RU チヤウズル 長 t.v. To grow long or large, grow up; to increase; to excel, become great, surpass; to be more and more addicted to: *bun-gei ni* —, to excel in literature and polite accomplishments; *asobi ni* —, to be more and more fond of pleasure.
Syn. NOBIRU, ŌKIKU NARU, SUGURERU.
- CHŌJI-AWASE, -RU チヤウジアハセル 打合 i.v. To plan together; to agree upon a plan.
Syn. SŌDAN SURU.
- CHŌJI-GASHIRA チヤウジガシラ n. The charred soot, resembling a clove, which forms on the wick of a lamp.
- CHŌJITSU チヤウジツ 長日 (*nagai hi*) n. A long day.
- CHŌJŌ チヤウヂョウ 重疊 (*kasane-gasane*) adv. Over and over again; very many: — *medetai*.
- CHŌJŌ チヤウジヤウ 長上 (*me-ue*) n. A superior in rank.
- CHŌJŌ チヤウジヤウ 頂上 n. The highest point; the summit, top: *yama no* —, top of a mountain. Syn. ITADAKI, ZETCHŌ.
- CHŌJO チヤウジヨ 長女 n. Eldest daughter.
- CHŌJU チヤウジユ 長壽 n. Long life.
- CHOJUTSU チョジュツ 著述 — *suru*, to write or compose a book: — *sha*, an author, editor.
- CHŌKA テウカ 朝家 (lit. morning house) The country of Japan, as used by a Japanese—my country: — *no tame ni inochi wo otosu*, to die for one's country.
- CHŌKEN チヤウケン 長絹 n. A long-sleeved coat worn by a *kuge*.
- CHŌKEN テウケン 朝見 (*mamieru*) — *suru*, to visit the Emperor.
- CHOKIBUNE チョキブネ 猪牙船 n. A kind of small and fast river-boat.
- CHOKIN チョキン 儲金 (*takuwae-gane*) n. Money which is treasured up, or laid by: — *azukari-dokoro*, post-office savings-bank.
- CHŌKIN テウキン 朝覲 (*san-dai*) — *suru*, to go to court; visit the Emperor.
- CHŌKIRI チヤウキリ 帳切 n. Erasing the name from the town-register.
- CHOKKAKU チョクカク 直角 n. (mat.) A right angle: — *sankaku*, a right-angled triangle.
- CHOKKAN チョクカン 直諫 (*tadachi ni isamu*) — *suru*, to reprove a superior to his face.
- CHOKKEI チョクケイ 直經 n. Diameter; calibre.
- CHOKKI チョッキ n. (derived from Eng. jacket) A vest, jacket.
- CHOKKURA チョククラ adv. (coll.) Just; merely; in a light, easy way: — *itte kuru*, will come in a moment; — *dashite miru*, just look and find it (as a word); — *itte miyo*, just take out and see. Syn. CHOITO, CHOTTO.
- CHŌKŌ テウコウ 朝貢 (*mitsugi wo tatematsuru*) — *suru*, to pay tribute.
- CHŌKŌ テウコウ 徴候 n. (med.) The symptom of disease; sign; omen.
- CHOKO-CHOKO チョコチョコ adv. (coll.) Frequently; often: — *mairimasu*, to go frequently.
Syn. SHIBA-SHIBA, TABI-TABI.
- CHŌKOKU テウコク 周刻 n. Carving; engraving; sculpture: — *shi*, an engraver, carver, sculptor.
- CHOKOZAI チョコザイ (coll.) Pedantic; affected; having only a smattering of learning; pretending to learning: — *na yatsu*.
Syn. KOSHAKU, KUTASU.

CHOKU チョク n. Dressed vegetables.
 CHOKU チョク 鐘 n. A small cup for drinking sake.
 CHOKU チョク 直 (*tadashii*) Straight; right; just; upright; honest: — *na hito*, an honest man.
 CHOKU チョク 勅 Imperial; relating to the Mikado; imperial command.
 CHOKUCHŌ チョクチャウ 直腸 n. (med.) The rectum.
 CHOKUGAKU チョクガク 勅額 n. An inscription or name presented to a *miya* or *tera* by the *Tenshi*.
 CHOKUGEN ケョクゲン 直言 n. Spoken truly, or in a direct or straightforward manner, to a superior.
 CHOKU-GWAN-JI チョクグワンジ 勅願寺 n. The temple where a Mikado is buried.
 CHOKUJŌ チョクヂャウ 勅定 n. Mikado's orders, or edicts.
 CHOKUJU チョクジュ 勅授 n. Imperial gift, as a sword, cloth, etc.: — *no shina*.
 CHOKUKAN チョクカン 直諫 n. Open, direct advice, or remonstrance.
 CHOKUKYO チョクキョ 勅許 n. Imperial permission.
 CHOKUMEI チョクメイ 勅命 n. Imperial command.
 CHOKUMEN チョクメン 勅免 n. Imperial permission or grant.
 CHOKUMON チョクモン 勅問 n. Enquiry of the Emperor.
 CHOKUN チョクン 儲君 n. The heir-apparent to the throne.
 CHOKUNIN チョクニン 勅任 n. An official appointment directly from the Emperor.
 CHOKURYŪ | チョクリウ 直立 n. Standing
 CHOKURITSU | erect or straight; standing upright.
 CHOKUSAI チョクサイ 勅裁 n. Imperial decision: — *wo aogu*, to request —.
 CHOKUSEN チョクセン 勅選 n. Chosen by the Emperor.
 CHOKUSEN チョクセン 勅宣 n. Imperial order, or command.
 CHOKUSEN チョクセン 直線 n. (mat.) A right line; straight line.
 CHOKUSETSU チョクセツ 直接 n. Direct; immediate.
 CHOKUSHI チョクシ 勅使 n. Imperial ambassador.
 CHOKUSHO チョクシヨ 勅書 n. Mikado's letter, or edict.
 CHOKUTŌ チョクダフ 勅答 (*Tenshi no kotae*) n. The answer or reply of the *Tenshi*.
 CHOKUYAKU チョクヤク 直譯 n. Literal translation.
 CHŌKWA チョウクラ 重科 (*omoki toga*) n. A heinous crime; felony.
 CHŌKWA テウクラ 超過 (*sugiru*) — *suru*, to exceed, surpass, go beyond: *yunyū yushitsu ni* — *suru*. Syn. KOERU.
 CHŌKWAN チャウクワン 長官 n. The chief officer or head of a department of government; president.

CHŌKYU チャウキウ 長久 (*nagaku hisashii*) A long time; eternal; ever: — *fūki*.
 CHŌMAN チャウマン 脹滿 n. (med.) Dropsy of the abdomen; ascitis.
 CHŌMATSUGUMI チャウマツグミ n. The name of a bird; a species of fieldfare (*Turdus fuscatus*).
 CHOMBORI チョンボリ adv. A dot, speck; the least quantity: *suzuri ni mizu wo* — *irete kudasai*, just give me a speck of water on this inkstone.
 CHOMEI チョメイ 著明 (*akiraka*) — *na*, clear; plain; manifest; evident.
 Syn. MEIHAKU, ARAWA.
 CHŌMEI テウメイ 朝命 n. Imperial command.
 CHŌMEI チャウメイ 長命 (*naga iki*) n. Long-life.
 CHŌMEN チャウメン 帳面 n. An account-book, register, record-book, ledger.
 CHŌMOKU チャウモク 鳥目 n. (lit. bird's eye) A small cash, from its resemblance to a bird's eye; money.
 Syn. OWASHI, ZENI.
 CHŌMON チャウモン 聽聞 — *suru*, to listen to; to attend, as preaching, or a sermon.
 Syn. KIKU.
 CHŌNA テウナ 斬 n. An adz.
 CHŌNAI チャウナイ 町内 (*machi no uchi*) In the town: *kono hito wa watakushi no* — *ni orimasu*, this man lives in the same town with me.
 CHŌNAN チャウナン 長男 n. Oldest son.
 Syn. CHAKUNAN, SŌRYO, CHAKUSHI.
 CHŌNETSU チャウネツ 潮熱 n. (med.) Exacerbation or increase of fever.
 CHŌNIN チャウニン 町人 n. Towns-people; citizens of a town; common people; not a *samurai*.
 CHŌNO テウノ n. i.q. *chōna*.
 CHOPPORI チョツポリ } adv. (coll.) A little; small
 CHOMBORI チョンボリ } in quality or size: —
banana, a little nose.
 CHŌREN チテウレン 調練 n. Drill; parade; military exercises: — *suru*, to parade; to march; *gunzei wo* — *suru*, to drill an army; — *ba*, parade ground.
 Syn. SŌREN, JINDATE.
 CHŌRI チャウリ 長吏 n. Name given to an *eta* or *hi-nin*; in vulg. col. *chōrimbō*.
 CHŌRI チャウリ 張里 n. A horse doctor.
 Syn. BAI, HAKURAKU.
 CHŌRIN テウリン 超倫 Eminent; excelling others.
 Syn. BAKKUN, ZETSU-RIN.
 CHŌRŌ チャウラウ 長老 n. The superior in a monastery of the Zen sect of Buddhists; an elder.
 CHŌRŌ テウロウ 嘲哂 — *suru*, to make sport of; to quiz; to make a fool of; to treat with irony; to mock, ridicule, jeer: *hito wo* — *suru*.
 Syn. AZAKERU, GURŌ SURU, NABURU.
 CHOROKASU チョロカス i.v. To cheat; play foul.
 CHŌRŌ-KYŌKWAI チャウラウケウクワイ 長老教會 n. The Presbyterian church.
 CHŌRYOKU チャウリョク 重力 n. Gravitation.

- CHORYŪ チョリウ 竝立 — *suru*, to stand still; to stand on tip-toe.
Syn. TSUMADATSU.
- CHŌSA チヤウサ 調査 — *suru*, to examine.
- CHŌSAI テウサイ 朝裁 n. Imperial judgment or decision.
- CHŌSAI テウサイ 超歳 (*toshi wo kosu*) To pass from the old to the new year.
Syn. OTSUNEN.
- CHŌSAIBŌ テウサイバウ n. A fool, dunce: *hito wo — ni suru*, to make a fool of a person.
- CHOSAKU チョサク 著作 n. A composition: — *suru*, to write, or make a book.
- CHŌSAN チョウサン 重三 n. A holiday on the third day of the third month (o.c.).
- CHŌSEI テウセイ 朝政 n. Imperial government.
- CHŌSEI チヤウセイ 長逝 (*shinuru*) — *suru*, to die. Syn. ZEIKYO, SHIBŌ.
- CHŌSEI チヤウセイ 長生 (*naga-iki*) Long life: — *suru*, to live long.
- CHŌSEN テウセン 朝鮮 n. Corea: *chōsem-bi*, a kind of grain something like millet.
- CHŌSEN-AZAMI テウセンアザミ n. Artichoke, *Cynara scolymus*.
- CHOSHA チョシヤ 著者 n. An author (of a book).
Syn. CHOJUTSU-NIN.
- CHŌSHA チヤウシヤ 長者 (*me-ue*) n. A superior: — *wo uyamau beshi*, we should respect our superiors.
- CHŌSHI チヤウシ 長子 (*wigo*) n. Eldest son.
Syn. CHAKUSHI. SŌRYO, CHŌNAN.
- CHŌSHI テウシ 銚子 n. A kettle or jug used for pouring *sake*.
- CHŌSHI テウシ 調子 n. Tone of voice, or of an instrument; tune; (fig.) spirits: — *hazure no koe*, a voice that does not chord with others; — *ga hazureru*, to be out of tune; — *wo awaseru*, to chord; to put in tune; — *ga warui*, spirits are bad; to be out of tune; — *ga kurutte iru*, to be out of one's mind.
- †CHŌSHI-GASHIWA テウシガシハ n. The box in which musical instruments were kept.
- CHŌSHIN テウシン 朝臣 n. A servant or minister of the Emperor.
- CHŌSHIN テウシン 調進 (*totonoe susumuru*): — *suru*, to prepare and offer to a superior.
- CHŌSHIN-KEI チヤウシンケイ 聽神經 n. (med.) The auditory nerve.
- CHŌSHŌ テウシヤウ 招請 (*maneku*) — *suru*, to invite, call.
Syn. SHŌDAI.
- CHŌSHO チョシヨ 著書 n. A book, publication; literary works: *koshiden wa Hirata no — nari*.
- CHŌSHŌ チョウシヤウ 重傷 (*omode*) n. A severe wound. Syn. ITADE.
- CHŌSHŪ チョウシユウ 聽衆 (*kiku mono*) n. Hearers; audience.
Syn. CHŌ-MON-NIN.
- CHŌSO チヤウソ 重祚 n. Ascending the throne the second time.
- CHŌTAI-SOKU チヤウタイソク 長大息 n. A long sigh, deep sigh.
- CHŌTAKU テウタク 彫琢 (*migaku*) — *suru*, to polish.
Syn. TOGU.
- CHŌTAN チヤウタン 長嘆 — *suru*, to heave a deep sigh.
Syn. TANSOKU, NAGEKU.
- CHŌ-TAN チヤウタン 長短 (*nagai mijikai*) Long and short.
- CHŌTEI テウテイ 朝庭 n. The Imperial court the Emperor.
- CHŌTEI チヤウテイ 重訂 (*kasane tadasu*) Going over a book or writing, in order to correct or improve.
- CHŌTEKI テウテキ 朝敵 n. A rebel; an enemy of the Emperor; a traitor to one's country.
Syn. MUHONNIN.
- CHŌTO チヤウト 長途 (*naga michi*) n. A long journey.
- CHŌTO チヤウト 打 (same as *chōchō-to*) adv. Sound or appearance of cutting and thrashing.
- CHOTTO チョット 一寸 (same as *choito*) adv. (coll.) A little while; a moment.
- CHŌTSUGAI テフツガヒ 蝶番 n. A hinge, joint.
- CHŌ-YA テウヤ 朝野 (*kami shimo*) The government and people: — *tomo ni odoroku*.
- CHŌYA チヤウヤ 長夜 (*naga yo*) n. Long night.
- CHŌYAKUNIN チヤウヤクニン 町役人 n. Town-officer; ward-officers, including *nanushi*, *toshiyori*, *kumigashira*.
- CHŌ-YŌ チヤウエウ 長幼 (*otona kodomo*) n. Old and young.
Syn. RŌJAKU.
- CHŌYŌ チョウヤウ 重陽 n. A holiday on the 9th day of the 9th month (o.c.).
- CHŌZEN テウゼン 惘然 (*wrioru katachi*) adv. Sad; sorrowful manner: — *tansoku suru*.
- CHŌZU テウヅ 手水 n. Water used for washing the face or hands: — *wo tsukau*, to wash the face or hands; — *wo suru*, make water.
- CHŌZUBA テウヅバ 手水場 n. A privy, water-closet.
Syn. KAWAYA, SETSU-IN, KŌKA, HABAKARI.
- CHŌZU-BACHI テウヅバチ 手水鉢 n. The basin of water for washing the hands kept near a privy.
- CHŌZUME チヤウヅメ n. Sausage; a pudding made by stuffing an intestine with meat.
- CHŌZURU チヤウズル 長 i.v. See *chōji*.
- †CHŪ チウ n. Cancer of the breast.
- CHŪ チウ 中 (*naka*). Middle; centre; middling in quality; medium; in; within; during; whilst; in the course of; throughout: *jō — ge*, superior, middling, and inferior; *koku —*, in the country.
Syn. MANNAKA.
- CHŪ チウ 宙 (*ōsora*) n. Empty space; air: — *wo tonde nigeta*, flew away; — *ni burarito sagatta*, hung dangling in the air; *chūnori wo suru*, to ride in the air; — *ni agaru*, to ascend in the air.
- CHŪ チウ 忠 n. Fidelity to a master; patriotism; loyalty: — *wo tsukusu*, to be faithful to the utmost; — *gen mimi ni sakarō*, faithful words are unpleasant to the ears.
Syn. MAMEYAKA.
- CHŪ チウ 註 n. Commentary; notes: — *wo kaku*, to write a commentary on a text.

- CHŪ チウ 誅 — *suru*, to kill a criminal or a guilty person; to slay; to punish with death.
Syn. KOROSU, TSUMINAU.
- CHŪ チウ 晝 n. Day; day-time: *chū-ya*, day and night.
Syn. HIRU.
- CHŪBATSU チウバツ 誅罰 n. Punishment: — *suru*, to punish with death; to slay.
Syn. TSUMISURU.
- CHŪBU チウブ 中部 (*naka no tokoro*) n. Middle part.
- CHŪ-BU チウブ 中風 n. Hemiplegia.
- CHŪCHO チウチヨ 躊躇 — *suru*, to hesitate; to be in doubt or uncertainty.
Syn. TAMERAU, YŪYO SURU, GUZU-GUZU SURU.
- CHŪDŌ チウダウ 中道 (*naka michi*) n. The mean; medium; half-way; in the midst of, or while doing anything: — *ni shite hai-su*, to give up when only half done.
- CHŪDOKU チウドク 中毒 n. Poison, or affected by something eaten.
- CHŪDŌRI チウダウリ 中通 n. Medium quality; just medium.
- CHŪGEN チウゲン 忠言 n. Faithful words.
- CHŪGEN チウゲン 仲間 n. Inferior servants of the *samurai*. Syn. ORISUKE.
- CHŪGEN チウゲン 中元 n. The 15th day of the 7th month; the middle of the year, and last day of the Feast of Lanterns (o.c.).
- CHŪGI チウギ 忠義 n. Fidelity; patriotism; loyalty; allegiance: — *wo tsukusu*.
- CHŪGŌ チウゴウ 中宮 n. The same as *chūgū*.
- CHŪGOKU チウゴク 中國 n. The eight central provinces of Japan, viz., Harima, Mimasaka, Bizen, Bitchū, Bingo, Aki, Suwō, Nagato.
- CHŪ-GOSHŌ チウゴシヤウ 中小姓 n. The name of an officer who walks next to a noble in going out.
- CHŪ-GŪ チウグウ 中宮 n. The Empress, queen; wife of the *Tenshi*.
- CHŪHAN チウハン 中葺 — *na mono*, a thing that will not fit anywhere; either too long or too short: — *na monoshiri*, a half-learned person.
- CHŪ-HAN チウハン 晝飯 (*hirumeshi*) n. The noon meal; dinner.
- CHŪHŌ チウハウ 中保 (*naka-dachi*) n. A mediator.
Syn. CHŪNIN, NAKAUDO.
- CHŪ-I チウイ 中尉 (mil.) n. Lieutenant.
- CHŪ-I チウイ 注意 n. Care; heed; attention; — *suru*, to be attentive; to give heed.
Syn. KI WO TSUKERU.
- CHŪ-IN チウイン 中陰 n. The period of 49 days' mourning.
- †CHŪJI, CHŪZURU チヤウズル t.v. To beat, whip, chastise.
- CHŪ-JIKI チウジキ 晝食 (*hiru-meshi*) n. The noon meal; dinner = *chū-han*.
- CHŪJIN チウジン 中人 n. A person of the middle class, or in middling circumstances.
- CHŪ-JŌ チウジヤウ 中將 n. A military officer or general of a rank next below *taishō*, anciently subdivided into *sakone no chūjō* and *ukone no chūjō*.
- CHŪJŌ チウジヤウ 中情 (*kokoro no uchi*) n. The heart, mind: — *wo toro suru*, to speak unreservedly.
- CHŪ-JUN チウジュン 中旬 (*naka no tō-ka*). The middle decade of the month, from the 10th to the 20th day (o.c.).
- CHŪ-KA チウカ 中夏 n. The middle of summer; 7th month (o.c.).
- CHŪ-KAI チウカイ 註解 A commentary, annotation: — *suru*, to comment on, to explain with notes, illustrate, annotate.
Syn. TOKI-AKASHI.
- CHŪKAN チウカン 中間 (*aida*) n. That which is between; the medium; the mean; middle in quality or degree.
- CHŪ-KAN チウクワン 中澁 Same as *chūjun*.
- CHŪKAN チウカン 忠諫 n. Faithful reproof from a servant; advice or remonstrance.
- CHŪKEI チウケイ 折腰扇 n. A kind of fan carried by priests or nobles, also attached to presents sent by the bride's parents to the son-in-law.
- CHŪKI チウキ 中氣 n. Palsy.
- CHŪKIN チウキン 忠勤 n. Loyal or faithful service.
- CHŪKO チウコ 中古 (*naka mukashi*) n. Middle ages; the time previous to the usurpations of the *Shōguns*.
Syn. CHŪYŌ.
- CHŪKŌ チウコウ 中興 (*nakatabi-okoru*). Restoration to power; restored to authority: — *no kimi*.
- CHŪKŌ チウカウ 中葺 n. Bed-chamber: — *no koto wo iubekarazu*.
Syn. NEYA.
- CHŪKŌ チウカウ 忠孝 n. Fidelity to a master, and obedience to parents.
- CHŪKOKU チウコク 忠告 n. Advice: — *suru*, to reprove, or advise, as a faithful friend.
Syn. IKEN, SUSUME.
- CHŪKON チウコン 忠魂 n. Loyalty; fidelity; patriotism.
- CHŪ-KWAI チウクワイ 中會 n. A presbytery.
- CHŪMITSU チウミツ 稠密 n. — *na*, dense; close together; *jinkō* —, a dense population.
- CHŪMOKU チウモク 注目 (*me wo tsukeru*) — *suru*, to look at with attention.
- CHŪMON チウモン 中門 n. The inner door, or gate-way of a court.
- CHŪMON チウモン 注文 n. An order for goods: — *suru*, to send an order for goods; — *chō*, an order book.
Syn. ATSURAE.
- †CHŪMUSHŌ チウムシヤウ 中務省 n. That department in the government which had the control of all the household affairs and attendants of the Mikado. The chief officer was called *chū-mu-kyō*, and was selected from the Imperial family.
- †CHŪNAGON チウナゴン 中納言 n. The name of an officer in the Mikado's court next in rank below *Dainagon* and one of the council of state.
- CHŪNEN チウネン 中年 n. Middle age of life.
- CHŪNETSU チウネツ 中熱 n. (med.) Sun-stroke; insolation.

CHŪNIN チウニン 仲人 n. A middle-man; mediator; go-between.

Syn. NAKAUDO, AISATSU-NIN, ATSUKAI-NIN, BAI-SHAKU, KUCHI-KIKI, CHŪ-HŌ.

CHŪNORI チウノリ 宙乗 n. Walking in the air; a play-actor who appears to walk in the air.

CHŪ-Ō チウワウ 中央 n. The centre, middle.

Syn. NAKABA, MANNAKA.

CHŪRIKU チウリク 誅戮 — *suru*, to slay; to kill; to punish with death.

CHŪRŌ チウラウ 中老 n. Assistant prime-minister.

†CHŪRŌ チウラフ 中臈 n. Anciently a female officer in the Mikado's palace.

CHŪRYAKU チウリヤク 中畧 n. Omitting the middle of a writing; contracting the middle of a word; syncope.

CHŪRYŪ チウリウ } 中立 { Neutrality; neutral:
CHŪ-RITSU チウリッ } — *koku*, a neutral state; *kyoku-gai* —.

CHŪRYŪ チウリウ 中流 (*nagare no naka*). The middle of a river, or stream.

CHŪSA チウサ 中佐 n. (mil.) Lieutenant-colonel.

CHŪSAI チウサイ 中裁 Arbitration: — *suru*, to settle a dispute; to act as umpire; to arbitrate: — *nin*, an umpire, arbitrator.

CHŪSAKU チウサク 籌策 n. A stratagem, plan, scheme.

Syn. HAKARIGOTO, SAKU-RYAKU.

CHŪSEKI チウセキ 疇昔 n. Yesterday.

CHŪSEN チウセン 抽籤 (*kuji wo hiku*) — *suru*, to draw lots.

CHŪSETSU チウセツ 忠節 n. Fidelity; loyalty; patriotism.

CHŪSHAKU チウシヤク 註釋 A commentary: — *suru*, to explain or illustrate with notes; to comment upon.

CHŪSHI チウシ 中止 (*nakagoro de tomeru*) — *suru*, to stop one in the midst of his work, or discourse; to interrupt: *enzetsu wo* — *suru*.

CHŪSHI チウシ 忠死 n. Dying as a loyal, faithful, or patriotic servant.

CHŪSHI チウシ 駐止 (*todomaru*). To stop at a place in traveling.

CHŪSHIKO チウシコ n. A plane used by carpenters for middling kind of work: see *arashiko* and *jōshiko*.

CHŪSHIN チウシン 中心 (*mannaka*) n. The centre; middle; the heart; focus.

CHŪSHIN チウシン 註進 Report; communica-

tion; message or statement of facts (to a superior): *saikoku yori hikyaku wo motte Tōkyō omote ye — ni oyobu*, to report from the western provinces to Tōkyō by a courier.

Syn. TODOKERU, SHIRASERU.

CHŪSHIN チウシン 忠心 n. Fidelity; loyalty; patriotism.

CHŪSHIN チウシン 忠臣 n. A faithful or loyal servant: — *ji kun ni tsukaezu*, a faithful servant will not serve two masters.

CHŪSHŌ チウシヤウ 中將 n. (mil.) Lieutenant-general.

CHŪSHŌ チウシヤウ 中症 n. Palsy.

CHŪSHŪ チウシウ 仲秋 n. The 8th month; middle month of autumn (o.c.).

CHŪSHUN チウシュン 仲春 n. The second month, or middle month of spring (o.c.).

CHŪSO チウソ 柱礎 n. A foundation, basis.

Syn. MOTOI, ISHIZUE.

CHŪTAI チウタイ 中隊 n. (mil.) A company of infantry, four of which make a *daitai* or battalion.

CHŪTŌ チウタウ 中等 n. Middle or second class: — *shitsu*, medium quality.

CHŪTO チウト 中途 adv. During, or while engaged in doing anything; only having half completed; half-through: — *de yameyarete wa komaru*, I shall be sorry if you give it up before completing it.

Syn. CHŪ-DŌ, NAKABA, HAN-TO.

CHŪTŌ チウトウ 仲冬 n. The 11th month, or middle month of winter (o.c.).

CHŪTŌ チウタウ 駐劄 To reside; to be stationed (usually spoken of an ambassador).

CHŪ-U チウウ 中有 The dark space intervening between earth and hades (Bud.): — *no yami ni mayō*, to wander about in outer darkness.

CHŪYA チウヤ 中夜 (*yonaka*) n. Midnight.

CHŪYA チウヤ 晝夜 (*hiru yoru*) n. Day and night.

CHŪYŌ チウヨウ 中庸 n. The doctrine of the mean; the proper middle path; not inclining to one side or the other.

CHŪYŌ チウヘフ 中葉 (*naka-goro*) n. The middle ages.

CHŪZETSU チウゼツ 中絶 (*naka tae*) n. Giving up; ceasing to do, or breaking off anything before being fully learned; interruption: *kei-ko wo — shite heta ni natta*, being interrupted in my study, I have become rusty.