

**SUZURI** スズリ 硯 n. The stone on which ink is rubbed with water, ink-stone: — *no ike*, the depression on an inkstone.  
**SUZURI-BAKO** スズリバコ 硯箱 n. The box in which the inkstone and pencils are kept.  
**SUZURI-BUTA** スズリブタ 硯蓋 n. An ink tray, a large lacquered tray or waiter.  
**SUZURIKIRI** スズリキリ 硯工 n. A maker of ink-stones.  
**SUZURO** スズロ Same as *sezoro*.  
**SUZUSHI** スズシ n. A kind of fine gauze.  
**SUZUSHII, -KI-KU-SHI** スズシイ 涼 adj. Cool, refreshing, or airy,—in hot weather: *suzushii*

*tokoro*, a cool place; *kinō no ame de suzushi-ku natta*, it is cool and pleasant after yesterday's rain; — *kaze*, a cool breeze.  
**SUZUSHIME, -RU** スズシメル t.v. To make cool and pleasant.  
**SUZUSHIRO** スズシロ n. A raddish; i.q. *daikon*.  
**†SUZUSHIRO** スズシロ n. The tuft of hair left after shaving on the top of a child's head.  
**SUZUSHISA** スズシサ 涼 n. The state or degree of coolness.  
**SUZUYAKA** スズヤカ Bright, clear, not hazy or dim.

## T.

**TA** タ 田 n. A rice-field: — *wo tsukuru*, to cultivate rice-fields; *ono ga ta ye mizu wo hiku* (prov.), to draw the water into his own field.  
**TA** タ 他 n. Others, other persons, things, or places; other, another: — *no koto ni arazu*, nothing more or less than; *sono ta wa oshite shiru beshi*, the best may be known by inference; — *shutsu*, gone out; — *gyo*, id.  
 Syn. YO, HOKA.  
**TA** タ 多 (*ōi*) adj. Many, much: *ta nen*, many years; — *shō*, many or few.  
**TA** タ 誰 pron. Who: *ta ga tame ni*, for whose sake? *ta ga tsuma*, whose wife?  
 Syn. TARE.  
**TA** タ pret. suffix, perhaps an abbreviation of *tari*: *mita*, have seen; *kiita*, have heard; *yukimashita*, have gone.  
**†TA** タ n. Hand-breadth,—used only in compounds.  
**TABA** タバ 束 n. A bundle, as of straw, wood, bamboo, etc.: *wara hito taba*, a bundle of straw; — *ni suru*, to make into a bundle.  
 Syn. WA, TABANE.  
**TABAI, -AU** タバフ t.v. To preserve, save, to care for: *inochi wo* —, to save one's life.  
 Syn. MAMORU, KABAU.  
**TABAKARARE, -RU** タバカラレル 被誑 (pass. of *tabakaru*) To be cheated or imposed on.  
**TABAKARI, -RU** タバカル 誑 t.v. To cheat, deceive, impose on, to hoax, to gull; to plot, conspire.  
 Syn. DAMASU, ITSUWARU, AZAMUKU, TABURAKASU.  
**TABAKO** タバコ 烟草 n. Tobacco: — *wo nomu*, to smoke tobacco.  
**TABAKOBON** タバコボン 烟草盆 n. A box or tray in which fire and smoking utensils are kept.  
**TABAKO-IRE** タバコイレ 烟草囊 n. A tobacco-pouch.

**†TABANASHI, -SU** タバナス t.v. To let go from the hand.  
**TABANE** タバネ 束 n. A bundle.  
 Syn. WA, TABA.  
**TABANE, -RU** タバネル 束 t.v. To tie or make into a bundle, to bundle: *ine wo* —, to bind rice into sheaves; *kami wo* —, to tie up the hair.  
 Syn. TSUGANERU, YŪ.  
**TABASAMU** タバサム 挾 t.v. (comp. of *te*, and *hasamu*) To hold in the hand, or under the arm; to put or insert between anything: *ya wo* —, to hold arrows in the hand; *dai-shō wo koshi ni* —, to thrust the long and short swords into the belt.  
 Syn. HASAMU.  
**TABASHIRI, -RU** タバシル i.v. To splash, spatter.  
**†TABASHIRU** タバシル n. The pus of a syphilitic eruption.  
**†TABE** タベ imp. of *tabi*, same as *tamae*.  
**TABE, -RU** タベル 食 t.v. (coll.) To eat: *meshi wo* —, to eat rice.  
 Syn. KŪ, KURAU.  
**TABEKASU** タベカス 食滓 n. (coll.) The scraps of food left after eating.  
**†TABEMONO** タベモノ 賜物 i.q. *tamamono*.  
**TABEMONO** タベモノ 食物 n. (coll.) Food, provisions, victuals.  
 Syn. KUIMONO, SHOKUMOTSU.  
**TABEN** タベン 多辯 n. Much talking: — *na hito*, a great talker.  
 Syn. KUCHI-MAME.  
**TABETAGARI, -RU** タベタガル i.v. To desire to eat, to be hungry, to be fond of eating, given to eating.  
**TABE-TSUKU, -RU** タベツケル i.v. Accustomed to eat.  
**TABEYOI, -OU** タベユフ i.v. To be drunk, intoxicated.

TABI タビ 短靴 n. Stockings, socks: — *wo haku*, to wear stockings; — *no soko*, the sole of a sock.

TABI タビ 旅 n. A journey, traveling: — *ye yuku*, to go on a journey; — *no hito*, a traveler; — *no sumai*, a place of sojourn; — *wa michizure yo wa nasake* (prov.), the best thing in traveling is a companion, in the world kindness.

TABI タビ 度 n. Time, or repetitions: *hito tabi*, once; *futa tabi*, twice; *mi-tabi*, three times; *iku tabi*, how often?

Syn. DO.

†TABI,-BU タブ 賜 (same as *tamai*, -*au*) To receive from a superior; to grant, bestow; (imp.) *tabe*, or *tabi-tamae*.

TABI-BITO タビビト 旅人 n. A traveler, a stranger.

TABIDACHI タビダチ 旅立 n. Setting out on a journey: — *ni yoi hi*, a lucky day for setting out on a journey.

†TABIDOKORO タビドコロ n. The place where a *mikoshi* is placed over night when taken from place to place.

TABI-HADASHI タビハダシ n. Stocking-feet: — *de kakeru*.

TABIJI タビヂ 旅路 n. A journey, the road in which one travels.

TABIJITAKU タビジタク 旅装 n. Preparations for a journey.

TABINE タビネ 旅寝 n. Sleeping or lodging while on a journey; a night's lodging.

†TABISHI タビシ n. A pebble, small stone.

TABI-TABI タビタビ 度度 adv. Many times, often, frequently.

Syn. DO-DO, SHIBA-SHIBA.

TABIYA タビヤ 襪店 n. A sock maker, or sock store.

TABIZUKARE タビヅカレ 旅疲 n. Fatigue from traveling. Syn. KUTABIRE.

TABIZUMAI タビズマヒ 僑居 n. Sojourning.

†TABIZUTO タビツト n. Provisions for a journey, presents brought home on one's return from a journey.

TABO タボ n. The puff, or swell made in dressing the hair on the back of the head; (com. coll.) a lady: *ii* —, a pretty woman; — *wo dasu*.

TABŌ タバウ 多忙 (*isogashii*) Busy.

TABU タブ n. The lobe of the ear: *mimi-tabu*.

TABU タブ Same as *tamau*. See *tabi*.

†TABUMI タブミ n. A register of the land.

TABUN タブン 多分 n. Many parts, the most part, majority, chief part. (adv.) Perhaps, probably, likely, much, a great deal: — *ni shitagau*, to follow the majority; — *kinsu*, much money; — *kimashō*, will probably come.

Syn. ŌKATA, ŌKU, TAI-HAN.

TABUN タブン 他聞 (*yoso ni kiku*) The hearing of others: — *muyō*, don't let others hear it; — *wo habakaru*.

TABURAKASHI,-SU タブラカス 誑 t.v. To deceive, cheat, impose on, hoax, gull; to seduce: *onna wo* —, to seduce a woman.

Syn. DAMASU, AZAMUKU, TABAKARU.

TABUSA タブサ 碁 n. The Japanese cue.

Syn. MAGE, MOTODORI.

†TABUSE タブセ n. A hut in a field, used for keeping tools, etc.

TABU-TABU タブタブ adv. The sound made by a liquid when shaken; shaking with a quivering motion, like jelly, or like oil in a cask when shaken: — *to ugoku*.

†TABUTE タブテ n. A pebble.

TABYŌ タビヤウ 多病 Often sick, sickly: — *no hito*, a sickly person.

TACHI タチ 等 A plural suffix, as: *omae-tachi*, you; *kodomo-tachi*, children; *yakunin-tachi*, officers. Syn. RA, DOMO, GATA.

TACHI タチ 館 (*yakata*) n. A mansion, the house of a noble.

TACHI タチ 太刀 n. A long sword, a cut: — *wo haku*, to wear a sword; *ichi no* —, the first cut.

TACHI タチ 貌 n. Form, appearance, looks.

Syn. KATACHI.

TACHI, or TATSU タチ立 n. (coll.) The nature, character, quality, ability, talent: *kane no — ga warui*, this metal is of bad quality: — *no yoi hito*, a person of good character.

Syn. SHŌ.

TACHI,-TSU タツ立 or 起 i.v. To stand up, to be erect, erect one's self; rise up, to start, set out, or leave; to begin; to pass, or elapse, — as time; to stick into; fit for, useful; to evaporate; to shut: *tate yo*, or *o tachinasare*, stand up; *yaku ni tatanu*, useless, good for nothing; *yō ni tatsu*, useful; *ki ga* —, to be agitated; *hara ga* —, to be angry; *me ni tatsu*, striking or attracting the attention; *ki no me ga* —, the tree is budding; *tsuki hi ga* —, time passes; *mikka tatte mata koi*, come again after three days; *haru ga* —, spring has commenced; *Ōsaka ye itsu tachimasu*, when do you start for Ōsaka? *hari ga ashi ni tatta*, have run a needle into my foot; *ya ga* —, the arrow sticks; *na ga* —, to become famous; *ashi ga tatanu*, his feet are useless, or lame in the feet; *ichi ga* —, the market is open; *yu ga* —, the water is boiled; *tori ga* —, the bird has flown; *kemuri ga* —, it smokes; *hokori ga* —, the dust rises, or it is dusty; *za wo* —, to leave one's seat; *nami ga* —, the waves rise; *shōchū ga tatsu*, the alcohol evaporates; *suiki ga* —, the vapor rises or evaporates; *ashiki na ga* —, to get a bad name.

TACHI,-TSU タツ裁 t.v. To cut out, as garments: *kimono wo* —, to cut out clothes; *momen wo tatte kimono ni suru*, to cut cotton cloth and make it into a coat.

Syn. KIRU.

TACHI,-TSU タツ断 t.v. To cut off, leave off, stop, abstain from: *sake wo* —, to leave off drinking sake; *cha wo* —, to stop drinking tea; *inochi wo* —, to take life; *doku wo* —, to abstain from hurtful things; *shoku wo* —, to abstain from food.

TACHI-AGARI,-RU タチアガル立上 i.v. To rise up, to arise.

- TACHI-AI** タチアヒ 立合 n. An auditor of accounts.
- TACHI-AI,-AU** タチアフ 立合 i.v. To meet together, assemble, to meet in combat.  
Syn. ATSUMARU.
- TACHI-AI-NIN** タチアヒニン 立會人 n. A bystander, eye-witness.
- TACHIAI-SAIBAN** タチアヒサイバン 立合裁判 n. A mixed court.
- TACHIBANA** タチバナ 橘 n. The general name for fruits of the orange kind.
- TACHI-BUKURO** タチブクロ n. A sword-case, or bag for keeping a sword.
- TACHIDO, or TACHIDOKORO** タチドコロ 立所 n. A standing place, a place to live in: — *wo sarazu tatakau*, to fight without leaving one's place; *mi no — mo nai*, having not even a standing-place.
- TACHI-DOKORO NI** タチドコロニ adv. Immediately, at once, on the spot.  
Syn. TACHIMACHI, NIWAKA-NI, SOKUZA NI.
- TACHI-FURUMAI** タチフルマヒ 舉動 n. Actions, conduct, behavior. Syn. OKONAI.
- †**TACHI-GAKI** タチガキ n. A sword-fight.
- TACHIGARE** タチガレ 立枯 n. A withered tree still standing: — *ni naru*.
- TACHIGATAI,-KI-KU-SHI** タチガタイ 難立 adj. Unable to stand, useless: *mono no yō ni wa tachigatashi*, not good for anything.
- TACHIGIE** タチギエ 立消 n. Quickly extinguished.
- TACHIGIKI** タチギキ 立聞 n. Standing to listen, listening stealthily: — *wo suru*, to stand listening.
- †**TACHIGIMI** タチギミ n. A street-walker, harlot.
- TACHIGUI** タチグヒ 立食 n. To eat while standing.
- TACHIGURAMI** タチグラミ 眩暈 n. Sudden vertigo or dizziness on rising up.  
Syn. GEN-UN.
- †**TACHIHA** タチハ n. Rising from one's seat, as if to take leave: — *wo ushinau*, to miss the opportunity for taking leave.
- TACHIHI** タチヒ n. The flower of the *itadori*.
- TACHI-I** タチ井 起居 Standing or sitting, manners, deportment: — *ga jiyū ni dekinu*, cannot stand or sit with comfort.
- TACHI-IDE,-RU** タチイデル 立出 i.v. To arise and go out, to go out.
- TACHI-IE** タチイヘ 建家 n. A building, erection, house.
- TACHI-IRI,-RU** タチイル 立入 i.v. To enter, go in: *kenkwa no naka ni tachitte naka wo naosu*, to go in amongst persons fighting and make peace.
- TACHI-KAERI,-RU** タチカヘル 立歸 i.v. To return, go back.
- TACHI-KAKARI,-RU** タチカカル i.v. To rise up against, jump up: *tachikakatte hito wo butsu*.
- TACHIKIRI,-RU** タチキル t.v. To cut, cut in two, or asunder: *harawata wo —*, to cut asunder the intestines, i.e. to be deeply grieved.
- TACHI-KOE,-RU** タチコエル 立超 i.v. To surpass, be superior, to exceed; to go or come to.
- TACHIKUZU** タチクズ n. Refuse or waste pieces left from cutting paper or cloth.
- TACHIMACHI** タチマチ 忽 adv. Immediately, suddenly, at once.  
Syn. NIWAKA NI, KOTSUZEN.
- TACHIMAI** タチマイ n. (coll.) Wages, compensation for labor: *kyō no — wa ikura*.
- TACHIMAI,-AU** タチマフ i.v. To be one with or identified with, mix with: *yo ni tachimau koto wo konomazu*.
- TACHI-MAJIRI,-RU** タチマジル 立交 i.v. To associate, consort with, keep company with.
- TACHI-MAWARI,-RU** タチマハル 立回 i.v. To move about, to act, conduct one's self.
- TACHI-MODORI,-RU** タチモドル 立返 i.v. To return, go back: *mukashi ni —; moto ni —*.
- TACHIMONO** タチモノ 建物 n. A building, edifice: *jimen ni — ga aru ka*, are there any buildings on the lot? (斷物) anything abstained from, abjured or renounced.
- TACHI-MOTŌRI,-RU** タジモトホル 蹠踏 i.v. To walk backward, as in suspense, or deep thought.  
Syn. HAIKWAI SURU.
- TACHI-MUKAI,-AU** タチムカフ 立向 i.v. To stand opposite to, to rise and meet, to confront, face. Syn. HAMUKAU.
- TACHINOBORI,-RU** タチノボル i.v. To rise up, ascend: *kemuri kumo nado —*.
- TACHI-NOKI,-KU** タチノク 立退 t.v. To leave, depart from, quit, abandon.
- TACHI-NUI** タチヌヒ 裁縫 n. Cutting out and sewing, tailoring. Syn. SAIHŌ.
- TACHI-SAWAGI,-GU** タチサワグ 立騒 i.v. To rise with tumult or noise, to be in commotion.
- TACHI-SAWARI,-RU** タチサハル 立障 i.v. To aid, assist, or be engaged in doing: — *tazusawaru*.
- TACHITE** タチテ 立者 n. One that stands: *teppō no soba ni wa — ga nai*, no person would stand near the gun.
- TACHI-TOMARI,-RU** タチトマル 立止 i.v. To stop, to stand still.
- TACHITORI** タチトリ n. An executioner.
- TACHI-UCHI** タチウチ n. A sword-fight.
- TACHI-UO** タチウヲ n. A fish, species of *Trichiurus*.
- TACHI-URI** タチウリ 裁賣 n. Selling by slices, as watermelon, fish, etc.: *suikwa wo —*.  
Syn. KIRI-URI.
- TACHI-YAKU** タチヤク 立役 n. A person who represents a male character in a theatre.
- TACHI-YASURAI,-AU** タチヤスラフ i.v. To stop, cease to walk.
- TACHI-YORI,-RU** タイヨル 立倚 i.v. To call at or stop in passing, to meet or assemble together: *tachiyoraba ō ki no kage* (prov.); *seki ni tachiyorazu*, to absent one's self from a meeting.
- TACHI-YUKI,-KU** タチユク 立行 i.v. To get along, to live, support one's self, maintain one's self: *waga shinshō wa tachiyukimasen*, my means are inadequate to my support.

TADA タダ 只 adv. Only, merely, just, alone, simply, but, gratis, gratuitously. Also an adj. 凡 Usual, common, ordinary: *tada miru bakari*, merely looking; — *morau*, to receive gratuitously or without paying; — *youtu*, to give freely; — *kuru*, to come only, without business; — *hitori*, alone, or only one person; — *sō iu ga yoi*, say nothing but that; — *mono ni arazu*, not a common person; — *no hito*, common people; — *koto narazu*, an uncommon thing; — *naranu*, not usual, uncommon, strange; *kokoromochi tada narazu*, feeling different from usual.

Syn. NOMI, BAKARI, TSUNE, REI.

TADABITO タダビト 凡人 n. A common or ordinary person.

Syn. BONNIN.

TADACHI NI タダチニ 直 adv. Immediately, directly, straightway: *kaeru*, to return directly.

Syn. SUGU-NI, JIKI-NI.

TADAGAO タダガホ n. The naked face,—unrouged, i.q. *sugao*.

TADAIMA タダイマ 唯今 adv. Now, just now, at present, presently.

Syn. IMA, SOKKON.

TADAKKO タダッコ adv. (coll.) By barter or exchange, swapping one thing for another: — *ni shiyō*, I will swap with you.

Syn. SUDOKKAI.

†TADAMA タダマ n. Ornaments or rings worn on the arm.

†TADAMUKAI,-AU タダムカフ i.v. To be directly opposite to, to face.

†TADAMUKI タダムキ 腕 n. The arm.

Syn. UDE.

TADANAKA タダナカ 正中 n. The centre, middle: *mattadanaka wo iru*, to hit directly in the centre of a target.

Syn. MANNAKA.

†TADANAO タダナホ n. Silence.

TADA NI タダニ adv. Only, merely; vainly; immediately.

TADA-ORI タダオリ 只居 n. Living in idleness or without occupation: — *suru yori go shōgi naritomo suru ga mashi*, it is better to play chess or checkers even than to live without doing anything.

TADARAKASHI,-SU タダラカス 令爛 (caust. of *tadare*) To cause to be sore, irritated, or inflamed.

TADARE,-RU タダレル 糜爛 (*bi-ran*) i.v. To be inflamed, sore and irritated: *me no fuchi ga* —, the eyelids are sore; *kizu-guchi ga* —, the wound is inflamed.

TADAREME タダレメ n. Blear-eyed.

TADASAMA タダサマ n. The usual, common or ordinary state.

TADASHI タダシ 但 conj. Used in introducing some exceptional or explanatory remark, or a note to something stated before; but, however, or.

Syn. SHIKASHI.

TADASHI,-SU タダス 糾正 t.v. To examine into, to inquire into, to judge, to ascertain, to adjust, rectify, correct, to present for approval:

*tsumi wo* —, to judge crime; *eri wo* —, to adjust the collar of one's coat; *hon wo* —, to correct a book.

Syn. SHIRABERU, GIMMI SURU.

TADASHII,-KI-KU-SHI タダシイ 正 adj. Straight, correct, right, just, upright, honest: — *hito*, an honest person; *okonai ga tadashii*, his conduct is correct; *tadashiku minami ye mukau*, to face directly to the south; — *nai*, not right.

TADASHISA タダシサ 正 n. Correctness, rectitude.

TADA-UDO タダウド i.q. *tadabito*.

†TADAWASHIKI,-KU タダハシキ adj. To be full (as the moon).

TADAYOI,-OU タダヨフ 漂 i.v. To float or drift about, to be adrift, to wander about: *funega nami ni* —, the ship drifts about on the waves.

Syn. UKU, NAGARERU.

TADAYOWASHI,-SU タダヨハス 令漂 (caust. of *tadayoi*) To cause to float or drift about: *kazega kumo wo* —, the wind drives the clouds about.

TADAZUMI,-MU タダヅム 止 i.v. To stand still, stop while walking: *hashi no ue ni* —, to stop on the bridge; *tadazunde mono wo miru*, to stop and look at something.

Syn. TACHI-TOMARU.

TADE タデ 蓼 n. A species of Polygonum, the water-pepper, or smart-wood: — *kū mushi mo suki-zuki* (prov.).

TADE,-RU タデル t.v. To foment, to stupe: *funega wo* —, to char the bottom of a junk with fire; *yu nite* —, to foment with warm water.

Syn. MUSU.

TADOKORO タドコロ 田所 n. Rice land, rice-fields.

TADON タドン 炭團 n. A ball made of charcoal dust and seaweed for burning in braziers; hotshoots.

TADORI,-RU タドル t.v. To feel one's way, to grope: *yamiji wo* —, to grope one's way at night; *tadori tadorite ayumu*, to walk groping one's way. Syn. SAGURU.

TADO-TADO TO タドタドト adv. In a groping manner, or with uncertain steps: — *ayumu*.

TADO-TADOSHII,-KI-KU タドタドシイ adj. Groping one's way, obscure, unintelligible; desolate, lonely.

†TAE タエ n. Silk stuff: *niko* —, fine silk.

TAE,-RU タエル 絶 i.v. To end, cease, fail; to be extinct, exhausted, cut off: *chisuji ga* —, the family line is extinct; *kawa no mizu ga* —, the water of the river has failed; *inochi ga* —, life is extinct; *naka ga* —, friendship has ceased.

Syn. KIRERU, DANZETSU SURU, TSUKIRU.

TAE,-RU タヘル 堪 i.v. To bear, endure, suffer, support, sustain, to hold out, to be able, adequate to, fit for, worthy of: *atsusa ni* —, to endure the heat; *taegataki*, hard to bear; *tae-kaneru*, id.; *owari made* —, to hold out to the end.

Syn. KORAERU, SHINOBU.

TAE-DAE NI タエダエニ adv. Almost exhausted or finished, hardly, barely, scarcely: *inochi* — *nogareta*, barely escaped with life; *iki* — *oru*, to be scarcely alive.

TAE-HATE,-RU タエハテル 絶果 i.v. To be completely extinct, to be cut off, exterminated.

TAE-IRI,-RU タエイル 絶入 i.v. To die, expire, perish: *tae-iru hodo no kurushimi*, suffering enough to extinguish life.

Syn. SHINURU.

TAEMA タエマ 絶間 n. Cessation, interruption, interval of space or time: — *naku*, without cessation, without interval; *kumo no* — *kara tsuki ga sasu*, the moon shines from between the clouds.

Syn. SUKIMA, AIDA.

TAENARU タヘナル 妙 adj. Marvelous, wonderful, most excellent: — *sugata*, exceedingly beautiful form.

Syn. MYŌ NARU, FUSHIGI NARU.

TAESHINOBI,-BU タヘシノブ i.v. To bear patiently.

Syn. KORAERU.

TAETE タエテ (pp. of *taeru* used adverbially) Absolutely, positively, exceedingly.

TAEZU タエズ 不絶 (neg. of *taeru*) Unending, unceasingly, unfailing, without ceasing, perpetually.

TAEZU タヘズ 不堪 (neg. of *taeru*) Unbearable, insufferable, intolerable, insupportable.

TAFU タフ 太布 n. Cotton damask.

TAFUKU タフク 他腹 (*hara chigai*) n. Of different mother but the same father: — *no ko*, a step-child.

TAFUKU タフク 多福 (*ōi saiwai*) n. Much happiness, many blessings: — *wo shuku suru*, to wish another much happiness.

†TAFURE-GOKORO タフレゴコロ n. Light-headed, crazy.

TAGA タガ 誰 pron. (cont. of *tare ga*) Whose, of what person.

TAGA タガ n. A hoop: — *wo hameru*, to put on a hoop; — *wo kakeru*, id.

Syn. WA.

TAGAE,-RU タガヘル 違 t.v. Not to conform to, to act contrary to, to violate, to alter, change: *yakusoku wo* —, to break a promise; *dōri wo* —, not to conform to reason; *naka wo* —, to be at variance; *ashi wo* —, to put the foot out of joint. Syn. SOMUKU.

TAGAESHI,-SU タガヘス 耕 t.v. To cultivate the fields; to labor, as a farmer: *ta wo* —.

TAGAI タガヒ n. Difference, variation: *ginkwa to shihei no* —, the difference between silver and paper money.

TAGAI タガヒ 互 Mutual, reciprocal: *o tagai de gozarimasu*, I have only reciprocated your favor; — *no yakusoku*, a mutual agreement.

TAGAI,-AU タガフ 違 i.v. To differ, disagree; not to conform to or accord with; to miss, err from, mistake: *hito no kokoro ni* —, to differ in opinion from another; *yakusoku ni* —, not according to promise; *michi ni* —, not according to the truth.

Syn. CHIGAU, SOMUKU, HAZUSU, MOTORU.

TAGAI-CHIGAI NI タガヒチガヒニ 参差 adv. Alternately missing each other.

TAGAI NI タガヒニ 互 adv. Alternately, mutually, reciprocally, each other, one another: — *horeru*, to be in love with each other; — *sashi-chigaete shinuru*, each stabbed and killed the other; — *enryō naku tsukiau*, to associate with each other without formality.

Syn. TOMO NI, KATAMI NI.

TAGANE タガ子 鑿 n. A chisel or graver used for engraving on metal, cutting iron, etc.; a cold-chisel.

TAGAWASE,-RU タガハセル 令違 (caust. of *tagai*) To cause to differ or disagree.

TAGAYASAN タガヤサン 鐵刀本 n. A kind of fine grained wood imported from China.

TAGEI タゲイ 多藝 Many polite accomplishments: — *na hito*, an accomplished man.

TAGEN タゲン 多言 Many words, much talking.

Syn. KUCHIMAME, TABEN.

TAGERI タゲリ n. A species of Lapwing, *Vacellus cristatus*.

†TAGI タギ n. A kind of game something like bagatelle (?).

†TAGICHI,-TSU タギツ i.v. To whirl, tumble and toss, as water flowing down a steep and stony slope; to boil: *mizu ga tagichi-nagaru*.

TAGIRASE,-RU-TA タギラセル 令激 (caust. of *tagiri*) To cause to or let boil.

TAGIRI,-RU タギル 激 i.v. To boil, to whirl and toss, as waves: *yu ga* —, the water boils; *tagiri-koboreru*, to boil over.

Syn. NIETATSU, WAKU.

TAGO タゴ 田子 n. One who plants rice.

TAGO タゴ 桶子 n. (coll.) A bucket with a handle.

Syn. TE-OKE.

TAGON タゴン 他言 Telling to others, divulging, blabbing: — *wo shite kudasaru na*, don't tell it to any one; — *wa go muyō*, id.

TAGOSHI タゴシ n. A sedan chair carried by the hand.

TAGUERI,-RU タグヘル 比 t.v. To compare, liken, make resemble.

TAGUI タグヒ 類 (*rui*) n. Kind, sort: *ano tagui no hito*, that kind of man; *sono* — *ni arazu*, not like it; *tagui nashi*, uncommon, extraordinary.

Syn. SHURUI.

TAGUI,-Ū タクフ 比 t.v. To compare, liken, resemble; to be equal; to live together, as husband and wife (obs.): *tare ga kore ni tagū beki*, who can compare with him.

†TAGUNAWA タグナハ n. The long rope attached to a seine for hauling it in.

†TAGURI タグリ n. The vomit.

TAGURI,-RU タクル 手繰 t.v. To haul in a rope hand over hand: *nawa wo* —, id.; *fune wo taguri-yoseru*, to haul in a boat by pulling the rope.

TAGURI-DASHI,-SU タグリダス 捲出 t.v. To pay out, as a rope: *nawa wo* —, to pay out a rope.

TAGURI-KOMI,-MU タグリコム 捲込 t.v. To haul in hand over hand.

- TAGUSA タグサ 手草 n. A small bundle of *sasa*, held in the hand and used as a wand by a *kannushi*.  
 †TAGUSA タグサ 田草 n. The weeds of a rice-field.  
 TAGYŌ タギヤウ 他行 (*yoso ye yuku*) — *suru*, To go somewhere, to be absent from home, to go out.  
 TAHIBARI タヒバリ n. A species of Pipit or Lark, *Anthus japonicus*.  
 TAHŌ タハウ 他方 n. A different direction, or region.  
 TAHŌ タハウ 他邦 (*hoka no kuni*) n. Another state or country.  
 TAI タイ 對 — *suru*, to be opposite, to front, to correspond, suit, answer to, to be equivalent, to agree with, to pair; towards, to: *yama ni tai-shita ie*, the house fronting the hill; *shujin ye tai-shite shitsurei*, rude to one's lord; *oya ni taishite fukō*, disobedient to parents.  
 Syn. MUKAU, ATARU.  
 TAI タイ 鯛 n. A species of perch, the *Serranus marginalis*: *ebi de — wo tsuru* (prov.), catch a *tai* with a shrimp; *kusatte mo tai* (prov.).  
 TAI タイ 體 n. Body, substance, individual, person: *kami wa ittai*, there is only one God; — *suru*, to express by one's conduct, to exemplify.  
 TAI タイ 帶 (*obiru*) — *suru*, to carry or wear in the belt: *dai-shō wo tai-su*, to wear the long and short swords.  
 TAI タイ 臺 n. A tower, high terrace.  
 TAI タイ 胎 n. The womb: — *wo ukeru*, to be pregnant; *haha no — ni yadoru*.  
 TAI タイ 大 (*ōkii*) adj. Great, large, chief, illustrious, distinguished, severe,—used mostly in compounds, same as *dai*.  
 TAI タイ 隊 n. A company of soldiers.  
 TA-I タ井田居 n. A house in the rice-fields, a farm-house; also rice-field or country.  
 TAI,-KI-KU-SHI タイ 度 adj. To desire, wish, want; —used only as a suffix to verbs, as: *mi-tai*, wish to see; *kiki-tai*, wish to hear; *kai-tai*, want to buy; *yuki-taku-nai*, do not wish to go; *hanashitō gozarimasu*, I wish to speak; *hanashi-tai koto ga aru*, I have something I wish to tell you.  
 TAIBAN タイバン 胎盤 (med.) Placenta.  
 TAIBETSU タイベツ 大別 (*ōkiku wakatsu*) n. General division (not particular).  
 TAIBŌ タイボウ 大鵬 n. A fabulous bird of immense size, whose wings are supposed to be several thousand miles long.  
 TAIBŌ タイバウ 大房 n. Greatly addicted to venery: — *ka*.  
 TAIBYŌ タイビヤウ 大病 (*omoi yamai*) n. A severe or dangerous disease.  
 TAICHŌ タイチャウ 隊長 (*kumi no kashira*) n. (mil.) The captain of a company.  
 TAIDA タイダ 怠惰 (*okotari*) n. Negligence, carelessness, inattention to duty.  
 Syn. RANDA, KEDAI, NAMAKE.  
 †TAIDAISHIKI,-KU タイダイシキ adj. Inattentive, careless.
- TAIDAN タイダン 對談 (*mukai kataru*) n. Meeting and conversing together, convention: — *no ue de sadameru*.  
 TAIDO タイド 大度 Magnanimous, great of mind.  
 Syn. KWANNIN, ŌYŌ.  
 TAIDOKU タイドク 胎毒 n. Congenital syphilis.  
 TAIFU タイフ 太傅 n. The chief tutor to the heir-apparent.  
 †TAIFU タイフ 大夫 n. The chief *kerai* of a *daimyō*; noble of the fifth rank.  
 TAIFŪ タイフウ 大風 (*ō kaze*) n. A typhoon, hurricane, tempest; also, leprosy.  
 TAIFUKUHI タイフクヒ 大腹皮 n. The shell of the Areca nut.  
 TAIFŪSHI タイフウシ 大風子 n. The name of a medicine used in skin disease, or for the leprosy.  
 TAIGAI タイガイ 大概 (*ōmune*) adv. For the most part, generally, generally speaking; about, more or less. Syn. TAITEI.  
 TAIGAN タイガン 對顔 (*kao wo awaseru*) — *suru*, to meet face to face, to meet.  
 TAIGEN タイゲン 大言 n. Big words, bragging, boasting: — *wo haku*, to brag, boast.  
 TAIGI タイギ 大義 n. Right, just claim: — *meibun wo akiraka ni su*, to make clear the right and title.  
 TAIGI タイギ 大儀 n. Labor, toil, exertion, fatigue,—used often in expressing thanks, as: *gotaigi da*, I have given you great trouble, or I am much obliged; — *da kara yasumu*, as it has been hard work I will rest.  
 Syn. KURŌ.  
 TAIGO タイゴ 隊伍 n. A company, or corps of an army: — *wo kumu*.  
 TAIGŪ タイグウ 待遇 (*ashirai*) n. Treatment, entertainment: *atsui — wo kōmuru*, to receive very hospitable treatment.  
 TAIGUN タイグン 退軍 (*itusa wo shirizokeru*) — *suru*, to cause an army to retreat: — *wo meizuru*, to order a retreat.  
 TAIHA タイハ 大破 Greatly dilapidated or broken; irremediably ruined or injured: *tera ga — ni oyobu*.  
 TAIHAI タイハイ 頹敗 (*yabureru*) — *suru*, to become corrupt, to deteriorate: *fūzoku ga — suru*.  
 TAIHAKU タイハク 滯舶 — *suru*, to stop, stay,—spoken only of a ship.  
 TAIHAKU タイハク 太白 n. Superfine white sugar; also a wine-glass.  
 TAIHAKUSEI タイハクセイ 大白星 n. The planet Venus: *Kinsei*.  
 TAIHAN タイハン 大半 n. Majority, the greater part, most part.  
 Syn. ŌKATA, KWAHAN.  
 TAIHEI タイヘイ 大平 n. Peace, or freedom from war: — *no yo no naka*.  
 TAIHEIKAI タイヘイカイ 大平海 n. The Pacific ocean.  
 TAIHEIRAKU タイヘイラク 大平樂 n. (coll.) Speaking in an arrogant, overbearing, or insolent manner; boasting: — *wo iu*, id.

- TAIHEN タイヘン 大變 (lit. great change) n. A great, important or serious affair, an extraordinary phenomenon, fearful or terrible event; very, extraordinary.
- TAIHO タイホ 退歩 (*atoshizari*) — *suru*, to walk backward, to go back.
- TAIHŌ タイハウ 大砲 (*ōzutsu*) n. A cannon, artillery.
- TAIHŌ タイハウ 大方 (*ōkata*) The intelligent public.
- TAIHŌTAI タイハウタイ 大砲隊 n. An artillery company or corps.
- TAI-I タイイ 大醫 n. A great or eminent physician.
- TAI-I タイイ 大意 The principal meaning, the substance, in the main: — *wa shitte oru*, in the main I understand the meaning.  
Syn. ŌMUNE.
- TAI-IN タイイン 退隱 — *suru*, to resign office, to retire into private life.
- TAI-IN タイイン 大陰 n. The moon.  
Syn. TSUKI.
- TAI-INREKI タイインレキ 大陰曆 n. A lunar year; a calendar conformed to the lunar year.
- TAIJI タイジ 胎兒 (*hara-go*) n. The foetus: — *no ichi*, the presentation or position of the foetus in the womb.
- TAIJI タイヂ 退治 (*shirizoke osameru*) — *suru*, to drive off and regulate, to suppress, subdue, destroy: *akuma wo* —, to expel evil spirits.  
Syn. TAIKAGERU.
- TAIJIN タイジン 對陣 — *suru*, to confront each other without fighting,—of two armies.
- TAIJIN タイジン 大人 n. A great man, one eminent for virtue, an honorable title.
- TAIJIRU タイデル Coll. for *taiji suru*.
- TAIJŌ タイジヤウ 怠狀 n. A letter of apology.
- TAIJU タイジュ 大樹 n. The Tokugawa Shōgun.
- TAIKAKU タイカク 體格 (*karada no tsukuri*) n. Bodily make or form, natural constitution: — *no warui hito*, a person of a feeble constitution; — *wo kensa suru*.
- TAIKE タイケ 大家 n. A great house, illustrious family, a wealthy family.
- TAIKEI タイケイ 大慶 (*ōinaru yorokobi*) Great joy, great happiness.
- TAIKEN タイケン 帶劍 (*katana wo obiru*) Carrying a sword in the belt, a sword carried in the belt.
- TAIKETSU タイケツ 對決 — *suru*, to try a matter at law, by having the plaintiff and defendant confront each other; to put on trial.
- TAIKI タイキ 大氣 n. The atmosphere, air.
- TAIKI タイキ 大器 n. A capacious vessel; great talents, liberal.
- TAIKIN タイキン 大金 (*ōgane*) n. Great wealth, a great deal of money.
- TAIKO タイコ 大故 (*ōi naru yue*) n. A great event, viz., the death of the Emperor, or of a parent.
- TAIKO タイコ 大古 (*ōmukashi*) n. Remote antiquity, earliest ages.
- TAIKO タイコ 大鼓 n. A drum.
- TAIKŌ タイカウ 退校 n. Dismissal, or expulsion from school: — *suru*, to dismiss —.
- TAIKŌ タイカフ 太閤 n. The title of a retired *kwampaku*.
- TAIKŌ タイコウ 太后 n. The queen dowager.
- TAIKŌ タイカウ 大功 n. Great merit, very eminent or praiseworthy deeds: — *wa saikin wo kaeri mizu*.
- TAIKOHARI タイコハリ 鞆工 n. A drummer.
- TAIKOMOCHI タイコモチ 帮漢 n. A jester, or buffoon; one who, on account of his wit or comic talents, is called to assist at entertainments.
- TAIKOUCHI タイコウチ n. A species of water-bug, Nepa.
- TAIKOUCHI タイコウチ 鞆手 n. A drummer.
- TAIKŌ-UNDŌ タイコウウンドウ 對坑運動 n. A sham battle, military maneuvers.
- TAIKOYA タイコヤ 鞆屋 n. A drum store, or a person who sells drums.
- TAIKUN タイクン 大君 n. A title of the *Shōgun*.
- TAIKUTSU タイクツ 退屈 n. (coll.) Ennui; tired, disgusted or wearied with anything tedious, or for want of occupation; tedium: *matte ite mo — da kara kaetta*, he wanted me to wait for him, but getting tired I returned; — *shite asobi ni deru*, being tired (of having nothing to do) went out to take a walk.  
Syn. TOZEN, AKI.
- TAIKYAKU タイキヤク 對客 (*kyaku ashirai*) Receiving or entertaining a guest or visitor.
- TAIKYO タイキヨ 大虚 (*ōsora*) n. The sky, infinite space.
- TAIKYO タイキヨ 退去 (*shirizoki saru*) — *suru*, to leave, depart, go away, withdraw, abandon.
- TAIKYOKU タイキヨク 大極 n. The first principle or germ of matter, in which condition it existed before its separation into heaven and earth.
- TAIMA タイマ 對馬 — *de sasu*, to play a game of chess evenly, without either party receiving any advantage, without being handicapped.
- TAIMAI タイマイ 玳瑁 n. Tortoise-shell.
- TAIMAI タイマイ (coll.) Much, a great deal,—only spoken of money: — *no kane*.
- TAIMAN タイマン 怠慢 (*okotari*) Negligence, carelessness: — *suru*.  
Syn. TAIDA, KEDAI.
- TAIMATSU タイマツ 燒松 n. A torch, flambeau.
- TAIMATSURU タイマツル i.q. *tatematsuru*.
- TAIMEI タイメイ 台命 n. An order, or command from the *Shōgun*.
- TAIMEI タイメイ 大名 (*ōinaru na*) n. Great name, fame, celebrity.
- TAIMEN タイメン 體面 (*memboku*) n. Honor, reputation: *kuni no — wo kegasu*, to bring disgrace or dishonor on one's country.
- TAIMEN タイメン 對面 n. Meeting face to face: — *no ue nite ohanashi itashimashō*, I will tell you when we meet.
- TAIMŌ タイマウ 大望 (*ōinaru nozomi*) n. Great desire, or ambition: — *no aru hito*, a man of great ambition.

- TAINAI タイナイ 胎内 (*hara no uchi*) n. In the belly, or womb: *haha no — ni oru toki*, when in the womb; — *no ko*.
- TAININ タイニン 耐忍 n. Same as *nintai*.
- TAININ タイニン 體認 (*fukaku mitomeru*) — *suru*, to acknowledge, own, recognize, be thankful for.
- TAINŌ タイナフ 怠納 (*osamuru wo okotaru*) — *suru*, to neglect to pay taxes: — *sha*, a person who neglects to pay taxes.
- TAINŌ タイノウ 大脳 n. The cerebrum.
- TAIRA タヒラ 平 Level, plain, even, horizontal: — *naru tokoro*, a level place; — *ni suru*, to make level. Syn. HIRATTAI.
- TAIRAGE, -RU タヒラゲル 平 t.v. To level, make plain or even; to quell, subdue; to quiet, tranquilize: *ran wo —*, to quell a disturbance. Syn. OSAMERU, TAIJI SURU.
- TAIRAGI タヒラギ 江瑤 n. A species of shell.
- TAIRAKA タヒラガ 平 Level, plain, even, quiet, calm, tranquil, peaceful, safe: — *naru tokoro*, a level place; *nami ga — ni natta*, the waves have become still. Syn. YASURAKA, ODAYAKA, TAIRA.
- TAIRAN タイラン 大亂 (*ōini midareru*) Great commotion or disturbance, as from war.
- TAIRAN タイラン 台覽 Sight, inspection, view—spoken only of the *Shōgun*: — *ni sonaen to kō*, begged he might exhibit it to the *Shōgun*.
- TAIREI タイレイ 大禮 n. Full ceremonial: — *fuku*, full dress; — *bō*, a cocked hat.
- TAIRŌ タイラウ 太老 n. Prime-minister under the *Shōguns*.
- TAIRYAKU タイリヤク 大略 For the most part, generally, about, more or less, probably. Syn. TAIGAI, ŌMUNE, ŌKATA.
- TAIRYŌ タイリヤウ 大量 Great capacity, magnanimity, generosity, liberality. Syn. ŌMAKANA.
- TAIRYŪ タイリウ 滞留 (*todomaru*) — *suru*, to stop, stay, halt. Syn. TŌRYŪ.
- TAISA タイサ 大佐 n. (mil.) Colonel.
- TAISAKU タイサク 對策 (*kotae bumi*) n. A written answer to a question given to a candidate for official appointment at an examination.
- TAISAN タイサン adv. Very much, a great many, very (a corrupt coll. word peculiar to Yokohama).
- TAISAN タイサン 退散 (*shirizoki chiru*) — *suru*, to leave, or retreat and scatter, withdraw in confusion,—as an army.
- TAISEI タイセイ 大政 (*tenka no matsurigoto*) The government of the empire: — *ni azukaru*.
- TAISEI タイセイ 大靑 n. Smalt.
- TAISETSU タイセツ 大切 Important, of great consequence, highly valued or esteemed; — *na mono*, a thing which one sets great store by; — *ni suru*, to regard as of great importance, to value, care for. Syn. DAIJI.
- TAISHA タイシャ 退社 n. Dismissal from a company or society: — *suru*.
- TAISHA タイシャ 大赦 (*ōyurushi*) n. General amnesty or pardon: — *wo okonau*.
- TAISHAKU タイシヤク 對借 n. Borrowing money privately without witnesses.
- TAISHASEKI タイシヤセキ 代赤石 n. Red ochre.
- TAISHI タイシ 大使 n. Ambassador.
- †TAISHI タイシ n. Rudder of a boat, i.q. *kaji*.
- TAISHI タイシ 大子 n. The prince royal, or eldest son of the *Tenshi*; the heir-apparent.
- TAISHIN タイシン 退身 (*mi wo shirizokeru*) — *suru*, to resign a service, to withdraw from office.
- TAISHIN タイシン 大身 n. Large property, wealthy: — *na hito*, a man of large possessions.
- TAISHININ タイシンイン 大審院 n. The supreme court, or court of cassation.
- TAISHITA タイシタ 大 adj. (coll.) Great, important, serious, severe: — *koto de wa nai*, not a matter of importance; — *byōki de wa nai*, not a serious sickness. Syn. KAKUBETSU NA.
- TAISHITSU タイシツ 對質 — *suru*, to set face to face, to confront parties—for proof: — *nin*, the parties confronted.
- TAISHO タイショ 大暑 n. One of the 24 solar terms, the period of greatest heat in summer.
- TAISHŌ タイシヤウ 大將 n. The title of the highest military officers, anciently subdivided into *sakonye no taishō*, *ukonye no taishō*, *sadaishō*, and *udaishō*; general-in-chief, chief.
- TAISHŌ タイシヤウ 胎生 n. Viviparous: — *jū*.
- TAISHŌGUN タイシヤウガン 大將軍 n. Generalissimo, commander-in-chief,—especially applied to the *Kubō sama*.
- TAISHOKU タイシヨク 退職 (*tsutome wo shirizoku*) Retiring from public service.
- TAISHOKU タイシヨク 退食 (*makari izuru*) n. Leaving an office and returning home (as in the evening).
- TAISHOKU タイシヨク 大食 (*ō-gui*) Eating much, gormandizing: — *suru*, to eat much; — *na mono*, a gormandizer.
- TAISHU タイシュ 大守 n. The chief ruler, or lord of a state, governor; appellation of a *kokushi*.
- TAISHU タイシュ 大酒 (*ōzake*) n. Drinking much wine.
- TAISHŪ タイシウ 大洲 n. A continent.
- TAISHUNIN タイシウニン 對手人 n. An opponent.
- TAISHUTSU タイシュツ 退出 (*shirizoki-izuru*) — *suru*, to leave, withdraw, depart from an office, to return from an assembly,—used in speaking of high officers. Syn. SARU, MAKARU.
- TAISO タイソ 大祖 n. First progenitor, earliest ancestor, founder.
- TAISŌ タイサウ 體操 n. Gymnastic exercise, calisthenics, athletics: — *jo*, a gymnasium; — *jutsu*, gymnastics.
- TAISŌ タイサウ 大壯 (coll.) Great many, great deal, much, very, exceeding: — *kane ga iru*, cost a great deal of money; — *fukai*, very deep; — *ōkina koe*, a very loud voice. Syn. ŌKI, HANAHADA, TAIHEN.



- TAISOKU タイソク 大息 n. A long breath: — *suru*, to draw a long breath.  
Syn. TAME-IKI.
- TAISŪ タイスウ 大數 n. The average number.
- TAITEI タイテイ 大抵 For the most part, generally, in the main; about, nearly, on an average: — *no shina*, a thing of ordinary or average quality; — *ni shite-oku*, need not be very particular about how it is done; — *hyaku nin gurai*, about one hundred persons; *o — de wa nai*, it is no easy matter.  
Syn. TAIGAI, OYOSO.
- TAITEKI タイテキ 大敵 n. A powerful enemy: *yudan* —, negligence is a powerful enemy.
- TAITŌ タイトウ 擡頭 n. Writing the name of the emperor above the line or leaving a vacant space above it.  
Syn. KETSUJI.
- TAITŌ タイトウ 帶刀 (*katana wo obiru*) Wearing a sword: — *wo yurusu*, to permit one to wear a sword.
- TAIWA タイワ 對話 n. Talking, face to face, personal conversation.  
Syn. TAIDAN.
- TAIYA タイヤ 逮夜 n. The night before the anniversary of a death.
- TAIYA タイヤ 對屋 n. The quarters in the Mikado's palace where the female attendants reside.
- TAIYAKU タイヤク 退役 (*yaku wo shirizoku*) — *suru*, to withdraw from or resign an office.
- TAIYAKU タイヤク 大役 n. Great, or important office.
- TAIYŌ タイエウ 大要 n. The most important parts, a summary, synopsis.
- TAIYŌ タイエウ 體要 (*kaname*) n. Epitome, summary, résumé.
- TAIYŌ タイヤウ 太陽 n. The sun.  
Syn. HI, NICHIRIN.
- TAIYŌ タイヤウ 對揚 Matched, equal: — *sezu*, not matched, unequal, — as antagonists.
- TAIYŌKEI タイヤウケイ 太陽系 n. The solar system.
- TAIYŌREKI タイヤウレキ 太陽曆 n. A solar year; a calendar conformed to the solar year.
- TAIYŪ タイユウ 大裕 Generous, magnanimous, liberal, dignified.  
Syn. ŌMAKA, ŌYŌ.
- TAIZA タイザ 對坐 — *suru*, sitting opposite each other.
- TAIZA タイザ 退座 (*za wo shirizoku*) — *suru*, to leave one's seat, withdraw.
- TAIZAI タイザイ 大罪 (*ōinaru tsumi*) n. A great crime: — *wo okasu*, commit a great crime.
- TAIZAI タイザイ 滞在 (*todomaru*) — *suru*, to stop, remain, stay: *ryōsan nichī — suru*.
- TAIZEN タイゼン 泰然 adv. Calmly, quietly, tranquilly.
- TAJI タジ 他事 (*hoka no koto*) Nothing more, or else.
- †TAJIKARA タジカラ 田租 n. Land-tax.
- TAJIN タジン 他人 (*yoso no hito*) n. Other persons, or persons not related, not kindred.  
Syn. TANIN.
- TAJIRE, -RU タジレル (coll.) i.v. To be childish from age, to dote, to be forgetful.  
Syn. BOKERU.
- TAJIROKI, -KU タジロク i.v. To stagger, start back, give way to, yield to force or pressure.
- †TAJISHI タジシ n. A cow, or ox.
- TAJI-TAJI タジタジ adv. In a staggering, unsteady manner: *kodomo ga — aruku*.
- TAJITSU タジツ 他日 (*hoka no hi*) adv. Another day.
- TAJŌ タジヤウ 多情 n. Affectionate disposition, strong feelings of kindness or love; fond of the other sex.
- TAJŌ-IPPEN タジヤウイツペン 打成一片 adv. With the whole heart; i.q. *isshin furan*.
- TAKA タカ 鷹 n. A falcon, hawk: — *wo tsukau*, to hunt with a falcon.
- TAKA タカ 額 n. Income, produce from a farm, revenue; also the size of a farm; the amount, sum: — *ga sukunai*, the income is small; *ichi nen no mōke-daka*, the amount of one year's earnings; *kanjō-daka*, the sum of an account; *daimyō no —*, the revenue or income of a noble; *kusa-daka*, the amount which land is capable of producing and for which it is assessed; *agari-daka*, the amount of revenue paid to the landlord by the farmers.
- TAKA-ASHI-GANI タカアシガニ n. A large species of Crab, Inachus.
- TAKABA タカバ (*take no ha*) n. Bamboo leaf.
- †TAKABAKARI タカバカリ n. A foot measure made of bamboo.
- †TAKABATA タカバタ n. A loom for weaving silk.
- TAKABE タカベ n. A fish, a species of *Seriola*.
- TAKABIKU タカビク 凸凹 adv. Rising and falling, hills and valleys, uneven, — spoken of an uneven surface: — *ga aru*.
- TAKABURI, -RU タカブル 傲 i.v. To be haughty, proud, arrogant, pompous: *samurai wa takabutte hito wo mikudasu*, the gentry are haughty and despise others. Syn. JIMAN SURU.
- TAKA-DAKA タカダカ 高高 adv. High, loud: — *to nobi-agaru*, to ascend high; — *to yomu*, to read with a loud voice.
- †TAKADAMA タカダマ n. Small sections of bamboo used as ornaments.
- TAKADOMA タカドマ n. The middle gallery or box of a theatre.
- TAKADONO タカドノ 樓 n. The second story of a house, a tall house.  
Syn. RŌ.
- TAKADŌRŌ タカドウロウ 高燈籠 n. A lighthouse.
- †TAKAERI, -RU タカヘル i.v. (cont. of *te ni kaeru*) To return to the hand, — as a falcon.
- †TAKAFU タカフ 竹生 n. A bamboo grove.
- TAKAFUDA タカフダ 高札 (*kōsatsu*) n. The boards on which the imperial edicts are published.
- TAKAGAI タカガヒ 鷹飼 n. An officer of a noble whose business it was to feed and take care of the falcons.
- TAKAGAKI タカガキ n. A bamboo fence.
- TAKAGARI タカガリ 鷹狩 n. Hunting with a falcon, hawking.

TAKAGETA タカゲタ 高屐 n. High clogs.  
 TAKAGOE タカゴエ 高聲 n. A loud voice.  
 †TAKAGURUMA タカグルマ n. A high wagon used in war for observing the enemy.  
 TAKAHARA タカハラ n. A bamboo grove.  
 †TAKAHI タカヒ n. The handle of a sword.  
 †TAKAHI タカヒ n. Heaven: — *shirasuru*, to govern heaven.  
 TAKAHOKO タカホコ n. The stand or roost of a falcon.  
 TAKAI タカイ 他界 n. The death of the Shōgun, or of a noble: *go* — *asobasu*.  
 TAKAI, -KI-KU-SHI タカイ 高 adj. High, loud; dear in price, expensive; exalted, honorable: *takai yama*, a high mountain; *nedan ga takaku natta*, the price has become high; *kurai takai hito*, a person of high rank; *ki ga takai*, haughty, proud; *hana ga takai*, the nose is long, proud; *koe ga takai*, the voice is loud; *takō-natta*, has become high; *takaku suru*, to make high, heighten; *takaku-tsuku*, costly, expensive; *takaku wa mōsarenai*, not to mention it to others, = *inter nos*.  
 TAKAJŌ タカゾウ 鷹尉 n. A falconer.  
 †TAKAKE タカケ n. A small bamboo basket.  
 †TAKAKI タカキ n. A high place.  
 TAKAMAKIE タカマキエ 高時繪 n. Embossed gilt lacquer.  
 TAKAMA-NO-HARA タカマノハラ 高天原 n. The place in which the *Kami* dwell, heaven of the *Shintō*.  
 TAKAMAYU タカマユ n. The eyebrow painted on the forehead of a young man after the natural brow was shaved off at the ceremony of *Gempuku*.  
 TAKAME, -RU タカメル 高 t.v. To make high, heighten, exalt.  
 TAKAMI タカミ n. A high place; also the handle of a sword.  
 TAKA-MIKURA タカミクラ 高御座 n. The throne of the Mikado.  
 TAKAMORI タカモリ n. Heaping full.  
 †TAKAMUNASAKI タカムナサキ n. The breast.  
 TAKAMURA タカムラ 竹叢 n. A bamboo grove. Syn. YABU, TAKA-YABU.  
 TAKA-MUSHIRO タカムシロ n. A bamboo mat.  
 TAKANA タカナ 菘 n. A kind of greens.  
 TAKANE タカ子 高嶺 n. A high mountain-peak. Syn. MINE, ZETCHŌ.  
 TAKANE タカ子 飴 n. A kind of jelly made of wheat or barley; i.q. *ame*.  
 †TAKANE, -RU タカ子ル t.v. To bind in a bundle.  
 TAKANNA タカンナ n. Bamboo shoots used for food.  
 TAKANO タカノ n. Hawking or hunting ground; moor.  
 TAKARA タカラ 寶 n. Precious things, anything valued, riches, wealth: — *wo konomu*, to love riches or money; — *to suru*, to esteem, value; — *wo tsuiyasu*, to squander one's wealth; — *no kuni*, a rich country; — *no mochi gusari* (prov.); — *no yama ni irite te wo munashiku shite kaeru* (prov.).  
 Syn. ZAIHŌ, HŌMOTSU.

TAKARA-BUNE タカラブ子 寶船 n. A picture of a boat loaded with treasure. This picture, if placed under the pillow at the beginning of the year, is said to produce lucky dreams.  
 TAKARAGAI タカラガイ 貝 n. The cowry, *Cyprea*.  
 TAKARAKA タカラカ 高 High, loud: — *no koe*, a loud voice; — *ni*, loudly.  
 TAKARI, -RU タガル 集 i.v. To assemble or collect in a crowd, to swarm together, to breed insects: *hai ga* —, the flies swarm; *mimizu ni ari ga* —, the ants swarm about an earthworm; *mushi ga kome ni* —.  
 Syn. ATSUMARU.  
 TAKASA タカサ n. The height, elevation, altitude: — *wa dono kurai*, how high is it?  
 †TAKASA タカサ (cont. of *taka* and *sao*) n. A bamboo pole.  
 TAKASE タカセ 高瀬 n. A river-boat; shallow rapids.  
 TAKASE, -RU タカセル 令燒 (caust. of *taku*) To cause or let a fire be kindled.  
 TAKASHI タカシ adj. See *takai*.  
 †TAKASHIRI, -RU タカシル t.v. To govern, rule.  
 TAKATAKA-YUBI タカタカユビ n. The middle finger.  
 TAKATEKOTE NI タカテコテニ adv. — *shibaru*, to bind the hands tightly behind the back.  
 TAKATSUKI タカツキ 高杯 n. A tall wooden dish or tray for holding fruit.  
 TAKAWARAI タカワラヒ 高笑 n. A loud laugh.  
 TAKAYA タカヤ n. The room in which falcons were kept.  
 TAKAYAKA タカヤカ Same as *takaraka*.  
 †TAKAYE タカエ n. A loud laugh.  
 TAKAYUKI, -KU タカユク 高行 (cont. of *takaku yuku*) i.v. To fly high: *takayuku tori*.  
 TAKAZAO タカザヲ n. A bamboo pole.  
 TAKE タケ 竹 n. Bamboo: — *no fushi*, the joints of bamboo; — *no ko*, bamboo sprouts; — *no kawa*, the sheath of young bamboo; — *bashi*, bamboo chopsticks; — *zao*, a bamboo pole; — *zue*, a bamboo cane; — *ki wo idakite hi ni iru ga gotoshi* (prov.).  
 TAKE タケ 菌 n. Mushroom.  
 Syn. KUSABIRA, KINOKO.  
 TAKE タケ 長 n. The length, the measure, stature, the height or depth: — *ga nagai*; — *ga mijikai*; *mi no* —, the height of the body, the stature; *mizu no* — *wa roku shaku*, the depth of the water is six feet; — *ga tatanu*, too deep, over one's head; — *ni amaru*, longer than one's body, as clothing; — *no takai hito*, a tall man.  
 Syn. NAGASA.  
 TAKE タケ 嶽 n. A high mountain, a peak.  
 Syn. ŌYAMA.  
 TAKE タケ 他家 (*hoka no ie*) n. Another family.  
 TAKE, -RU タケル i.v. To be high, well advanced, eminent: *hi ga taketa*, the sun is high, or about to decline; *toshi ga taketa hito*, a person well advanced in age, elders; *chie ga* —, eminent in wisdom; *toshi taketaru hito*, elders.  
 Syn. FUKERU.

- TAKEBERA タケベラ 竹篔 n. A flat piece of bamboo.
- TAKEBI, -BU タケブ i.v. To speak or act as a brave man.
- TAKEGARA タケガラ n. A rattle.
- TAKEGARI タケガリ 菌狩 n. Hunting for mushrooms: — *ni yuku*.
- TAKEKI, -KU-SHI タケキ 猛 adj. Valiant, brave, courageous, fearless, fierce, strong: — *mononofu*, brave soldier; — *honō*, a hot fire.  
Syn. TSUYOI, ARAKI.
- TAKEKUGI タケクギ n. A bamboo nail or peg.
- TAKEN タケン 他見 The seeing of others: — *wo yurusazu*, will not allow others to see it; — *wa go muyō*, don't let others see it.
- TAKENAWA タケナハ 關 To be at its height, or acme; also a little past the height, and beginning to decline or fail: *yo ga — ni natta*, to be a little past midnight; *sake ga — ni oyobu*, the drinking had begun to flag; *kassen sude-ni — naran toki*, when the battle would begin to flag.
- †TAKE-NO-SONO-FU タケノクノフ n. Princes of the Imperial family.
- TAKERI, -RU タケル i.v. To be fierce, ferocious, savage, to growl: *tora ga hito ni takeri-kakatta*, the tiger ferociously sprang on the man.
- TAKESHIME, -RU タケシメル (caust. of *takeru*) To cause to be high, exalted, eminent.
- TAKETABA タケタバ 竹束 n. Bundles of bamboo, or fascines, used to defend against projectiles.
- TAKE-TAKA-YUBI タケタカユビ 長指 n. The long, or middle finger.
- TAKETSU タケツ 多血 n. (med.) Plethora, too much blood.
- TAKE-UMA タケウマ 竹馬 n. A wooden horse, the stilts used by boys.
- TAKI タキ 瀑 n. A waterfall, cataract.
- TAKI, -KU タク 焼 t.v. To burn, kindle; to boil, to cook: *maki wo —*, to burn wood; *kō wo —*, to burn incense; *hi wo —*, to make a fire; *meshi wo —*, to boil rice.  
Syn. YAKU, MOYASU, NIRU.
- TAKIBI タキビ 焼火 n. A fire: — *de ataru*.
- TAKIBOKORI タキボコリ 烟埃 n. Fine soot.
- TAKIGARA タキガラ n. The refuse left after burning incense.
- TAKIGI タキギ 薪木 n. Firewood.  
Syn. MAKI.
- †TAKIGUCHI タキグチ 瀧口 n. The keeper of the imperial bathing place.
- TAKI-KAKE, -RU タキカケル t.v. To be about to kindle a fire: *kō wo kimono ni —*, to hold a garment over burning incense.
- TAKIMONO タキモノ 焼物 n. Fuel, incense.  
Syn. KŌ, TAKIGI.
- TAKISASHI タキサシ n. A fire-brand; i.q. *moekui*.
- TAKI-SHIME, -RU タキシメル t.v. To perfume clothing by holding it over some burning fragrant material.
- TAKITATE タキタテ 焼立 Just boiled, or cooked: — *no meshi*, rice that has just been boiled.
- TAKITSUBO タキツボ 瀑壺 n. The deep hollow place excavated by the falling of the water of a cataract.
- TAKI-TSUKU タキツケ 焼付 n. Kindling-wood, kindling a fire.
- TAKI-TSUKU, -RU タキツケル 焼付 t.v. To kindle a fire; (met.) to make angry: *hi wo —*.
- TAKITSUSE タキツセ 激湍 n. The rapids in a river.
- TAKO タコ 紙鳶 n. A kite: — *wo ageru*, to fly a kite. Syn. IKANOBORI.
- TAKO タコ 章魚 n. The Octopus.
- TAKO タコ n. The callosity produced by work.
- TAKŌ タカウ 高 adv. Same as *takaku*.
- TAKOBUNE タコブネ n. A species of Argonauta.
- TAKOKU タコク 他國 (*yoso no kuni*) n. Another state, other countries.
- †TAKOMURA タコムラ n. The fleshy part of the arm.
- †TAKŌNA-GATANA タカウナガタナ 箆刀 n. A bamboo sword.
- TAKONO-MAKURA タコノマクラ n. A species of Echinus or Sea-egg, Clypeaster.
- TAKU タク 託 — *suru*, to intrust to, commit to the care of, charge with; to engage, ask or commission a person to do, to make an excuse of, use as a pretext.  
Syn. TANOMU, AZUKERU, KAKOTSUKERU.
- TAKU タク 宅 n. A house.  
Syn. IE.
- TAKU タク 卓 (*suguretaru, nukindetaru*) Pre-ëminent, excellent, superior, eminent (used only in comp.).
- TAKU タク 謫 — *suru*, to degrade, to remove an official to a lower position, to punish by degrading: — *sho*, the place to which one has been banished.
- †TAKU タク 栲 n. The paper-mulberry: — *nawa*, a rope made of —; — *nuno*, a kind of cloth made of —.
- TAKUAN タクアン 澤庵 n. Pickled radish, so called from the inventor.
- TAKUANZUKE タクアンヅケ 澤庵漬 n. Radishes pickled in salt and bran.
- TAKUBOKU タクボク 啄木 n. The cord used for tying up a picture mounted on a roller.
- TAKUBOKUCHŌ タクボクテウ 啄木鳥 n. A woodpecker.
- †TAKIBUSA タキブサ n. The knot of hair on the top of a man or woman's head.
- TAKUCHI タクチ 宅地 n. The lot on which a house is built.
- TAKUGEN タクゲン 託言 n. Pretense, pretext.
- TAKUHATSU タクハツ 托鉢 n. Begging from house to house, as Buddhist priests: — *wo suru*, to beg, etc.
- †TAKUJIRI タクジリ n. A small earthen jar.
- TAKUKEN タクケン 卓見 (*suguretaru minuki*) n. Excellent opinion or judgment of the future, foresight.
- TAKUMA タクマ 琢磨 Cutting and polishing, as gems: — *suru*, to polish.  
Syn. MIGAKU.

TAKUMASHII, -KI-KU-SHI タクマシイ 逞 adj. Large and strong, robust, lusty and powerful; frowardly, recklessly, skillfully, ingeniously, adroitly: — *uma*, a large and powerful horse; — *kodomo*, a robust child.

TAKUMI タクミ 匠 n. A carpenter.

Syn. DAIKU, BANJŌ.

TAKUMI タクミ n. A plot, device, design (in a bad sense).

TAKUMI タクミ 巧 n. Skill, cleverness, adroitness, dexterity, ingenuity, expert: *kotoba wo — ni suru*, to be clever at talking; — *na saiku*, an ingenious machine. Syn. JŌZU.

TAKUMI, -MU タクム 巧 t.v. To devise, plan, contrive, invent: *muhon wo —*, to plan a rebellion.

Syn. KUWADATERU, KUFŪ SURU, MOKUROMU.

TAKUMIDORI タクミドリ 巧婦鳥 (*kōfuchō*) n. The sailor-bird.

TAKUNAMI, -MU タクナム 巧 t.v. To devise, contrive, invent (coll. for *takumu*).

†TAKUNAWA タクナハ n. A rope made of the fibers of the paper-mulberry tree.

TAKURABE, -RU タクラベル 較 t.v. To compare one thing with another, to liken.

Syn. KURABERU.

TAKURE, -RU タクレル i.v. To be rumpled, wrinkled, kinked, corrugated: *ito ga —*, the clothes are rumpled: *kawa ga —*, the skin is excoriated.

TAKURI, -RU タクル 手繰 t.v. (same as *taguri*) To haul in hand over hand, as a rope; to snatch; to embezzle, defraud.

TAKURI-KOMI, -MU タクリコム t.v. To haul into hand over hand; embezzle; i.q. *taguri-komu*.

TAKUROMI, -MU タクロム t.v. (coll.) To devise, scheme, plan: *hakarigoto wo —*; *muhon wo —*.

TAKUSAN タクサン 澤山 Many, plenty, abundant, enough. Syn. TANTO, ŌI.

TAKUSEN タクセン 託宣 n. A communication or revelation from a Kami, made through human organs of speech; an oracle: *Kami no — ni yotte miya wo tateru*, to erect a temple according to a revelation from the Kami.

TAKUSETSU タクセツ 卓説 n. Excellent opinion.

TAKUSHI タクシ 托子 n. A cup-stand, or saucer.

TAKUSHI-AGE, -RU タクシアゲル t.v. To tuck up.

TAKUSHIKI タクシキ 卓識 n. Great learning, superior knowledge.

TAKUWAE タクハへ 蓄 n. A supply, store, provision: *kusuri no — mo nai*, not even a supply of medicines.

TAKUWAE, -RU タクハヘル 貯 t.v. To store up, to lay up, to keep on hand, to hoard: *hyōrō wo —*, store up provisions; *kane wo —*, to accumulate money. Syn. TAMERU, KAKOU.

TAKUYETSU タクエツ 卓越 (*sugure koeru*) Eminent, preëminent, conspicuous: — *na hito*, an eminent man.

Syn. NUKINDERU.

TAKUZEN タクゼン 卓然 adv. Preëminently, eminently.

TA-KWA タクワ 多寡 (*ōi sukunai*) Many or few, the quantity, number: *buppin no — wo shira-beru*.

TAMA タマ 玉 or 丸 or 魂 n. A ball, a precious stone, gem, a bead; the spirit, soul; (coll.) the master or owner: *teppō no —*, a musket or cannon ball; *me no —*, the eyeball; *musubi —*, a knot tied on a string; *ki no —*, a wooden ball; *hi no —*, a ball of fire: — *wo migaku*, to polish a precious stone; or, fig., to cultivate the mind; *hito no —*, a man's soul; — *migakazareba hikari nashi* (prov.), if a gem is not polished it will not shine; *kono ie no — ga kawatta*, this house has a new owner; *tama-gae wo suru*, to change ownership.

TAMA-AMI タマアミ n. A hand-net.

TAMA-ARARE タマアラレ n. Hail-stones: — *ni kiru*, to cut into small cubes or chunks.

TAMABUKI タマブキ 洋葱 n. The leek, *Allium porrum*.

†TAMACHIWAI, -AU タマチハフ t.v. To confer blessings or prosperity.

TAMAGAKI タマガキ 玉垣 n. The picket fence around a *miya*.

Syn. MIZUGAKI, IKA.

TAMAGATSUMA タマガツマ n. A wicker basket.

TAMAGE, -RU タマゲル 魂銷 (cont. of *tama*, the mind, and *kie*, extinguished) i.v. To be surprised, astonished, startled: *hato tamageru onna no naki koe*, the cry of a woman suddenly startled.

Syn. BIKKURI SURU, ODOROKU, KIMO WO TSUBUSU.

†TAMAGIRE, -RU タマギレル i.v. i.q. *tamageru*.

TAMAGO タマゴ 卵 n. An egg: — *wo umu*, to lay an egg; — *no shiromi*, the white of an egg; — *no kimi*, the yolk of an egg: — *no kara*, egg-shell.

TAMAGO-IRO タマゴイロ 卵色 n. The color of the yolk of an egg, — yellow.

TAMAGOME タマゴメ 玉込 n. The load of a gun, a charge: — *no tsutsu*, a loaded gun; — *de aru*, it is loaded.

TAMAGONARI タマゴナリ 卵形 n. Egg-shape, elliptical.

TAMAGOTAE タマゴタへ n. Proof against bullets: — *no yoi*, bullet-proof.

TAMAGOYU タマゴユ 卵湯 n. A drink made by beating up eggs in hot water and boiled, — used as a medicine.

TAMAGO-ZAKE タマゴザケ 卵酒 n. Eggnog.

†TAMAGUSHI タマグシ n. Slips of paper or hemp attached to a branch of *sakaki*, and placed before the altar in a *miya*.

Syn. GOHEI.

TAMA-GUSURI タマグスリ 玉薬 n. Powder and ball.

†TAMA-HIMA タマヒマ n. i.q. *temahima*.

TAMAI タマ井 n. A kind of rush.

TAMAI, -AU タマフ 賜 t.v. To give to inferiors, — used only when speaking, to the most honorable persons; as, *Kami*, *Tenshi*, or *shujin*, and

- affixed to other verb stems: *Kami wa tenchi wo tsukuri-tamau*, God made heaven and earth; *waga mi wo yasuku arashime-tamae*, grant me freedom from evil; *mitamau*, to see; *kiki-tamau*, to hear.
- Syn. NASARU, KUDASARU, ATAERU.
- †TAMAI, -AU タマフ 吐 t.v. To vomit; i.q. *haku*.
- TAMAKA タマカ (coll.) Economical, saving, frugal, not wasteful: — *na hito*, an economical person; — *ni suru*, to be economical.
- Syn. KENYAKU.
- †TAMAKAZURA タマカツラ n. A gayly ornamented bonnet worn by women.
- †TAMAKE タマケ n. A small box for carrying rice.
- TAMAKI タマキ 環 n. A bracelet, a ring; — *no hashi naki ga gotoshi*, like a ring that has no end.
- Syn. KUSHIRO, UDEWA.
- TAMAKIWARU タマキハル adj. Short, transitory: — *inochi*.
- TAMAKURA タマクラ Same as *temakura*.
- †TAMAKUSHIGE タマクシゲ 玉匣 n. A box for keeping jewels in.
- †TAMA-MAKI-NO-NIWA タママキノニハ n. =the yard or park about the Emperor's palace.
- TAMAMATSURI タママツリ 魂祭 n. The festival for the dead, observed on the 15th day of the 7th month (o. c.), same as *Bon*.
- TAMAMIZU タマミヅ n. Water dropping from the roof; i.q. *amadare*.
- †TAMAMO タマモ n. A kind of sea or water-plant.
- TAMAMONO タマモノ 賜物 n. A gift, anything received from an honorable person: *inochi wa sunawachi kami no — nari*, life is the gift of God. Syn. KUDASARI-MONO.
- TAMAMONOMAE タマモノマヘ 玉藻前 n. The name of a beautiful woman, a concubine of an ancient emperor.
- TAMAMUSHI タマムシ 玉蟲 n. A species of beetle of a shining green color.
- TAMA NI タマニ adv. (coll.) Seldom, rarely, occasionally: — *kuru*, seldom comes.
- Syn. MARE NI.
- †TAMA-NO-CHIRI タマノチリ n. Gem-dust, met. for snow.
- TAMA-NO-O タマノヲ 玉緒 n. The string on which beads are strung; (met.) life: — *no tae yo kashi*, I would that I might die.
- Syn. INOCHI.
- TAMARANU, or TAMARANAI タマラヌ 不堪 (neg. of *tamari*) Cannot bear, cannot endure, insufferable, intolerable: *samukute tamaranai*, it is so cold I can't stand it.
- †TAMARI タマリ n. Small-pox; i.q. *hōsō*.
- †TAMARI タマリ n. Soy; i.q. *shōyu*.
- TAMARI, -RU タマル 溜 i.v. To collect, accumulate; (堪) to endure, bear, suffer, stand, abide: *mizu ga kubomi ni —*, the water stands in hollow places; *gomi ga —*, the dust collects; *kane ga —*, money accumulates; *samukute tamarazu*, could not endure the cold; *tamaru mono ka*, how can I suffer it?
- Syn. TSUMORU.

- TAMARI-NO-MA タマリノマ 溜間 n. An ante-chamber: *mushadamari*, an open place or waiting-room within the walls of a castle where the soldiers assemble.
- TAMASAKA タマサカ Seldom, rare, occasional: — *na*; — *ni*, rarely, occasionally.
- Syn. TAMA-TAMA.
- TAMASHIGI タマシギ n. The Painted snipe, *Rhynchoea bengalensis*.
- TAMASHII タマシヒ 靈 n. The soul, spirit, ghost: — *mo mi ni sowazu*, the soul no longer united to the body,—said of one greatly distressed.
- Syn. KOMPAKU, REI.
- †TAMASHITA タマシタ n. The fingers.
- TAMASURI タマスリ n. A polisher of precious stones, lapidary.
- †TAMATA タマタ (*te no mata*) n. The forks of the fingers.
- TAMATAMA タマタマ 偶 adv. Occasionally, rarely, seldom, it so happened: — *ni kuru*, seldom comes; — *hito no kitaru ari*.
- Syn. ORIFUSHI, MARE NI.
- TAMATORI タマトリ n. A juggler, or one who plays with balls.
- TAMATSUKI タマツキ n. Billiards, billiard-playing: — *asobi wo shite iru*.
- †TAMAUKI タマウキ n. A wine-glass.
- TAMAWARI, -RU タマハル 賜 t.v. To give,—spoken only of most honorable persons; also, to receive from a superior.
- Syn. ATAERU, SAZUKARU.
- TAMAWASHI, -SU タマハス t.v. To give, to confer,—only of a superior.
- TAMAYA タマヤ 靈屋 n. A tomb, sepulchre, ancestral temple.
- TAMAYOBAI タマヨバヒ 招魂 n. Calling from the roof to the spirit of one just dead to return, as is the custom in some parts of Japan.
- TAMAZAN タマザン 環算 n. The method of calculating with the abacus.
- TAMAZUSA タマヅサ 玉章 A letter.
- TAMBAN タンバン i.q. *tampan*.
- TAMBETSU タンベツ 段別, or 反別 n. The quantity of land held by a farmer: — *chō*, a land register.
- TAMBI タンビ 毎度 adv. (coll. cont. of *tabi goto-ni*) Every time, whenever: *kuru — ni*, every time he comes; *netsu no deru — ni*, whenever the fever comes on.
- TAMBI タンビ 歎美 n. Admiration: — *suru*, to admire.
- Syn. HOME, KANSHIN.
- TAMBO タンボ 段畝 n. Rice-fields.
- Syn. DENJI.
- TAM-BO タンボ 旦暮 n. Morning and evening.
- TAME タメ 爲 Sake, account, purpose, reason, motive, for; by, denoting the agent, or means; to, or relation: *kimi ga tame*, for master's sake; *oya ga kodomo no tame ni kurō suru*, the parent toils for his children; *tame ni naranu*, not good for, not beneficial; *omae no tame ni shūto*, to you he is father-in-law; *omae no tame ni wa nanda*, what relation is he to you? *sono ko no tame ni korosareta*, he was slain by his son.

TAME タメ n. Presents made to the people at the Emperor's accession to the throne: *tametsu-mono*, id.; — *wo yaru*.

TAME,-RU タメル t.v. To bend: *ki wo* —, to bend a tree; *yumi wo* —, to bend a bow; *take wo* —, to bend a bamboo stick,—by heating.

TAME,-RU タメル 溜 t.v. To collect, to put together in one place anything scattered about, to lay up, preserve: *amamizu wo* —, to catch rain-water; *kane wo* —, save or lay up money.

Syn. ATSUMERU, TAKUWAERU.

TAME,-RU タメル t.v. To straighten, make straight, to correct what is wrong, to point at, level, aim at: *ya wo* —, to point at with an arrow; *teppō wo tamete tori wo utsu*, to level a gun and shoot a bird; *kuse wo* —, to correct a bad habit; *ki wo tame-naosu*, to alter one's mind, or overcome one's disinclination to anything. Syn. NERAU.

TAMEI-KE タマイケ n. A pond of water used for irrigation, etc.

TAME-IKI タマイキ 大息 n. A long breath, a sigh, a gasp: — *wo tsuku*, to take a long breath.

TAMEMIZU タメミヅ n. Water collected and kept for use.

TAMENURI タメヌリ 溜塗 n. Black lacquer.

TAMERAI,-AU タメラフ 狐疑 i.v. To pause or hesitate, to be undecided, to be in doubt, quandary: *ikaga sen to tamerai*, was at a loss what to do.

Syn. YŪYO SURU, KOGI SURU, CHŪCHO SURU.

†TAMESAKE } タメサケ n. A sweet kind of sake.

†TAMOSAKE } sake.

TAMESARE,-RU タメサレル 被試 (pass. of *tame-su*) To be proved, tried.

TAMESHI タメシ 例 Case, example, precedent, former instance; form, shape (obs): — *ni hiku*, to give as an example or instance; *hitotsu no — mo nai*, not a single instance.

Syn. REI.

TAMESHI,-SU タメス 試 t.v. To try, prove, test, to experiment, examine: *katana wo* —, to try a sword; *uma wo* —, to try a horse; *kusuri wo tameshite miru*, to try or experiment with a medicine.

Syn. KOKOROMIRU, GIMMI SURU.

TAMETOMO-YURI タメトモユリ n. The *Lilium longiflorum*.

TAMETSU-MONO タメツモノ n. Presents made to officials on state occasions; delicacies.

TAMI タミ 民 (from *ta*, field, and *mi*, person) n. The people, common people.

TAMICHI タミチ 暇 n. A road through rice-fields.

†TAMIKUSA タミクサ 民草 n. The people.

TAMMEI タンメイ 短明 (*mijikaku akiraka*) Concise and plain.

TAMMEI タンメイ 短命 (*mijikai inochi*) n. Short life: — *ni shite shisu*, to die in youth.

TAMMI タンミ 淡味 (*usuaji*) n. Delicate in taste.

Syn. ASSARI.

TAMMONO タンモノ 反物 n. Cloth, or piece goods.

TAMO タモ n. A scoop-net for catching fish.

†TAMO タモ imp. of *tamau*; i.q. *tamae*.

TAMOCHI タモチ 保 n. Enduring, keeping, or lasting long: *fuyu wa niku no — ga yoi*, flesh keeps well in winter.

TAMOCHI,-TSU タモツ 保 t.v. (from *te*, hand; and *motsu*, hold) To keep, guard, protect, preserve, to watch over and defend from evil, to sustain, support; maintain, to last, endure; to have, possess, own, hold: *kuni wo* —, to preserve a country; *ie wo* —, to preserve one's family, to continue it; *mi wo* —, to take good care of one's self; *niku wa nagaku tamotanai*, flesh does not keep long; *inochi wo* —, to preserve life; *imashime wo* —, to keep a commandment.

Syn. MOTSU, MAMORU, KABAU.

TAMON タモン 他聞 The hearing of others, publicity; as: — *wo habakaru*, to dread that others should hear.

Syn. GWAIBUN.

TAMORE タモレ coll. imp. corruption of *tamae* or *tamaware*, = *kudasare*, give me, let me have.

TAMOROKI,-KU-SHI タモロキ adj. Weak, feeble.

TAMOTO タモト 袂 n. The sleeve; also pocket in the sleeve: *hashi no* —, the wide part at the entrance of a bridge.

†TAMOTOHORI,-RU タモトホル i.v. To go hither and thither, walk up and down.

TAMOTO-OTOSHI タモトオトシ n. A small purse or wallet carried in the sleeve.

TAMOTO-YURI タモトユリ n. A species of Lily, *Lilium japonicum*.

TAMPAKU タンパク 淡泊 Delicate in taste or color; fresh, tasteless, insipid; unambitious, devoid of strong desires or lusts: *ajiwai — na mono*; — *no sugata*.

Syn. USUI, ASSARI.

TAMPAKU タンパク 蛋白 n. The white of an egg.

TAMPAKUNYŌ タンパク子ウ蛋白尿 n. (med.) Albumenuria.

TAMPAKUSEKI タンパクセキ 蛋白石 n. (min.) Opal.

TAMPAKU-SHITSU タンパクシツ 蛋白質 n. Albumen.

TAMPAN タンパン 膽礬 n. Sulphate of copper, blue vitriol.

TAMPEI タンペイ 短兵 n. A short sword: — *wo motte semeru*, to fight at close quarters; — *kyū ni*, in a great hurry, with intense activity.

TAMPEIKYŪ タンペイキウ 短兵急 — *ni semeru*, to attack vigorously and at close quarters.

TAMPO タンポ n. A foot warmer,—of stone, or metal.

TAMPO タンポ A soft pad affixed to the point of a spear in the spear exercise.

TAMPŌSHA タンパウシヤ n. A reporter of a newspaper.

TAMPOPO タンポポ 蒲公英 n. The dandelion.

TAMU, or TAMURU タムル Same as *tameru*.

†TAMUKAI タムカヒ n. Same as *temukai*.

TAMUKE タムケ n. An offering made to idols or at the graves: — *no mizu*; — *gusa*.

- TAMUKE,-RU タムケル 手向 t.v. To place as an offering before an idol, or at a grave; to offer: *hana wo* —, to offer flowers.  
Syn. SONAERU, AGERU.
- †TAMUNADE タムナデ n. Empty-handed.
- TAMURO タムロ 屯 n. A flocking or assembling together; an encampment, or station for troops; barracks: — *suru*, to collect together; — *wo haru*, to encamp.  
Syn. JIN, EI, TONSHO.
- TAMUSAKE タムサケ n. A kind of sweet sake.
- TAMUSHI タムシ 頑癩 n. A ring-worm.
- TAN タン 痰 n. Mucous, phlegm, expectoration, sputa: — *ga deru*, to expectorate; *tankirikusuri*, expectorant medicines; *usui* —, thin sputa; *nebai* —, tough phlegm.
- TAN タン 丹 n. Red oxide of lead, red ink.
- TAN タン 端 n. A piece of cloth, the half of a *hiki*, from 25 to 28 feet cloth measure in length, = from 31 to 34 feet 9 inch English: *momen ittan*, one piece of long cloth of 28 feet in length; *ni tan*, two pieces.
- TAN タン 短 (*mijikai*) Short, brief, contracted; failures, short-comings, defects, flaws: *hito no tan wo iu bekarazu*.
- TAN タン 端 n. A cloth measure = 2 *jō* 6 *shaku*, or a little over 10 $\frac{3}{4}$  yards Eng. The end, extremity: *ryō-tan*, both ends.  
Syn. HASHI.
- TAN タン 單 (*hitotsu*) Single, alone, simple, uncompounded: — *sū*, singular number; — *shin*, alone, by one's self; — *puku*, singular and plural, simple and compound; — *ni*, simply, only.
- TAN タン 段 n. A plot of ground, = ten *se*, or 300 *tsubo*, = 10,800 sq. feet or about  $\frac{1}{4}$  of an acre.
- TAN タン 膽 n. The gall-bladder: *tannofu*, id.  
Syn. I.
- TANA タナ 棚 n. A shelf: *kami-dana*, the shelf in houses on which the household gods are placed; *tana ye agete oku*, to place on a shelf, to conceal, not to mention; — *nashi obune*, a small boat without a deck.
- TANA タナ 店 n. A shop. Syn. MISE.
- TANABATA タナバタ 織女 n. The festival of the Weaver or star Vega, near the Milky Way, worshipped on the 7th day of the 7th month (o.c.): — *tsume*, the Weaver.  
Syn. SHOKUJO.
- TANABIKI,-KU タナビク 棚引 i.v. To be spread abroad in the air, as clouds, fog, haze, or smoke: *kumo ga tanabiite Fuji-no-yama wo kakusu*, the clouds have spread over and concealed Mount Fuji.
- TANACHIN タナチン 店賃 n. House-rent, shop-rent.
- TANADATE タナダテ 店立 n. Ejection of a tenant: — *wo suru*; — *wo kū*, to be ejected.
- †TANAGA タナガ adj. Long: — *no inochi*, long life.
- TANAGARI タナガリ 店借 n. One who rents a house, or shop; a tenant.
- TANAGAE タナガへ 店替 n. Removal from one shop to another.
- †TANAGIRAI,-AU タナギラフ i.v. To be cloudy and foggy.
- †TANAGIRI-AI,-AU タナギリアフ i.v. To be cloudy and foggy.
- TANAGO タナゴ n. The name of a small fresh-water fish, *Capoëta lanceolata*.
- †TANAGOI タナゴヒ n. A handkerchief.
- TANAGOKORO タナゴコロ 掌 n. The hollow or palm of the hand: — *ni nigiru*, to hold in the hand.  
Syn. TE NO HIRA, TANASOKO.
- TANAGUMO タナグモ n. Clouds lying in strata.
- TANAGUMORI,-RU タナグモル i.v. To be cloudy, and windy.
- TANAHIJI タナヒジ n. The elbow.
- TANAI タナ井田井 n. A pit for steeping seed-rice in before sowing.
- TANAIKE タナイケ 田池 n. Same as *tanai*.
- TANAKATA タナカタ 店戸 n. A clerk, shop-boy.
- TANAKO タナコ 店子 n. Persons living in rented houses, a tenant—so called by the landlord.
- TANAMATA タナマタ 手股 n. The forks of the fingers: — *yoru kuki-ochiru*, to leak through the fingers.
- TANAMONO タナモノ 店者 n. The persons belonging to a shop, clerks.
- TANAMOTO タナモト n. = *te no moto*, near at hand.
- TANANUSHI タナヌシ 店主 n. The owner of a shop, a landlord.
- TANA-OROSHI タナヲロシ 店卸 n. Taking an account of stock, overhauling goods; (fig.) lecturing another about his faults, or speaking of these faults to others: *hito no — wo suru*.
- †TANARE タナレ n. Trained, broken in to one's hand or use.
- †TANASAKI タナサキ n. The end of the hand; the left wing of a falcon.
- †TANASOKO タナソコ Palm of the hand: — *wo narasu*, to clap the hand.
- TANATSUMONO タナツモノ 穀物 n. Grain, corn.
- TANA-URA タナウラ n. The palm of the hand.
- TANAZUE タナズエ n. The end of the hand or fingers: — *no mitsugi*, tax of woven stuff made by women.
- TANCHŌ タンテウ 丹鳥 n. A species of Crane.
- †TANDAI タンダイ 探題 n. The title of an ancient official; an amusement in which a stanza of poetry was extemporized on a given theme.
- TANDAKI,-KU タンダク 拱 i.v. To bow or salute by folding the hands in front of the chest in the manner of the Chinese.
- TANDEN タンデン 丹田 n. The abdomen, stomach: *iki wo — ni osameru*, to hold the breath in the belly,—said of a *sennin*.
- TANDOKU タンドク 丹毒 n. Erysipelas.
- TANE タネ 種 n. A seed; descendant, race; the occasion, cause, or origin from which any thing springs; yeast, or ferment: — *wo maku*, to sow seed; — *wo ueru*, to plant seed;

- *wa onajikute hara ga chigau*, the same father but different mother; *uri no — ni nasubi wa haenu*, an egg-plant does not grow from a melon seed (prov.); *kenkwa no — ni naru*, to become the cause of a quarrel; *iiwake no —*, the grounds of an excuse; *hakarigoto no —*, the grounds of a stratagem; *pan no —*, yeast.
- TANECHIGAI タ子チガヒ n. Half-brother, step-brother (diff. father): — *no kyōdai*, id.
- TANEGAMI タ子ガミ 蠶卵紙 n. The paper on which the eggs of silk-worms are deposited.
- TANEGASHIMA タ子ガシマ 種嶋 n. A pistol (derived from the name of an island near Kyūshū where they were first introduced).
- TANEGAWARI タ子ガハリ n. Having a different father, but the same mother: — *no kyōdai*, step-brother, half-brother.
- TANEHON タ子ホン 種本 n. The original copy of a book or picture; a text-book.  
Syn. GEMPON.
- TANEN タ子ン 多年 (*ōi toshi*) n. Many years.
- TANEN タ子ン 他年 (*hoka no toshi*) n. Some future year, another year.
- TANEN タ子ン 他念 (*hoka no omoi*) n. Another mind: — *naku*, minding or thinking of nothing else, without distraction; = *yo-nen*.
- TANESURI タ子スリ Using up capital in trade: — *no shigoto*.
- TANETORI タ子トリ n. A reporter for a newspaper.
- TANEZUMI タ子ヅミ 田鼠 n. A field-rat.
- TANGAI タンガイ 彈劾 — *suru*, to bring an accusation against an official, to impeach.
- TANGAN タンガン 赧顔 (*akai kao*) n. Blushing countenance, shamefaced, ashamed: — *no itari ni taezu*, to be greatly ashamed.
- TANGARA タンガラ 丹柄 n. Mangrove bark (used for dyeing).
- TANGEN タンゲン 端巖 Strict, grave.
- TANGO タンゴ 單語 n. A single,—not a compound word.
- TANGO タンゴ 端午 n. The 5th day of the 5th month, a holiday (o.c.).
- TANGWAN タングワン 彈丸 n. A rifle or musket ball, bullet: — *wokushi no chi*, a country as small as a bullet or a mole.
- TANGWAN タングワン 歎願 A petition, entreaty, prayer: — *suru*, to complain in tears, to plead, to supplicate earnestly, entreat.
- TAN-I タンイ 單衣 n. A garment of a single thickness,—not lined.
- TANI タニ 谷 n. A valley: *tani-guchi*, the entrance to a valley; *tani-gawa*, a stream running through a valley, rivulet; — *soku*, bottom of a valley.
- TANIAI タニアヒ 谷間 n. A valley, ravine.
- TANIGAWA タニガハ 澗 n. A mountain rivulet.
- †TANIGIRI, -RU タニギル t.v. To hold or clutch in the hand.
- TANIGUKU タニグク n. A bull-frog.
- TANIMICHI タニミチ 澗道 n. A path amongst the mountains.
- TANIN タニン 他人 (*yoso no hito*) n. Persons who are not related, strangers.
- TANI-NO-TO タニノト n. A valley.
- TANINZU タニンズ 多人數 n. A great many people.  
Syn. ŌZEI.
- †TANISAMA タニサマ n. A narrow path in a valley.
- TA-NISHI タニシ 田螺 n. A species of shellfish found in rice-fields, Paludina.
- TANJAKU タンジヤク 短尺 n. Paper cut into long and narrow strips used for writing poetry.  
Syn. TANZAKU.
- TANJI, -RU OR -ZURU タンズル 歎 (*nageku*) t.v. To sigh, to lament, mourn; to admire: *tanjite iwaku*, sighing, he said; *yo wo —*, to lament on account of the times.  
Syn. TANSOKU SURU.
- TANJI, -RU OR -ZURU タンジル 彈 (*hiku*) t.v. To play on a stringed instrument, as the harp: *koto wo —*, to play on the harp; *biwa wo —*, to play the banjo.
- TANJITSU タンジツ 短日 (*mijikai hi*) n. A short day.
- TANJŌ タンジヤウ 誕生 (*umare*) n. Birth, nativity: — *suru*, to be born; — *wo iwau*, to celebrate a birth.
- TANJŌBI タンジヤウビ 誕生日 n. Birthday.
- TANJŪ タンジウ 短銃 n. A short gun, a pistol.
- TANJŪ タンジフ 胆汁 (med.) Bile; also called *tanyeki*.
- TANKATSU タンカツ 短褌 n. A kind of short clothes worn by low people.
- TANKEI タンケイ 短檠 n. A lamp.  
Syn. ANDON.
- TANKI タンキ 單騎 n. A single horseman.
- TANKI タンキ 短氣 (*mijikai ki*) Quick-tempered, passionate, irascible, impatience, fretfulness: — *na hito*, a quick-tempered man; *tanki wa sonki* (prov).  
Syn. TANRYO, KI-MIJIKA.
- TANKIRI タンキリ 截痰 n. Cutting phlegm, a medicine that removes phlegm: — *gusuri*, id.
- TANKŌ タンカウ 炭坑 n. A coal mine.
- TANKWA タンクワ 丹花 n. The red flowers, i.e. the lips: — *no kuchibiru*, id.
- TANKYŪ タンキウ 彈糾 (*tadasu*) — *suru*, to examine into, investigate,—a crime, or malfeasance in office.
- TANNIN タンニン 單寧 n. (Eng.) Tannin.
- TANNŌ タンノウ (coll.) — *suru*, to be satiated, filled, satisfied; to have enough, as with seeing, hearing or eating: *ichi nichu shibai wo mite*; — *shita*, have been looking at the play all day and have had quite enough.  
Syn. AKU, TARU, TAIKUTSU SURU.
- TANNŌ タンノウ 膽囊 n. (med.) The gall-bladder.
- TANNŌ タンノウ 淡濃 (*usui koi*) Thin or thick,—in consistence; deep or light,—in color; weak or strong,—in taste; density.
- TANŌ タノウ 多能 Many or great abilities, or talents; many accomplishments: — *na hito*.
- †TANOGOI タノゴヒ n. Same as *tenugui*.
- TA-NO-KUSA タノクサ n. The weeds of a rice-field.



- TANOMI タノミ 頼 n. Request, solicitation, petition; trust, reliance, dependence: *hito no — ni yotte suru*, to do anything at the request of another; — *ni naranu mono*, a person not to be depended on; — *sukunai*, none to depend on; — *sukunaku miyuru*, to appear to be beyond recovery; *chikara wo — ni shite hito wo anadoru*, relying upon his strength he despised others.  
Syn. NEGAI, TAYORI.
- TANOMI, -MU タノム 頼 t.v. To call, ask, or apply to for aid or assistance; to request, solicit; to trust to, depend on, confide in, rely on; to entrust, give in charge: *ninsoku wo —*, to call a coolie; *kami wo —*, to call upon the *kami* for help; *isha wo —*, to call in a doctor; *ikō wo —*, to confide in one's power; *chikara wo tanonde*, relying on one's strength; *otanomi-mōshimasu*, I beg or request you to do me a favor; *mise wo hito ni tanomu*, to give his shop in charge to another.  
Syn. NEGAI, YORU, IRAI SURU.
- TANOMIGOTO タノミゴト n. A request, giving a charge, or entrusting to another.
- †TANOMINO タノミノ n. Weeds of a rice-field.
- TANOMOSHII, -KI-KU-SHI タノモシイ 頼 adj. Reliable, to be depended on; hopeful, promising, giving ground to expect aid, or help from: *tanomoshiku omou*, to regard as promising, or to be relied on; *tanomoshige naku*, cheerless in temper, not hopeful, not promising.
- TANOSHII, -KI-KU タノシイ 樂 adj. Pleasant, delightful, agreeable, happy.  
Syn. OMOSHIROI, YOROKOBASHII.
- TANOSHIMASHI, -SU タノシマス (caust. of *tanoshimu*) To cause delight or pleasure; to please, delight, enrapture, charm.
- TANOSHIMI タノシミ 樂 n. Pleasure, happiness, delight. Syn. KYŌ, YOROKOBI.
- TANOSHIMI, -MU タノシム 樂 t.v. To take pleasure in, to be happy in, to delight in, rejoice in, to enjoy, to anticipate with pleasure: *hana wo mite —*, to delight in looking at the flowers; *tanoshinde matsu*, joyfully to wait for; *sue wo —*, to look forward to a happy future; *michi no —*.  
Syn. OMOSHIROGARU, YOROKOBU.
- TANOSHISA タノシサ 樂 n. Happiness, delight, pleasantness: *gokuraku no — wa kono sekai ni taqui nashi*, there is nothing in this world like the happiness of heaven.  
Syn. OMOSHIROSA, YOROKOBASHISA.
- TANREI タンレイ 端麗 n. Beautiful, handsome.
- TANREN タンレン 鍛錬 (*kitai neru*) — *suru*, to thoroughly drill, to practice diligently: — *na*, fully skilled, well versed, or to be an adept in any art, experienced; *kenjutsu ni — naru*, to be skilled in the art of fencing.  
Syn. REMMA, KEIKO, SHUGYŌ.
- TANRYAKU タンリヤク 膽略 n. Courage, boldness, valor: — *no aru hito*.
- TANRYO タンリョ 短慮 Quick-tempered, hasty, irritable: — *na hito*.  
Syn. TANKI.
- TANRYOKU タンリョク 彈力 n. Elasticity.
- TANSAI タンサイ 短才 (*usui chie*) n. Little wit, small ability.
- TANSAKU タンサク 探索 (*sagashi motomeru*) — *suru*, to search for, look into, inquire after, investigate: — *gakari*, secret police.
- TANSAN タンサン 炭酸 n. Carbonic acid, carbonate: — *sōda*, carbonate of soda.
- TANSEI タンセイ 丹誠 n. Labor, exertion, pains, diligence, sincere heart: — *shite koshiraeru*, to make with much pains; — *wo nukin-zuru*, to exert one's self to the utmost; — *wo korasu*, to put one's mind earnestly to anything.  
Syn. HONEORI, NEN-IRI, MAGOKORO, ICHI-NEN.
- TANSEI タンセイ 端正 (*tadashiki*) Upright, just, correct.
- TANSEI タンセイ 丹青 n. A painting.
- TAN-SEKI タンセキ 旦夕 (*asa ban*) n. Morning and evening.  
Syn. CHŌ-SEKI, ASA-YŪ.
- TANSEKI タンセキ n. Gall-stone.
- TANSEKI タンセキ 痰咳 n. (med.) A moist cough, or a cough accompanied with expectoration.
- TANSHI タンシ 彈指 (*yubi wo hajiku*) In the snap of one's finger, in a moment.
- TANSHIKU タンシク 短縮 (*chijimaru*) — *suru*, to contract.
- TANSHIN タンシン 丹心 (*akaki kokoro*) n. A pure or sincere heart: — *wo arawasu*, to show sincerity.  
Syn. MAGOKORO, SEKISHIN, TANSEI.
- TANSHIN タンシン 單身 (*hitorimi*) n. One person, alone, single individual.
- TANSHIN タンシン 誕辰 (*umarebi*) n. Birthday.
- TANSHO タンショ 端緒 (*ito-guchi*) n. The beginning, commencement: — *wo hiraku*, to begin.
- TANSHO タンショ 短處 n. Fault or shortcoming, *hito no — wo ageru*.
- TANSHŌ タンシヤウ 嘆賞 n. Admiration, praise.
- TANSO タンソ 炭素 n. Carbon.
- TANSŌ タンサウ 淡粧 (*usugesō*) Powdering the face thinly.
- TANSŌ タンソウ 彈奏 — *suru*, to accuse or bring a complaint against an official.  
Syn. TANGAI.
- TANSOKU タンソク 歎息 — *suru*, to sigh, to lament, grieve.  
Syn. NAGEKU.
- TANSOKU タンソク 短束 n. A fuse, the match of a fire-cracker or rocket.
- TANSOKUSHI タンソクシ 歎息詞 (*nageki-kotoba*) n. (gram.) An interjection.
- TANSU タンス 簞子 n. A chest of drawers, bureau.
- TANSŪ タンスウ 單數 (gram.) n. Singular number.
- TANTAKI, -KU タンタク t.v. To embrace, hold in the arms.
- TANTEI タンテイ 探偵 — *suru*, to spy out, investigate secretly, detect.

TANTEIRI タンテイリ 探偵吏 n. An officer whose business it is to detect or spy out the misconduct of others; a detective, secret police.

TANTEKI NI タンテキニ 短的 adv. (coll.) At once, immediately, suddenly.  
Syn. KYŪ NI, TACHI-MACHI NI.

TANTO タント adv. (coll.: this word is probably derived from the Spanish) Much, many.  
Syn. ŌKU, TAKUSAN.

TANTŌ タンタウ 擔當 — *suru*, to take charge of, to go security: — *nin*, surety.

TANTŌ タンタウ 探湯 n. Trial by causing the suspected person to dip his hand in boiling water.

TANTŌ タントウ 短刀 (*mijikai katana*) n. A short sword.

TANUKI タヌキ 狸 n. A badger: — *ne*, a sham sleep.

†TANUKI タヌキ n. The gauntlet worn by archers around the wrist.

TANUKI-NE-IRI タヌキ子イリ n. A sham-sleep.

TANYA タンヤ 短夜 (*mijikai yo*) n. A short night.

TANZA タンザ 端坐 (*tadashiku suwaru*) Sitting properly, or in a correct manner.

TANZAKU タンザク 短冊 n. A kind of paper or thin wood used for writing verses on.

TANZEN タンゼン 赧然 adv. Blushingly: — *kao wo akarameru*.

TANZURU タンズル See *tanji*.

TAOO タヲヲ adv. Bent, curved downwards.

TAORE,-RU タフレル 倒 i.v. To fall over, to fall down,—of anything erect or standing; to lose money by lending, or by bad debts: *ie ga* —, the house has fallen; *ki ga* —, the tree has fallen; *namayoi ga taorete okimasen*, the drunken man has fallen down and cannot rise.

TAORI,-RU タラル 手折 t.v. To break off, pluck off with the hand: *ki no eda wo* —, to break off a branch; *hana wo* —, to pluck a flower.  
Syn. ORU.

†TAOSA タオサ n. The chief officer of a *mura*.

TAOSARE,-RU タフサレル (pass. or pot. of *taoshi*) To be thrown down; (coll.) to be defrauded.

TAOSHI,-SU タフス 倒 t.v. To throw down anything standing, to prostrate, to throw over; (coll.) to defraud: *ki wo kiri-taosu*, to cut down a tree; *hito wo oshitaosu*, to push a man over; *hito wo* —, to defraud a person of his dues.

†TAOYAGITARU タヲヤギタル adj. Pliant, graceful.

TAOYAKA タヲヤカ 窈窕 adj. Graceful, tender, genteel, delicate: — *na sugata*, a delicate figure.  
Syn. SHINAYAKA, ADANA.

†TAOYAME タヲヤメ 手弱女 n. A delicate woman.

TAPPAI タツパイ 答拜 n. Entertainment, civil treatment: — *wo suru*, to entertain; — *ni azukaru*.

TAPPITSU タツピツ 達筆 (coll.) n. Elegant penmanship: — *ni kaku*.

TAPPURI タツプリ adv. (coll.) Much, a great deal, considerable, good deal, full: *go shuku*

— *aru*, there is a little over five feet; *fude ni sumi wo* — *tsukeru*, take plenty of ink on your pen.

Syn. TAKUSAN, TANTO, YOPPODO.

TARA タラ 多羅 (San.) n. The Tala tree, Palmyra palm: *taraba*, the leaves of the palm used for writing on.

TARA タラ 雪魚 n. Codfish, *Gadus*.

TARA タラ 櫛木 n. The name of a thorny tree, *Arabia spinosa*: — *no ki*, id.

TARA タラ (coll. cont. of *te araba*, and used as a suffix to verbs) When, if: *hana ga sai-tara mi ni ikō*, when the flowers have bloomed I will go to see them; *samuku nattara hi wo taita*, when it became cold he made a fire; *sakana ga attara mottekoi*, if there are any fish bring them.

TARACHIME タラチメ 垂乳女 n. A mother, one who suckles a child.

†TARACHINE タラチ子 垂乳根 n. A *makura kotoba* for mother, a parent.

Syn. HABA.

†TARACHIO タラチヲ n. Father.

TARA-DARA タラダラ adv. Very much, great: *gochisō* —; *o-aisō* —.

TARAFUKU タラフク 鱶腹 n. Belly full and sticking out like a *tara*: — *nomu*, to drink the belly full.

TARAI タラヒ 盥 (from *te*, hands, and *arai*, to wash) n. A wash-basin, a small tub for washing the face and hands in.

TARAI,-AU タラフ 足 i.v. To be enough, sufficient, adequate, competent, complete, qualified: *nandemo tarai kitte oru*, have enough of everything.

TARAKASHI,-SU タラカス t.v. To deceive, defraud; to divert a child so as to stop its crying, to stop its crying by coaxing or scaring it: *kodomo wo* —.

TARARI タラリ adv. The manner of anything hanging down, or sound of drops falling: *inu wa shita wo* — *to sageru*, the dog hangs his tongue out.

TARASHI タラシ 滴 (*teki*) n. A drop: *mizu hito* —, one drop of water; *mi* —, three drops.

Syn. SHIZUKU, TEKI, SHITADARE, TARE.

TARASHI,-SU タラス 滴 t.v. To drop, let fall, or run down, as a liquid; to let hang down, as a tassel; to coax, divert, as a child: *namida wo* —, to let tears fall; *zashiki ye mizu wo tarashite wa warui*, you should not have let the water drop in the parlor; *hana wo* —, to let mucus run from the nose.

Syn. OTOSU.

TARASHI-KOMI,-MU タラシコム 滴込 t.v. To drop, or let a liquid fall or run into anything.

TARASHIME,-RU タラシメル (from the particle *to*, and *arashimu*, cause to be) To cause to be, to make: *monjin wo shite shin* —, to make a servant of one who was a pupil.

TARA-TARA タラタラ adv. Same as *tarari*.

TARATARA-ORI タラタラオリ 平坂 n. A gentle slope or declivity.

TARAWANU タラハヌ 不足 (neg. of *tarai*) Not enough, insufficient: — *koto nashi*, deficient in nothing; — *onna no mi de*, being only a half-witted woman (in speaking humbly of one's self).

TARAYŌ タラエフ 多羅葉 The Holly, *Ilex latifolia*.

TARAZU OF TARANU タラズ 不足 (neg. of *tari*) Not enough, insufficient, wanting, deficient; unworthy, not competent: *osoruru ni* —, not worth fearing; *toru ni* —, not worth counting; *shinzuru ni* —, not worthy of belief.

TARAZUMAE タラヅマヘ n. (coll.) The deficiency or amount necessary to complete anything: — *wo tasu*.

TARE タレ 誰 pron. Who (in com. coll. *dare*): *tare mo ka mo*, everybody: *tare mo shiranu mono wa nai*, there is nobody that did not know.

TARE,-RU タレル 垂 i.v. and t.v. To drop, or run down, as a liquid; to hang down, as anything suspended; to bestow or give to an inferior: *mizu ga* —, the water drops; *nami-da ga* —, the tears run down; *kōbe wo* —, to hang down the head; *te wo* —, to let the hands hang down; *awaremi wo tare-tamae*, have pity upon me; *shōben wo* —, to pass urine involuntarily; *sudare wo* —, to let the window shade hang down.

Syn. SAGERU, TSURUSU, KUDASU.

†TAREDOKI タレドキ n. Morning or evening twilight.

TAREKASU タレカス 垂糟 n. The sediment or grounds left after straining or filtering.

TARE-KOME,-RU タレコメル 垂籠 t.v. To shut in, or screen with hanging curtains: *sudare wo* —, to hang up screens.

TARENUNO タレヌノ n. A curtain.

TARI,-RU タル 足 i.v. To be enough, sufficient, adequate, competent, qualified: *taishō to naru ni* —, competent to be a general; *taru koto wo shiranu*, to be discontented,—never to have enough; *nemuri ga tatta*, had enough sleep; *nijū ni tarazu*, do not amount to twenty.

Syn. TARAU.

TARI,-RU タル An auxiliary verbal suffix formed from *to*, and *ari*: *ko-taru mono*,= *ko to aru mono*, one who is a child; *shin-taru no michi*, the duty of a minister; *mi-tari kiki-tari shita koto wo kaite oku*, to write down things which one sees and hears; *ne-tari oki-tari shite iru*, to be sometimes lying down, and sometimes sitting up,—to be up and down; *kagyō no uchi tari tomo*, even whilst engaged in business.

TA-RIKI タリキ 他力 n. The strength or power of another: — *no tasuke*, salvation through the merit or power of another (Bud.).

TARŌ タロウ 太郎 n. The eldest son.

Syn. SŌRYŌ.

TARU タル 樽 n. A barrel, cask, firkin, tub.

TARUDAI タルダイ 樽代 n. The price of a cask of *sake*, given instead of the *sake*, as a wedding present to a bride's father.

TARUGAKI タルガキ n. Persimmons which are ripened and the astringency extracted by keeping them for a while in a *sake* tub.

TARUHI タルヒ 垂氷 n. An icicle.

Syn. TSURARA.

TARUI,-KI-KU-SHI タルイ 淫 adj. Gross, or nauseous in taste, nasty: *kono sake wa* —.

Syn. SHITSUKOI.

TARUI,-KI-KU-SHI タルイ adj. (coll.) Slack, lax, not tense, relaxed; remiss, weary, tired: *nawa ga* —, the rope is slack; *ashi ga* —.

Syn. YURUI.

TARUKI タルキ 椽 n. The timbers of a roof, a rafter.

TARUME,-RU タルメル t.v. To slacken, to loosen, relax, to remit care or attention: *nawa wo* —, to slacken a rope.

Syn. YURUMERU.

TARUMI,-MU タルム i.v. To be slack, loose, lax; to become remiss, relaxed, negligent: *nawa ga tarunda*, the rope has become slack.

Syn. YURUMU.

TARUSHI タルシ adj. Slack, not tense. See *tarui*.

TARYŌ タリヤウ 他領 n. The territory or estate of another person, not one's own.

TARYŪ タリウ 他流 n. The style, method, practice, or system of another.

TASEI タセイ 多勢 (*ōzei*) Many: — *busei*, many, and few.

TASHA タシヤ 多謝 Many thanks.

TASHAKU タシヤク 他借 (*hoka yori kariru*) — *suru*, to borrow money, to get a loan of money.

TASHI タシ 足 n. That which is added to make up the full number or quantity, complement: — *wo suru*.

†TASHI タシ — *naru*, i.q. *tashika naru*: — *ni*, certainly.

TASHI,-SU タス 足 t.v. To make up a deficiency, to complete; to add to so as to make up the full number or quantity, to fill up: *fusoku wo* —, to make up what is wanting; *tegami wo kaki-tasu*, to fill up an unfinished letter; *tsugi-tasu*, to fill out by splicing; *shi ni roku tasu no tō*, six added to four make ten. Syn. SOERU.

TASHIKAME,-RU タシカメル t.v. To make certain, authenticate, verify.

TASHIKA NA タシカナ 慥 adj. Certain, true, sure, positive, assured, safe, secure, reliable: — *shōko*, certain proof; — *hito*, a safe, reliable person. Syn. KATAI, SHIKKARI TO SHITA.

TASHIKA NI タシカニ 慥 adv. Certainly, assuredly, surely, truly, positively, absolutely: — *uketoru*, certainly received; — *oboete oru*, surely remember.

TASHIMAE タシマヘ n. (coll.) Boot, anything given to make the exchange equal, or make up a deficiency: — *wo toru*, to take boot; — *wo yaru*, to give boot.

Syn. OI, SHITA.

TASHIMI,-MU タシム 嗜 t.v. To be very fond of, delight in, have pleasure in; to covet, love, addicted to: *sake wo* —, to be fond of *sake*.

Syn. SUKU, KONOMU.

TASHINAI, -KI-KU タシナイ 無足 adj. (coll.)  
Not more than one needs, only enough for  
one's self; not enough, scarce: *tashinai kara*  
*wakete yarare-nai*, as I have not enough I  
cannot divide it.

TASHINAME, -RU タシナメル t.v. To afflict; to  
rebuke, reprove.

TASHINAMI タシナミ 謹 n. Circumspection,  
caution, prudence, care: — *no ii hito*, a per-  
son of great prudence, or one who is well  
provided with acquirements for a future  
contingency.

Syn. TSUTSUSHIMI, YŌJIN

TASHINAMI, -MU タシナム 謹 t.v. To be cir-  
cumspect, cautious, careful, watchful, prudent,  
provident; to be fond of, delight in: *mi wo*  
—, to conduct one's self with propriety.

Syn. TSUTSUSHIMU, YŌJIN SURU.

TASHINAMU, or TASHINAMERARU タシナメラル 窘  
i.v. To be persecuted, afflicted, distressed,  
harrassed.

TASHINKYŌ タシンケウ 多神教 n. Poly-  
theism.

TASHO タシヨ 他所 (*yoso*) n. Another or  
strange place: — *no mono*, a stranger; — *ye*  
*deru*, to go to another place.

TASHŌ タシヤウ 他生 (*hoka no umare*) n.  
Another or previous state of existence.

TA-SHŌ タセウ 多少 (*ōi sukunai*) Many or  
few, more or less: — *ni kakawarazu*, no  
matter whether many or few; — *sō da*; — *ni*  
*yorazu*.

TASHŪ タシウ 他宗 n. Another or different  
sect, — not one's own.

TASHUTSU タシユツ 他出 (*yoso ye deru*) — *suru*,  
to go out.

TASOGARE タソガレ 黄昏 (*kō-kon*) n. Evening,  
a little after sundown, twilight: *hi no — ni*  
*natta*.

TASOKU タソク 多足 n. That which serves to  
fill or make up a deficiency, or to make a  
sufficiency, help, aid: — *ni naru*, to make up  
the deficiency or full measure; *oya no — ni*  
*naru*. Syn. TASHI.

TASSHA タツシヤ 達者 One skilled in any  
thing, vigorous, well, healthy, robust, strong,  
sound in body or mind: *anata no otottsan wa*  
— *de gozarimasu ka*, is your father well? —  
*na hito*, a sound man.

Syn. SUKOYAKA, JŌBU, TATSU-JIN.

TASSHA NI タツシヤニ adv. Vigorously, in a  
strong, robust or active manner, skillfully:  
*michi wo — aruku*, to walk along actively  
without fatigue; — *kurashite iru*, to live in  
vigorous health.

TASSHI, -SU タツス 達 i.v. and t.v. To be  
thoroughly versed, expert or proficient in; to  
reach, attain to, arrive at; to inform, com-  
municate, make known, notify, report: *bumbu*  
*ni tasshita hito*, a person perfect in literature  
and military art; *jōbun ni —*, to reach the  
ears of or report to the Mikado.

Syn. FUKOKU.

TASSHIGAKI タツシガキ 達書 n. A government  
circular or proclamation, notification.

TASŪ タスウ 多数 Majority, largest number:  
— *ni yotte kimeru*.

Syn. KWAHAN, TAIHAN.

TASUKARI, -RU タスカル 助 i.v. To be saved,  
preserved, delivered, helped, aided: *inochi ga*  
*tasukatta*, his life was saved; *tasukaranu*,  
cannot be saved.

TASUKE タスケ 助 n. Salvation, preservation,  
deliverance; succor, help, aid, assistance:  
*kami no — wo kōmuru*, to receive help from  
*kami*; — *no hei*, succoring troops; — *bune*, a  
boat which saves from drowning or shipwreck.

TASUKE, -RU タスケル 助 t.v. To save, deliver,  
succor, preserve, rescue; to aid, assist, help:  
*hito no inochi wo —*, to save the life of  
another; *ware wo tasuke-tamae*, save or help  
me; *tasukezu*, will not save or help.

Syn. SUKŪ.

TASUKE-AI, -AU タスケアフ 助合 i.v. To aid,  
help, or assist each other.

†TASUKEBONE タスケボネ n. A rib.

TASUKERARE, -RU タスケラレル 被助 (pass. or  
pot. of *tasukeru*) To be saved or helped by  
another; can save: *tasukerarenu*, cannot save.

TASUKI タスキ n. A cord used for girding up  
the sleeves while working: — *wo kakeru*, to  
gird up the sleeves.

TATAE, -RU タタヘル 湛 t.v. or i.v. To fill up  
to the brim, to be brimful, full to overflowing:  
*mizu wo oke ni —*, to fill the tub full of water;  
*umi ni tataetaru mizu*, the water which fills  
the sea.

Syn. MICHIRU, MITASU.

TATAE, -RU タタヘル 稱 t.v. To praise, sing  
praise to, to extol: *kami wo —*, to sing praise  
to God.

Syn. HOMERU, AGAMERU.

TATAE-GOTO タタヘゴト n. Praise.

TATAE-NA タタヘナ 美稱 n. A title, or  
appellation of dignity given after death.

TATAKAI タタカヒ 戦 n. War, battle, conten-  
tion, fighting: — *wo suru*, to make war; —  
*ni shinda*, died in battle.

Syn. IKUSA.

TATAKAI, -AU タタカフ 戦 i.v. and t.v. (from *ta-*  
*taki*, to beat, and *au*, each other) To fight,  
to war, to contend, or engage in battle: *teppō*  
*de —*, to fight with guns; *mikata ga teki to*  
—, our side engaged the enemy.

Syn. KASSEN SURU.

TATAKARE, -RU タタカレル (pass. or pot. of  
*tataki*) To be able to beat or strike, to be  
beaten, pounded: *tatakarete shinu*, to be  
beaten to death.

TATAKAWASE, -RU タタカハセル 令戦 (caust. of  
*tataikai*) To cause to, or let war; to make to  
fight, set to fighting.

TATAKI タタキ 細末肉 n. A food made by  
pounding the whole body of a bird or fish,  
thus comminuting the bones and flesh into  
one mass, and boiling or roasting.

TATAKI タタキ n. A hard floor made by pound-  
ing small stones and mortar together.

TATAKI, -KU タタク 叩 t.v. To strike, beat,  
knock, rap, to pound; to chop fine; to

- chirp,—as a bird; to inquire, ask respectfully: *to wo* —, to knock at the door; *taiko wo* —, to beat a drum; *kuchi wo* —, to talk much, babble; *niku wo* —, to chop meat.  
Syn. UTSU, BUTSU.
- TATAKI-AI,-AU タタキアフ 叩合 t.v. To fight or beat each other.
- TATAKI-BARAI タタキバラヒ n. Flogging and letting off,—as a punishment: *hito wo* — *ni suru*.
- TATAKI-HIRAME,-RU タタキヒラメル 敲匾 t.v. To flatten out by beating.
- TATAKI-KOROSHI,-SU タタキコロス 打殺 t.v. To beat to death.
- TATAKI-KUDAKI,-KU タタキクダク 敲碎 t.v. To break to pieces by pounding.
- TATAKI-MAGE,-RU タタキマゲル 敲彎 t.v. To bend or curve by pounding.
- TATAKI-NOMESHI,-SU タタキノメス t.v. To knock down or over: *hito wo* —, to knock a man down.
- TATAKITSUCHI タタキツチ n. A kind of water cement.  
Syn. SANWADO.
- TATAKI-WAKE タタキワケ n. Dividing equally,—as profit, loot, etc.: — *ni suru*.
- TATAMARI タタマリ n. The aggregate, sum of many items.
- TATAMARI,-RU タタマル 疊 i.v. To be folded, shut; to accumulate, increase: *hon ga* —, the book is shut.
- TATAMI タタミ 疊 n. A floor mat made of rice straw, tightly bound together and covered on the upper surface with matting; each piece being 6 feet long, 3 wide and 2 inches thick, the edges being generally neatly bound with cloth: — *wo sasu*, to make a mat; — *wo shiku*, to lay down a mat; — *ichi jō*, one mat; *yarō* —, a mat without a border.
- TATAMI,-MU タタム 疊 t.v. To fold, or double up; to multiply, increase; (coll.) to kill: *kimono wo* —, to fold clothes; *hon wo* —, to shut a book; *ie wo* —, to take down a house and pile the timbers together, in order to put it up again in another place; *kami wo* —, to fold paper; *yō ga tatande kita*, business has increased. Syn. ORU.
- TATAMI-BARI タタミバリ 疊針 n. A long needle for sewing mats.
- †TATAMI-ISU タタミイス n. An arm-chair.
- TATAMI-IWASHI タタミイハシ n. Sardines strung together and dried.
- TATAMI-KAKETE タタミカケテ 疊掛 (coll.) Repeatedly, over and over again: — *kiru*, to cut repeatedly.  
Syn. TSUZUKETE.
- TATAMI-SASHI タタミサシ 疊刺 n. A maker of floor-mats.
- TATAMIYA タタミヤ 疊屋 n. A seller or maker of floor-mats.
- TATAMIZAN タタミザン 疊算 n. A way of divining, or settling a doubt, by casting anything on a mat and counting the square on which it falls.
- TATAN タタン 多端 n. Many or numerous items: *yōji* — *ni shite hima nashi*.
- †TATANATSUKU タタナツク adj. Closely connected, or lying one upon another.
- TATANAWARI,-RU タタナハル i.v. Piled up one upon another: *tatanawaru aogakiyama*, the blue mountains (appearing to be) piled one upon other.
- TATARA タタラ 踏鞴 n. A large bellows used in melting the metal in founderies, worked by treading: — *wo fumu*.
- †TATARAME タタラメ n. Blear-eyed.
- TATARI タタリ 祟 n. Curse, evil, or calamity inflicted by a *kami*, evil spirit, or ghost of a dead person: *kami no* —; *sawaranu kami ni* — *nashi* (prov.).  
Syn. BACHI.
- TATARI,-RU タタル 祟 i.v. To inflict evil or calamity, to smite with a curse: *kami ga hito ni* —, the gods inflict evil upon men.  
Syn. BACHI WO ATERU.
- †TATARIGATA タタリガタ n. The queen-post in a roof.
- †TATASA タタサ n. The length: — *yokosa*, length and breadth.
- TATASE,-RU タタセル 令立 (caust. of *tatsu*) To help up, cause to stand up, to set free, to help off on a journey.
- TATAWASHIKI,-KU タタハシキ adj. Completely happy, full and wanting in nothing, = *fusoku naki*; *mochizuki no* — *kimi*.
- TATAZUMAI タタヅマヒ n. Stopping, standing still; the state, condition, appearance.
- TATAZUMI,-MU タタヅム イ i.v. To stop, stand still: *tatazumi-dokoro*, a stopping place.
- TATE タテ 經 n. The warp or threads which are extended lengthwise in a loom.
- TATE タテ 楯 n. A shield: — *ni toru*, to use as a shield.
- TATE タテ 堅 n. The height or length, standing up, erect; 行 a row from top to bottom: — *wa roku shaku yoko wa san jaku*, it is 6 feet high and 3 feet wide; *tate ni*, lengthwise.
- TATE タテ 立 adv. (coll.) Just now: *kumi-tate no mizu*, water just drawn; *ki-tate no kyaku*, a guest who is just come; *deki-tate*, just finished, or just made; *taki* — *no meshi*, rice just boiled; *watakushi wa kitate da kara yōsu wo shiranu*, as I have just come I don't know how it is.
- TATE,-RU タテル 立 t.v. To stand up, set up, to erect, raise, fix, establish: *to wo* —, to shut a sliding door; *koe wo* —, to raise the voice; *ie wo* —, to erect a house; *kado wo* —, to sharpen the corners of anything; *nokogiri no me wo* —, to sharpen a saw; *kokorozashi wo* —, to form a resolution; *hara wo* —, to get angry; *negai wo* —, to offer up a petition or request; *chikai wo* —, to make an oath; *shōko wo* —, to bring proof; *na wo* —, to make famous; *okite wo* —, to enact laws; *kami wo* —, to let the hair grow; *hari wo* —, to stick with a needle; *yu wo* —, to boil water; *cha wo* —, to stir powdered tea and hot water together until it foams; *uma wo* —, to stop a horse; *hi wo* —, to pass the time; *suji wo* —, to make a line or mark; *ichi wo* —, to hold a

fair, or market; *kago wo* —, to stop or rest a sedan chair; *shōchū wo* —, to evaporate alcohol; *gakumon wo tatete suru*, he devotes himself mainly to study.

TATE-AKASHI タテアカシ n. A torch; burning a light all night.

TATEBA タテバ 立場 n. Stopping place or station on a road for chair-bearers or horses.

TATEBUMI タテブミ n. An unsealed letter, open letter.

TATEDASHI タテダシ 建出 n. An apartment or building erected as an addition or extension to the main building.

TATEDOYU タテドユ 承雷 n. A pipe or spout for conducting rain-water from the roof.

TATE-EBOSHI タテエボシ 立烏帽子 n. A kind of long hat anciently worn by *buke* on state occasions.

TATEGAMI タテガミ 鬣 n. A horse's mane.

TATEGU タテグ 立具 n. Articles used in building a house, as screens, doors, etc., kept ready made for sale.

TATEGUYA タテグヤ 立具屋 n. The shop in which the above articles are sold.

TATE-HIKI, -KU タテヒク 立引 t.v. To generously aid, assist, or take the part of others: *watakushi wa ano hito ni kane wo tatehiite morōta*, I was generously assisted with money by that man.

TATE-ITO タテイト n. The warp in weaving.

TATE-ISHI タテイシ 標石 n. A pillar, or slab of stone standing on end.

TATEJIMA タテジマ 堅縞 n. Striped lengthwise, as cloth.

TATEKAE, -RU タテカヘル 立替 t.v. To erect or put up anything in the place of another, to exchange or substitute, to pay out for another: *daikin wo tatekaete dashite oku*, to advance or pay out money for another.

TATE-KIRI, -RU タテキル 立切 t.v. To close up, cut off, or shut up, as a road or thoroughfare; to intercept: *hashi wo tatekiru*, to close up a bridge so as to prevent persons passing.

TATEKOMI, -MU タテコム i.v. To throng, to crowd or press each other: *hito ga tatekonde kuru*, the people are crowding each other.

TATE-KOMORI, -RU タテコモル 楯籠 i.v. To be shut up in a fortress, or inclosed with defences; to be intrenched, to be garrisoned: *yama ni* —; *shiro ni* —.

Syn. RŌJŌ SURU.

TATE-KUDARI セテクダリ Constantly or severely purging: — *ni kudaru*, to have a continued purging.

TATEMATSURI, -RU タテマツル 奉 t.v. To give or offer to a superior,—used as a very respectful adjunct to other verbs: *miki wo kami ni* —, to offer up wine to the *kami*; *mōshiage-tatematsuri soro*, = *mōshiagemasu*, to report, inform, state; *zonji tatematsuri-soro*, = *zonji-mas*, to think, or feel; *shitagai tatematsurazu*, did not obey.

TATEMASHI タテマシ n. An extension built to a house.

TATEMONO タテモノ 立物 n. A building,

also timbers cut and made ready for a building; the horns or plume on a helmet; a crest; the principal characters in a theatre; any standing figures or statues.

†TATENUI タテヌヒ n. A maker of shields.

TATE-NUKI タテヌキ n. Warp and woof; lengthwise and crosswise.

TATERA タテラ (coll.) A word only found in combination with a few words, as: *onna*, *otoko*, *kodomo*, having the idea of not being suitable, proper or becoming, = *nagara*; as: *onna-tatera ikusa ni detagaru*, woman as she is, or unwomanlike, she wishes to go to the war; *kodomo-tatera ōfu no koto wo iu*, being only a child he talks arrogantly.

TATETSUGI タテツギ 建續 n. An extension erected so as to enlarge a house.

Syn. TATE-MASHI.

TATETSUKE タテツケ 立著 n. The crack of a door or window where the sashes meet.

TATETSUKETE タテツケテ 立著 adv. In quick succession, one after the other: *sake wo sambai* — *nonda*, drank three glasses of wine one after the other.

Syn. TSUZUKETE, KASANETE.

TATETSUKI, -KU タテツク t.v. To annoy, or vex.

TATEYA タテヤ 建家 n. A building, erection, house; i.q. *tachi-ie*.

TATE-YOKO タテヨコ n. Length and breadth, or lengthwise and crosswise; longitude and latitude.

TATEZUNA タテズナ 立砂 n. Same as *morisuna*.

TATŌ タタウ n. A portfolio.

TATŌGAMI タタウガミ 疊紙 n. A portfolio.

TATOE タトヘ 譬 n. Comparison, illustration, parable, allegory: — *wo motte*, to use an illustration.

TATOE, -RU タトヘル 譬 t.v. To compare, liken for the purpose of illustration, to elucidate, illustrate: *tatoete iwaba*, to illustrate by saying; *tatoen mono mo nashi*, nothing to which it can be compared.

Syn. HI SURU, KURABERU.

TATOEBA タトヘバ 譬 adv. For instance, by way of illustration, for example.

TATOE-BANASHI タトヘバナシ 譬話 n. An illustration, a parable, allegory.

TATOENA タトヘナ n. i.q. *tataena*.

TATOI タトヒ 假令 adv. In case that, supposing that, although, even if: — *shindemo hakujō wa senu*, will not confess though he die for it; — *nan to ittemo yurushimasen*, let him say what he will I will not pardon.

Syn. MOSHI.

†TATOSHIEBAKU タトシヘナク adv. Inexpressible, incomparable.

TATSU タツ 龍 n. A dragon; 辰 one of the twelve horary signs: — *no koku*, 8 o'clock A.M.: — *no hō*, E.S.E.; — *no otoshigo*, a species of Sea-horse, Hippocampus.

TATSU タツ 達 n. A government notification, official order.

TATSU タツ See *tachi*.

TATSUBEN タツベン 達辯 Eloquent, proficient in talking: — *na hito*. Syn. KUCHIMAME.

- TATSUDŌ タツダウ 達道 n. The path in which all men should walk, the universal rule of conduct,—as filial piety: *chū kō wa tenka no — nari*.
- TATSUGASHIRA タツガシラ 龍頭 n. A dragon's head, as carved in stone or wood.
- TATSUJIN タツジン 達人 n. An expert, adept.
- †TATSUKI タツキ n. An axe.  
Syn. ONO.
- TATSUKI タツキ 手著 n. (from *te*, hand, and *tsuki*, to hold) Something for the hand to lay hold of, a support, expedient, way, means, clue: *yo wo wataru — ga nai*, no way of making a living; i.q. *tazuki*.  
Syn. TEDATE, YOSUGA.
- TATSUKURI タツクリ 田作 n. Dried sardines, same as *gomame*.
- †TATSUKURI タツクリ n. A farmer.
- TATSUMAKI タツマキ 龍巻 n. A water-spout or wave formed by a whirlwind.
- TATSUMI タツミ 辰巳 n. — *no hō*, S. east: — *no toki*, from 8 to 10 A.M.
- †TATSUMIZU タツミヅ n. A fountain or spring.
- TATSUMONO タツモノ 直幅 n. A long scroll hung up against the wall, containing a verse of poetry, an extract from some book, or a picture.  
Syn. KAKEMONO.
- TATSUNE タツ子 命根 n. The tap-root of a tree.
- TATSU-NO-KUCHI タツノクチ n. (lit. dragon's mouth) n. A machine for spouting water, a siphon.
- †TATSURAMAI タツラマヒ n. A dance.
- †TATSUTSUMAI タツツマヒ 立舞 n. A dance.
- TATTA タツタ pret. of *tachi* and *tari*.
- TATTA タツタ (coll., same as *tada*) Only, merely: — *kore dake*, only so much.
- TATTA-IMA タツタイマ (same as *tadaima*) Now, presently.
- TATTE タツテ adv. (coll.) Urgently, importunately, right or wrong: — *negau*, urgently to request.  
Syn. ZEHI, OSHITE.
- TATTE タツテ pp. of *tachi*.
- TATTOBI, -BU タツトブ 尊 t.v. To honor, respect, reverence, esteem, to value, prize: *kami wo —*, to reverence the gods; *kimi wo —*, to honor a lord; *kin yori tattobu beki mono nashi*, there is nothing more prized than gold.  
Syn. UYAMAU, OMONZURU.
- TATTOI, -KI-SHI タツトイ 貴 adj. Exalted, honorable, noble; precious, valuable, esteemed, excellent: *kami yori tattoki mono wa nai*, there is nothing more exalted than the *kami*.  
Syn. OMOI.
- TATTOMARE, -RU タツトマレル 被貴 (pass. of *tattomu*) To be honored, or esteemed.
- TATTOMI, -MU タツトム Same as *tattobi*.
- TATTOSA タツトサ n. Honorableness, eminence, preciousness.
- †TA-UTA タウタ 田歌 n. A song sung by farmers while planting rice.
- †TAWA タワ n. The curve or level part in the contour of a mountain.
- TAWAI タワイ (coll., always with a negative) *Tawai mo nai*, stupid, dull, senseless, powerless: — *naku nete iru*, to be in a heavy sleep; *sake ni yotte — ga nai*, to be drunk and stupid; *kusatta ito wa — ga nai*, rotten thread has no strength.
- TAWAKE タハケ 戯氣 n. (coll.) A dunce, fool, foolishness, lewdness: — *me*, or — *mono*; *ōdawake*, a great dunce.  
Syn. BAKA, AHŌ.
- TAWAKE, -RU タハケル 奸 i.v. To sport, to trifle or talk nonsense, especially to a woman; to be silly, foolish, to commit lewdness: *onna ni —*; *tawaketa koto wo iu*, to talk foolishness.
- TAWAKEKI, -KU タハケキ 姪 adj. Lewd, lascivious, immoral.
- TAWAKOTO タハコト 戯言 n. Foolishness, nonsense, absurdity: — *wo iu na*.
- TAWAME, -RU タワメル 撓 t.v. To bend, to curve: *eda wo tawamete mi wo toru*, to bend the limb of a tree and pluck the fruit.  
Syn. KAGAMERU, MAGERU.
- TAWAMI, -MU タワム 撓 i.v. To bend, to sag: *ni ga omokute bō ga tawanda*, the load being heavy the pole bends.  
Syn. SHINAERU, MAGARU.
- TAWAMURE, -RU タハムレル 戯 i.v. To play, sport, to frolic, make merry, romp, make fun, joke, dally: *chō hana ni —*, the butterfly plays with the flowers.  
Syn. JŌDAN SURU, ASOBU.
- TAWAMURE-GATAKI タハムレガタキ n. Playfellow, playmate.
- TAWAMURE-GOTO タハムレゴト n. Play, sport, fun, jest, joke, dallying language.
- TAWARA タハラ 俵 n. A bag made of straw, etc., for holding grain, etc.
- †TAWARAWA タワラハ n. An infant.
- TAWAREME タハレメ 遊女 n. A prostitute, harlot.  
Syn. JŌRO.
- †TAWAREO タハレヲ n. A man fond of pleasure and harlots, whoremonger.
- †TAWARI, -RU タハル i.v. To commit lewdness.
- TAWASHI タハシ n. A small bundle of bark or straw used for scrubbing pots, etc.; a swab.
- †TAWASHIKI, -KU タハシキ adj. Lewd, lascivious.
- †TAWAWA NI タワワニ adv. Bent, curved.
- TAWAYAKA タワヤカ Bending, flexible; i.q. *taoyaka*.
- †TAWAYAME タワヤメ n. A woman, i.q. *taoyame*.
- †TAWAYASHIKI, -KU タハヤシキ adj. Easy, not difficult; i.q. *tayasuki*.
- TAWORE-GOTO タホレゴト n. Something comical.
- TAYA タヤ 多屋 n. A long row of houses under one roof, a block of houses.  
Syn. NAGAYA.
- TAYA タヤ n. The menses.
- TAYASHI, -SU タヤス 令絶 t.v. To cause to cease, to cut off, to put an end to, to exter-

minate: *shison wo* —, to cut off the posterity; *tayasazu*, not to exterminate; *ne wo* —, to eradicate.

TAYASUI, -KI-KU-SHI タヤスイ 容易 adj. Easy, not difficult: — *koto*, an easy thing; *tayasuku dekiru*, easily done.

TAYŌ タヨウ 多用 n. Much business, very busy: — *de ikaremasen*, so busy I cannot go.

TAYOKU タヨク 多慾 n. Lustfulness, covetousness, avariciousness; sensuality: — *na*.

TAYORI タヨリ 便 n. Support, reliance, dependence, trust, help, use, assistance; word, tidings, news; opportunity: *kane wo* — *ni suru*, to trust in wealth; — *no nai mono*, a person who has none to look to for help or support; *nani wo* — *ni kurashimasu*, what does he depend on for a living? *Tōkyō kara* — *ga nai*, there is no word from Tōkyō; *hito no kotoba wo* — *ni suru*, to rely upon the word of another; — *ni naranu musuko*, a son to whom one cannot look for help.

Syn. TANOMI, OTOZURE, BINGI.

TAYORI, -RU タヨル 便 i.v. To look to for aid, or help; to lean upon for support, to depend on, rely on, to trust in, to befriend: *tayoru tokoro mo nai*, none to look to for assistance or to depend on; *tayotte kita hito ga shinda*, the person I looked to for aid when I came is dead. Syn. TANOMU.

TAYOWAI, -KI-KU-SHI タヨワイ 手弱 adj. Weak, feeble, delicate.

Syn. YOWAI.

TAYŪ タユフ 大輔 n. A vice-minister of a department of state.

TAYŪ タユフ 太夫 n. The title of a performer in the *jōruri*; a Shintō priest.

TAYŪ タユウ 太夫 n. A prostitute.

Syn. KEISEI.

†TAYUGE タユゲ adj. — *na*, an appearance of negligence or feebleness.

†TAYUI タユヒ n. A gauntlet worn by soldiers.

TAYUKI, -KU タユキ adj. Slack, relaxed.

TAYUME, -RU タユメル 弛 t.v. To slacken, relax, unbend. Syn. YURUMERU, TARUMERU.

TAYUMI, -MU タユム 弛 i.v. To be slack, to relax, or remit exertion, to flag, to become careless or inattentive: *ki ga* —, to become careless; *yūki ga* —, to relax in ardor, or courage.

Syn. YURUMU, TARUMU.

TAYUTAI, -AU タユタフ i.v. To be rocked about on the waves, to be becalmed; to hesitate, to waver in doubt, to falter: *fune ga nami ni* —, the ship is becalmed on the waves; *kokoro ga* —, his mind wavers.

Syn. TADAYOU, TAMEROU.

TAZAI タザイ 多罪 (*ōku no tsumi*) n. Many crimes or sins.

TAZEI タゼイ 多衆 (*ōzei*) n. A large army, or crowd of men.

TAZEMI タゼミ n. A species of water insect.

TAZO タゾ Same as *tare zo*.

TAZOKARE タゾカレ 黄昏 n. Dusk, twilight: — *ni kaetta*, returned in the dusk of the evening; i.q. *tasogare*.

Syn. HAKUBO.

TAZU タヅ 鶴 n. A crane.

Syn. TSURU.

TAZUKI タヅキ 手著 n. Way, means, method, mode.

Syn. TAYORI.

†TAZUKI タヅキ n. An axe.

TAZUNA タヅナ 手綱 n. A rein, bridle: — *wo motsu*, to hold the reins.

TAZUNE タヅネ 子尋 n. Inquiry, search, investigation.

TAZUNE, -RU タヅネル 尋 t.v. To inquire, ask, search, hunt, to call upon, visit: *hisashiku otazune-mōshimasen*, I have not called upon you for a long time; *hito ni* —, to inquire of a person; *dorobō wo* —, to search for a thief; *nana tabi tazunete hito wo utagae* (prov.), search seven times before you suspect a person.

Syn. TOU, SAGASU, SHIRABERU.

TAZUNE-AI, -AU タヅネアフ t.v. To inquire of each other, to search for each other.

TAZUNE-DASHI, -SU タヅネダス t.v. To find out, search out.

TAZUSAE, -RU タヅサヘル 携 t.v. To carry in the hand, to take, to hold, lead, conduct, take along with, to fetch: *kago wo* —, to carry a basket; *tsue wo* —, to carry a cane.

Syn. MOTSU, HISSAGERU.

TAZUSAI, -AU タヅサフ i.v. To go together: *futari tazusaite yuku*.

TAZUSAWARI, -RU タヅサハル 黨 i.v. To join with, club or league with, to take part in, participate in, be concerned in, meddle with: *muhon ni* —, to take part in a rebellion.

†TAZUTSUMAI タヅツマヒ n. A kind of ancient dance.

TE テ 手 n. The hand, the arm; a body or division of troops; a path, or road; a tune; skill, plan, tactics, art, device; way, mode, manner of performing or doing; penmanship; handle; a person; a wound: *migi no* —, the right hand; — *no kō*, the back of the hand; — *no ura*, the palm; — *no suji*, the lines on the palm; — *no aya*, id.; *hidari no* —, left hand; *tsuru no* —, the tendril of a vine; *kago no* —, the handle of a basket; *mizu no* —, water-courses; *michi no yuku te*, the place to which a road goes; *yama no* —, the mountain region; *hi no* —, flames of a fire; *saki-te*, the van, or front division of an army; *futa te ni wakaruru*, to be divided into two divisions; *kai-te*, the buyer; *urite*, the seller; — *no kiita hito*, a skillful person, a good hand; — *no nagai hito*, a thief, a long-fingered fellow; — *wo wakeru*, to divide into companies; — *wo karu*, to borrow a hand, to help; — *wo kashite kudasa-re*, lend us a hand; — *wo dasu*, to take hold, to help to do; — *wo tsuganeru*, to fold the arms, to give up effort; — *wo kumu*, or — *wo komanuku*, id.; — *wo suru*, or — *wo momu*, to rub the hands; — *no uchi*, one's skill (in fencing); — *wo oru*, to count with the fingers; — *wo yurusu*, to let go the hand, or one's hold; — *no mono*, persons in a company, followers; — *wo kiru*, to break off intimacy; — *ni toru yō*,



or — *ni toru bakari*, so near as to be seized by the hand, close by; *hito wo — ni kakeru*, to kill a person; — *wo heru*, to pass anything through the hands of another; — *wo hiku*, to lead by the hand; to withdraw the hand, or stop doing; — *wo kudasu*, to reach down the hand, to do; — *wo ou*, to be wounded; — *wo sageru*, to let the hand hang down; — *wo tsukuru*, to join the hands (as in prayer); — *wo owaseru*, to wound; — *wo kiru*, to break off connection or relationship; — *wo tsukeru*, to apply the hand to, to touch, to set a tune to words, to cohabit; — *wo oku*, to let alone, or keep the hands off; — *wo utsu*, to clap the hands, to strike a bargain; — *wo tataku*, id.; — *wo awaseru*, to join the hands together, as in prayer; — *wo toru*, to take or hold the hand; — *wo shimeru*, to clap the hands; — *wo tsukusu*, to exhaust one's skill or art; — *wo kaeru*, to change the tactics or plan; — *wo komeru*, to do with great care or attention; — *ga aite iru*, to have nothing to do; — *wo ushinau*, to fail in one's plan, miss one's aim; — *wo tsuku*, to place the hand on the floor in a polite posture like a toad; — *ni sawaru*, to touch the hand, to feel with the hand; — *ni fureru*, id.; — *ni oi nai*, too hard to manage; — *ga tatsu*, skillful, dexterous; — *ga agaru*, to improve, to progress; — *ga fusagegaru*, to have one's hands full, busy; *kondo wa watakushi no — da*, it is now my hand, or turn at a game; *damasu ni — nashi* (prov.), no art against deception; — *ni amaru*, too much for the hands, more than one is able to do, too hard for; *sono — wa kuwanu*, that device won't do; — *ni awanu*, unable to do, unsuitable; — *ni au hodo*, as much as one is able, according to one's ability; *shōgi no —*, the moves in chess; *kono — ni itashimashō*, I will do it in this way.

TE テ代 n. Price, money paid: *saka-te*, price of sake.

Syn. SHIRO, DAI.

TE テ瘻 n. A wound.

TE テ而 A suffix to the root of verbs, forming the p.pr. as: *mite*, having seen, or by seeing; *kiite*, having heard; *utte*, sold, or by selling; *haru sugite natsu kitaru*, spring having past, summer comes.

TE-ABURI テアブリ n. A small brazier for warming the hands.

TEAI テアヒ徒 plural noun. (coll.) Persons, fellows: *ano teai*, those persons; *chūgi na —*, faithful fellows.

Syn. TOMOGARA.

TEAKI テアキ手明 (coll.) Nothing to do, hands unoccupied; — *no nai*, no leisure, hands full.

TEAMASHI,-SU テアマス t.v. To be too much or too hard for one to manage, to be beyond one's ability: *shigoto wo —*.

TEARAI,-KI-KU-SHI テアライ手荒 adj. Rough, rude, violent in doing, coarse in manner.

TEASOBI テアソビ n. A toy.

Syn. OMOCHA.

TEATARI テアタリ手當 n. The feel, or state of anything as perceived by the touch; coming within one's reach, or being near at hand: — *no yoi kinu*, silk pleasant to the touch; — *shidai ni totte nageru*, seizing whatever was within reach, he flung it.

Syn. TEZAWARI.

TEATE テアテ手當 n. Treatment or management; things needed; conveniences, means; appliances, preparation, outfit, provision, supplies, equipment; *ikusa no — wo suru*, to make preparation for war; *fune no — wo suru*, to equip a ship; *tabi no — wo suru*, to make preparation for a journey; *ro-yō no —*, funds needed on a journey.

Syn. SHITAKU, YŌI.

TEATSUI,-KI-KU-SHI テアツイ手厚 adj. Liberal, generous, munificent, polite, careful.

TEAWASE テアハセ手合 n. First encounter or meeting of hostile armies; (coll.) a bargain, contract: *kami-sori wo — suru*, to sharpen a razor on the hand.

TEAYAMACHI テアヤマチ手過 n. — *ni*, by mistake, not intentional: — *no kwaji*.

TEBA テバ (cont. of *to ieba*) Same as *teeba*.

TEBAKO テバコ手箱 n. A small box used for keeping toilet articles in.

TEBANA テバナ手鼻 Blowing the nose with the fingers: — *wo kamu*, to blow the nose with the fingers.

TEBANASHI,-SU テバナス手放 t.v. To let go the hold, remove the hands, let go: *ko wo tebanashite yoso ye yaru*, to let a child go and send him amongst strangers.

TEBARI,-RU テバル手張 i.v. (coll.) To be more than one can attend to, too much for one to do or manage: *ichi nichu no shigoto ni wa tebaru*, too much for one to do in a day.

TEBASHIKOI,-KI-KU テバシコイ adj. (coll.) Ready and expert with the hands, dexterous, adroit.

TEBATAKI テバタキ手拍 n. (coll.) Clapping the hands; (in mercantile lang.) just clearing one's expenses: — *wo suru*, to clap the hands; to sell anything for just enough to clear one's expenses.

TEBAYAI,-KI-KU-SHI テバヤイ手早 adj. Nimble of hand, quick: — *ku toru*, to seize quickly.

TEBI テビ手火 n. A torch-light, flambeau.

TEBIKAI テビカヒ手控 n. A note, or memorandum book.

Syn. TECHŌ.

TEBIKI テビキ手引 n. Leading another by the hand to show the way, a guide; an introduction; hand-reeled: — *wo suru*; — *ga nai*; — *no ito*.

Syn. ANNAI, NAKADACHI.

TEBIROI,-KI-KU-SHI テビロイ手廣 adj. Wide, extensive, widely extended: *tebiroku akinai wo suru*, to do an extensive business.

†TEBITO テビト n. An artist.

Syn. KŌJIN.

TEBŌ テボウ手棒 n. A person who has lost his hand, especially by leprosy.

TEBŌKI テバウキ手箒 n. A small broom.

TEBOKO テボコ n. A javelin, or short spear.  
 TEBOME テボメ 自讃 n. Self-praise.  
 TEBUKURO テブクロ 手袋 n. A glove, mitten.  
 TEBURA テブラ Empty-handed, unarmed: —  
*de kita.* Syn. KARATE.  
 TEBURI テブリ 手振 n. Behavior, manner:  
*miyako no — wo narau; — ga yoi.*  
 Syn. FŪZOKU.  
 TEBYŌSHI テベウシ 手拍子 n. Beating or  
 keeping time with the hands in music;  
 drumming with the fingers: — *wo toru; —*  
*wo utsu.*  
 TECHIGAI テチガヒ 手違 n. A mistake,  
 blunder, error. Syn. MACHIGAI.  
 TECHŌ テチャウ 手帳 n. A small account,  
 note, or memorandum book, pass-book.  
 TEDAI テダイ 手代 n. (coll.) One that acts  
 in the place of another; an agent, factor, a  
 clerk. Syn. BANTŌ.  
 TEDAMA テダマ n. The game of marbles, or a  
 game played with small bags filled with beans.  
 TEDARE テダレ n. Skill in the movement of  
 the hands; a skillful archer.  
 TEDARI テダリ 手垂 n. A skillful hand.  
 TEDASHI テダシ 手出 n. Putting the hand to  
 anything.  
 †TEDATE テダテ n. A buckler, or small shield.  
 TEDATE テダテ 術 n. Plan, device, stratagem,  
 scheme, trick, way, means: — *wo suru*, to  
 devise a plan.  
 Syn. KUFŪ, HAKARIGOTO, JUTSU, KUMEN, HŌBŌ.  
 TEDŌ テドホ 手遠 Distant, a long way off:  
 — *na tokoro*, a distant place.  
 TEDORI テドリ n. Seizing with the hand; the  
 net profit: *kuma wo — ni suru; — ga ikura.*  
 †TEE テヘ = *to ie*, imp. say: *teeri = to ieri*, said.  
 TEEBA テヘバ 云者 (cont. of *to ieba*, coll.) A  
 particle serving to give emphasis to what is  
 said, = I say; as, *nai-teeba*, I say there is not;  
*aru-teeba*, there are, I tell you.  
 †TEEREBBA テヘレバ (cont. of *to iereba*) conj.  
 Therefore, for the reason.  
 †TEERI テヘリ (cont. of *to ieri*) It was or is  
 said, he said.  
 TEFUDA テフダ 手札 n. A visiting card.  
 Syn. NAFUDA, MEISHI.  
 TEFURI テフリ n. The motion of the hands;  
 a *betto*, one who runs with the horse.  
 TEGAI テガヒ 手飼 Fed by the hand, reared  
 by one's self, tame, domestic,—used only of  
 animals: *tegai no inu*, a dog kept by one's  
 self; *neko wa — no toru*, a cat is a domestic  
 tiger.  
 TEGAKARI テガカリ 手掛 n. A hold, or any-  
 thing to lay the hand on; a clew, trace.  
 TEGAKE, -RU テガケル t.v. To experience:  
*korera wo tegaketa koto wa nai*, I have had no  
 experience of the cholera.  
 TEGAME テガメ n. A jar or pot with ears to  
 hold or catch it by.  
 TEGAMI テガミ 手紙 n. A letter, epistle: —  
*no mongon*, style of letters; — *wo kaku*, to  
 write a letter; — *yaru*, to send a letter; — *ga*  
*kita*, a letter has come.  
 Syn. JŌ, SHOKAN, FUMI.

TEGANE テガ子 手鎖 n. A manacle, handcuff.  
 TEGARA テガラ 手柄 n. A famous or praise-  
 worthy deed, meritorious exploit: — *wo suru*,  
 to do a heroic deed; — *na.*  
 Syn. KŌMYŌ.  
 TEGARUI, -KI-KU-SHI テガルイ 手輕 adj. Easy  
 to do, without difficulty, comparatively cheap:  
*tegaruku dekita*, easily done.  
 Syn. TAYASUI.  
 TEGASA テガサ 手傘 n. A parasol, sun-shade,  
 = *higasa.*  
 TEGASE, or TEGASHI テガセ 手柵 n. Handcuff,  
 manacle.  
 TEGATA テガタ 手形 n. A certificate, receipt,  
 voucher, passport; a ticket, bank-note.  
 TEGATAI, -KI-KU-SHI テガタイ 手堅 adj. Firm,  
 strong, durable, safe, secure; reliable, trust-  
 worthy.  
 TEGINE テギ子 手杵 n. A pestle, or small  
 pounder.  
 TEGIRE テギレ 手切 n. Cut off, broken off,  
 dissolved,—as relationship: — *ni naru.*  
 TEGIREI テギレイ 手綺麗 In a clean, neat or  
 handsome way: — *ni suru.*  
 TEGIRI テギリ 手切 n. Cut by one's self: —  
*no seppuku*, the execution of *harakiri* ordered  
 by a Daimyō himself to one of his servants,  
 and not by the orders of the government: —  
*no tabako.*  
 TEGIWA テギハ 手際 n. Workmanship, skill  
 in doing or making: *kono ezu wa — ga warui*,  
 this picture is badly done; — *no yoi daiku*, a  
 skillful carpenter.  
 Syn. TENAMI.  
 TEGOKORO テゴコロ n. Doing anything by feel-  
 ing,—not by sight; the feel of anything: *kono*  
*koto wa mada ichi do mo tegakemasen kara —*  
*ga shirenai.*  
 TEGOME, or TEGOMI テゴメ 手籠 n. Taking  
 by force, or doing against the will of another:  
*kane wo — ni toru*, taking money from  
 another by force; *onna wo — ni suru.*  
 TEGONA テゴナ n. Same as *tekona.*  
 TEGORO テゴロ 手頃 adj. Suited to the size  
 or strength of the hand, handy, convenient in  
 size: — *na tsue*, a cane suiting the hand; —  
*na bō*, a club just fitting the hand.  
 TEGOSHI テゴシ 手輿 n. Same as *tagoshi.*  
 TEGOTAE テゴタヘ 手答 n. The sensation  
 felt in the hand when striking against some-  
 thing held in it: — *ga suru.*  
 TEGOWAI テゴハイ 手剛 adj. Too rough,  
 rude, or violent for one: — *yatsu.*  
 TEGUMI テグミ 手組 n. (coll.) Folding the  
 arms; a plan, scheme, trick: — *wo suru*, to  
 fold the arms; — *ga hazureta*, my scheme  
 has failed.  
 Syn. MOKUROMI, UDEGUMI.  
 TEGURI テグリ 手操 n. Reeled by the hand,  
 adjusting one's business so as to get leisure  
 or time for something else; fishing with a small  
 net: — *wo shite yuku.*  
 Syn. KURI-AWASE.  
 TEGURUMA テグルマ 輦 n. A kind of cart used  
 only by the *Tenshi's* family.

TEGUSU テグス 天蠶絲 n. A kind of fishing line made of *yamamayu* silk.

TEGUSU-MUSHI テグスムシ n. The caterpillar which produces the *yamamayu* cocoon.

TEGUTSU テグツ n. Manacles, handcuffs.

TEHAZU テハヅ 手筈 n. Plan, arrangement, scheme, project: — *ga hazureru*.

TEHAJIME テハジメ 手始 n. The commencement, or first part of any work.

TEHEN テヘン 天邊 n. The crown of a helmet: *kabuto no* —. Syn. TENKŪ.

TEHIDOI, -KI-KU-SHI テヒドイ adj. (coll.) Severe, violent, cruel.

TEHODOKI テホドキ 手解 n. The commencement or beginning of any work.

TEHON テホン 手本 n. A copy for imitation, a sample, pattern, model, specimen, example: *hito no* — *ni naru*, to be an example to others. Syn. MIHON, KIKAN.

TEI テイ 貞 (*misao*) Fidelity or obedience of a wife to her husband: — *jo*, a virtuous woman.

TEI テイ 亭 n. A roof supported by pillars, a pavilion, shed, summer-house. Syn. CHIN.

TEI テイ 呈 — *suru*, to present to a superior; to send up,—as a statement or plea.

TEI テイ 體 n. (coll.) Form, appearance, looks, fashion, manner, state, condition: — *wo kaseru*, to change one's appearance; *hyakushō no* — *naru*, to look like a farmer; *myaku* —, state of the pulse. Syn. KATACHI, SUGATA.

TEI テイ 帝 n. The Mikado, Emperor.

TEIBŌ テイバウ 堤防 (*tsutsumi*) n. A dike, levee.

TEICHI テイチ 偵知 (*ukagai shiru*) — *suru*, to reconnoitre, spy out, find out: *teki no arisama wo* — *suru*.

TEICHŌ テイチャウ 鄭重 Serious, grave; politeness: — *ni suru*, to treat seriously or politely.

TEIDAI テイダイ 邸第 (*yakata*) n. A mansion.

TEIDO テイド 低度 n. Low degree, inferior in rank, or kind.

TEIFUTSU テイフツ 鼎沸 (*waki kaeru*: — *suru*, met.) To boil, to be agitated and in commotion like boiling water.

TEIGAKU テイガク 定額 (*kimari no taka*) n. Fixed amount, fixed quantity or number.

TEIGE テイゲ 庭下 (*iyashiki*) Low in social condition: — *no bombu*.

TEIGI テイギ 程儀 n. A present to one going on a journey.

TEIGO テイゴ 亭午 (*mahiru*) n. Noon, mid-day.

TEIHATSU テイハツ 剃髮 — *suru*, to shave the head, to become a bonze. Syn. RAKUSHOKU.

TEIHEI テイヘイ 逞兵 n. A daring soldier, picked soldiers.

TEI-IN テイイン 定員 n. The fixed number of persons.

TEIJITSU テイジツ 貞實 n. Honest, true, faithful, upright. Syn. SHINJITSU.

TEIJO テイヂョ 貞女 n. A virtuous woman.

TEIJŌ テイジヤウ 呈上 — *suru*, to give, to present to a superior. Syn. SHINJŌ.

TEIJŌ テイジョ 剃除 (*soru*) — *suru*, to shave the head or beard.

TEIJŪ テイジウ 聽從 (*kiki shitagau*) — *suru*, to listen, obey.

TEIKA テイカ 低價 (*hikui ne*) n. Low price, cheap: — *ni uru*, to sell at a low price; — *ni naru*, to become cheap.

TEIKA テイカ 定價 (*kimari nedan*) n. Fixed price.

TEIKAKAZURA テイカカヅラ 絡石 n. The name of a vine, *Malonetia asiatica*.

TE-IKE テイケ 手活 — *no hana*, a flower kept blooming in a vessel of water.

TEIKI テイキ 定期 (*sadamatta toki*) n. Fixed time, stated periods: — *hatsuda*, published periodically; — *uri-kai*, selling and buying on time—as brokers; — *mai*, buying and selling rice on time; — *shiken*, stated examination,—of schools; — *azukekin*, a fixed deposit—of money.

TEIKIN テイキン 庭訓 (*niwa no oshie*) n. A garden or home lecture.

TEIKO テイコ 貞固 (*monogatai*) — *naru*, honest, upright.

TEIKŌ テイコウ 抵抗 n. Resistance, opposition: — *ryoku*, power of resistance.

TEIKYŌKI テイキョウキ 聽胸器 n. A stethoscope.

TEIKYŪ テイキフ 涕泣 (*naku*) — *suru*, to cry, weep.

TEINAI テイナイ 邸内 (*yashiki no uchi*) n. In the grounds or domain of a mansion or temple.

TEINEI テイ子イ 丁寧 Neat, nice, exact, scrupulous, careful, particular, delicate, genteel, courteous, polite: — *na*, adj. — *ni*, adv. — *ni oshieru*, to teach carefully; — *ni mono wo tsutsumu*, to wrap up anything neatly. Syn. INGIN, MEMMITSU, NENGO.

TEIŌ テイワウ 帝王 n. The sovereign, Emperor.

TEIPPAN テイッパン 手一杯 n. A handful: *akinai wo* — *ni suru*, to trade with one's own capital,—without a partner; also, to invest one's whole property in business.

TEIRAKU テイラク 低落 (*hikuku ochiru*) — *suru*, to fall in price, or value: *bukka ga* — *suru*.

TE-IRAZU テイラズ 手不入 New, not yet used: — *no mono*, a thing that has not yet been used.

TE-IRE テイレ 手入 n. (coll.) Repairing, mending, putting the hand to, working at: — *wo suru*, to mend, repair. Syn. NAOSU, TSUKUROI.

TEIRETSU テイレツ 貞烈 (*misao*) n. Female virtue.

TEIRI テイリ 定理 n. An established principle, axiom.

TEIRITSU テイリツ 定律 n. The laws of matter.

TEIRON テイロン 定論 n. An axiom, established truth.

TEIRYŌ テイリヤウ 定量 n. Natural quantity, number of constituent parts: — *bunseki*, quantitative analysis.

TEIRYŪ テイリフ 鼎立 — *suru*, to stand up separately like the three legs of a pot.

TEISAI テイサイ 体裁 n. Manner, form, appearance: *fu* —, unseemly.

TEISEI テイセイ 訂正 (*tadasu*) — *suru*, to revise, correct a writing.

TEISEI テイセイ 鄭聲 n. Immoral or licentious songs.

TEISETSU テイセツ 貞節 n. Female virtue, or fidelity to a husband: — *wo mamoru*.  
Syn. MISAO.

TEISHIN テイシン 貞心 n. Female virtue: — *na onna*, a virtuous woman.

TEISHINHŌ テイシンハフ 聽診法 n. (med.) Auscultation.

TEISHINSHŌ テイシンシヤウ 遞信省 n. Department of Communications, which has charge of affairs connected with the postal service, telegraph, light-house, and navigation, — established in Dec., 1885.

TEISHITSU テイシツ 定質 n. Innate quality or nature, natural constitution: — *bunseki*, qualitative analysis.

TEISHOKU テイシヨク 停職 (*tsutome wo todomuru*) — *suru*, to suspend from office.

TEISHU テイシュ 亭主 n. The master of a house, head of a family, a husband.  
Syn. ARUJI, OTTO.

TEISŌ テイサウ 貞操 (*misao*) n. Female virtue.

TEISŌ テイサウ 廷爭 — *suru*, to faithfully remonstrate with or admonish the Emperor.

TEISŌ テイソウ 遞送 n. Sending by post or mail: — *hi*, postage; — *ryō*, id.

TEISOKU テイソク 鼎足 Like the three legs of a pot.

TEISOKU テイソク 抵觸 (*fure ataru*) — *suru*, to hit against, come into collision, to conflict.

TEISOKU テイソク 定則 n. Established law, custom or usage.

†TEITA テイタ 手版 n. A wooden tablet carried by a *Kuge*, same as *Shaku*.

TEITAI テイタイ 停滞 n. Delay, dilatoriness, slowness; indigestion, dyspepsia: — *suru*, to be tardy, dilatory, to have indigestion; *jimu ga* — *suru*.

TE-ITAI, -KI-KU-SHI テイタイ手痛 adj. Severe, violent, until the hand is tired: *tetaku semeru*, to attack severely; — *tatakau*, to fight hard.

TEITAKU テイタク 邸宅 (*yakata*) n. A mansion.

TEITARAKU テイタラク 爲體 n. The condition, manner, circumstance.  
Syn. ARISAMA.

TEITO テイト 帝都 n. The capital, or residence of the Emperor.  
Syn. MIYAKO.

TEITŌ テイトウ 低頭 (*kashira wo tareru*) Bowing the head low: — *suru*.

TEITŌ テイトウ 低當 n. Security: — *butsu*; — *ni suru*, to go security.

TEITOKU テイトク 提督 n. Admiral: *fuku* —, vice-admiral.

TEIZEN テイゼン 庭前 n. A courtyard, flower-garden. Syn. SONO.

TEJAKU テジヤク n. Pouring out wine for one's self: — *wo suru*.

TEJIKA テジカ 手近 Near at hand, within reach: — *na tokoro*, a place near at hand; — *no mono*, anything within reach.  
Syn. TEMOTO.

TEJINA テジナ 手品 n. Motions or gestures of the hand, movement of the hands in dancing, sleight of hand, legerdemain, = *tezuma*.

TEJŌ テジヤウ 手鎖 n. Handcuffs, manacles.  
Syn. TEGASE.

TEJŌBU テジヤウブ 手丈夫 Strongly made, durable, firm.

TEJUN テジュン 手順 n. (coll.) The order or method of doing, form, procedure: *shigoto no* — *ga warui*, the work is not done in the proper order; — *wo heru*, to go through the proper formalities.

TEKAKE テカケ 妾 n. A concubine.  
Syn. MEKAKE, SHŌ.

TEKAKI テカキ 手書 n. A good penman.

TE-KAZU テカズ 手數 n. (coll.) Number of hands or workmen, much labor, frequent services, help, assistance, trouble: — *ga ōi kara hayaku dekiru*, as there are many hands at work it will soon be done; — *wo heru*, to be done through another; — *wo habuku*, to save trouble; — *ga kakaru*, to require much labor or trouble; *iro-iro o* — *wo kakemashita*, I have troubled you many times, many thanks; *ōki ni o* — *ni narimashita*, I have given you much trouble.

†TEKE テケ (cont. *ten* and *ki*) n. Weather.

TEKI テキ 敵 n. An enemy, foe: — *ni naru*, to become an enemy; — *ni katsu*, to overcome the enemy; — *suru*, to oppose, resist, contend with; — *suru mono ga nai*, there was no one who could oppose him.  
Syn. KATAKI, ADA, ATTE.

TEKI テキ 滴 n. A drop: *itteki*, one drop.  
Syn. TARASHI, SHIZUKU.

TEKI テキ 的 post. pos. Of, used also as adj. particle: *kwagaku teki sakuyō*, chemical action; *baka teki*, = *baka-mono*, a dunce.  
Syn. NO.

TEKI-I テキイ 適意 (*kokoro makase*) According to one's will or pleasure, agreeable to one's mind or judgment: — *ni seyo*, do just as you please, use your own pleasure; — *ni nomu*, drink as much as you please.

TE-KIBISHII, -KI-KU テキビシイ手嚴 adj. (coll.) Severe, rigorous, strict; i.q. *kibishii*.

TEKI-CHI テキチ 敵地 n. The enemy's country, a hostile country.

TEKICHŪ テキチウ 的中 (*mato ni ataru*) — *suru*, to hit the mark: *ano hito no itta koto ga* — *shita*, it has turned out just as he said.

TEKIGI テキギ 適宜 (*hodoyoki*) Convenient, suitable: — *na mono*.

TEKIHAKI テキハキ adv. (coll.) Soon, quickly, diligently: — *to tenki ni naranu*, it will not clear off very soon.

Syn. HAYAKU.

TEKI-HI テキヒ 適否 Proper or not, suitable or not.

TEKIKI テキキ 手利 n. Smart, adroit, active, or expert in doing anything.

TEKIKOKU テキコク 敵國 (*teki no kuni*) n. The enemy's country.

TEKIMEN テキメン 観面 adv. (coll.) Quick and manifest, immediate and obvious, in a striking manner, at once: — *ni kusuri ga kiita*, the effects of the medicine were quickly manifest; — *ni bachi ga atatta*, he was quickly smitten with punishment.

Syn. ICHI-JIRUSHIKU, MEIHAU, FUMMYŌ, MONOATARI.

TEKIN テキン 手金 n. (coll.) Earnest money, advance money, bargain money = *tetsukekin*.

TEKIPAKI テキパキ adv. (coll.) Quickly, industriously, actively, diligently: *sono shigoto wo sō noroku shite wa ikemasen — to suru ga ii*.

TEKIREI テキレイ 的例 n. An example, or case in point; a precedent; established usage.

TEKIRI テキリ 手断 n. Cutting acquaintance, breaking off connection.

TEKIRIKIN テキリキン n. Money given to either wife or husband when the connection is severed.

TEKISETSU テキセツ 適切 Suitable, appropriate.

Syn. TEKITŌ, KANAU.

TEKISHU テキシユ 敵手 n. An antagonist, foe, enemy.

TEKITAI, -AU テキタフ 敵對 t.v. (coll.) To be hostile, resist, contend, to fight with, oppose: *tekitaui kokoro nashi*, have no desire to oppose.

Syn. AITEDORU.

TEKITŌ テキタウ 的當 Suitable, proper, fitting, appropriate, becoming: — *no home-kata*, praise just suitable to one's merit; — *shitaru reigi*, appropriate ceremonies; *futekitō*, unsuitable.

Syn. SŌ-Ō, KANAU.

TEKI-YAKU テキヤク 敵薬 n. An incompatible medicine; also 適薬 a medicine suitable to a disease.

TEKI-YŌ テキヨウ 適用 (*ate mochiiru*) n. Application, correspondence: — *suru*, to apply; *kono kisoku wo ano koto ni — suru*.

TEKKIRI テツキリ adv. (com. coll.) Just, exactly: — *sō da*, just so; — *ataru*.

TEKKŌ テツカフ 手甲 n. A kind of mitten covering only the back of the hand.

Syn. TEBUKURO.

TEKKŌ テツクワウ 鉄鑛 n. Iron ore.

TEKKYO テツキヨ 撤去 (*tori-saru*) — *suru*, to take away, remove, — as food from the table.

TEKKYŌ テツケウ 鉄橋 n. An iron bridge; a gridiron.

TEKKYŪ テツキウ 鐵橋 n. A gridiron.

Syn. ABURIKO.

TEKO テコ 木槌 n. A lever: *kana* —, an iron lever.

†TEKO テコ n. The youngest child.

TEKOMAI テコマヒ 手子舞 n. A kind of comic dance or pageant at festivals, where men and women dressed in peculiar clothing walk in procession.

†TEKONA テコナ n. A beautiful woman; the youngest daughter; a butterfly.

†TEKORA テコラ n. A beautiful woman: — *na*, beautiful, lovely.

TEKOZURI, -RU テコスル i.v. (coll.) To be perplexed, troubled, embarrassed.

TEKUBARI テクバリ 手配 n. Distribution of troops or hands for any kind of work, division of labor: — *wo suru*.

Syn. TEWAKE.

TEKUBI テクビ 手首 n. The wrist.

TEKUDA テクダ 手管 n. (coll.) Artifice, deception, trick: — *ni kakaru*, to be the subject of a deception; — *ni noserareru*, id.

TEKUSE テクセ 手癖 n. Habit, or style of penmanship; also, a habit of pilfering: — *ga warui*.

TEMA テマ 手間 (*te no ma*) n. The time spent in work or doing anything, leisure or interval between work: *tanto — no iru shigoto*, a work which will take a long time to do; *mō sukoshi — ga iru*, it will take a little more time yet; — *wo ireru*, to spend a long time in doing; — *no kakaru shigoto*, work requiring time to do; — *wo toru*, to take time; — *wo habuku*, to save time.

Syn. HIMA.

TEMACHIN テマチン 手間賃 n. The price of labor, wages of workmen, — reckoned according to the time spent on the work.

Syn. SAKURYŌ.

TEMADAI テマダイ 手間代 Same as *temachin*.

TEMADORI, -RU テマドル 手間取 i.v. To spend or take a long time; to be tardy, slow; to delay, procrastinate.

Syn. HIMADORU.

TEMAE テマヘ 手前 pron. I (in speaking humbly of one's self); or you (in speaking contemptuously to another); this side; before, or in the sight of; manner of holding: *temae domo*, we or you (plur.); *kawa no —*, this side of the river; *hito no — ga hazukashii*, ashamed to have anything known by others; *temae-gatte*, one's own convenience, one's own pleasure; *teppō no —*, manner of holding a musket.

Syn. WARE, OMAE, KOCHI.

TEMAHIMA テマヒマ n. Leisure, or interval between work.

TE-MAKURA テマクラ 手枕 n. The arm used as a pillow: — *wo shite neru*, to sleep with the head on the arm.

TEMAME テマメ Dexterous, expert, skillful in doing; diligent: — *ni shigoto wo suru*, to be expert or diligent in doing one's work.

TEMANE テマ子 手真似 n. Gesture, or motions of the hands: — *wo shite hanashi wo suru*, to talk and gesticulate.

TEMANEKI テマ子キ 手招 n. Beckoning with the hand: — *wo suru*, to beckon.

- TEMARI テマリ 手毬 n. A small ball, hand-ball: — *wo tsuku*, to strike a ball with the hand.
- TEMARI-BANA テマリバナ 綉毬花 n. *Hoya carnosia*.
- †TEMASAGURI,-RU テマサグル t.v. To handle anything without thinking about it, to play with anything in the hands.
- TEMATORI テマトリ 手間取 n. (coll.) An assistant to a workman, an under workman. Syn. YATOIDO, HIYŌ.
- TEMAWARI テマハリ 手廻 n. Anything near or at hand; a servant of a Daimyō who carries his master's sandals; a packet or bundle carried in the hand.
- TEMAWARI,-RU テマハル t.v. To accomplish, finish.
- TEMAWASHI テマハシ 手廻 n. Doing this and that in anticipation, or in providing for something to come: *shō gwatsu no — wo suru*, to get ready, by doing this and that, for the new year's holidays.
- TEMBAI テンバイ 典賣 — *suru*, to pawn or sell one's things,—as when in want.
- TEMLAKU テンバク 纏縛 (*matoi shibaru*) — *suru*, to bind up, trammel, hamper: *goyoku ni — seraru*, to be bound by the five lusts (Bud.).
- TEMBATSU テンバツ 天罰 n. The punishment of heaven: — *wo nogaruru koto wa naranu*, cannot escape the punishment of heaven.
- TEMBEN テンベン 轉變 n. Changes: *shiki no —*, change of season.
- TEMBIN テンビン 天秤 n. Scales for weighing, a balance: — *ni kakete mekata wo hakaru*, to place in the scales and weigh.
- TEMBIMBŌ テンビンボウ 擔棒 n. The pole used for carrying burdens across the shoulder.
- TEMBŌ テンバウ 轉胞 n. Retention of urine.
- TEMBU テンブ 天部 n. The general name for the 33 Buddhist divinities who dwell in heaven.
- TEMBUTSU テンブツ 典物 n. Anything pawned at a pawnbroker's shop, a pledge: — *suru*, to pawn; — *wo ukeru*, to redeem anything pawned; — *ni ireru*, to pawn. Syn. SHICHIGUSA, SHICHIMOTSU.
- TEMIJIKI テミジカ 手短 Short, brief, concise: — *na oshie*, short lessons, or instructions easily comprehended; — *ni mono wo iu*, to tell anything in a few words; — *ni suru*, to do up expeditiously; — *ni ieba*, in short. Syn. KAMBEN-NI.
- TEMIZU テミヅ n. Water for washing the hands.
- TEMLA テンマ 天魔 n. A devil, demon dwelling in heaven (Bud.).
- TEMLA テンマ 天麻 n. The name of a plant, the root of which is used as a medicine.
- TEMLA テンマ 哨船 n. A small boat, used for plying between a ship and the land.
- TEMLA テンマ 傳馬 n. The pack-horses formerly kept at a post-station for government use.
- TEMLAKU テンマク 天幕 n. Curtains hanging around a room from the ceiling in theatres, or temples; a tent.
- TEMLATSU テンマツ 顛末 (*koto no moto sue*) n. Particulars, circumstances.
- TEMLMEI テンメイ 天命 n. The will or decree of heaven; fate, providence, destiny.
- TEMLMEN テンメン 纏綿 (*karamaru*) — *suru*, to coil around, twine around,—as a vine; to bind around, to be involved with: interminable in talking: *tsuta ga ki ni — suru*; *gengo — tari*, their talking was interminable.
- TEMLMŌ テンマウ 天網 (*ten no ami*) n. The net of heaven in which the wicked are caught: — *morasazu*.
- TEMLMOKU テンモク 天目 n. A large and deep earthen bowl; a large tea cup.
- TEMLMON テンモン 天文 n. Astronomy, astrology: — *gaku*, science of astronomy.
- TEMLMONDAI テンモンダイ 天文臺 n. An observatory.
- TEMLMONDŌ テンモンドウ 天門冬 n. Asparagus.
- TEMLMONSHA テンモンシヤ 天文者 n. An astrologer, astronomer.
- TE-MOCHI テモチ 手持 n. The way of holding anything in the hand.
- TEMOCHI-BUSATA テモチブサタ Awkward in the management of the hand: — *de kaeru*, to come back empty-handed or disgusted; — *de atta*; — *ni omou*.
- TE-MODORI テモドリ 手戻 n. A relapse, as in disease; turning back to a former condition: — *ga shita*.
- TEMOMAA テモマア interj. of surprise or wonder.
- TEMONAKU テモナク adv. Just like, very like, not different from; very easily, without opposition.
- TEMORI テモリ n. Helping one's self to food at the table, waiting upon one's self: — *wo suru*.
- †TEMOSUMA NI テモスマ adv. Doing anything with the hands without ceasing or resting.
- TEMOTO テモト 手許 Near, at hand, convenient, within reach: *ima — ni kane ga nai*, I have no money by me just now; — *ni aru mono wo totte nageru*, threw anything he could lay his hands on.
- TEMOTSURE テモツレ 手纏 n. Entanglement, perplexity; difficulty, trouble.
- TEMOZORI テモゾリ n. Tossing or moving the hands about, as one in great pain.
- TEMLPAI テンパイ 天盃 n. The Mikado's wine-glass: — *wo tamawaru*.
- TEMLPEN テンペン 天變 n. An extraordinary sign in the heavens: — *ga arawareru*, a sign appeared in the heavens.
- TEMLPIN テンピン 天稟 (*umaretsuki*) Natural, inborn.
- TEMLPŌ テンポウ 天保 n. The name of an oval brass coin,=100 cash.
- TEMLPŌ テンバウ 轉方 Changing a prescription, or mode of treatment.
- TEMLPŌ テンポウ 轉蓬 n. The flower of a species of *Erigeron*.
- TEMLPU テンブ 天父 n. Heavenly Father.
- TEMLPU テンブ 天賦 (*umaretsuki*) Natural, inborn, innate.

- TEMPU** テンブ 天賦 (*ten yori sazukaru*) Conferred by heaven, innate, inherent: — *no ken-ri*, inherent rights.  
Syn. KOYŪ.
- TEMPUKU** テンブク 顛覆 (*kutsugaesu*) — *suru*, to subvert, overturn, upset: *seifu wo* — *suru*.
- TEMPURA** テンプラ 天麩羅 n. Anything fried in oil; fish-cutlets, fritters.
- TEMUKAI** テムカヒ 手向 n. Opposition, resistance: *oya ni* — *wo suru*, to raise one's hand against a parent.
- TEMUKAI, -AU** テムカフ 手面 t.v. To violently resist, or oppose; to strike or use violence to a superior.
- TEN** テン 天 (*ame*) n. The sky, the heavens; heaven, the supreme power, providence, or nature; the blank space at the top of a page; inborn, natural, imperial: — *ye noboru*, to ascend to heaven; — *kara ochiru*, to fall from heaven; — *wo ogamu*, to worship heaven.  
Syn. SORA.
- TEN** テン 篆 n. The ancient Chinese seal-character: — *gaku*, the heading of an inscription in the seal-character.
- TEN** テン 店 (*mise*) n. A shop, office: *hon* —, principal office; *shi* —, branch —.
- TEN** テン 點 n. A dot, point: — *wo utsu*, to make a dot; — *wo orosu*, to mark the spot where the moxa is to be applied.
- TEN** テン 貂 n. A marten, sable: — *no kawa*, the skin of a marten.
- †**TEN** テン A future particle: *kiten*, will come; *okurite tamaiten ya*, will you accompany me?
- TENABE** テナベ n. A pot with a handle: — *wo sageru*, to cook one's own food (used in contempt).
- TENAE** テナヘ n. A withered arm, crippled in the arm.
- TENAGA** テナガ n. A long-armed person; a waiter, — at the table (obs).
- TENAGAGUMO** テナガグモ n. The long-legged spider.
- TENAGAJIMA** テナガジマ n. An island supposed to be inhabited by long-armed people.
- TENAGAZARU** テナガサル 猿猴 n. A long-armed ape.
- TENAMI** テナミ 手練 n. Hand or skill in doing, dexterity: — *no hodo wo miyō*, let us see your skill.  
Syn. SHUREN.
- TENARAI** テナラヒ 手習 n. Learning to write, penmanship: — *wo suru*, to practice penmanship, to learn to write.
- TENARASHI, -SU** テナラス 令手馴 t.v. To break in, to accustom to one's use, to train: *taka wo* —, to break in a falcon; *uma wo* —, to break a horse.  
Syn. NATSUKERU.
- TENARE, -RU** テナレル 手馴 i.v. To be accustomed to the use of anything, to be in the habit of using, used to: *watakushi no tenareta ōgi*, a fan I am in the habit of using.
- †**TENASHI** テナシ Without sleeves.
- TENCHA** テンチャ 點茶 n. Making an infusion of powdered tea: — *no kwai*, a tea-party.
- TENCHI** テンチ 天地 (*ame tsuchi*) n. Heaven and earth: — *no chigai*, as different as heaven and earth.
- TENCHŌ** テンテウ 天朝 n. The court of the Mikado; the government.
- TENCHŌ** テンチャウ 天頂 (*teppen*) n. The zenith.
- TENCHŌ** テンチャウ 天聽 (*tenshi no kiki*) n. The hearing of the Mikado: — *ni tassuru*.
- TENCHŪ** テンチュウ 天誅 n. The punishment of heaven: — *wo kōmuru*.
- TENDAISHŪ** テンダイシウ 天台宗 n. The name of a sect of Buddhists.
- TENDE** テンデ 自初 adv. From the first, from the beginning; that alone; to speak of nothing else.
- TENDEN** テンデン adv. (coll.) Each one, every one, all: *tende ni*, id.  
Syn. ONO-ONO, MEI-MEI, MEN-MEN.
- TENDE NI** テンデニ adv. (com. coll.) Each one, i.q. *ono-ono*.
- TENDŌ** テンダウ 天堂 n. The heavenly temple, paradise, heaven (a Budd. word): — *ni umareru*, to enter paradise.  
Syn. GOKURAKU, JŌDO.
- TENDŌ** テンダウ 天道 (*shizen no michi*) n. The laws or ordinances of heaven, laws of nature, heaven, Providence: — *ni somuku*, to break the laws of nature.  
Syn. DŌRI.
- TENDŌ** テンダウ 顛倒 (*kutsugaeri taoru*) Turning up side down, to be overthrown, capsized: *ki ga* — *suru*, to be surprised and bewildered.
- TENDOKU** テンドク 轉讀 The manner in which the Buddhist priests recite the sacred books, reading a little here and there, and skipping over many leaves: — *suru*, to recite the sacred books in the above manner.
- †**TENGA** テンガ 天下 i.q. *denka*.
- TENGA** テンガ 天河 (*ama no gawa*) n. The Milky Way.
- TENGAI** テンガイ 天涯 n. The horizon, the utmost verge of the heavens.
- TENGAI** テンガイ 天蓋 n. A canopy or dome of wood or gold under which idols are seated, also a canopy carried over the coffin at funerals.
- TENGAN** テンガン 天顔 n. The face of the Mikado: — *ga uruwashii*, Emperor is pleased.
- TENGAN-KYŌ** テンガンキヤウ 天眼鏡 n. A mirror which magnifies the face.
- TENGEN** テンゲン 轉言 (*hirugaeru kotoba*) n. An altered word, a word formed from another by a change of some of its letters.
- TENGO** テンゴ 轉語 (*yoko-namari*) n. A corrupt word, i.e. a word altered from its original form of writing or pronunciation.
- TENGŌ** テンガウ n. (coll.) Playing with anything in the hands, motions or gestures made with the hands: — *suru*, to lay hold of, to handle.
- TENGU** テング 天狗 n. An imaginary being supposed to inhabit mountains and unfrequented places, represented in pictures with a long nose, wings, and two claws on each foot

- and hand; an elf, or hobgoblin, devil: — *ni naru*, to become proud or vain; — *wo iu*, to boast, vaunt one's self.
- TENGUJŌ テングデウ 典具帖 n. A kind of fine thin paper.
- TENGUN テンゲン 天軍 n. Imperial army; the hosts of Heaven.
- TENGUSA テングサ n. A species of sea-weed, *Gelidium corneum*, used in making *tokoroten* and *kanten*.
- TENGYŌ テンダフ 轉業 (*shōbaigae*) — *suru*, to change one's business or employment.
- TEN-I テンイ 天意 n. The will of heaven.
- TE-NI-WO-HA テニヲハ n. The particles used by the Japanese to show the relations of words to each other; the rules of grammar: *kono bun wa — ga totonowanu*, this composition does not accord with the rules of grammar.
- TENJI テンジ 典侍 (*naishi no suke*) n. The Mikado's concubines.
- TENJI, -RU OR -ZURU テンズル 轉 i.v. and t.v. To turn, change, to vary, alter; to be changed, turned: *hō wo —*, to change a prescription, mode of treatment, or of making anything; *ikari wo —*, to change from anger to merriment; *ki wo —*, to refresh the spirits; *mu (ム) no on tenjite n (ン) to naru*, the sound of *mu* is changed into *n*. Syn. KAERU.
- TENJI, -ZURU テンズル 點 t.v. To make a light: *hi wo —*, to light a lamp.
- TENJIKU テンダク 天竺 n. India: — *momen*, T-cloths.
- TENJIKU-BOTAN テンダクボタン n. The Dahlia.
- TENJIN テンジン 天神 n. Gods that dwell in the heavens.
- TENJO テンジョ 天序 (*ten no tsuide*) The order ordained by Heaven.
- TENJO, OR TEN-NYO テンヂョ 天女 n. Same as *tennin*.
- TENJŌ テンジャウ 天井 n. The ceiling of a room; (coll.) upper side, top, sky: *wakaranu koto no —*, the most obscure of all things.
- TENJŌ テンジャウ 天上 (*ten no ue*) n. Heaven: — *suru*, to ascend to heaven, to mount up into the air; — *ni umareru*, to go to heaven.
- TENJŌ-BITO テンジャウビト 殿上人 n. The persons belonging to the Mikado's court, the *kuge*.
- TENJU テンジュ 天授 (*ten no sazuke*) n. Given or conferred by Heaven.
- TENJU テンジュ 天壽 (*naga inochi*) n. A long life granted by heaven.
- TENJŪ テンジュウ 轉住 Removal: — *suru*, to change one's abode.
- TENKA テンカ 天下 (*ame ga skita*) n. Under heaven, the whole world, the empire of Japan: — *ni nai*, nothing like it in the world; — *ittō*, the whole world, or the whole empire; — *busō*, not another like it in the world; *tenka wa tenka no tenka nari* (prov.).
- TENKAN テンカン 癲癩 n. Epilepsy.
- TEN-KARA テンカラ adv. (coll.) From the first, from the beginning.
- TENKEI テンケイ 典刑 (*go hatto*) n. A law, statute.
- TENKEI テンケイ 天啓 (*ten no shimeshi*) n. A revelation from heaven.  
Syn. MOKUSHI.
- TENKEI-BYŌ テンケイビヤウ 天刑病 n. The disease inflicted by heaven, viz., the leprosy.  
Syn. RAIBYŌ, KATTAI.
- TENKEN テンケン 天險 n. A natural stronghold or fastness.
- TENKEN テンケン 點檢 — *suru*, to examine, search into.
- TENKI テンキ 天氣 n. Fine weather, the weather: — *ga yoi*, the weather is pleasant; — *ga warui*, the weather is unpleasant; — *ni natta*, it has become pleasant weather; *kyō wa — da*, it is fine weather to-day.  
Syn. HIYORI.
- TENKI テンキ 天癸 n. (med.) The catamenia, menses: — *itaru*, to arrive at puberty, — of a female.
- TENKI テンキ 天氣 — *wo ukagau*, to make a complimentary visit to the Emperor.
- TENKIN テンキン 轉筋 n. Cramp, in the extremities.
- TENKO テンコ 天鼓 n. (lit. Heaven's drum) Thunder.
- TENKO テンコ 典故 (*mukashi no kata*) n. Ancient custom, or rule.
- TENKŌ テンクワウ 天光 n. Light of the heavens, light; (coll.) an inferior kind of sugar.
- TENKŌ テンコウ 天功 n. The operations of nature, as displayed in vegetable and animal life.
- TENKŌ テンコウ 天工 n. The works of nature.
- TENKOCHI テンコチ 天骨 n. Natural intelligence, or cleverness; dexterity: — *mo nai koto*, an absurd, stupid thing.
- TENKOKU テンコク 天國 n. The kingdom of heaven (chr.).
- TENKOKU テンコク 篆刻 — *suru*, to engrave letters on a seal.
- TENKOMORI テンコモリ n. Heaping or piling up, — as rice in a bowl: *meshi wo — ni moru*.
- TENKŪ テンクウ 天空 n. The crown of a helmet.
- TENKWA テンクワ 轉訛 n. A corruption or change in the spelling or pronunciation of a word.
- TENKWAKU テンクワク 點畫 n. The dots and strokes of a Chinese character.
- TENKYŌ テンキョウ 癲狂 n. Insanity: — *in*, an insane asylum.
- TENKYŪ テンキウ 天弓 n. Rainbow.  
Syn. NIJI.
- TENKYŪ テンキウ 典廐 n. The Emperor's equerry, a groom; the title of a high officer in a Daimyō's household.
- TENKYŪ テンキウ 天泣 n. (lit. Heaven's weeping) A rain falling from a clear sky.
- TENNANSHŌ テンナンシヤウ 天南星 n. The *Arisama tryphillum*, dragon-root, or Indian turnip.



- TENNEN** テンネン 天然 Natural, produced or effected by nature, of itself, spontaneous: — *ni dekiru*.  
Syn. SHIZEN.
- TENNEN** テンネン 天年 n. The natural term of life as fixed by heaven: — *wo owaru*.
- TEN-NEN-RON** テンネンロン 天然論 n. Spontaneous development theory.
- TENNIN** テンニン 天人 n. Imaginary beings represented by the Buddhists as beautiful females, enjoying perpetual youth, clothed in feather robes, with wings, skilled in music and singing, and dwelling in heaven.
- TENNIN** テンニン 轉任 n. Rotation in office, change of office or service: — *suru*.  
Syn. YAKUGAE.
- TENNŌ** テンノウ 天王 n. The Emperor.
- TENOBI** テノビ 手延 Procrastination, delay, putting off the doing of anything: *dandan — ni naru*.
- TENOGOI** テノゴヒ i.q. *tenugui*.
- TEN-ON** テンオン 天恩 n. Blessings, benefactions, or favor conferred by heaven, or by the Emperor.
- TENOUCHI** テノウチ 手中 n. Alms (to beggars): — *wo kou*, to ask alms; — *muyō*, no alms given here.
- TENRAN** テンラン 天覽 (*Tenshi no mirukoto*) The sight of the Mikado: — *ni sonaeru*, to show to the Mikado.
- TENRANKWAI** テンランクワイ 展覧會 n. An exhibition or collection of rare things for show.
- TENRI** テンリ 顛利 n. Interest of money paid in advance: — *wo toru*.
- TENRIKU** テンリク 珍戮 — *suru*, to kill, massacre.
- TENRYŌ** テンリヤウ 天領 n. Territory belonging to the *Shōgun*.
- TENSAI** テンサイ 天才 n. Natural ability, or talent.
- TENSAI** テンサイ 天災 n. A calamity caused by the great powers of nature, as by an earthquake, tempest, or inundation.
- TENSAKU** テンサク 添削 (*soeru kezuru*) — *suru*, to correct by adding to or erasing, to revise: *bunshō wo —*.  
Syn. KAHITSU, NAOSHI.
- TENSEI** テンセイ 天性 n. Natural disposition, or temperament: — *ni*, naturally, constitutionally. Syn. UMARETSUKI.
- TENSEI** テンセイ 天生 (*umaretsuki*) Natural, inborn, innate.
- TENSEI** テンセイ 天成 (*shizen*) Done by Heaven, providential.
- TENSEKI** テンセキ 典籍 (*shomotsu*) n. Books.
- TENSHI** テンシ 天子 n. The son of heaven, viz. the *Mikado*, or the Emperor of Japan, "descended in an unbroken line from the gods," and after death supposed to become a *kami*.
- TENSHI** テンシ 轉徙 n. (med.) The metastasis of disease; removal, change of place.
- TENSHIN** テンシン 點心 n. Food taken between regular meals, a lunch, luncheon.
- TENSHITSU** テンシツ 天質 n. Natural disposition or temper.
- TENSHO** テンシヨ 篆書 n. That form of Chinese writing called "seal character."
- TENSHO** テンシヨ 添書 (*soe-bumi*) n. A letter of introduction.  
Syn. SENSHO.
- TENSHŌ** テンシヤウ 天象 n. The signs of the heavens; meteorological phenomena.
- TENSHŌKŌDAIJIN** テンセウクワウダイジン 天照皇大神 (*amaterasu-ōmi-gami*) n. (lit. Heaven illuminating great sovereign deity) The Sun Goddess, the deity which was born when *Izanagi* washed his left eye after he escaped from *yomi*, and the progenitress of the present Imperial Dynasty.
- TENSHOKU** テンシヨク 轉職 (*yaku-gae*) n. Change of office.
- TENSHU** テンシュ 天守 n. A tower of several stories within the walls of a castle.
- TENSHUKU** テンシユク 轉宿 (*yado wo kaeru*) — *suru*, to change one's lodgings, or boarding house.
- TENSHUKYŌ** テンシユケウ 天主教 n. The religion of the Lord of Heaven, Roman Catholic religion.
- TENSUI-OKE** テンスイヲケ 天水桶 n. A rain-tub.
- TENTAKU** テンタク 轉宅 Removal, change of residence: — *suru*, to change a residence, move to another house.  
Syn. UTSURU, HIKKOSU.
- TENTEI** テンテイ 天帝 n. Heavenly ruler, God: — *ware ni mejite nanji no inochi wo ubawashimu*.  
Syn. SHŌTEI.
- TENTEKI** テンテキ 點滴 n. The rain-drops from the eaves of the house.  
Syn. SHITADARI.
- TENTŌ** テントウ 纏頭 n. (i.q. *hana*) A present made to a wrestler, or any play-actor, in appreciation of his acting.
- TENTŌ** テンタウ 天道 n. (coll.) The ruling power of nature, the Deity, heaven, the sun—worshiped as a deity: — *wo oscrezaru mono*, one who has no fear of Heaven; *Tentō-sama*, Heaven; — *hito wo korosazu* (prov.).
- TENTŌ** テンタウ 顛倒 (*hikkuri-kaeru*) — *suru*, to turn upside down.
- TENTŌ** テントウ 點頭 (*unazuku*) — *suru*, to nod the head.
- TENTŌ** テントウ 點燈 (*akari wo tsukeru*) — *suru*, to light a lamp, etc.
- TENTŌBOSHI** テンタウボシ 日曝 n. A shop in the open air: — *akinai wo suru*, to sell goods spread out on a mat on the ground.
- TENTOKUJI** テントクジ 天得寺 n. A mattress made of thick paper stuffed with straw: — *buton*.
- TENTOMUSHI** テントムシ n. A kind of beetle, Lady-bird.
- TENTORI** テントリ 點取 n. Taking or receiving a prize or reward: — *bun*, a composition for which one has received a prize.
- TENTSUKI** テンツキ 點付 n. Having the

- marks at the side of a Chinese character to show in what order they are to be read: — *no hon.*
- TENUGUI テヌグヒ 手拭 n. A handkerchief, a towel, napkin.
- TENUKE テヌケ 手抜 n. An unintentional omission, or failure to do something which should have been done.  
Syn. OCHIDO, AYAMARI.
- TEN-UN テンウン 天運 n. Fate, destiny determined by Heaven.
- TENURUI, -KI-KU-SHI テヌルイ 手鈍 adj. Slow, dull, inactive in doing; easy or gentle.
- TENYA テンヤ (coll.) n. A shop where boiled fish and vegetables are sold.
- TENYAKU テンヤク 轉役 (*yakugae*) — *suru*, to be changed from one official position to another. Syn. TENNIN.
- †TENYAKU テンヤク 典鑰 (*kagi no tsukasa*) n. Keeper of the keys in the Emperor's palace.
- TENYAKU-NO-KAMI テンヤクノカミ 典藥頭 The superintendent of the *Tenyakuryō*.
- TENYAKU-RYO テンヤクレウ 典藥寮 n. The officers who anciently had charge of the health, medicines, treatment of disease, and physicians of the Emperor.
- TENYAWANYA テンヤワニヤ adv. In a disorderly manner, tumultuously.
- TENYU テンユ 諂諛 (*omoneri hetsurau*) Flattery: — *suru*, to flatter, to wheedle, fawn.
- TENZAN テンザン 點竄 n. Algebra.
- †TENZEN テンゼン 典膳 (*kashiwade no tsukasa*) n. The chief butler, or superintendent of the Emperor's table.
- TENZURU テンズル 轉 See *tenji*.
- TEOBOE テオボエ 手覺 n. A mark, or anything used to aid one to remember; dexterity, skill: — *ni kaite oku*, to write down in order to remember: — *wa nai*.
- TEOCHI テオチ 手落 n. An unintentional omission, or error.
- TEODORI テヲドリ n. Dancing or moving the hands and arms to music in the manner of dancers.
- TEOI テオヒ 手負 n. A wound: — *ni naru*, to be wounded; — *ni suru*, to wound.
- TEŌI テオホヒ 手覆 n. A kind of mitten covering the arm and back of the hand, same as *tekkō*.
- TEOKI テオキ 手置 n. The care bestowed on anything, the manner of putting away for keeping: *katana no — ga warui kara sabita*, because the sword was badly put away it has rusted.
- TEOKURE テオクレ 手後 n. Late in doing, delaying, procrastinating: *ryōji ga — ni natte mō naoranu*, the treatment was commenced too late and (the disease) could not be cured.
- TEOMOI, -KI-KU-SHI テオモイ 手重 adj. Difficult to do, serious, severe; important, comparatively dear in price: *teomoi ryōji*, important treatment; *teomoi koto*, an important matter.
- TEONO テヲノ 手斧 n. Adz.  
Syn. CHŌNA.
- TEORI テオリ 手織 n. Woven by one's self or at home: — *momen*, cotton cloth of domestic manufacture.
- TEOWASE, -RU テオハセル 令手負 t.v. To wound, to inflict a wound: *hito ni —*.
- TEPPATSU テツパツ 鐵鉢 n. An iron bowl carried by begging priests.
- TEPPEKI テツペキ 鐵壁 n. An iron wall: *ikanaru — nari to mo yaburezaru koto nashi*.
- TEPPEN テツペン n. (coll.) The top, summit, highest point, acme: *atama no —*, crown of the head; *yama no —*; *yokoshima no —*.
- TEPPŌ テツパウ 鐵砲 n. A gun, cannon, or fire-arms of any kind; the furnace of a bathtub: — *wo hanasu*, or — *wo utsu*, to fire a gun; — *ni tama wo komu*, to load a gun with a ball; *tamagome no —*, a loaded gun; — *kizu*, gunshot wound.
- TEPPŌDAI テツパウダイ 鐵砲臺 n. A gun carriage, gun-stock.
- TEPPŌKAJI テツパウカヂ 鐵砲鍛冶 n. A gun-smith.
- TEPPUN テツポン 鐵粉 n. Iron filings, powdered iron.
- TERA テラ 寺 n. A Buddhist temple, or monastery: *o tera sama*, a Buddhist priest, or rector of a temple; — *wo hiraku*, to vacate the priesthood.
- TERAI, -AU テラフ 衞 t.v. To boast, brag, vaunt, to sell one's self: *iro wo —*, to sell one's charms.
- TERA-IRI テライリ 寺入 n. Entering school: — *wo suru*.
- TERAKO テラコ 寺子 n. School-children, or those learning to write, pupils.
- TERAKOYA テラコヤ 寺子屋 n. A school-house, school.
- TERASHI, -SU テラス 照 t.v. To shine upon, to give light, to illuminate, lighten, enlighten; to observe, examine, compare: *hi ga sekai wo —*, the sun gives light to the world; *tsuki ga —*, the moon shines; *terashite tehon ni suru*, to observe and follow an example.
- TERASHI-AWASE, -RU テラシアハセル 照合 t.v. To compare together, to examine anything by comparing it to the rule or standard, collate: *kanjō-gaki wo terashi-awasu*, to compare and settle accounts.
- TERA-TERA テラテラ 耀耀 adv. (coll.) Shiny, glittering, glossy, oily in appearance: — *shita mono*.
- TERATSUBAKI テラツバキ n. The wax tree, *Ligustrum japonicum*.
- TERATSUTSUKI テラツツキ n. A woodpecker.  
Syn. TAKUBOKUCHŌ.
- TERA-UKEJŌ テラウケジヤウ 寺受狀 n. A certificate from a Buddhist temple that the bearer of it is not a Christian.  
Syn. SHŪSHI-TEGATA.
- †TERE, -RU テレル i.v. To be bashful, diffident, abashed, backward.
- TEREBINYU テレビシユ (Eng.) Oil of turpentine.
- TEREN テレン (coll.) n. Artifice, deception, fraud: — *ni noru*, to be imposed upon.  
Syn. TEKUDA.

- TERI,-RU** テル 照 i.v. To shine, give light: *hi ga —*, the sun shines; *tsuki no teranu yo*, a moonless night.  
Syn. HIKARU.
- TERI-AWASE,-RU** テリアハセル t.v. To compare anything with a standard or rule.
- TERIFU** テリフ n. Bright or shining spots, as in tortoise shell.
- TERI-TERI-BŌZU** テリテリボウズ 掃晴娘 n. (coll.) A piece of paper cut in the shape of a man, and hung on the door by children, to bring clear weather.
- TERI-TSUKU,-RU** テリツケル i.v. To shine upon: *hi ga atama kara teri-tsukete atsui*, the sun shining straight down upon me I am very hot.
- TESAGURI** テサグリ 手探 n. Groping with the hands, feeling for or after anything,—as in the dark.
- TESAKI** テサキ 手先 n. (coll.) The end of the fingers; a secret policeman, a spy, an underling or agent.  
Syn. OKAPPIKI.
- TESAKU** テサク 手作 Produced or grown by one's self, home product, domestic manufacture: — *daikon*, radishes grown by one's self; — *no shina*.  
Syn. TEZUKURI.
- TESEI** テセイ 手製 Made by one's self, manufactured at home: — *no sake*, home made wine; — *no cha*.
- TESENJI** テセンジ 手炊 n. Boiling one's rice himself, cooking for one's self.  
Syn. TENABE.
- TESHAKU** テシヤク 手酌 (coll.) Pouring wine into a cup for one's self, helping one's self to wine: — *de nomu*.
- †**TESHIGANA** テシガナ Same as *teshika*.
- †**TESHIKA** テシカ A particle suffixed to the stem of verbs signifying,—to be desirous of; oh that; would that, as: *mi-teshika*, I am desirous of seeing, or oh that I might see; *kiki-teshika*, I desire to hear, or oh that I might hear.
- TESHIMA-ISHI** テシマイシ 手嶋石 n. A kind of soft stone used in building.
- TESHIO**, or **TESHIO-ZARA** テシホガラ 手鹽皿 n. A small plate.
- TESHITA** テシタ 手下 n. Those under authority, subjects, retainers.
- TESHOKU** テシヨク 手燭 n. A hand lamp.
- TESŌ** テサウ 手相 n. (coll.) The lines on the palm of the hand examined in palmistry: — *wo miru*, to tell fortunes by the palm of the hand.
- TESŌMI** テサウミ 手相見 n. (coll.) Palmistry, or one who tells fortunes by the lines on the hand.
- TESSEKI** テッセキ 鐵石 n. Iron and stone, adamant: — *shin*, firm, immovable, or unyielding heart.
- TESSEN** テッセン 鐵扇 n. A fan, the frame of which is made of iron.
- †**TESSEN** テッセン 鐵錢 n. A small iron coin, 96 of which made one *tempo*=*bita*.
- TESSHA** テッシャ 鐵砂 n. Iron filings.
- TESSHI,-SURU** テッスル 徹 (*tōru*) To penetrate, pierce through, to affect deeply: *kimo ni —*, to pierce through the liver,—to feel deeply.
- TESSHŌ** テッシャウ 鍊齧 n. The fluid made of iron and gall-nuts, used by women for blacking the teeth.  
Syn. OHAGURO, KANE.
- TESŪ** テスウ 手藪 Same as *tekazu*.
- TESUKI** テスキ 手透 n. Intervals of leisure from work: — *ni hon, wo yomu*, to study in the intervals of work.  
Syn. HIMA.
- TESURI** テスリ 手摺 n. A rail extending from post to post, or over balusters for the hand to rest on.  
Syn. RANKAN.
- TETCHŌ** テッチヤウ 鉄腸 (*tetsu no harawata*) Bowels of iron, i.e. firm of purpose, determined, resolute.
- TETE**, or **TETEOYA** テテ爺 (*chichi*) n. Father.
- TETEGO** テテゴ n. Father.
- TETE-NASHI-GO** テテナシゴ 無父兒 n. A child without a father, a bastard.
- TETERA** テテラ n. A shirt without sleeves worn next the skin; a waist-cloth.
- TETORI** テトリ n. Expert, or dexterous,—as a wrestler; adroit or quick of invention.
- TETSU** テツ 轍 (*wadachi*) n. The track or rut made by the wheel of a wagon, example: — *wo fumu*, to walk in the track or example of one gone before,—in a bad sense; — *gyo no gotoshi*, like a fish in a wagon rut,—in great straits.
- TETSU** テツ 鐵 n. Iron.  
Syn. KUROGANE.
- TETSUBEN** テツベン 鐵鞭 n. An iron cane.
- TETSUBIN** テツビン 鐵瓶 n. An iron pot used for boiling water.
- TETSU-CHINKI** テツチンキ n. Tincture of iron.
- TETSUDAI** テツダヒ 手傳 n. A helper, assistant at any work; assistance.
- TETSUDAI,-AU** テツダフ 手傳 t.v. To lend a hand, help, or assist in doing: *shigoto wo —*, to help another at work; *kono tsukue wo ageru wo tetsudatte kudasare*, please help me to lift this desk.  
Syn. TASUKERU.
- TETSUGAKU** テツガク 哲學 n. Philosophy: — *sha*, philosopher.
- TETSUGŌ** テツガフ 手都合 n. Convenience: — *ga warui kara nobashimasu*, as it is inconvenient I will postpone it; — *ga ii*, it is convenient.
- TETSUIDE** テツイデ 手次 n. While your hand is in, or while engaged in doing, as: *sentaku no — ni kore wo arae*, when you wash the clothes wash this too; *kyo wa — ga nai kara mata araimashō*, as I am not engaged in doing so to-day I will wash it at another time.
- TETSU-IRO** テツイロ 鐵色 n. Iron color.
- TETSUJIN** テツジン 哲人 (*mono-shiri*) n. A wise man, philosopher.
- TETSUJŌ** テツヂヤウ 鐵杖 n. An iron cane.
- TETSUKE** テツケ 手付 n. Money paid in

- advance to confirm a bargain, earnest money: — *wo utsu*, to pay earnest money, to make a deposit; — *kin*, bargain money.  
Syn. TEKIN.
- TETSU-MEMPI テツメンピ 鐵面皮 n. A brazen face, impudence: — *no hito*, an impudent fellow.  
Syn. ATSUKAWAZURA.
- TETSUYA テツヤ 徹夜 n. Passing the night without going to bed: — *wo shite hon wo yomu*, to spend the whole night in reading.  
Syn. YODŌSHI, TSUYA.
- TETSUZUKI テツヅキ 手續 n. A mutual friend or acquaintance who acts as a go-between, or to introduce two parties who are strangers, or acts as an agent in business; a set of by-laws, the established rule, mode or order, of procedure.  
Syn. TEZURU, TSUTE.
- TETTEI テツテイ 徹底 adv. Until the end or last, always; with a negative verb, = never.
- TETTŌ テツタウ 跌宕 (*hoshiimama*) Free, unrestricted by rules or ceremony: *hissei* — *wo kiwameru*, very free in penmanship, i.e. not confined to any rule; — *fuki no okonai*, free and independent conduct.
- TETTŌ テツタウ 鐵刀 n. An iron sword.
- TETTŌ-TETSUBI テツトウテツビ 徹頭徹尾 adv. From beginning to end, from first to last: — *ayamari nomi*.
- TETSUI テツツ井 鉄槌 n. A large iron hammer, sledge-hammer.
- TEUCHI テウチ 手斬 n. Killing with one's own hand, not commanding another to do it: — *ni suru*.
- TEWAKE テワケ 手分 n. Division of labor, hands or company in doing anything; division of a body of troops: — *wo shite sagasu*, to separate and make search.  
Syn. TEKUBARI.
- TEWARUSA テワルサ n. Mischievous.
- TEWATASHI, -SU テワタス 手渡 t.v. To hand over, to pass over to another.
- TEWAZA テワザ 手業 n. Work, anything done by the hands, manual labor.
- TEYARI テヤリ 手鎗 n. A short spear, a javelin.
- TEYOKI テヨキ 手鉞 n. A hand axe, hatchet.
- TEYOWAI, -KI-KU-SHI テヨワイ 手弱 adj. Weak, delicate, not strong, without nerve, cowardly, = *tayowai*.
- TEZAIKU テザイク 手細工 n. Any small or ingenious work made by one's self, or at home: — *wo suru*.
- TEZAWARI テザハリ 手褻 n. The feel of anything: — *ga arai*, it feels rough.  
Syn. TEATARI.
- TEZEI テゼイ 手執 n. One's company, or division of troops.
- TEZEMA テゼマ 手狭 Narrow, close, confined: — *na basho*.
- TEZOROI テゾロヒ 手揃 n. Full complement or number of hands: — *de shigoto ga hayai*, when there is a full number of hands work is done rapidly.
- TEZUKAE テヅカヘ 手支 n. Hands too full of business: — *ni naru*.  
Syn. SASHITSUKAE.
- TEZUKAI テヅカヒ n. Something which one has for his own use; the mode of using the fingers, the fingering: *samisen no* —, the fingering of the guitar: — *no mono*.
- TEZUKAMI テヅカミ 手摺 n. Seizing hold of, taking with the hand or in the fingers: *meshi wo* — *ni shite kŭ*, to eat with the fingers.
- TEZUKARA テヅカラ 手自 adv. With one's own hands, by one's self: — *koshiraeta*, made myself.
- TEZUKURI テヅクリ 手作 n. Made by one's self, home-made, hand-made; also something made by one's self and paid as tax (obs.).
- TEZUMA テヅマ 手妻 n. Sleight of hand tricks, legerdemain, jugglery: — *tsukai*, a juggler; — *shi*, id.  
Syn. TEJINA, SHINADAMA.
- TEZUMARI, -RU テヅマル i.v. To be cornered, to be in a strait, or in a position of difficulty.
- TEZUME テヅメ 手詰 n. Final, conclusive, decisive: — *no saisoku*, the last demand for payment; — *no dampan*, a final conference.
- TEZUMORI テヅモリ 手量 n. Measuring with the hands or fingers: — *wo suru*, to measure with the hand.
- TEZURU テヅル 手蔓 n. A go-between, any means by which one many obtain his object: — *wo motomeru*.
- TEZUSAMI テヅサミ n. Doing anything to relieve tedium, a pastime, diversion: — *ni e wo hiku*, to draw pictures as a pastime.
- TEZUTSU テヅツ n. A pistol.
- †TEZUTSU NI テヅツニ adv. Awkwardly or badly done.
- TEZUYOI, -KI-KU-SHI テヅヨキ 手強 adj. Firm, resolute, decided.
- To ト吐 — *suru*, to vomit.  
Syn. HAKU.
- To ト戸 n. A door: — *wo akeru*, open a door; — *wo tateru*, or — *wo shimeru*, to shut a door.
- To ト砥 n. A whetstone.
- To ト徒 n. Party, company: *waga to ni arazu*, does not belong to my company.
- To ト與 conj. And, that; from; if, when, with; used to mark a quotation or to indicate something said or thought: *ame to tsuchi*, heaven and earth; *sumi to fude to kami to wo mottekoi*, bring the ink, pencil and paper; *mō nai to mōshimashita*, he said there was no more; *na wa Ginkō to iu*, his name is called Ginkō; *musume no na wo O Tomi to tsuketa*, they called the girl's name O Tomi; *mokuzō wo kami to suru*, he made a wooden image his god; *tatakawan to yōi wo suru*, to make preparation for war; *kore wa nan to iu mono*, what do you call this thing? *hito ga kuru to nigeru*, when, or as soon as anybody comes it runs away; *to wo akeru to kaze ga hairu*, if you open the door the wind will enter; *kore de yoi to omou*, that will do I think; *hito wa inu ya neko to wa chigau*, a man is different from a dog or cat; *sore wo kiku to*, when he heard it.

- Tō トウ 籐 n. Ratan.
- Tō タウ 饴 n. Candy, used only in compound words, as: *kompei-tō*; *hakka-tō*, peppermint candy; *shōga-tō*, ginger candy; *aruhei-tō*, sugar candy; *kinkwa-tō*, candy made from moulds.
- Tō トヲ 十 Ten.  
Syn. JŪ.
- Tō トウ 等 =and that kind of things, or things of that class, et cetera; also a plural particle, as: *kami sumi fude tō wa nichī yō no mono da*, paper, ink and pencil are things of daily use.  
(2) Class, grade, rank, degree, as: *jō-tō*, first class; *chū-tō*, middle class; *ge-tō*, the lower class; *it-tō susumu*, to be promoted one degree.  
Syn. NADO, NAZO, RA, DOMO.
- Tō タウ 湯 An infusion, or decoction; only used in comp. words, as: *keishi-tō*, infusion of cinnamon.
- Tō トウ 斗 A grain or fluid measure, equal to ten *shō*, or the tenth part of a *koku*, =1093.750 cub. in. or 3 gal. 7pts. 12 oz., or a little less than one-fourth of an imperial bushel.
- Tō タフ 塔 n. A tower, pagoda.
- Tō タウ 黨 n. A club, party, band, junto, faction, league: — *wo musubu*, to band together.  
Syn. NAKAMA, MURE.
- Tō タウ 當 n. This: *tō-goku*, this country; *tō nen*, this year; *tō getsu*, this month; *tō chi*, this place; — *nin*, the said person, the principal party.  
Syn. KONO.
- Tō トウ 東 (*higashi*) n. East.
- Tō トホ 遠 (same as *tōku*) Far. See *tōi*.
- Tō トウ 早 A coll. cont. of *toku*, adverbial form of *toi*, early, soon, quick: — *ni kiite shitte orimasu*, I have already heard it.
- Tō トウ 薑 n. The stem of vegetables which have gone to seed: *chisha ni — ga tatte taberarenu*, the salad has gone to seed and cannot be eaten.
- TOAMI トアミ 鳥網 n. A net for catching birds.
- TŌAMI タウアミ 唐網 n. A net for catching fish, used by throwing.
- TŌAN トウアン 偷安 (*yasuki wo nusumu*) — *suru*, seeking one's ease, to put off important duty, to procrastinate.
- TO-ARITE トアリテ (*to*, conj. and *arite*) adv. In a little while, soon after.  
Syn. SHIBARAKU SHITE.
- TO-ARU トアル (*to*, conj. and *aru*) adj. A certain, same as *aru*: — *yama ni*, on a certain mountain.
- †TŌ-ASA トホアサ n. Calm and shallow,—of the sea.
- TŌAZUKI タウアヅキ 相志子 A leguminous shrub, the berries are called "crabs' eyes", *Abrus precatorius*.
- TŌBA タフバ 塔婆 n. Same as *sotoba*.
- TOBAE トバエ n. A caricature; called after the man (*Taba no sōjō*) who was anciently noted for drawing caricatures.
- †TOBAKARI トバカリ =sore to *bakari*, a short time, little while.
- TOBAKU トバク 賭博 n. Gambling.  
Syn. BAKUYEKI.
- TŌBAN タウバン 當番 n. On duty, on guard or watch; (the opposite is *hi-ban*): *konnichi wa watakushi no — de gozarimas*, this is my day to be on guard; — *da kara ikaremasen*, as I am on duty I cannot go.
- †TOBARI トバリ 幔 n. A curtain.
- †TŌBARI タウバリ n. The stipend or annual salary received by a prince.
- †TŌBARI,-RU タウバル i.v. To be like, resemble, to receive from a superior.
- TOBASE,-RU トバセル 令飛 (caust. of *tobu*) To cause to or let fly, jump, or run; to scatter: *ishi wo nagete tori wo tobaseru*, to throw a stone at a bird and make it fly.
- TOBASHI,-SU トバス Same as *tobaseru*.
- TOBASHIRI トバシリ 沫 n. The drops of water spattering about: — *ga kakaru*.
- TOBASHIRI,-RU トバシル 迸 i.v. To splash, to spatter about, as water falling upon anything: *mizu ga —*.
- TOBASU-MONO トバスモノ n. An article which one may pawn.
- †TŌBE,-RU タウベル i.v. (i.q. *taberu*) To eat.
- †TŌBE,-RU タフベル 賜 t.v. Same as *tamau*.
- TŌBEN タフベン 答辯 (*kotae*) n. A reply, rejoinder, answer: — *sho*, a written reply.
- TŌBENI タウベニ 唐紅 n. A kind of red dyestuff.
- TOBI トビ 鳶 n. A fish-hawk, kite, *Milvus melanotos*.
- TOBI,-BU トブ 飛 i.v. To fly, to jump, hop, to spring, to move rapidly: *tori ga —*, the bird flies; *ya ga —*, the arrow flies; *tonde nigeru*, to flee away.
- †TŌBI,-BU タウブ 賜 t.v. Same as *tamau*.
- TOBI-AGARI,-RU トビアガル 飛上 i.v. To fly up, to jump up, to soar high.
- TOBICHI トビチ 飛地 n. Territory isolated and lying in a distant region, not continuous with the main country.
- TOBI-CHIGAI,-AU トビチガフ 飛違 i.v. To fly or jump past each other, to be far apart or very different: *nedan ga tobichigatte iru*, there is a great difference in the price.
- TOBIGUCHI トビグチ 鳶口 n. Hawk's-bill, a fire-hook, or hook for hauling timber.
- TOBI-HANARE,-RU トビハナレル 飛離 i.v. To fly apart, to fly away; to jump suddenly from one subject to another.
- TOBIHI トビヒ 飛火 n. Sparks or flakes of fire flying from a conflagration.
- TOBI-IRI,-RU トビイル 飛入 t.v. To fly or jump into, to enter suddenly.
- TOBI-IRO トビイロ 鳶色 n. Hawk's color, a light brown.
- TOBI-ISHI トビイシ n. Stepping stone.
- TOBI-KAERI,-RU トビカヘル 飛反 i.v. To fly back.
- TOBI-KAKARI,-RU トビカカル 飛掛 i.v. To fly upon, to rush upon, spring on: *inu ga hito ni —*, the dog flew upon the man.

TOBI-KAWASHI, -SU トビカハス t.v. To spring past each other and exchange places.

TOBI-KIRI トビキリ 飛切 Superfine, extra good: — *no shina*.

SYN. GOKUJŌ.

TOBIKŌ トビカフ 飛交 To fly about, as insects in the sun: *niwa ni chō ga* —, the butterflies flutter about the garden.

TOBI-KOE, -RU トビコエル 飛越 t.v. To fly across, or over; jump or spring over: *dobu wo* —, to jump across a ditch.

TOBI-KOMI, -MU トビコム 飛込 t.v. To fly into, jump or spring into: *mizu ni* —, to jump into the water.

TOBI-KOSHI, -SU トビコス t.v. To leap over.

TOBI-KUDARI, -RU トビクダル 飛下 i.v. To fly, jump, or spring down.

TŌBIN タウビン 湯瓶 n. A metal pot for boiling water.

TOBI-NOKI, -KU トビノク 飛退 t.v. To flee, jump, or spring aside and avoid; to flee away.

TOBI-NO-MONO トビノモノ 鳶者 n. Fire-men, persons who carry fire-hooks; also workmen who assist in erecting the frames of houses.

TOBI-ORI, -RU トビオリル 飛下 i.v. To fly, or jump down from a height.

TOBIRA トビラ 扉 n. The leaf of a door, title-page of a book.

TOBI-SARI, -RU トビサル 飛去 i.v. To fly away, to flee away.

TOBI-TACHI, -TSU トビタツ 飛立 i.v. To start and fly, or flee away, to jump or start up: *tobitatsu yō ni omou*, felt like flying.

†TŌBITO トホビト n. A long-lived person.

TOBI-TSUKI, -KU トビツク 飛著 i.v. To spring upon and seize=*tobi-kakaru*.

TOBI-UO トビウヲ 飛魚 n. A flying fish, *Excocetus*.

TOBI-WATARI, -RU トビワタル 飛渡 i.v. To fly, jump, or spring across.

TOBIYEI トビエヒ n. A species of Ray or Skate, *Miliobatis*.

TOBOKE, -RU トボケル 惚 i.v. (coll.) To act the clown; to sham, to feign, to pretend, dissemble; to be silly with age: *tobokete waga ko no kao mo shiranu*, to be so stupid as not to know the face of his own child; *tobokete shiranu kao wo suru*, in pretence he put on an air of not knowing.

TOBOKUCHI トボクチ 戸外口 n. The entrance to a house, a door.

TOBORI, -RU トボル i.v. To burn, to flame, or blaze,—as oil, a lamp or candle: *kono abura wa yoku toboru*, this oil burns brightly.

SYN. MOERU.

TOBOSHI トボシ n. A lamp.

TOBOSHI, -SU トボス t.v. To cause to burn or flame, to light: *andon wo* —, to light a lamp; *tomoshihi wo* —, id.; *hi wo* —, to make a light.

TOBOSHII, -KI-KU-SHI トボシイ 乏 adj. Deficient, wanting, scarce; poor, destitute: *mizu ni toboshii*, deficient in water; *kate hibi ni toboshiku naru*, the provisions daily become scarce; *toboshiki wo ureyezu*, not minding poverty. SYN. MAZUSHII.

TOBOSO トボソ 扉 n. The hinge or pivot of a door; a door.

SYN. TOBIRA.

TOBO-TOBO トボトボ adv. (coll.) In a hobbling or halting manner: — *to aruku*, to hobble along.

TŌBU タフブ 踏舞 n. Dancing, a ball; i.q. *butō*.

†TOBUHI トフヒ n. A signal rocket: — *yagura*, a tower from which rockets were sent up.

SYN. NOROSHI.

TOBUKURO トブクロ 戸袋 n. The cover into which the outside doors slide and are kept during the day.

TŌBUN タウン 當分 adv. At present, for the present, just now, temporarily: — *sono yōsu mo nai*, there is no appearance of it at present; — *yoroshii*, it will do for the present.

SYN. TŌJI, SHIBARAKU.

TŌBUN トウン 等分 Same weight, length, quantity or proportion; equal, alike, par: *kusuri sammi — ni awasete gwanyaku ni suru*, mix three kinds of medicine together in equal quantities and make into pills; *chū ya — no toki*, when the days and nights are equal.

TOBURAI, -AU トブラフ 訪 t.v. To make a visit of condolence, to inquire after; to mourn or wail for the dead: *ato wo* —, to visit the tomb of a friend.

SYN. MIMAU, MAMIYURU.

†TOBUSA トブサ n. The small branches on the top of a tree.

TŌBUTSU タウブツ 唐物 n. Chinese wares, now used for all articles of foreign make.

TŌBUTSUYA タウブツヤ 唐物屋 n. A shop where foreign articles are sold.

TŌBYŌ トウベウ 投錨 (*ikari wo orosu*) — *suru*, to cast anchor.

TŌCHAKU タウチャク 到着 (*itari tsuku*) n. Arrival: — *wo tsukeru*, to enter the arrival in a book; — *suru*, to arrive.

TOCHAKU トチャク 土着 Attached or belonging to the soil or country: — *no tami*, the farmers belonging to any place; — *no hei*, soldiers who in time of peace till the ground for their own support.

TOCHI トチ 土地 n. Country, place, region, soil. SYN. TOKORO.

TŌCHI タウチ 倒置 (*sakasama ni oku*) — *suru*, to treat a subject in an inverted order, or in an absurd or unnatural way, to put the cart before the horse: *zen go — no ron*.

TOCHI-GURUI, -Ū トチグルフ i.v. (coll.) To sport, play, frolic, jest.

SYN. TAWAMURERU.

TOCHI-NO-KI トチノキ 七葉樹 n. The Horse chestnut, *Aesculus turbinata*.

TOCHŌ トチャウ 戸帳 A curtain.

SYN. TOBARI.

TŌCHOKU タウチヨク 當直 (*ban*) n. On watch, on duty: — *ni ataru*, my turn to be on duty.

SYN. TŌBAN, TOMARIBAN.

TOCHŪ トチウ 途中 (*michi no naka*) In the road, while in the way: — *de ame ni au*, to meet with rain while on the road.

†TODACHI トダチ n. Starting up suddenly,—as a bird.

TODAE トダエ 時絶 n. Ceasing for a while, interruption, cessation, stop: *yukiki no hito mo — ga suru*, the people also ceased to pass to and fro. Syn. TOGIRE.

TODAI トダイ n. Apart, asunder, not meeting: — *ni naru*.

TŌDAI トウダイ 燈臺 n. A lamp-stand, candle-stick: — *moto kurashi* (prov.).

TŌDAI タウダイ 当代 n. The present dynasty, the present age, or time; that age: — *no jūji*, the present incumbent (priest).

TODANA トダナ 戸棚 n. A cupboard, closet, wardrobe.

†TODARI,-RU トダル i.v. Everywhere extending, of the sky.

TŌDE,-RU トウデル t.v. To take out, i.q. *tori-ide*.

TODO トド 大尾 n. (coll.) End, final issue, upshot: — *ni wa dō itashimashō ka*, what will you do in the end? — *no tsumari*, the close or upshot of a matter.

TODO トド n. A walrus (?).

TŌDO タウド 唐土 n. China.

TŌDO タウド 陶土 n. Potter's clay, common clay.

TŌDŌ トウダウ 東堂 n. The host, landlord, one who entertains a guest: — *no shu*, id.

TODOKE,-RU トドケル 届 t.v. To make to reach, or arrive at; to send, forward, or deliver a letter; to report, to inform; to give notice, to send in a petition, to petition: *hikyaku wo tanonde tegami wo todokeru*, to send a letter by a postman; *todokete agemashō*, I will forward it for you; *tegami de —*, to inform by letter. Syn. TASSURU.

TODOKESHO トドケシヨ 届書 n. A report in writing, a petition, information to an official.

TODOKI,-KU トドク 届 i.v. To reach, extend, attain to, to come to hand, to be received, to arrive, to be efficacious, useful: *te ga tenjō ni —*, his hand reaches to the ceiling; *nen ga —*, to obtain one's wishes; *me ga todokanu*, the eye cannot reach it; *tegami ga todoita*, the letter has arrived; *te ni todoku*, to come to hand; *sōdan ga todokanu*, the consultation was a failure; *imashime ga todoku*, the reproof was effective; *jiryō ga — darō*, I think the treatment will succeed. Syn. OYŌBU.

TODOKŌRI トドコホリ 滞 n. A stoppage, obstruction, clog, stagnation, delay; arrears.

TODOKŌRI,-RU トドコホル 滞 i.v. To be obstructed, impeded, retarded, delayed, kept back, stopped, clogged; to be sluggish, inert: *mizu ga suna de —*, the water is prevented from flowing by the sand; *mune ni shokumotsu ga —*, the food is stopped in the gullet from passing into the stomach; *shakkin ga —*, the payment of one's debts is stopped or delayed; *todokōri naku*, without stoppage or delay; *omoku nigoru mono todokōrite tsuchi to naru*, the heavy, dirty part being inert became earth. Syn. TAMARU.

TODOMARI,-RU トドマル 止 i.v. To stop, to cease from motion, to remain.

Syn. TOMARU.

TODOME トドメ 止 n. Stop, pause, suspension, rest: — *wo sasu*, to give the coup de grace.

TODOME,-RU トドメル 止 t.v. To stop, to arrest motion, to detain, stay, check, prevent; to leave, let remain, to keep in mind, to recognize, know: *uma wo todomete hana wo miru*, to stop the horse and look at the flower.

Syn. TOMERU.

†TODOMEKI,-KU トドメク t.v. i.q. *todoromeki*.

TODOMERARE,-RU トドメラレル 被留 (pass. of *todomeru*) To be stopped, or arrested.

TODO-NO-TSUMARI トドノツマリ n. The end, ultimate point, highest degree.

TŌDORI トウドリ 頭取 n. A head man, foreman, chief, a commandant, president.

TODOROKASHI,-SU トドロカス 轟 (caust. of *todoroku*) To cause to resound or reverberate: *na wo —*, to cause one's name to be heard.

TODOROKI,-KU トドロク 轟 i.v. To sound with a rolling, rumbling noise, like thunder, or a wagon going over stones: *kaminari ga —*, the thunder rolls; *kuruma ga —*, the wagon rumbles; *mune ga —*, to tremble.

TODOROMEKI,-KU トドロメク i.v. To make a rumbling noise.

†TODORO NI トドロニ adv. Rumbling,—noise.

TŌDŌSHIKI,-KU トホドホシキ adj. Far, distant, alienated.

TODO TO トドト adv. The sound of horses' feet walking.

TŌFU トウフ 豆腐 n. A kind of food made of beans, bean curd.

TŌFŪ トウフウ 東風 (*higashi kaze*) n. An east wind. Syn. KOCHI.

TOFUKU トフク 屠腹 (*hara wo kiru*) — *suru*, to commit suicide by *harakiri*.

Syn. KAPPUKU, SEPPUKU.

TOGA トガ 科 or 咎 n. A crime, offence, fault, transgression: — *wo okasu*, to commit a crime; — *ni otosu*, to convict of crime; — *nai*, without crime, innocent.

Syn. TSUMI.

TOGA トガ 樺 n. Name of a tree, the *Abies tsuga*.

†TOGAI トガヒ n. Food given to a falcon as a reward.

†TOGAKI トガキ n. Same as *masugata*.

TŌ-GAKURE,-RU トホガクレル i.v. Concealed or hid in the distance.

TOGAMAE トガマヘ 外構 n. The gate and enclosures of a house.

TOGAME トガメ 咎 n. Censure, reproof, blame, reprehension: — *wo ukeru*, to be censured.

TOGAME,-RU トガメル 咎 t.v. To find fault with, to censure, reprove, to blame, reprehend, rebuke, to scold; to irritate, as a sore: *hito no ayamachi wo —*, to censure a person for a fault; *kizu ga togameru*, the sore is irritated.

Syn. SHIKARU.

TŌGAN トウガン 冬瓜 n. Same as *tōgwa*.

TOGANIN トガニシ 科人 n. A criminal, offender. Syn. TSUMIBITO, ZAININ.

TOGARAKASHI, -SU トガラカス 尖 t.v. To make into a sharp point, to point, sharpen, pucker to a point: *ki wo kezutte* —, to cut a stick to a point; *kuchi wo* —, to pucker the mouth; *koe wo togarakashite shikaru*, to scold with a sharp voice.

TŌGARASHI タウガラシ 辣椒 n. Cayenne or red pepper, chillies (*capsicum annuum*).

TOGARI, -RU トガル 尖 i.v. To be pointed, sharp, peaked; to speak angrily: *atama no togatta yama*, a peaked mountain; *saki no togatta bō*, a sharp-pointed pole; *togari-goe*, a sharp or angry voice.

TOGATA トガタ 料 n. The space between the outer and inner gates of a castle, i.q. *masugata*.

TOGE トゲ 刺 n. A thorn, splinter: *yubi ni — ga tatsu*, to run a splinter into the finger.

TŌGE タウゲ 嶺 n. A high mountain pass; a climax, acme, summit, height; crisis: *netsu ga — ni itatta*, the fever has reached its height; — *wo kosu*, to pass the summit or acme.

TOGE, -RU トゲル 遂 i.v. and t.v. To accomplish, fulfill, realise, achieve, succeed in, to effect, to perform, to make good, to obtain, to execute, complete: *nozomi wo* —, to obtain one's desire; *nozomi ga togeta*, my hope is realized; *fushin wo* —, to complete a building; *negai wo togezu ni shinda*, died without realizing his wish; *yakusoku wo* —, to fulfill a promise; *na wo* —, to achieve a name.

Syn. NARU, JŌJU SURU, OWARU.

TOGE, -RU トゲル 磨 (pot. of *togu*) To be rubbed smooth, polished by friction, to be whetted, honed, sharpened.

Syn. SURERU, MIGAKERU.

TŌGEN タウゲン 讜言 n. Plain, honest, direct, or frank words, plain language.

TŌGEN トウゲン 套言 n. Common terms, language commonly used, the usual complimentary language on meeting another.

TOGE-UWO トゲウワ n. A kind of small river fish having thorny fins.

TOGI トギ 伽 n. An attendant, companion; a nurse to a sick person, especially at night; watching by the corpse of a friend: — *wo suru*; *hanashi* —, a person called to entertain the sick by his conversation.

Syn. KAIHŌ, MORI.

TŌGI トウギ 討議 — *suru*, to discuss.

TOGI, -GU トギ 磨 t.v. To rub, to make smooth, to polish, to whet, to sharpen; to refine, or improve: *kagami wo* —, to polish a metal mirror; *katana wo* —, to whet a sword; *kome wo* —, to wash rice; *toishi de togeba yoku togeru*, if you rub it on a whetstone it will become sharp.

Syn. MIGAKU.

TOGIKAWA トギカハ 磨皮 n. A razor-strop.

TŌGIN タウギン 當今 n. The reigning monarch, i.q. *kinjō*.

TOGI-OTOSHI, -SU トギオトス 磨落 t.v. To take out by rubbing, as a flaw or nick.

TOGIRE, -RU トギレル 時絶 i.v. To cease for a

while, to stop at intervals, to be interrupted: *yuki ga futte ōrai ga* —, the passing to and fro is interrupted by the snow.

Syn. TODAE.

TOGISHI, or TOGIYA トギシ 研師 n. A person whose business it is to sharpen swords.

TOGIYA トギヤ n. A sharpener of cutting instruments, knife-grinder.

TŌGŌ トウガフ 媮合 — *suru*, to say things pleasing to another, to flatter: *kimi no kokoro ni* — *suru*.

TŌGŌ トガウ 土豪 n. The wealthy men, or influential men of a district.

TŌGOMA タウゴマ 唐胡麻 n. The Castor bean.

Syn. HIMASHI.

TŌGŪ トウグウ 東宮 n. The dwelling place of the prince royal, or heir apparent to the throne of the Mikado; the heir apparent.

TOGUCHI トグチ 戸口 n. A door, entrance.

TOGURA トグラ 埒 n. A chicken coop, or roost.

Syn. TOYA.

TOGURO トグロ n. A coil, as of a snake: *nawa wo — ni maku*, to coil a rope; *hebi ga — wo maku*.

TOGURUMA トグルマ 戸車 n. A small wheel on which doors or sashes are rolled, a caster.

TŌGUWA タウグワ 鐮 n. A kind of grubbing hoe.

TŌGWA タウグワ 唐畫 n. A Chinese picture.

TŌGWA トウグワ 冬瓜 n. The "winter-melon," a pumpkin.

TŌGYO トウギョ 統馭 (*osamuru*) — *suru*, to rule, govern.

TOGYO トギョ 蠹魚 n. The book moth, a book-worm.

TOGYO トギョ 渡御 — *suru*, to go, or visit, — spoken only of the Emperor.

Syn. ONARI, SHUTSUGYO.

†TŌGYŌKI トウギヤウキ 東京錦 n. A kind of brocade.

TOGYŪBA トギウバ 屠牛場 n. A slaughter-house.

TŌHI トウヒ 逃避 (*nigete sakeru*) — *suru*, to flee from, to escape.

TŌHI トウヒ 橙皮 n. Lemon-peel: — *yū*, oil of lemon.

TOHI トヒ 徒費 (*muda ni tsukau*) — *suru*, to spend uselessly, to waste, squander.

TO-HI トヒ 都鄙 (*miyako inaka*) n. City and country.

TOHO トホ 徒歩 (*kachi aruki*) — *suru*, to go on foot, to walk.

TŌHŌ トハウ 途方 n. (*michi no hō*) Way, direction: *tohō wo ushinau*, to lose one's presence of mind; — *ni kureta*, to be in doubt or perplexity what to do; to be in a quandary or dilemma; to be at a stand, bewildered, puzzled; *tohō mo nai*, exorbitant, outrageous, exceeding reason or decency, extravagant; as, — *koto iu*; — *yatsu da*.

TŌHŌ タウハウ 當方 (*kono kata*) This side, this place, this region, this person; =I, we.

Syn. KOCHIRA.



TOHŌ-GAKAI トホウガカイ 土崩瓦解 (*tsuchi no gotoku kuzure; kawara no gotoku toku*) lit. crumbling like earth and broken like crockery; used fig. for the overthrow or destruction of a state or government.

TŌHYŌ トウヘウ 投票 n. Balloting, voting: — *suru*, to ballot, vote.

TOI トヒ 問 n. A question, inquiry: — *ni kotaeru*, to reply to an inquiry.

Syn. TAZUNE.

TOI トイ n. A pipe for conducting water.

Syn. HI, TOYU.

TŌ-I トウイ 東夷 (*higashi no ebisu*) n. Eastern barbarians, applied to the inhabitants of Ōshū, or Mutsu.

TOI,-KI-KU-SHI トイ早 adj. Quick, fast, early, soon: *toku hashiru*, to run fast; *toku okiru*, to rise early; *tō ni shinda*, died long ago; *toku okita*, was up long ago, or early; *toki uma*, a fast horse; *toku yori shitte oru*, I knew it before. Syn. HAYAI.

TŌI,-KI-KU-SHI トホイ遠 adj. Far, distant; not familiar, strange: *fune ga tōku natta*, the ship has got far away; *tōi tokoro*, a distant place; *tōkute miemasen*, it is so far off it cannot be seen; *tō gozarimas*, it is far, sir.

Syn. HARUKA, EMPŌ.

TOI,-OU トフ 訪 t.v. To visit: *byōnin wo* —, to visit the sick. Syn. MIMAU.

TOI,-OU トウ 問 t.v. To inquire, to ask, to question; to investigate; to punish: *ampi wo* —, to inquire after the health of any one; *tsumi wo tou*, to punish a crime; *tsumi wo towazu ni oku*, to let a crime go unpunished; *michi wo* —, to inquire about the way; *tō wa ittan no haji towanu wa ishō no haji* (prov.).

Syn. TAZUNERU, KIKU.

TOI-AWASE,-RU トヒアハセル 問合 t.v. To make inquiry about, to see about it: *toi awasete agemashō*, I will see about it and tell you.

Syn. KIKI-AWASERU.

TO-IDE トイデ 外出 n. Going out,—of the house.

TOIKI トイキ 大息 n. (coll.) A long breath, a sigh: — *wo tsuku*, to sigh, draw a long breath.

Syn. TAMEIKI.

†TOI-MARU トヒマル 問丸 n. A large mercantile house.

Syn. TONYA.

TŌIN タウイン 唐音 n. The modern sound of Chinese characters,—but little used in Japan.

TOISHI トイシ 砥 n. A whetstone, hone.

TŌISOKUMYŌ タウイツクメウ 當意即妙 n. Instantly perceiving a mistake one has made in speaking and giving it an amusing or pleasant turn.

TO-ITA トイタ 戸板 n. A sliding door made of boards: *kega nin wo* — *ni noseru*.

TŌITSU トウイツ 統一 (*hitotsu ni sube-osamuru*) — *suru*, to bring a whole country into subjection, or under one's sway.

TOI-TSUME,-RU トヒツメル 問詰 t.v. To question closely, inquire strictly, to scrutinize, to cross-examine.

TOIYA トヒヤ 問屋 (pron. *tonya*) n. A wholesale commercial house, or wholesale merchant; commission merchant.

TOIYABA トヒヤバ 問屋場 n. The place in a post-station (*shiku*) where coolies and pack-horses are furnished to nobles and government officers.

TOJI トジ 途次 n. On the way, whilst, when: *taishoku no* —, on the way home from his office.

Syn. GAKE, MICHİ.

†TOJI, OR TOJIME トジ n. The mistress of a house, a young woman: *haha* —, mother.

TŌJI トウジ 杜氏 n. A brewer of sake.

TŌJI トウジ 冬至 n. The winter solstice.

TŌJI タウヂ 湯治 n. Treatment of disease by bathing in the hot-springs: — *ni yuku*, to visit the hot springs for medical treatment.

Syn. ONSEN.

TŌJI タウジ 當時 adv. Now, at present, for the present, present time, at that time, in those days.

Syn. TŌBUN, SONO TOKI.

TOJI,-RU OR -ZURU トヂル 閉 i.v. and t.v. To close, shut, to fasten: *to wo* —, to shut or lock a door; *me kuchi nado wo* —, to shut the eyes or mouth; *kōri ga* —, the ice has closed up (the water).

Syn. TOZASU, SHIMERU.

TOJI,-RU OR -ZURU トヂル 緘 t.v. To sew or tack together; to fasten together with a thread; to quilt; to bind, as a book: *hon wo* —, to sew the leaves of a book together, to bind a book; *futon wo* —, to quilt or stitch a mattress; *toji-hon*, a bound book.

TŌJI,-RU OR -ZURU トウズル 投 (*nageru*) t.v. To throw, cast, toss; to send (as a letter): *ishi wo* —, to cast a stone.

TOJIBUMI トヂブミ n. A bound book.

TOJIKIMI トジキミ 戸道 (*to no michi*) n. The groove in which a door slides.

Syn. SHIKII.

TOJI-KOME,-RU トジコメル t.v. To shut in, lock in: *hito wo* —, to lock a person in.

TOJI-KOMI,-MU トヂコム 緘込 t.v. To sew in, or amongst the leaves of a book, bind up with: *ezu wo hon ni* —, to bind a map or picture in a book.

TOJI-KOMORI,-RU トジコモル 閉籠 i.v. To shut or lock one's self in: *tojikomotte hon wo yomu*, to lock one's self in and read a book.

TOJIKURI,-RU トジクル t.v. To sew together, to patch, to mend.

TO-JIMARI トジマリ 戸緘 n. Closing, fastening, or locking a door: — *wo shite neru*, to lock the door and go to bed.

TOJIME,-RU トヂメル 緘 t.v. To conclude, to end, terminate.

Syn. SUMU, OWARU.

TOJIME トヂメ 緘 n. The binding or knot that fastens the thread with which a book is bound, the fastening of a door, the conclusion: *uta no* —, the conclusion of a poem; — *no koto*, the last office or service to man, viz. a funeral.

TOJIN トジン 都人 (*miyako no hito*) n. A resident of a city, a genteel man.

TŌJIN タウジン 蕩盡 (*tsuiyashi tsukusu*) — *suru*, to spend, squander, waste.

TŌJIN タウジン 唐人 (*kara no hito*) n. A Chinaman; used as a contemptuous name for all foreigners: *onna* —, a foreign woman.

†TŌJIROKU トホジロク adv. Conspicuous, seen clearly.

TŌJISA タウジサ 恭菜 n. The sugar beet, *Beta vulgaris*.

TŌJISEN トウジセン 冬至線 n. Tropic of Cancer.

TOJI-SHIRO トヂシロ 緘代 n. That part of the page at the back of a book left blank for binding.

TŌJITSU タウジツ 當日 adv. At that time or day, at this time or this day, the proper time or proper day.

TOJITSUKE, -RU トヂツケル 緘付 i.v. To sew or tack one thing to another.

TOJŌ トジヤウ 登城 (*shiro ye noboru*) Going to the *Shōgun's* castle or court: — *suru*.

TŌJŪ タウヂウ 當住 n. The present incumbent of a Bud. temple.

TOKA トカ 都下 n. Kyōto, the capital city.

TŌKA トヲカ 十日 n. The tenth day; also, ten days.

TŌKA タフカ 踏歌 (*odori utai*) n. Dancing and singing: — *no sechie*, a fête anciently held on the 15th and 16th of the first month to celebrate the new year.

TŌKA トウカ 登霞 n. Death of the Mikado.

TŌKA タウカ n. A fox: o — *san*.

TŌKA トウカ 東家 n. Master of the house: — *bumpu su*, the master orders.

†TOKAERI トカヘリ — *no hana*, i.q. *matsu no hana*.

TOKAGE トカゲ n. A lizard.

TOKAGE トカゲ 常蔭 n. Perpetual shade: *yama no* —, the perpetual shady side of a mountain.

TOKAI トカイ 渡海 (*umi wo wataru*) Crossing the ocean, to cross the ocean, navigation: — *suru*, to navigate; *to-kai-fune*, a ship from across the ocean.

TŌKAI トウカイ 東海 (*higashi no umi*) Eastern sea: *tōkaidō*, n. The road extending from Tōkyō to Kyōto along the eastern coast; also, the 15 eastern provinces bordering on the sea-coast, viz. *Iga, Ise, Shima, Owari, Mikawa, Tōtōmi, Suruga, Kai, Izu, Sagami, Musashi, Awa, Kazusa, Shimōsa, Hitachi*.

TOKAKI トカキ 斗格 n. A stick used for leveling a measure of grain, etc.; a strike.

TOKAKU トカク 免角 adv. (from *to*, that, and *kaku*, this manner) In that way and this way; in various ways, in one way and another, some how or other, by all means, for the most part, liable, apt: — *suru uchi ni hi ga kureru*, while busy about this and that the sun set; — *ni yo no naka ga osamaranu*, from one cause and another the times are unsettled; — *mada yoku narimasen*, for one cause and another he has not yet recovered; *doro no michi wa* — *suberimasu*.

†TOKAMA トカマ n. A sharp sickle.

TŌ-KAN トウカン 等閑 (*naozari*) Remiss, negligent, careless, regardless.

TŌKARASU タウカラス n. The magpie, i.q. *kasasagi*.

TOKASHI, -SU トカス 解 t.v. To dissolve, to melt, to untie, unravel: *kusuri wo mizu ni* —, to dissolve medicine in water; *kōri wo* —, to melt ice.

TOKATA トカタ 料 n. The capital of a pillar or column.

TOKE, -RU トケル 解 i.v. To be dissolved, melted, untied, unraveled, loosed, cleared off, explained, ended: *rō kōri kane nado ga* —, the wax, ice, or metal is melted; *obi ga* —, the belt is loose; *utagai ga* —, the doubt is dispelled; *kakomi ga* —, the siege is ended; *namari wa yoku tokeru*, lead is easily melted; *kore wo tokareru ka*, can you untie this?

TOKE-AI トケアヒ n. Reconciliation or mutual understanding: — *ni naru*.

TOKE-AI, -AU トケアフ 解合 i.v. To be reconciled to each other, or restored again to friendship; to be mutually free from restraint or backwardness.

TOKAI トケイ 徒刑 n. Imprisonment with hard labor.

TOKAI トケイ 時辰表 n. A watch, clock: *tamoto-dokei*, a watch; *hashira* —, a clock.

TŌKEI トウケイ 闘鷄 n. Cock-fighting: — *wo suru*.

Syn. TORI-AWASE.

TŌKEI トウケイ 統計 n. Statistics: — *gaku*, science of—; — *ka*, a statistician; — *hyō*, statistical table.

TŌKEI トウケイ 刀圭 (*isha no koto*) n. Medicine, medical art.

TŌKEI タウケイ 倒景 (*higure*) n. Evening.

TOKEI-BANA, OR TOKAISŌ トケイバナ n. The Passion flower.

TŌKEIKA トウケイカ 刀圭家 n. A physician, surgeon.

TOKEI-SHI トケイシ 時計師 n. A watch or clock-maker.

TOKEN トケン 杜鵑 n. (the same as *hototogisu*) Cuckoo: — *kwa*, azalea.

TŌKEN タウケン 唐犬 n. A foreign dog, large dog.

TŌKEN タウケン 倒懸 (*sakasama ni kakaru*) n. Hung with the head downwards: — *wo toku ga gotoshi*, like losing one who is hanging with his head downwards.

TOKETSU トケツ 吐血 (*chi wo haku*) Vomiting or spitting of blood, Hemoptisis.

TOKI トキ 時 n. Hour, time, season; any period of time; the times; a favorable time or opportunity; occasion; the time when; destiny: *nan doki*, what o'clock; — *ga warui*, the times are bad; — *waruku rusu da*, unfortunately happens to be out; — *ga sugita*, the time is past; — *ga itaru*, the time is come; — *ga utsuru*, the time passes; — *ni shitagau*, to adapt one's self to the time or occasion; — *ni au*, to suit the times; — *ni okureru*, behind the times; — *ni yoru*,

according to the time or occasion; — *ni totte no saiwai*, a timely good fortune; — *wo utsusu*, to pass the time; — *wo ushinau*, to lose the favorable time or opportunity; — *wo eru*, or *uru*, to get a favorable time; — *wo hazusu*, to miss the opportunity; — *wo matsu*, to wait for a favorable time; — *wo tsukuru*, to crow (as a cock); *nani goto mo* — *to akirameru*, believing that all events are fixed by heaven to be resigned; — *ni jōzuru*, to improve the occasion; *toki to shite*, sometimes; *toki no kane*, a bell on which the hours are struck; *gozen taberu toki*, when eating dinner; *kodomo no umareta toki*, when the child was born; — *to naku*, always.

Syn. SETSU, KORO, JIBUN, JISETSU.

**TOKI** トキ 齋 *n.* Dinner,—used only for food of Bud. priests: — *wo sonaeru*; — *ni tsuku*.

**TOKI** トキ 桃花鳥 *n.* The Ibis.

**TOKI**,-KU トク 解 *t.v.* To melt, dissolve; to untie, unbind, loosen, disentangle, to unravel, rip open; to explain; undo; to take away, dispel, dissipate, disperse: *kane kōri rō nado wo* —, to melt metal, ice or wax; *satō wo mizu ni* —, to dissolve sugar in water; *ikari wo* —, to dispel anger; *kakomi wo* —, to raise a siege; *obi wo* —, to loosen the belt; *musubime wo* —, to untie a knot; *kimono wo* —, to rip up a garment; *wake wo* —, to explain, or give the reason; *kami wo* —, to untie the hair; *samurai no buki wo toku*, to disarm the soldiery.

Syn. HODOKU.

**TOKI** トキ 鯨波 *n.* A war shout: — *wo tsukuru*, to shout; — *wo dotto ageru*; — *wo awaseru*, to answer a shout.

**TOKI** トキ 妒忌 (*netami*) *n.* Jealousy, envy.

**TOKI** トウキ 投寄 — *suru*, to contribute or write an article for a newspaper: *genkō wo* — *suru*.

**TŌ-KI** トウキ 騰貴 (*ne ga agaru*) — *suru*, to rise in price.

**TŌKI** トウキ 登記 (*shirusu*) — *suru*, to register, to enter in a ledger.

**TŌKI** タウキ 陶器 *n.* Porcelain, or earthenware: — *seizo*.

**TŌKI**, タウキ 當歸 *n.* The name of an odoriferous plant, Ligusticum.

**TŌKI** トウキ 投機 *n.* Speculation: — *shō*, a speculating merchant; — *gyō*, speculating business.

**TOKI-AKASHI**,-SU トキアカス 時明 *t.v.* To explain, to solve, expound, to make clear or intelligible, to unfold or illustrate: *hon wo* —, to explain a book.

**TOKIBE** トキベ 解部 *n.* An officer who hears and settles cases before going to court.

**TŌKIBI** タウキビ 唐黍 *n.* Sorghum, saccharatum, sugar-cane.

**TOKI-DOKI** トキドキ 時時 *adv.* Sometimes, now and then, occasionally, often.

Syn. ORI-ORI, TOKI-YORI, ORIFUSHI.

**TOKI-FUSE**,-RU トキフセル 説伏 *t.v.* To convince, to force one to yield assent to truth.

**TOKI-HI-JI** トキヒジ 齋非時 *n.* A feast made on the anniversary of a death, accompanied with religious ceremonies: — *ni hito wo shōzuru*, to invite persons to the above feast.

†**TOKIJIKU** トキジク *adj.* Perpetual, constant, always: — *ni*, out of season; — *no kagu no konomi*, fragrant fruit out of season.

**TOKIMAI** トキマイ 齋米 *n.* The rice given to a Buddhist priest.

**TOKIMEKASHI**,-SU トキメカス *t.v.* To make a show, or display of power, or dignity; to be pompous.

**TOKIMEKI**,-KU トキメク *i.v.* To be the most flourishing, or prosperous: *tokimeitaru hito*, to be a prosperous or influential man.

Syn. HANAMEKU.

**TOKIMORI** トキモリ 時守 *n.* One who strikes the hours on a bell.

**TOKIN** トキン 頭巾 *n.* A kind of cap worn by a *yamabushi*.

**TOKI-NARANU** トキナラヌ 不時 *adj.* Out of season: — *mono wo kū na*, don't eat anything that is out of season.

**TOKI NI** トキニ 時 *adv.* Used in introducing another subject; or in interrupting a conversation to speak of something which suddenly comes to mind;—by the way, now.

**TOKI-NO-KE** トキノケ 時氣 *n.* The noxious influences or diseases peculiar to the season.

**TOKI-NO-KIZAMI** トキノキサミ 土圭 *n.* A sun-dial.

**TOKI-NO-KOE** トキノコエ *n.* A loud shout, as that raised by an army on making an onset: — *wo ageru*, to shout; — *wo awaseru*, to reply by a shout.

**TOKI-NO-MA** トキノマ *adv.* For an instant, or little while.

**TOKISUSUME**,-RU トキススメル *t.v.* To persuade, coax.

†**TOKI-TSU-KAZE** トキツカゼ 時津風 *n.* A wind that blows at certain seasons or times of the day, land and sea breeze.

**TOKITSUKI**,-KU トキツク *i.v.* To be in a state of tremor, or trepidation, excited, agitated.

**TOKIWA** トキハ 常磐 (contracted from *toko*, unchangeable, and *iwa*, stone) Always the same, unchanging: — *no matsu*, evergreen pine; — *ni kakiwa ni*, eternally.

**TOKIWAGI** トキハギ 常葉木 *n.* An evergreen tree.

**TOKKEN** トツケン 特權 *n.* Exclusive right or privilege, prerogative.

**TOKKO** トクコ 獨鈷 *n.* A kind of brass mace held by Buddhist priests in praying.

**TOKKŌ** トクカウ 德行 (*yoki okonai*) *n.* Virtuous conduct: — *ga aru*; — *no kunshi*.

**TOKKŌ** トクカウ 特效 (*kakubetsu na kikime*) Special adaptation, specific: — *yaku*, a specific.

**TOKKU** トツク *adv.* (i.q. *toku*) Early, fast: — *ni*, long ago; — *kara*, long time since.

**TOKKUMI**,-MU トツクム 取組 *i.v.* (comp. of *tori*, and *kumu*, coll.) To seize and embrace, as wrestlers.

**TOKKURI** トツクリ (coll.) Same as *tokuri*.

TOKKURI TO トツクリト adv. (coll.) Attentively, carefully, well: — *miru*, to look at closely; — *kangaeru*, to consider well.

Syn. TOKU-TO.

TOKKWA トククワ 徳化 — *suru*, to improve through good government.

TOKKYO トクキヨ 特許 n. Privilege, special right.

TOKO, or TOKOBA トコバ n. A barber shop.

TOKO トコ 牀 n. A bed, bedstead, a hot-bed: — *wo noberu*, to make a bed; — *wo shiku*, id.; *kawa* —, the bed of a river.

TOKO トコ 底 n. The lower piece of wood or bottom of a plough; a heavy wooden ram used for driving piles, or stones.

TOKO トコ 常 Perpetual, always, unchanging, — used only in compound words: *toko-mezurashii*, always new or fresh.

TOKO トコ 投壺 n. A kind of game which consists in throwing a ball into a cup.

TOKO トコ 土寇 n. Revolt, insurrection.

Syn. IKKI.

TOKO トコ 兎角 (contracted from *tokaku*) This or that: — *mōsu ni oyobazu*, no use in saying anything more.

TOKO トコ 土侯 n. Native princes.

TOKO トコ 土功 n. Earthwork, extensive works in digging, tunneling, etc.

TOKO トコ 徒行 (*kachi aruki*) — *suru*, to go on foot, to walk.

TOKO トコ 登降 (*nobori kudari*) Ascending and descending.

TOKO トコ 投稿 n. An article contributed to a newspaper: — *suru*, to write an article; — *sha*, a contributor.

Syn. TOSHO.

TOKO-BANARE トコバナレ 床離 n. Leaving the bed, separation between husband and wife: (coll.) — *no warui hito*, one who dislikes to rise from bed in the morning.

TOKOBI,-BU トコブ 詛 t.v. To imprecate, or invoke evil upon, curse.

Syn. NORŌ, SHUSO SURU.

TOKOBUSHI トコブシ n. A species of shellfish.

TOKOFURI,-RU トコフル 床舊 i.v. For a long time sleeping or living together: *tokofuritaru fūfu*.

TOKOGAMACHI トコガマチ 床框 n. A bedstead.

†TOKOI,-OU トコフ t.v. To curse, i.q. *norou*.

†TOKOMEZURA トコメヅラ adj. Always delightful or lovely.

TOKOMISE トコミセ n. A barber shop, small shop.

TOKON トコン 吐根 n. Ipecacuanha: — *sharibetsu*, syrup of Ipecac.

TOKON トウコン 當今 adv. At present, now.

Syn. IMA, MOKKON, MOKKA.

TOKON トウコン 刀痕 (*katana kizu*) n. A sword-cut.

†TOKONAME トコナメ — *ni*, smooth and slippery, perpetually: — *ni nagaruru kawa*, the perpetually flowing river.

TOKONATSU トコナツ 瞿麥 n. The Pink.

Syn. SEKICHIKU, NADESHIKO.

TOKO-NO-MA トコノマ 牀間 n. Alcove or that part of a room which is raised a few inches above the floor.

TOKORO トコロ 所, or 處 n. A place; answers to the relative pronoun, that which, just as; the time when, being about;—in writing, at the end of a sentence, indicates that what is said was done or finished: *kono* —, this place; *sumau* —, the place where one lives; — *no hito*, a resident of the place; *kanete mita* — *no mono to chigai*, different from the thing I saw before; *iu ni* — *tagawazu*, just as was said; *waga shiru* — *ni arazu*, it is something which I don't know; *ikō to omou* — *ye kita*, he came just as I was thinking I would go; *yomi oeta* — *ni*, when I had finished reading; *ochiru* — *datta*, I was just about to fall; *tokoro ga*, used in replying to an argument—allowing what you say, but yet, nevertheless.

Syn. SHO, BASHO, TOCHI, TOKI.

TOKORO トコロ 藜 n. The name of a bulbous root, *Dioscorea quinqueloba*.

TOKORO-BARAI トコロバラヒ 所拂 n. Banishment, or expulsion from a place as a punishment; — *ni suru*; — *ni naru*. Syn. TSUIHŌ.

TOKORO-DOKORO トコロドコロ 處處 Various places, here and there.

Syn. SHOSHO, ACHI-KOCHI.

TOKORO-GAE トコロガへ 處替 n. A change of place, removal from one place to another: — *wo suru*.

TOKORO-GAKI トコロガキ 處書 n. The written directions of a place, as the name of the place, street, etc., the address, a directory.

TOKORO-GARA トコロガラ 處柄 n. The kind, character or manners of a place: — *ga warui*, a bad place.

TOKORO-OKI,-KU トコロオク 讓席 t.v. To yield one's place to another—out of politeness: *me-ue no hito ni* —.

TOKORO-SEKI,-KU トコロセク adj. Filling up, encumbering or blocking up a place: *tokoro-seki made aru*.

TOKOROTEN トコロテン 心太 n. A kind of jelly made of seaweed.

TOKOSHIE トコシへ 常 Always, perpetual, eternal, everlasting: — *no haru*, perpetual spring; — *ni*, perpetually.

TOKOSHIE-NI トコシへニ adv. i.q. *tokoshinae-ni*.

TOKOSHINAE NI トコシナへニ 長 adv. Always, constantly, perpetually, eternally: — *yakeyamazu*, will never cease to burn; — *kakunogotoku*, always so,

Syn. ITSUMADEMO, NAGAKU, TSUNE NI.

TOKOSHIRAMI トコシラミ n. The bed-bug, *Acanthia lectularia*.

†TOKOTOWA NI トコトハニ 長久 (*itsumo kawarazu*) adv. Perpetually, continually, eternally.

TOKOTSUCHI トコツチ 床土 n. The subsoil, substratum of earth beneath the soil that is worked.

TOKOYAMI トコヤミ 長闇 n. Utter darkness, such as the earth was involved in when the Sun Goddess (*Amaterasu ō mi kami*) in anger shut herself up in a cave.

- TOKOYO トコヨ 常世** n. Eternity; hades: — *no kuni*, eternal world; also a foreign or unknown country; — *tachi*, immortals,—used in addressing others; — *no yama*, the elysian mountain, i.q. *Hōraisan*; — *mushi*, a large green caterpillar.
- TOKOYO トコヨ 常夜** n. The whole night: — *no naga-naki-dori*, the bird that crows all night,—the cock.
- TOKOZUME トコヅメ** n. A bed-sore: — *ga oki-reba shinu*.
- TOKOZURE トコズレ 牀瘡** n. A bed-sore.
- TOKU トク 早** adv. Early, soon. See *toi*.
- TOKU トク 徳** n. Virtue, moral excellence, good, influence, power: — *wo tsumu*, to perform meritorious acts; — *no aru hito*, a person whose presence commands respect; *baka ni mo ittoku*, even a fool has one virtue.  
Syn. KUDOKU, KŌ.
- TOKU トク 得** n. Profit, gain, pecuniary advantage, success: — *ga nai*, no profit; *son mo mo nai*, neither loss nor gain; *son wo shite wo tore* (prov.).  
Syn. MŌKE, EKI.
- TOKU トク 特 (koto)** Special: — *on*, special grace or favor.
- TŌKU トホク 遠** adv. Far. See *tōi*.
- TOKUBETSU トクベツ 特別 (kakubetsu)** — *na*, special, particular.
- TOKUBIKON トクビコン 幘鼻禪** n. A cloth worn about the loins.  
Syn. FUNDOSHI.
- TOKUBUN トクブン 得分** n. Profit, advantage, the part or share which one has gained.  
Syn. MŌKE.
- TOKUDATSU トクダツ 得脱** n. Deliverance or salvation from evil in this world, or from future punishment (Bud.): — *suru*.
- TOKUDO トクド 得度** Obtaining salvation, or passage into paradise (Bud.): — *suru*, to obtain salvation.
- TOKUDŌ トクダウ 得道 (michi wo eru)** Finding the truth (as Shaka did); entering a monastery or the priesthood: — *suru*, to enter a monastery.  
Syn. SHUKKE SURU.
- TOKUGI トクギ 徳義** n. Morality, virtue.
- TOKUGYŌSEI トクゲフセイ 得業生** n. Bachelor of arts.
- TOKUGYŪ トクギウ 幘牛** n. A calf.  
Syn. KO-USHI.
- TOKUHITSU トクヒツ 秃筆 (chibifude)** n. A spoiled and useless pen.
- TOKUI トクイ 得意 (kokoroe)** n. (coll.) A customer; anything which one is well acquainted with or takes delight in; adept in, at home in: *tokui na kao*, pleased countenance; *ano hito wa watakushi no — de gozari-masu*, he is a customer of mine; — *na koto*, a thing which one delights in or is at home in.  
Syn. ETE.
- TOKUJITSU トクジツ 篤實** Sincere, honest, upright: — *na hito*.  
Syn. SHŌJIKI.
- TOKUKEN トクケン 特權** n. Privilege, prerogative.
- TOKUMEI トクメイ 特命 — zenken kōshi**, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary.
- TOKUMEI トクメイ 匿名** n. Anonymous.
- TOKURI トクリ 德利** n. A bottle, phial, jug, decanter.  
Syn. BIN.
- †**TOKURUYOSHI トクルヨシ 解由 (hiki-watashi)** n. Auditing the accounts of a retiring governor of a province.
- TOKUSA トクサ 木賊** n. Equisetum, or scouring rush.
- TOKUSEI トクセイ 徳政** n. Kind, beneficent government.
- TOKUSEI トクセイ 得精** n. (coll.) Profit on the sale of goods: *gojū ryō no — ni naru*, to have a profit of fifty *ryō*.  
Syn. TOKUBUN.
- TOKUSEN トクセン 特選 (koto ni eramu)** Special choice or selection,—of the Emperor: *Tenshi no — ni makaseru*.
- TOKUSHA トクシャ 特赦 — suru**, to pardon, to remit punishment.
- TOKUSHI トクシ 特旨 (kakubetsu no mune)** Special regard.
- TOKUSHI トクシ 篤志 (atsuki kokorozashi)** n. Kind-hearted, benevolence, liberality, generosity: — *no hito ga kane wo megumu*.
- TOKUSHIN トクシン 得心** n. Assent, approval, consent: — *suru*, to agree, concede, or yield; — *zuku*, connivance, collusion.  
Syn. SHŌCHI, SHŌDAKU, NATTOKU.
- TOKU-SHITSU トクシツ 得失** n. Profit and loss advantage or disadvantage.  
Syn. SON-EKI.
- TOKUSHO トクショ 讀書 (hon wo yomu)** — *suru*, to read books: — *jin*.
- TOKUSHOKU トクショク 得色 (shitari gao)** n. A pleased countenance, as of one who has got a victory.
- TOKUSŌ トクサウ 得喪** i.q. *toku-shitsu*.
- TOKUSOKU トクソク 促督 (hataru)** — *suru*, to drive, press; to dun, importune, or urge,—as payment of a debt.
- TOKUTAKU トクタク 徳澤 (megumi)** n. Grace, benefactions.
- TOKUTATSU トクタツ 特達 (sugureru)** — *suru*, to be superior to others, preëminent.
- TOKUTEN トクテン 特典 (kotonaru megumi)** n. Special grace, mercy or clemency.
- TOKU TO トクト 篤** adv. Attentively, carefully, minutely, well: — *miru*, to look closely at.  
Syn. YOKU, KOMAKA NI, TOKKURI TO.
- TOKU-TOKU トクトク 早早** adv. Quickly.  
Syn. HAYAKU.
- TOKUYEKI-SHA トクエキシヤ 督役者** n. Overseer, taskmaster.
- TOKUYŌ トクヨウ 徳用** Good, serviceable, useful, profitable, advantageous, economical: *ishi no ie wa — da*, a stone house is most serviceable.  
Syn. RIKATA.
- TOKUYŪSEI トクユウセイ 特有性** n. Peculiar or specific properties (of matter).

TOKWAI トクワイ 都會 n. A city.  
 TŌKWANSHIN タウクワンシン 套管針 n. A trocar.  
 TŌKWATSU トウクワツ 統括 Same as *sōkwatsu*.  
 TŌKYOKU トウキョク 登極 (*kurai ni noboru koto*) n. Ascending the throne.  
 TŌKYOKUSHA タウキョクシヤ 當局者 n. Persons engaged in playing checkers; government officials.  
 TŌKYŪ タウキフ 等級 n. Grade, rank, degree. Syn. KURAI, KAIKYŪ.  
 TOMA トマ 篷 n. A mat used for covering the cargo in junks, or for roofing: — *wo fuku*, to roof with the above.  
 TOMADOI トマドヒ 戸迷 n. Rising from sleep bewildered and unable to find the door: — *wo suru*.  
 TOMARI, -RU トマル 止 i.v. To stop, to cease from motion; to light, as a bird; to roost; to be detained: *kuruma ga* —, the wheel has stopped; *itami ga* —, the pain has ceased; *yadoya ni* —, to stop at an inn; *me ni tomatta mono*, anything which has particularly attracted one's notice; *koe ga* —, to lose the voice; *tori ga* —, the bird has alighted; *sekisho ga* —, the gate (at a pass) is closed; *ko ga* —, to become pregnant. Syn. YAMU, TODOMARU, YADORU.  
 TOMARI トマリ 止 n. A stop, cessation, stoppage, a stopping place: *kon-ban no* — *wa doko da*, where will you stop to night? — *ga nai*, no cessation.  
 TOMARI-BUNE トマリブネ 泊舟 n. A ship lying at anchor.  
 TOMARIDORI トマリドリ n. A bird on the roost.  
 TOMARI-GAKE トマリガケ 泊掛 n. — *ni yuku*, to go to any place with the intention of stopping a night or two.  
 TOMARI-GI トマリギ 止木 n. The pole on which fowls roost, a perch.  
 TOMARIZUKI トマリヅキ n. The month when pregnancy takes place.  
 TŌMARU トウマル 東鷄 n. A large kind of fowl, a fighting cock.  
 TOMASHI, -SU トマス 富 t.v. To enrich, to make wealthy: *kuni wo* —, to enrich a nation.  
 TOMASU トマス 斗 n. (the same as *to*) A measure of grain.  
 TOMATSU トマツ 塗抹 (*kesu*) — *suru*, to erase, blot out: *hitofude ni* — *suru*, to draw the pen across and erase.  
 TŌMAWASHI NI トホマハシニ 遠回 Indirectly, in a round-about way.  
 TOMAYA トマヤ 苫屋 n. A small hut thatched with *toma*.  
 TOMBI トンビ 鳶 n. (same as *tobi*) A fish hawk: *hiru-tombi*, a pickpocket.  
 TOMBI-GAPA トンビガツパ n. A kind of overcoat with a long cape, a cloak.  
 TOMBŌ トンボウ 蜻蛉 n. A dragon fly.  
 TOMBODAMA トンボダマ n. Cat's-eye (stone).  
 TOMBOGAERI トンボガヘリ n. A sommersault: — *wo utsu*.  
 TOMBOKU トンボク 敦朴 (*atsuku sunao*) Simple, plain, honest.

TOMBYŌ トンビヤウ 頓病 n. A sudden attack of sickness.  
 TOME, -RU トメル 留 t.v. To stop, cause to cease, to put an end to any motion, arrest, hinder, to hold, to check, to keep, to detain, to harbor, to lodge (as a guest): *uma wo* —, to hold a horse; *kuruma wo* —, to stop a wheel or wagon; *itami wo* —, to stop the pain; *chi wo* —, to stop the flow of blood; *uwasa wo* —, to stop a report; *me wo tomeru*, to look fixedly at; *tsumibito wo* —, to harbor a criminal; *kyaku wo* —, to lodge a guest. Syn. TODOMERU, YADOSU.  
 †TŌME, or TOME タウメ n. An old lady, a matron; (met.) an old fox.  
 TŌME トホメ n. Far-sighted; looking at from a distance: — *sae mo osoroshi*.  
 TOMEBA トメバ 止場 n. A region of country in which hunting is prohibited except to the lord of the soil; a game-preserve.  
 TOMBARI トメバリ 止針 n. A pin: — *de tsukeru*, to pin.  
 TOMECHŌ トメチャウ 止帳 n. A memorandum book, = *hikachō*.  
 TOMEDO トメド 止所 n. A stop, end, cessation, a stopping place: — *ga nai*, endless. Syn. TOMARI, KIRI, KAGIRI, SAIGEN.  
 TŌMEGANE トホメガ子 遠鏡 n. A spy-glass, telescope, = *bōyenkyō*.  
 TŌMEI タウメイ 透明 n. Transparent, translucent.  
 TŌMEN タウメン 當面 (*me no mae*) In one's presence, before one's eyes.  
 TOMEYAMA トメヤマ 止山 n. Hills or forests reserved as the hunting ground of a noble, a game-preserve.  
 TOMI, -MU トム 富 i.v. To be rich, wealthy, prosperous: *kuni ga* —, the country is wealthy; *tomeru hito*, a rich man.  
 TOMI トミ 富 n. Riches, wealth, prosperity; a kind of lottery: *tomi to tattoki to wo hito no hossuru tokoro nari*, wealth and honor are that which men desire; — *wo tamau*, to bestow alms (obs.). Syn. FŪKI.  
 TŌMI トホミ 遠見 n. The appearance of anything seen from afar, a scout, a lookout: — *no hei*; — *wo dasu*.  
 TŌMI タウミ 唐箕 n. A wind-mill for cleaning grain.  
 TOMI-KŌMI トミカウミ (from *tokō*, a cont. of *tokaku*, and *mi*, to see) Looking about here and there: — *shite susumanu*, looking here and there and hesitating to go forward.  
 TOMIMI トミミ n. Quick to hear.  
 TOMI NI トミニ 頓 adv. Quickly, hastily, suddenly. Syn. KYŪ-NI.  
 TOMIREBA トミレバ On looking.  
 TŌMITSU タウミツ 糖蜜 n. Molasses, syrup.  
 TOMMA トンマ (coll.) Stupid, silly, dull, foolish: — *na yatsu*, a blockhead, an ass; — *na kao wo shite iru*, to have a stupid face. Syn. MANUKE.  
 TOMO トモ 友 n. A friend, companion. Syn. HŌYŪ, YŪJIN.

TOMO トモ 爐 n. The stern of a boat, or ship.  
 TOMO トモ 従者 n. An attendant, servant:  
 — *wo suru*, to go along with; — *wo tsureru*,  
 to take an attendant; *o* — *wo itashimashō*, I  
 will go with you.

Syn. JŪSHA, TOMOBITO.

TOMO トモ 鞆 n. A leather shield worn around  
 the wrist by archers.

TOMO トモ 列 n. A train, such as formerly  
 accompanied high officials on a journey: —  
*wo kiru*, to cross the road in front of a train.

Syn. GYŌRETSU.

TOMO トモ (a conjunctive particle, comp. of *to*  
 and *mo*) Though, even if, whether, even: *suru*  
*tomo shinai tomo kokoro makase*, do it or not  
 just as you please; *naku tomo yoi*, if there are  
 none, very well; *nan tomo nai*, nothing at all,  
 no change or effect at all; *itsu tomo shirenu*,  
 don't know when.

TOMŌ トモウ 土毛 (*tsuchi no sambutsu*) n.  
 Productions of the earth, fruits of the earth,  
 herbs, vegetables.

TOMO-ARE トモアレ (cont. of *to-mo-kaku-mo*,  
 and *are*, the imper. of *ari*) Let it be so; how-  
 ever it is, so be it; granted, conceded: *hito ni*  
*ashiku omowaruru wa tomo-are*, if people  
 think evil of you, so be it; *sore wa tomo-are*,  
 let that be as it is.

TOMOBASHIRA トモバシラ n. The mizen-mast.

TOMOBITO トモビト 従人 n. Attendants,  
 followers, servants.

Syn. JŪSHA.

TOMODACHI トモダチ 朋友 n. A friend, com-  
 panion.

Syn. HŌYU, HŌBAI.

TOMODOMO NI トモドモニ 共共 adv. Together,  
 altogether, in company.

TOMOGAKI トモガキ n. A friend, companion.

TOMOEGAMO トモエガモ n. A species of wild-  
 duck.

TOMOGARA トモガラ 徒 A collective noun de-  
 signating the whole class of persons to which  
 it is joined; a plural word: *yakunin no tomo-  
 gara*, officials, or the official class; *kodomo*  
*onago no* —, children and women.

Syn. YAKARA, TAGUI.

TO-MOJI トモジ n. The character for ten:  
*ashi wo* — *ni fumu*, to walk irregularly like a  
 drunken man.

TOMO-KAKUMO トモカクモ adv. (comp. of  
*tokaku*, and *mo*) In what manner soever, how-  
 soever, however it may be, in one way or  
 another, in some way, at all events: — *nanji*  
*yoki-ni hakarau beshi*, manage the matter in  
 whatever way you may think best.

TOMO-KŌMO トモカウモ Same as *tomokakumo*.

TOMO-MAWARI トモマハリ 供廻 n. The at-  
 tendants or servants around a person of rank;  
 pages.

TOMONAI,-AU トモナフ 伴 i.v. and t.v. To ac-  
 company, to go along with, to attend, to lead,  
 conduct, take along with: *hito wo tomonau*.

Syn. TSURERU.

TOMO NI トモニ 共 adv. Together, in company  
 with, along with; both: *watakushi to* — *Tōkyō*

*ye yuku*, to go with me to Tōkyō; *hikkyō yoshi*  
*ashi tomo ni mizukara maneku mono nari*, after  
 all, both good or bad luck men get for them-  
 selves; *ue shita* —, both high and low.

Syn. ISSHO NI.

†TOMO-NO-O トモノヲ n. The chief of a band  
 of soldiers.

TOMORI,-RU トモル 燃 i.v. To burn so as to  
 give light. See *tobori*.

TŌMOROKOSHI タウモロコシ 玉黍 n. Maize, or  
 Indian corn.

TOMOSAKI-GIRI トモサキギリ n. Crossing the  
 line of a procession.

TOMOSHI,-SU トモス 燃 t.v. To light,—spoken  
 only of a light, lamp, or candle (see *toboshi*):  
*akari wo* —, to strike a light; *andon wo* —, to  
 light a lamp; *tomoshi-abura*, lamp-oil.

TOMOSHIBI トモシビ 燈火 n. A light.

TOMOSHII,-KI-KU トモシイ See *toboshii*.

TOMOSHI-NO-MATSU トモシノマツ n. A pine  
 torch. Syn. TAIMATSU.

TOMO-SHIRAGA トモシラガ i.q. *moroshiraga*.

†TOMOSHIZUMA トモシヅマ n. A wife seldom  
 met, a beloved wife.

TOMO-SUREBA トモスレバ (= *yaya mo sureba*)  
 Apt, liable; frequently.

†TOMOYA トモヤ n. An arrow used in hunting.

TOMOYE トモエ 巴 A figure like this ㊦ is so  
 called: *mitsudomoye* is like ㊦.

TOMOZOROE トモゾロヘ n. A retinue, company  
 of followers.

TOMOZUNA トモヅナ 纜 n. A rope or hawser  
 from the stern of a ship.

TOMU トム 止 (contracted form of *tomuru*) To  
 stop, cease, end.

TOMUNE トム子 The breast, bosom: — *wo*  
*tsuku*, to be startled by surprise or alarm.

TOMURAI,-AU トムラフ 訪 or 吊 (the same as  
*toburai*) To lament for, to condole; to visit.

TOMURAI トムラヒ 送葬 n. A funeral.

Syn. SŌREI, SŌSHIKI, OKURI.

TOMURAI-GASSEN トムラヒガツセン 吊合戦 n.  
 A battle fought to revenge the death of a  
 friend or ally: *tomurai-ikusa*, id.

TOMURAMAKI,-KU トムラマク i.v. To coil up,  
 as a snake: *hebi ga* — (i.q. *toguro*).

TOMUSHI トムシ n. A moth.

TŌMUSHIRO タウムシロ 籐席 n. A mat made  
 of ratan.

TŌMYŌ トウミヤウ 燈明 n. A light: — *dai*,  
 a light-house: — *sen*, a light-ship.

Syn. AKARI.

TON トン (Eng.) n. A ton: *itton*, one ton;  
*ni ton*, two tons.

TONAE,-RU トナヘル 唱 t.v. To say, to recite,  
 to call or name: *nembutsu wo* —, to recite  
 prayers; *na wo Sadajirō to* —, called his name  
 Sadajiro.

Syn. SHŌSURU.

TONAKAI トナカイ 馴鹿 n. A Reindeer,  
*Cervus tarandus*.

†TONAMI トナミ n. A net for catching birds;  
 the current or tide of a narrow strait.

TŌNAN タウナン 盜難 n. Calamity or loss  
 from robbers: — *ni au*.

TONARERU トナレル 隣 adv. Neighboring, adjoining: — *ie*, a neighboring house.

TONARI, -RU トナル 隣 i.v. To adjoin, to be continuous to, to lie or be next to: *ikken oite tonaru*, the next house but one; *sono ie wa kado no ie ni* —, his house is next to the corner house.

TONARI トナリ 隣 Neighboring, adjoining; a neighbor: — *no ie*; — *no hito*; — *no kuni*.

TŌNASU タウナス 南瓜 n. A squash, or pumpkin, Cucurbita pepo.

Syn. KABOCHA.

TONCHI トンチ 頓智 n. Quick perception, cleverness, acumen: — *no yoi hito*.

TONCHIKI トンチキ n. (coll.) A stupid fellow, a dunce, dolt, ass.

Syn. TOMMA.

TONDA トンダ 飛 (pret. of *tobi*) Has flown (this word is much used as a superlative); extraordinary: — *koto ga dekita*, or — *me ni atta*, have met with a shocking affair; — *uso wo ii nasaru*.

TONDEMONAI, -KI トンデモナイ adj. Extraordinary, singular, strange, prodigious: — *koto wo ossharu*.

TONERI ト子リ 舍人 n. The night-guard or attendant of the *Tenshi*.

TONERIKO ト子リコ n. Name of a tree, Red ash.

TONGARI, -RU トンガル i.v. (coll.) To be sharp-pointed, quick to be angry.

TONGO トンゴ 頓悟 (*haya nomi-komi*) — *suru*, to understand quickly.

TŌNI トホニ i.q. *tokku ni*.

TO-NI-KAKU-NI トニカクニ (comp. of *tokaku*, and *ni*) adv. In any manner soever, in any way whatever, at any rate.

TŌNIN タウニン 當人 n. The principal person, or chief party; the person most interested in any business; the said person, the person in question: — *ga fushōchi da*, the chief person will not consent.

Syn. HONNIN.

TONIN タウニン 桃仁 n. A peach kernel.

TONJAKU トンジャク 貪着 — *suru*, to be solicitous about, to be careful for, take an interest in, to be concerned or troubled about, to mind, to heed: — *seni*, indifferent, unconcerned; *yo ni* — *suru*, to be concerned or troubled about the affairs of the world; *nama-yoi ni* — *suru na*, don't mind a drunken man; *son-na koto ni wa* — *shimasen*, I will not mind such business; *mu* —, heedless.

Syn. KAMAU, ANJIRU.

TONJI トンジ 遁辭 (*nige-kōjō*) n. Excuse made to escape a dilemma, a subterfuge, evasion: — *wo mōkeru*.

TONJI トンジ 豚兒 (*buta no ko*) My pig of a son, — speaking humbly of one's son.

TONKYO トンキョ 頓遠 — *na onna*, a woman who does absurd and stupid things from flurry or agitation.

TONNERU トンネル (Eng.) n. Tunnel.

TONNI トンニ 頓 (*niwakani*) adv. Suddenly, hastily, quickly.

TONO トノ 殿 n. A seigneurial residence, or palace; also the occupant, a lord, seignior: *tono-sama*, the lord; *tono-bara*, the lords, you.

†TONO-BITO トノビト n. The servants of a lord.

†TONOE トノエ n. The guard at the Mikado's gate.

TONOGO トノゴ 殿子 A respectful or affectionate title, used by a wife in speaking of her husband.

†TONOGOMORI, -RU トノゴモル i.v. To go to bed, go to sleep.

†TONOGUMORI, -RU トノグモリ i.v. To be cloudy.

†TONOI トノ井 宿直 n. Keeping watch or guard in the palace of the *Tenshi* at night, sleeping with the Mikado (obs.): — *wo suru*; — *mōsu*, to cry the hour at night.

†TONOI-BITO トノ井ビト n. The night-guard of the Emperor's palace.

†TONOI-GINU トノ井ギヌ n. The common clothes worn by *Kuge* or nobles.

TŌNO-IMO タウノイモ n. A species of edible-root, species of *Colocacia*.

†TONOI-MONO トノ井モノ n. Night clothes, bed-clothes.

†TONO-KATA トノカタ 外面 n. Outside.

TŌ-NOKI, -KU トホノク 遠退 i.v. To remove far from, to keep at a distance from: *kwaji wo tōnoite miru*, to look at a fire from a distance.

TONOKO トノコ 礪粉 n. The fine powder of a whetstone, used for polishing: — *suru*.

TONOMORYŌ トノモレウ 主殿寮 n. Formerly a department in the Mikado's household which had charge of the Emperor's bath, of the oil, wood, candles, charcoal, and cleaning of the yards of the palace.

TONOSAMAGAERU トノサマガヘル n. A species of frog, *Rana esculenta*.

†TONOTACHI トノタチ n. Scissors.

TŌNOTSUCHI タウノツチ 唐土 Chinese earth, viz. native carbonate of lead, used as a cosmetic.

TONO-UTSURI トノウツリ n. Removing from one house to another, — only of a noble.

TŌ-NO-YA タフノヤ n. Arrows shot in reply: — *wo iru*, to return the shot of an arrow.

TONRO トンロ 遁路 (*nige-michi*) n. A way of escape.

TONSEI トンセイ 遁世 (*yo wo nogareru*) Shaving the head and forsaking the world, as a Bud. priest.

TONSHI トンシ 頓死 (*niwakaji ni*) A sudden death.

TONSHO トンショ 屯所 (*tamuro*) n. Police station, guard-house.

TONSHU トンシュ 頓首 (*nukazuku*) n. Bowing with the head to the ground.

TŌNTO トンタウ 遁逃 (*nogareru*) — *suru*, to escape, flee away (same as *toton*): — *yū*, city of refuge.

TON-TO トント adv. (coll.) Entirely, quite, wholly, at all: — *shirimasen*, know nothing at all about it; — *nite inai*, wholly unlike.

Syn. IKKŌ, SARA-NI.



**TONTON** トントン adv. (coll.) The sound of beating a drum, door, etc.: *taiko wo -- tatakū.*

**TONYA** トンヤ Same as *toiya*.

**TONYEI** トンエイ 屯營 (*jinya*) n. Encampment, camp.

**TŌNYŌ** タウ子ウ 糖尿 n. Diabetes mellitus.

**TONYOKU** トンヨク 貪慾 Covetousness, avarice: — *no fukai hito*, a very avaricious man.  
Syn. MUSABORI.

**TONYŪ** トニウ 吐乳 (*chichi wo haku*) Throwing up milk, as infants.

**TONZA** トンザ 頓挫 n. The rest and close in music.

**TONZAI** トンザイ 屯在 (*tamuro shite iru*) — *suru*, to encamp, to be stationed,—of troops.

†**Toō** トヲヲ — *ni*, bent, curved, as a branch of a tree with much fruit.

**TOPYŌSHI** トツペウシ (coll.) — *mo nai*, absurd, extravagant, outrageous: — *koto wo iu*.  
Syn. TOTETSUMONAI.

**TORA** トラ 虎 n. A tiger; also 寅 one of the 12 signs: — *no tsuki*, the first month; — *no toki*, 4 o'clock A.M.; — *no hō*, the E.N.E.; — *ni tsubasa wo tsukuru* (prov.), giving wings to a tiger; *tora no ana ni irazareba tora no ko wa erarenu* (prov.), if you don't go into the tiger's den you cannot get his cub; *tora no i wo karu kitsune* (prov.), the fox who borrowed the tiger's power.

**TORAE,-RU** トラヘル 捕 i.v. To take hold, to seize, to catch, arrest: *dorobō wo —*, to arrest a thief; *nusubito wo toraete mireba waga ko nari* (prov.).

**TORAFU** トラフ 虎斑 n. Stripped like a tiger.

**TORAFUGU** トラフダ n. A fish, a species of Tetraodon.

**TORAGISU** トラギス n. A species of perch, Percis.

**TŌRAI** タウライ 到來 (*itari kitaru*) — *suru*, to arrive, come: *mada jikoku ga tōrai senu*, the time has not yet come; *tegami ga tōrai shita*, the letter has arrived; *tōrai-mono*, a present received.

**TORAKASHI,-SU** トラカス 蕩鑠 t.v. To melt, to fascinate, enchant: *shushoku ni kokoro wo —*, to fascinate the heart with wine and lust; *kane wo —*, to melt metal.  
Syn. UGOKASU, MAYOWASU, TOKASU.

**TORAMUSHI** トラムシ n. A species of beetle, *Cerambyx*.

**TORA-OTOSHI** トラオトシ 虎落 n. A pit or trap for catching tigers; also an inclosure in which the punishment by *harakiri* is performed.

**TORARE,-RU** トラレル 被取 (pass. of *tori*) To be taken or seized.

**TŌRASE,-RU** トホラセル (caust. of *tōsu*) To be let pass through, to admit or allow to enter: *tōrasenai*, does not admit or allow to pass.

**TORASE,-RU** トラセル 令取 (caust. of *tori*) To cause to, or let take, seize; to give: *okuri-mono wo —*, to give a present.

**TORASHI,-SU** トラス (caust. of *tori*) To cause or let take, to give.

**TORAWARE** トラワレ 囚 n. Captivity; a prisoner.

Syn. MESHIUDO, TORIKO.

**TORAWARE,-RU** トラハレル 被捕 (pass. of *toraeru*) To be taken, seized, or arrested.

**TŌRE,-RU** トレル 取 (neut or pot. of *toru*) To be taken, seized, plucked off: *kono kobu wa toremashō ka*, can you take this lump off? *toreru*, I can, or it can be taken off; *tenki ga yokute sakana ga tanto toreru*, as the weather is fine fish can be caught in abundance; *dobin no te ga toreta*, the handle of the kettle is off.

**TŌREKISEI** トレキセイ 土瀝青 (*chan*) n. Asphaltum, bitumen.

**TORI** トリ 鳥 n. A bird; also, 酉 one of the 12 signs: — *no toki*, 6 o'clock P.M., or sunset; — *no hō*, west; — *wa eda no fukaki ni atsumaru* (prov.).

**TŌRI** トホリ 通 n. Manner, way, mode; kind, sort, like; numeral for a suit of clothes: *migi no — ni*, in the way mentioned above; *kono — ni shi nasare*, do it in this way, or make it like this; *mita —*, like that I saw before; *kimono hito —*, one suit of clothes; *hito — no mono*, common, usual, or ordinary thing or person; *kaku no —*, in this way.

Syn. GOTOKU, YŌ, MAMA.

**TŌRI** トホリ 通 n. A street, avenue, thoroughfare; the line, direction or course in which anything points, faces, or moves; the passing of anything through, along, or from one to another; admission, entrance: *kaigan-dōri*, the street near the sea; *nishi no —*, west street; *yubi no — ni mieru fune*, the ship seen in a line with my finger; *mado wa mon no — ni ataru*, the window is in a line with the door; *hito no — ga ōi*, a great many people pass through; *kono kiseru wa — ga yoi*, the air passes easily through this tobacco pipe; *hajime no na ga — ga yoi*, his first name is the most current; — *ga yoi*, to have influence.

**TŌRI,-RU** トホル 徹 i.v. To be clear, transparent.

**TŌRI,-RU** トホル 通 i.v. To pass through, or to be current, pervious: *michi wo —*, to pass along a road; *iki ga tōranu kiseru*, a tobacco pipe through which the smoke cannot pass; *kono kane wa tōrimasen*, this money will not pass. Syn. KAYOU.

**TORI,-RU** トル 取 t.v. To take, to catch, seize, to pluck off; to take off, to receive, to get, obtain; to steal; to admit, or receive as true, to adopt, to select: *te ni mono wo —*, to take anything in the hand; *sakana wo —*, to catch fish; *ki no mi wo —*, to pluck fruit off a tree; *kane wo —*, to steal money, to take or receive money; *tenga wo —*, to seize the government; *ano hito no setsu wo —*, to take what he says to be true; *chi wo —*, to take blood; *shichi wo —*, to take a pawn; *yome wo —*, to take a wife; *kubi wo —*, to take off the head; *te wo —*, to take the hand; *shishō wo —*, to get a teacher; *inochi wo —*, to take life; *na wo —*, to get a name; *toi de mizu wo —*, to catch water by a spout; *shaku wo —*, to help to

wine; *yado wo* —, to take lodgings at an inn; *sumpō wo* —, to take the dimensions; *hyōshi wo* —, to beat time; *sumō wo* —, to wrestle; *itoma wo* —, to take leave; *toshi wo* —, to get old; *shita ni* —, to take something to boot; *za wo* —, take a seat; *kuji wo* —, to draw lots; *suishō de hi wo* —, to converge the sun's rays with a lens; *mado wo akete hikari wo* —, to cut a window in order to get light; *kasa wo* —, to take off the hat; *kazu wo* —, to mark the number; *toru ni tarazu*, worthless, or of no account; *tori mo naosazu*, without alteration, without change, nothing more or less than; *kado wo* —, to round off the angles; *hike wo* —, to get the worst of it, to feel humbled; *haji wo* —, to be put to shame; *kachi wo* —, to win, get the victory; *kigen wo* —, to please, humor; *seiji wo* —, to administer the government.

**TORI-AEZU トリアヘズ 不取敢** adv. Immediately, forthwith, at once without waiting to take or do anything; in haste.

Syn. SUGU-TO, TACHI MACHI, JIKI NI.

**TORI-AGE,-RU トリアゲル 取上** t.v. To take up, take and lift up, take away, receive and hand up, to collect, to confiscate, sequester: *nengu wo* —, to collect taxes (as an inferior officer); *samurai no ryōtō wo* —, to take away the swords from a *samurai*.

**TORI-AGE-BABA トリアゲババ 穩婆** n. A midwife: = *samba*.

**TORI-AI トリアヒ 取合** n. Strife, quarrel, contention.

**TORI-AI,-AU トリアフ** i.v. Prepared, having at hand.

**TORI-AI,-AU トリアフ 取合** t.v. To take hold of each other; to mind, concern one's self about, or take notice of, to answer for: *te wo toriatte aruku*, to walk holding each other's hand; *namayoi ni toriau na*, don't meddle with a drunken man.

Syn. KAMAU, TONJAKU.

**TORI-AMI トリアミ 鳥網** n. A net for catching birds.

**TORI-ATSUKAI トリアツカヒ** n. Management, negotiation, administration, treatment.

Syn. TORIHAKARAI, TORISABAKI.

**TORI-ATSUKAI,-AU トリアツカフ 取扱** t.v. To negotiate between others, to manage, to treat, direct, entertain, to handle, use, employ: *kuji wo* —, to manage a law suit, or settle a dispute; *atsuku* —, to treat handsomely; *katana wo* —, to handle a sword.

Syn. ATSUKAU, MOTENASU.

**TORIATSUKAI-NIN トリアツカヒニン 取扱人** n. A director, manager, negotiator, controller, agent.

**TORI-ATSUME,-RU トリアツメル 取集** t.v. To assemble, collect together, gather.

**TORI-AWASE トリアハセ 闘鶏** n. A cock-fight: — *wo suru*, to fight cocks.

Syn. TŌKEI.

**TORI-AWASE,-RU トリアハセル 取合** t.v. To take and put many things together, to mix together, to combine, blend.

**TORIBUKI トリブキ 鳥葺** n. A kind of roof where the shingles are laid over each other like the feathers of a bird.

**TORI-CHIGAE,-RU トリチガヘル 取違** t.v. To take anything in the place of another, to take by mistake, to confound, exchange: *kasa wo* —, to take an umbrella belonging to another and leave one's own (either intentionally or by mistake).

**TORI-CHIRASHI,-SU トリチラス 取散** t.v. To scatter, disperse.

**TORI-DASHI,-SU トリダス 取出** t.v. To take out.

**TORIDE トリデ 砦** n. A fort, stockade, stronghold.

**TORI-DOKORO トリドコロ 取所** n. A place for catching hold of; any useful quality: — *mo nai hito*, a worthless person, one of no account.

**TORI-DORI トリドリ 取取** Various, diverse, sundry, different: — *no hyōban*, various reports; — *ni*, in various ways.

Syn. MACHI-MACHI, SAMA-SAMA.

**TŌRIGITTE トホリギツテ 通切手** n. A passport.

**TORI-HADA トリハダ 鳥膚** n. The corrugation of skin produced by cold; gooseflesh: *samukute* — *ni naru*.

†**TORIHABA トリハハ** n. A foster-mother.

**TORI-HAKARAI トリハカラヒ 取計** n. Management, direction, negotiation, conduct.

**TORI-HAKARAI,-RU トリハカラフ 取計** t.v. To manage, to conduct, direct, control, to transact, to do, negotiate.

Syn. TORI-ATSUKAU.

**TORI-HANASHI,-SU トリハナス 取放** t.v. To separate, to take away, to take from, take apart.

**TORI-HARAI トリハラヒ 取拂** n. Clearing away, removal.

**TORI-HARAI,-AU トリハラフ 取拂** t.v. To tear away and remove, to clear away: *ie wo* —, to tear down and clear away a house.

**TORI-HAZUSHI トリハツシ 取外** n. Anything made so as to be taken apart and put together: — *no dekiru tsukue*, a table like the above.

**TORI-HAZUSHI,-SU トリハツス 取外** t.v. To let anything slip from the hand, or let go accidentally, to take apart, to remove.

**TORI-HIKI トリヒキ 取引** n. Business, trade, mercantile transactions: *ano hito to* — *wo senu*, to have no trade with him.

Syn. URI-KAI.

**TORI-HISHIGI,-GU トリヒシグ 取挫** t.v. To abase, humble; bring or hold down; to break or destroy.

**TORI-HŌDAI トリハウダイ 取放題** n. (coll.) Taking without restraint, or at pleasure, or as much as one pleases: *michibata no hana wa hito no* — *da*, any one is at liberty to take the flowers on the road-side.

**TORI-I トリ井 鳥居** n. A portal, or a structure of stone or wood, something like the frame of a gate, erected in front of Shintō temples.

**TORI-IRI,-RU トリイル 取入** i.v. (coll.) To

- get into the good graces of any one, to curry favor with: *bugyō ni* —, to curry favor with the governor; *hito no kokoro ni* —.
- TORIKA** トリカ 取個 n. The amount of tax assessed or levied on each lot of ground; tax, income, revenue: *kyūkin no hoka ni* — *ga nai*, besides the wages there is nothing to be got from it; *kuni no* —, the revenue of a country; — *wo tsukeru*, to assess a tax.  
Syn. TOKUBUN, NENGU, TORIBUN.
- TORIKABUTO** トリカブト 烏頭 (*uzu*) n. Aconite, *Aconitum fischeri*.
- TORIKABUTO** トリカブト 烏兜 n. A kind of cap worn by dancers.
- TORIKAE** トリカヘ n. Exchange of one thing for another: — *ko*, exchange, barter.
- TORI-KAE**, -RU トリカヘル 取替 t.v. To exchange one thing for another, to change, to barter, to give and take, to reciprocate: *sumi wo fude to* —, exchange ink for a pen.
- TORI-KAESHI** トリカヘシ 取返 n. Taking back, retaking, recapture, reclamation: — *ga tsukanu*, cannot be reclaimed.
- TORI-KAESHI**, -SU トリカヘス 取返 t.v. To take back, retake, recapture, to reclaim: *yatta mono wo* —, to take back something given to another.  
Syn. TORI-MODOSU.
- TORIKAGO** トリカゴ 鳥籠 n. A bird cage.
- TORIKAJI** トリカヂ 取楪 n. Starboard the helm: — *wo suru*, to starboard the helm.
- TORI-KAKARI**, -RU トリカカル 取掛 i.v. To commence to do, to begin: *shigoto ni* —, to commence work.  
Syn. HAJIMERU.
- TORI-KATAZUKE**, -RU トリカタヅケル 取方付 t.v. To put to one side, to put away.
- TORI-KAWASHI** トリカハシ 取交 n. Exchange, giving and receiving reciprocally: *yakujō no* — *ga sunda*, the treaty has been exchanged.
- TORI-KAWASHI**, -SU トリカハス 取交 t.v. To exchange reciprocally, as a treaty or agreement: *kakitsuke wo* —, to exchange writings.
- TORI-KESHI**, -SU トリケス t.v. To annul, countermand, abrogate.
- TORIKI** トリキ 取木 n. Propagating trees by layers, or by binding together two branches of different trees partially cut.
- TORI-KIKOE**, -RU トリキコエル t.v. To tell, say, inform.
- TORI-KIMARI**, -RU トリキマル i.v. To be settled, decided: *tori-kimari naki*, undecided, unsteady, irresolute.
- TORI-KIME**, -RU トリキマル 取極 t.v. To decide, settle, fix, determine, ratify.
- TORI-KIRI** トリキリ n. Taking all, taking and not giving back again: — *ni suru*.
- TORI-KIRI**, -RU トリキル 取切 t.v. To take all: *hana wo torikitta*, has plucked off all the flowers; *nashi ga torikiri ni natta*, the pears have all been taken.
- †**TORIKO** トリコ n. A foster-child.
- TORIKO** トリコ 俘 n. A prisoner of war, a captive: — *ni suru*, to take prisoner.  
Syn. TORAWARE.
- TORI-KOME**, -RU トリコメル 取籠 t.v. To surround, encompass, enclose; to confine,—as a prisoner; to shut up.
- TORI-KOMI**, -MU トリコム 取込 t.v. To take up and put in, to take into; (i.v.) to be busy, occupied or pressed with business; to embezzle.
- TORI-KOROSHI**, -SU トリコロス t.v. To kill another by one's spirit taking possession of him.
- TORI-KOSHI**, -SU リトコス 取越 t.v. To anticipate the doing of anything, to do before the fixed time: *matsuri wo* —, to celebrate a festival before the proper time; *torikoshi-gurō*, anxiety or trouble about the future.
- TORIKU** トリク 屠戮 (*mina-goroshi ni suru*) — *suru*, to slaughter, massacre.
- TORI-KUCHI** トリクチ n. Wrestling: — *ga ii*; — *ga warui*.
- TORI-KUMI**, -MU トリクム t.v. To seize and embrace, as wrestlers; to exchange promises.
- TORI-KUZUSHI**, -SU トリクヅス 取崩 t.v. To dismantle, to take apart, take down.
- TORI-MAGIRASHI**, -SU トリマギラス t.v. To cover up or mix up so as to obscure.
- TORI-MAGIRE**, -RU トリマギレル 取紛 i.v. To be distracted, perplexed, or occupied with much business: *yōji ni* —.
- TORI-MAKANAI**, -AU トリマカナフ t.v. To manage.
- TORI-MAKI**, -KU トリマク 取捲 t.v. To surround, encompass, environ.
- TORI-MAWASHI** トリマハシ 取廻 n. A person's movements, the moving of anything: — *ga warui*, to be awkward, clumsy; *tsukue ga omokute* — *ni komaru*, the table is so heavy it is hard to move about.
- TORIME** トリメ 鳥眼 n. Night blindness: — *no hito*.
- TORI-MIDASHI**, -SU トリミダス 取亂 t.v. To derange, confuse, disorder, jumble together, embarrass.
- TORIMOCHI** トリモチ 取持 n. Recommendation, advocacy, getting for another: — *wo suru*.
- TORI-MOCHI** トリモチ 鳥糞 n. Bird-lime.
- TORIMOCHI**, -TSU トリモツ 取持 t.v. To recommend, to offer, or commend to another's notice; to advocate the cause of another, to mediate; to hold, carry: *hito ni yome wo* —, to recommend a wife to another; *torimotte hōkō wo saseru*, to recommend and get a place for another as a servant.  
Syn. SEWA SURU.
- TORI-MODOSHI**, -SU トリモドス 取戻 t.v. To take back, retake, reclaim, recapture.
- TORI-MO-NAOSAZU** トリモナホサズ 不取直 adv. Nothing more nor less than, just the same as, tantamount to, or only another name for: *gojikkwamme shakkin ga dekita wa* — *gojikkwamme no bimbō nari*.
- TORI-MUSUBI**, -BU トリムスブ 取結 i.v. To unite or join together: *konrei wo* —, to unite in marriage; *jōyaku wo* —, to make an agreement.

- TORI-NAOSHI, -SU トリナホス 取直 t.v. To alter, change for the better, to mend: *kokoro wo* —.
- TORINASHI トリナシ 取成 n. Mediation, intercession, advocacy; an advocate.
- TORINASHI, -SU トリナス 取成 t.v. To intercede, to mediate, to plead for, to advocate the cause of another, to manage in behalf of another, to excuse, to turn or make into; to take to be: *musuko no tame-ni oya ni* —, to intercede with the parent for a son.
- TORINAWA トリナハ 捕縄 n. A rope used for binding criminals.  
Syn. HAYANAWA.
- TORI-NIGASHI, -SU トリニガス 捕逃 t.v. To let anything escape which one has almost had in his power: *dorobō wo torinigashite zannen da*, I regret that I let the thief get away.
- TORI-NIGE トリニゲ 取走 n. Stealing and running away: — *wo suru*.
- TORI-NO-ATO トリノアト n. The foot-print of a bird; a written word.
- TORI-NOBOSE, -RU トリノボセル 取上 i.v. To be greatly excited, or agitated by passion, or emotion: *ikari ni taezu torinobosete hito wo setsugai suru*.
- TORI-NOKE, -RU トリノケル 取退 t.v. To take and put out of the way.
- TORI-NOKI, -KU トリノク 取退 i.v. To take and withdraw.
- TORINOKO トリノコ 鳥子 n. An egg, a chicken; a kind of thick paper.
- TORI-NOKOSHI トリノコシ 取残 n. The remainder after a part has been taken.
- TORI-NOKOSHI, -SU トリノコス 取残 t.v. To leave some, having taken a part.
- †TORI-NO-TSUKASA トリノツカサ n. An officer of the court who in ancient time told the hour to the Emperor.
- TORI-NOZOKI, -KU トリノゾク 取除 t.v. To take out, except, leave out, remove.
- TORI-O トリヲ 秤索 n. The cord by which a weighing beam or scale is suspended.
- TORI-ODOSHI トリオドシ 鳥威 n. A scarecrow.  
Syn. KAGASHI.
- TORI-OI トリオヒ 鳥追 n. Females of the *eta* caste, who go from house to house on the beginning of a new year playing on the guitar and singing for money.
- TORI-OKI, -KU トリオク 置取 t.v. To take and put away, to accept, to inter, bury: *torioki wo mōshitsukeru*, to order to be buried.
- TORI-OKONAI, -AU トリオコナフ 執行 t.v. To conduct, perform, to do, execute, administer, celebrate: *matsurigoto wo* —, to administer the government; *hōji wo* —, to celebrate religious services.  
Syn. OKONAU, SURU, NASU, SHUGYŌ SURU.
- TORI-OTOSHI, -SU トリオトス 取落 t.v. To let fall or let slip from the hand anything taken up; to leave anything, forgetting it.
- TORI-SABAKI, -KU トリサバク 取捌 t.v. To judge, to hear and determine a case, to adjudicate, to manage, transact: *kuji wo* —, to try a law-suit.
- TORI-SAE, -RU トリサヘル 取遮 t.v. To part, separate,—as person's fighting.
- TORI-MAKE, -RU トリサケル t.v. To take away, remove.
- TORISASHI トリサシ 鳥刺 n. A person who catches birds with a pole armed with bird-lime, i.q. *saitorisashi*.
- TORISATA トリサタ 取沙汰 n. Current report: — *suru*, to be common talk.  
Syn. HYŌBAN, FŪSETSU.
- †TORI-SHIDE, -RU トリシデル t.v. To suspend, hang=*kakeru*.
- TORI-SHIMARI トリシマリ 取締 n. Exactness, strictness, carefulness in managing; order, discipline, control, superintendence; the police: — *no nai hito*, a person immethodical, irregular, careless, or loose in his way of doing; — *no yoi ie*, a well ordered family; *gunzei no ga warui*, the army is under bad discipline; — *wo suru*, to preserve order or discipline; — *nin*, a superintendent.  
Syn. SHIMARI.
- TORI-SHIME, -RU トリシメル 取締 t.v. To regulate, keep in order, manage, control; reprove, scold.
- TORI-SHIRABE, -RU トリシラベル 取調 t.v. To investigate, examine, inquire into.
- TORI-SUKUME, -RU トリスクメル 取縮 t.v. To hold down, so as not to rise.
- TORI-TATE, -RU トリタテル 取立 t.v. To collect, to exact, assess, to levy, or impose, as tax; to promote, or advance in office: *nengu wo* —, to collect taxes; *tana-chin wo* —, to collect rent; *ginkō wo* —, to organize a bank.
- TORITE トリテ 捕手 n. An officer who arrests offenders, a policeman; a handle.
- TŌRITEN トウリテン 忉利天 n. (Sans.) The name of one of the Buddhist heavens.
- TORI-TOME トリトメ 取留 n. Reliable, sure, certain: — *mo nai koto wo iu*, to say anything which is uncertain, needs proof, or confirmation; something visionary, fanciful.
- TORI-TOME, -RU トリトメル 取留 t.v. To adopt, or receive as certain, sure, undoubted, or reliable: *iro-iro hyōban suredomo toritometa hanashi mo nai*, there are various reports but nothing reliable.
- TORITORIGUMO トリトリグモ n. The bird-catching spider, *Theraphosa avicularia*.
- TORI-TSUGI トリツギ 取次 n. An officer whose duty it is to attend to the door of a noble's house and introduce a visitor, an usher; middleman, an agent.
- TORI-TSUGI, -GU トリツグ 取次 t.v. To receive anything and hand it over to another, to transmit a message; to act as a go-between: *tegami wo* —, to transmit a letter.
- TORITSUKI トリツキ 取着 n. Taking hold to do anything, the commencement or first to which more is added: — *no ie*, the first in a row of houses; — *no shinshō da*, this is the beginning of a fortune.
- TORI-TSUKI, -KU トリツク 取著 i.v. To take, catch, or seize hold of; to bewitch or take possession of, as a fox; to charm, fascinate: *nawa*

- ni* —, to catch hold of a rope; *kitsune ga hito ni* —, the fox bewitches men; *toritsukareru*, to be bewitched.
- TORI-TSUKURAI, -AU** トリツクロフ 取繕 t.v. To mend, repair, to smooth over, palliate, or excuse, as a fault: *hito no ayamachi wo* —, to smooth over another's fault.
- TORIWAKE, or TORIWAKETE** トリワケ 取分 adv. Particularly, especially, above all.  
Syn. BETSUDAN, KOTOSARA NI, KOTO NI, WAKETE.
- TORI-WAKE, -RU** トリワケル 取分 t.v. To distribute, divide.
- TORIYA** トリヤ 鳥屋 n. A shop where fowls or birds are sold, bird-fancier.
- TORI-YARI** トリヤリ n. Give and take, receiving and sending: *tegami no* —, receiving and sending letters, correspondence.
- TORI-YARI, -RU** トリヤル 取遣 t.v. To take and give, to receive and send.
- TORIYE** トリエ n. Worth or useful quality: — *mo nai hito*, a worthless person.  
Syn. TORIDOKORO.
- TORI-YOSE, -RU** トリヨセル 取寄 t.v. To bring, fetch, import, draw, to get, receive, take, procure: *Nippon kara cha wo* —, to import tea from Japan.
- TORO** トロ 吐露 (*noboru*) — *suru*, to utter, say, declare.
- TORŌ** トラウ 徒勞 (*muda-boneori*) n. Useless labor.
- TŌRO** タウロ 當路 (*michi ni ataru*) n. Filling an important office in the government: — *no hito*.
- TŌRO** タウロ 當座 n. A grog-shop, dram-shop.  
Syn. SAKAYA.
- TŌRŌ** トウロウ 燈籠 n. A lantern or stationary lamp: — *gusa*, the Winter-cherry.
- TŌRŌ** タウラウ 螳螂 n. A mantis: — *ga ono wo motte ryūsha ni mukau gotoshi* (prov.).  
Syn. KAMAKIRI.
- TOROBİ** トロビ n. A slow fire.
- TOROI, -KI-SHI** トロイ 鈍 adj. (coll.) Dull, sluggish, slow of motion, stupid: *hi ga toroi*, the fire is dull.  
Syn. NOROI.
- TOROKE, -RU** トロケル i.v. To dissolve, to melt, to soften, liquify; to be debased; to be fascinated.  
Syn. TOKERU.
- TŌROKU** トウロク 登録 — *suru*, to register.
- TORORI** トロリ adv. — *to*, dozing; — *to suru uchi ni*, while dozing.
- TORORO** トロロ n. A kind of gruel made of *yamaimo*: — *meshi*, id.
- TOROTOROBİ** トロトビ n. Same as *torobi*.
- TORO-TORO TO** トロトロト adv. (coll.) In a slight or short manner, slow: — *neru*, to doze, to have short naps.
- TŌRYŌ** トウリヤウ 統領 n. Chief or presiding officer, commandant, president: *gasshū koku no dai* —, the president of the U. S.
- TŌRYŌ** トウリヤウ 棟梁 n. The topmost beam of a roof; a head carpenter, foreman: — *no shin*, the chief support of government.
- TŌRYŪ** トウリウ 逗留 (*tomaru*) — *suru*, to stop, stay, or remain for an indefinite time in a place, to sojourn, to board: *dochira ni nasaru*, where are you staying? *nagaku shi-ta*, have sojourned a long time.
- TŌSA** トホサ n. The distance.
- TŌSAI** タウサイ 當歳 n. A child born in the present year.
- TOSAKA** トサカ 鶏冠 n. A cock's comb or crest.
- TŌSAKU** トウサク 東作 n. Spring labor on the farm.
- TŌ-SAMA-KŌ-SAMA** タウサマカウサマ adv. This manner or that manner, perplexed, doubtful or uncertain state of mind; in a quandary.
- TOSAN** トサン 土産 n. Any article for the production or manufacturing of which a place is noted; domestic manufacture; a present made on returning from a journey.  
Syn. SAMBUTSU, MIYAGE.
- TŌSAN** タウサン 倒産 n. Bankruptcy, insolvency: — *ni oyobu*, to become insolvent.
- †**TŌSAN** トウサン 銅盞 n. A wine-cup.
- †**TŌSAN** トウサン 燈盞 n. An oil cup, a lamp.
- TŌSANDŌ** トウサンダウ 東山道 n. The general name for the eight eastern interior provinces, viz. *Ōmi, Mino, Hida, Shinano, Kōtsuke, Shimotsuke, Mutsu, Dewa*.
- TOSATSU** トサツ 屠殺 (*hofuri korosu*) — *suru*, to slaughter, kill.
- TOSE** トセ 年 (same as *toshi*) A year.
- TŌSEI** トセイ 渡世 (*yo watari*) n. A living, business, occupation, employment.  
Syn. KAGYŌ, SHŌBAI, SUGIWAİ.
- TŌSEI** タウセイ 當世 n. The present age, the present time: — *fū*, present customs, fashionable.
- TŌSEN** トウセン 當選 (*erami ni ataru*) — *suru*, to be elected.
- TŌSEN** トウセン 登仙 (*kamu agari*) n. Death of the Mikado.
- TŌSEN** トセン 渡船 (*watashibune*) n. A ferry-boat, a packet-ship: *tosemba*, a jetty.
- TŌSEN** トウセン 當千 (*sen ni ataru*) n. A match for a thousand: *ichi nin no mono*, one who is a match for a thousand; *ikki tōsen*, id.
- TŌSEN** トウセン 鬪戰 (*tatakau*) — *suru*, to war, fight.
- TO-SEN-KAKU-SEN** トセンカクセン (comp. of *tokaku*, and *sen*, the fut. of *shi*, to do) Shall I do this or shall I do that, or how shall I do; in doubt or perplexity: — *to madou*.
- TŌSETSU** タウセツ 盜竊 (*nusumi*) n. Stealing, theft, robbery.
- TŌSETSU** タウセツ n. A small knife.
- TŌSETSU** タウセツ 當節 (*imadoki*) adv. Now, at the present time, nowadays.  
Syn. KONOSETSU.
- TOSHA** トシヤ 屠者 n. A butcher.
- TOSHA** トシヤ 吐瀉 (*haki kudashi*: med.) n. Vomiting and purging: — *butsu*, the matter vomited and purged from the body.
- TŌSHI** トウシ 凍死 (*kogoe shinu*) n. Death from cold, frozen to death.

TōSHI トホシ 篩箕 n. A sieve.  
 TOSHI トシ 疾 Soon, early. See *toi*.  
 TōSHI タウシ 唐紙 (*kara no kami*) n. Chinese paper.

TOSHI トシ 年 n. Year: — *no kure*, close of the year; — *no hajime*, the beginning of the year; — *wo kurasu*, to live or pass one's life; — *ga tsumoru*, to grow old; — *ga yoru*, to become old; — *wa ikutsu*, how old are you? *ore yori* — *ga ue*, older than me; — *ga yukanu*, still young; — *fukaki*, aged.

Syn. NEN.

TōSHI, or TōSHITE トホシテ adv. Constantly, always: — *itamimasu*, it pains constantly.

TOSHI, -SU トス吐 t.v. To vomit.

TōSHI, -SU トホス通 t.v. To cause to pass through, let through, to admit. Comp. with other verbs, =through, from one side to the other; from beginning to end; or constantly, always: *michi wo akete hito wo* —, to remove obstructions from a road to let people through; *tōshite kiita*, have heard it through; *hari ni ito wo* —, to thread a needle; *kaze wo* —, to let the air pass through; *yu wo* —, to strain hot water through anything; *tōshite itai ka*, does it pain constantly? *tōshite itamimasu*, it pains constantly; *tōshi-kago de kita*, came the whole way in a *kago* without stopping.

†TOSHIBA トシバ n. The stick on which birds which a falcon has caught are carried.

TOSHIBAE トシバエ n. Age: — *ga wakai hito*, a person young in years; — *wa ikutsu gurai na hito*, a person of about what age was he?

Syn. YOWAI, NEN-REI.

TOSHIDAMA トシダマ 年玉 A new-year's gift.

TOSHI-DOSHI トシドシ 年年 adv. Yearly, every year.

Syn. NEN-NEN.

TOSHIGI トシギ n. Wood laid by for winter's use.

TOSHIGIRI トシギリ n. The year in which a tree bears no fruit: — *ga suru*.

TOSHIGO トシゴ 年子 A child born the same year as one other: — *wo umu*, to bear another child in the same year.

TOSHIGOI-MATSURI トシゴイマツリ n. Festival celebrated in order to obtain a fruitful year.

TOSHI-GORO トシゴロ 年來 (*nenrai*) n. Age, time of life, for years past; puberty: — *no urami*, an enmity of some years duration; — *ni naru*, to be of age; — *no musume*.

TOSHI-GOTO NI トシゴトニ 毎年 adv. Every year, yearly.

Syn. MAINEN, NEN-NEN, TOSHI-DOSHI.

TOSHIKASA トシカサ 年重 n. Age, number of years, elder in years: — *ga ōi*, very old; *ano hito wa watakushi yori* — *da*, he is older than me.

TOSHI-KOSHI トシコシ 年越 n. The crossing from the old to the new year; the ceremonies observed on the last day of the year, when dried sardines are attached to a stick of holly and stuck on each side of the doorway, the house is thoroughly cleansed, and parched beans are scattered about after sundown to

drive off noxious influences and evil spirits. The parched beans used this evening, if kept and eaten when the first thunder of the year is heard, are supposed to protect against lightning.

Syn. SETSUBUN.

TOSHIMA トシマ 年増 n. A woman from 20 to 40 years of age, a woman in middle life: — *no adamono*; *chū-doshima*, a middle-aged woman.

TOSHIME トシメ n. Defective sight from old age, presbyopia.

†TōSHIMI トウシミ n. The wick of a candle, i.q. *tōshin*.

†TOSHIMI トシミ n. The end of the period of abstaining from fish on the death of a relative.

TOSHIN トシン 妬心 (*netamu kokoro*) Jealousy, envy: — *wo okosu*.

Syn. SHITTO.

TōSHIN トウシン 等身 — *no hotoke*, a Bud. idol of the same size as a man.

TōSHIN トウシン 燈心 n. The wick of a lamp, or candle.

TOSHI-NAMI トシナミ 年次 n. Years; (adv.) yearly, each year, year by year.

Syn. MAINEN.

TōSHINGUSA トウシングサ 燈心草 n. The grass of which matting is made.

Syn. I.

†TOSHI-NO-HA トシノハ n. Every year.

†TOSHI-NO-O トシノヲ n. Year.

TOSHIRI トシリ 驢 n. The coccyx of a bird, pope's nose.

TOSHISHI トシシ 免絲子 n. The name of a parasitic vine,—the *Cuscuta major*.

TOSHIWA トシワ n. The yearly ring formed in the trunk of a tree in growing.

TOSHIWAKA トシワカ 年少 Young in years, youthful, a young person, youth: — *no hito*; — *mono*.

TOSHIWASURE トシワスレ 年忘 n. An entertainment made at the close of the year to forget its toils and troubles, or as others say, in joy of having safely passed through the year.

Syn. BŌNENKWAI.

TOSHIYORI トシヨリ 年寄 n. An old man; elders, an elder of a street or village, who ranks next below a *nanushi*: — *no hiya mizu* (prov.).

TOSHIYORI, -RU トシヨル 年寄 i.v. To be old, aged, to grow old.

TOSHO トシヨ 圖書 n. Books: — *kwan*, public library=i.q. *zushokwan*.

TōSHO トウシヨ 投書 n. A contribution to a newspaper,—communication: — *ka*, a contributor.

TOSHOKU トシヨク 徒食 (*igui*) — *suru*, to live idly without working.

TōSHOKU タウシヨク 當職 n. This office,— used also as a pers. pron. by an official when speaking of himself—I, me, the incumbent.

TOSHŌSHI トシヨウシ 杜松子 n. Juniper berries: — *shu*, gin.

TOSHU トシユ 土朱 n. (min.) Red ochre.

TOSHU トシユ 徒手 (*mute*) Empty-handed, having nothing in the hand.

TŌSHU タウシユ 當主 *n.* The present master of the house.

TŌSHUKU トウシユク 投宿 (*yado wo toru*) — *suru*, to sojourn, to stop or put up at an inn.

TOSHUSEKI トシユセキ 吐酒石 *n.* Tartar emetic.

Toso トソ 屠蘇 *n.* A kind of spiced sake, drunk at new year's day.

Tōsō トウサウ 斗筭 (*kazōru ni taranu*) — *na*, not worth taking account of: — *no hito*, an ordinary person.

Tōsō タウソウ 逃走 (*nige hashiru*) — *suru*, to flee or run away, to escape.

Tōsō トウサウ 痘瘡 (*shimoyake*) *n.* Chilblain.

Tōsō トウサウ 鬪爭 (*tatakai*) — *suru*, to fight.

Tōsō トウサウ 痘瘡 *n.* Small-pox.

Tosō トソウ 抖擻 *n.* Traveling about for religious purposes, as Bud. priests.

TOSSA トツサ 吐嗟 *n.* Blowing out the breath: — *suru*, to breathe; — *no aida*, in a moment.

TOSSEN トツセン 突戦 (*tsuki tatakau*) — *suru*, to fight furiously.

TOSSHUTSU トツシュツ 突出 (*tsuki izuru*) — *suru*, to sally forth, to issue suddenly,—as from a fortress to attack.

TOSSIN トツシン 突進 (*tsuki susumu*) — *suru*, to advance or charge furiously,—the enemy.

Tōsu トウス 東主 *n.* A privy in a monastery.  
Syn. SETSUIN.

Tōsū トウスウ 等數 (*mat.*) Common number, divisor or measure.

Tō-tai トウタイ 凍餒 (*kogoe ueru*) *n.* Cold and hungry: — *ni semaru*.

Tōtai トウタイ 東岱 *n.* Ueno in Tōkyō: — *ni tsue wo hiku*, taking a walk in Ueno.

TOTAN トタン 白鉛 *n.* Spelter, or zinc.

TOTAN トタン *n.* Gambling on the rice exchange, speculating; the act, or effort of doing: *uma wo yokeru* — *ni dobu ni hamaru*, in the act of dodging the horse he fell into a ditch.

Syn. HYŌSHI.

TOTAN トタン 塗炭 (*doro sumi*) *n.* Mire and charcoal, or dust and ashes;—used only to convey the idea of extreme misery: — *ni kurushimu*; *tami no* — *wo sukū*.

†TOTARI,-RU トタル 富足 *i.v.* To have a competence, to have enough, to be in easy circumstances: *totaru ie*.

TOTE トテ (cont. of *to*, and *iute*, saying, *shite*, doing, or *omōte*, thinking) *Tsuno wo naosu tote ushi wo korosu*, in mending the horn he killed the ox; *hanami ni tote demashita*, he went out, saying he "was going to see the flowers;" *tenjiku ni dachō tote ōkina tori ga iru*, in India there is a large bird called a *dachō*.

(2) Following a verb ending with the subjunctive, *ba*, = *tomo*, or *iedomo*, even if, although, as: *yōi wo sureba tote tō nin ni shirazaru yō ni suru koto kanyō nari*, even in making prepara-

tions, etc.; *seishitsu ga yokereba tote gakumon wo itasaneba dōri ni akiraka de naki yue*, etc., although the disposition be good, etc.

(3) Following a verb in the future ending, = *tame ni*, in order to, for the purpose of; because: *ie wo taten tote zaimoku wo kau*, to buy timber in order to build a house; *bimbō wo kakusan tote samazama to shinrō wo suru*, to be at a great deal of trouble in order to conceal one's poverty; *mikka oide-nasaranu tote*, because you did not come for three days, etc.; *mugei nari tote haji ni wa naranu*.

TOTEI トテイ 徒弟 *n.* Disciples, followers.

Syn. MONTO, DESHI, MONJIN.

TŌTEI タウテイ 到底 (*tsumari*) With a neg. by no means, not at all.

TŌTEKI タウテキ 蕩滌 (*arai sosogu*) — *suru*, to wash off, to cleanse: *aka wo* — *suru*; *chiri wo* — *suru*.

TOTEMO トテモ *adv.* (comp. of *tote*, and *mo*) Although, even if, notwithstanding; as: *yama dake no kusuri wo nomu totemo naorimasen*, although you should take a mountain of medicine you cannot be cured; *sen ki ga ikki ni naru totemo kono seme guchi wo yaburazumba hito ashi mo hikaji*, although a thousand men should be reduced to one man, we will not retreat a step until we have taken this place.

(2) With a negative verb, in no way whatever, by no means, as: — *ikenai*; — *tasukaranu*; — *naranu*; *totemo-no koto ni*, = better, much better, by all means; *totemo-kakutemo*, in this or that way, doing this or that.

TŌTETSU タウテツ 饕餮 *n.* Gluttony, gormandizing.

TŌTETSU トウテツ 透徹 (*sukitōru*) Transparent, translucent.

TOTETSU-MO-NAI トテツモナイ 無途轍 *adj.* Outrageous, exorbitant, extravagant, absurd: — *koto wo iu*.

TOTO トト (coll.) Father: — *sama*, *id*.

Syn. OTOTTSAN.

TOTO トト *n.* (com. coll.) Fish, used by girls or women.

TŌTŌ トウトウ *adv.* In imitation of the sound of the wind, or water flowing, or of a drum: *kaze ga* — *to todomeki wataru*.

TŌTŌ トウトウ *adv.* (coll.) At length, at last; in the end, after all, quickly: — *sumimashita*, have finished at last.

Syn. TSUI-NI, YŌYAKU.

TOTŌ トタウ 徒黨 A band, league, confederacy, faction, conspiracy: — *suru*, to band or league together; — *wo musubu*.

TŌTOI,-KI-SHI タフトイ 貴 *adj.* Honorable, noble, precious, valuable.

Syn. TATTOI.

TOTOKU トトク 都督 (*kashira*) *n.* Chief, major-general: *konoe* —, chief of the Imperial guard.

TŌTOMI,-MU タフトム 貴 *t.v.* To honor, venerate, to esteem, prize.

Syn. TATTOMI, UYAMAU, AGAMERU.

TŌTON タウトン 逃遁 (*nige nogaruru*) — *suru*, to flee away, escape; — *yū*, city of refuge.

TOTONOI, -OU トトノフ 調 i.v. To be in harmony, to accord, to be in tune; to be finished; to be complete or full, free from deficiencies; to be regulated: *samisen no chōshi ga totonōta*, the strings of the guitar are in tune; *ie ga* —, the family is harmonious.

Syn. SOROU.

TOTONOE, -RU トトノヘル 調 t.v. To regulate, harmonize, adjust, arrange; to own, to get, obtain, buy; to make, to prepare: *ie wo* —, to regulate a family; *chōshi wo* —, to tune; *kusuri wo* —, to obtain or prepare medicine.

Syn. KOSHIRAERU, MOTOMERU.

TOTOSAKI トトサキ n. The bill or beak of a bird,—used by children.

†TOTSUBAI トツバイ 頭盔 n. Helmet.

TOTSUBEN トツベン 訥辯 Slow of speech: — *na hito*.

†TOTSUBI トツビ n. Sable-skin.

TOTSUGI トツギ 婚 n. Sexual connection: — *no michi*, id.; — *oshiedori*, the Wagtail.

TOTSUGI, -GU トツグ 嫁 i.v. To marry a husband, to be given in marriage.

Syn. YOMEIRU.

TOTSU-GOTSU トツゴツ 突兀 adv. Rising prominently above everything around, as a mountain: — *to sobieru*.

TOTSUKAWA トツカハ adv. Unexpectedly, suddenly.

Syn. FUTO.

†TOTSU-KUNI トツクニ 外國 n. Foreign country.

†TOTSUKUNI トホツクニ n. The far off country, i.e. *yomi*.

†TOTSUMIYA トツミヤ (lit. the eternal temple) The grave,—only of the Emperor's.

TOTSUNAGI トツナギ n. A post to which horses were tied.

TOTSU-OITSU トツオイツ adv. In doubt what to do, this way or that way: — *anji-wazurō*, anxiously reflecting what to do.

†TOTSU-OYA トホツオヤ 遠祖 n. A remote ancestor.

Syn. SENZO.

TOTSUZEN トツゼン 突然 adv. Abruptly, suddenly: — *to kuru*.

Syn. FUTO, TOTSUKAWA.

TOTTA-KA-MITA KA NI トツタカミタカニ adv. Quickly, in a jiffy: *kane wo* — *tsukau*.

TOTTE トツテ n. A knob, or catch to take hold of.

TOTTO トツト (same as *tonto*) adv. (coll.) Truly, indeed, directly, entirely.

TOTTOKI トツトキ 取置 (cont. of *torite* and *oki*, coll.) That which is laid up, or reserved for a time of need or future use: — *no kane wo dashite tsukau*, to use money which had been kept in reserve.

TOTTSUKI, -KU トツツク i.v. (cont. of *tori-tsuku*) To take possession of, get into or on one (as a plea): *akki ga* —, possessed by an evil spirit.

TOWAZU トハズ 不問 (neg. of *toi*) Without asking or inquiring: — *gatari*, something told or spoken without being prompted to it.

TŌWAKU タウワク 當惑 (coll.) Doubt, perplexity, trouble, dilemma: — *suru*, to be in doubt and perplexity. Syn. MEIWAKU.

TOWARE, -RU トハレル 被問 (pass. of *toi*) to be inquired of.

TOWASE, -RU トハセル 問令 (caust. of *toi*) To cause another to ask, to permit another to ask, to let one's self be enquired of.

TOWATARI トワタリ 會陰 n. The perineum.

†TOWATARI, -RU トワタル i.v. To navigate, cross the sea.

TŌWŌ トウワウ 藤黄 n. Gamboge.

TŌYA トホヤ 遠矢 n. A long shot with a bow, or an arrow that has come from afar.

TOYA トヤ 鳥屋 n. A chicken coop, roost.

Syn. TOGURA.

TOYA トヤ n. Moulting of birds: — *wo suru*, to moult; — *ni tsuku*, id.

TO-YA-KAKU-TO, or TOYAKŌTO トヤカクト (derived from *tokaku*) That way or this, in various ways: — *anjiru*, to be perplexed or in doubt what to do.

TOYAKŌ トヤカウ adv. i.q. *toyakaku*.

†TŌYAKU タウヤク n. A medicinal plaster or ointment; i.q. *kōyaku*.

TŌYAMA トホヤマ n. Distant mountain: — *zuri*, garment with figures of —.

TOYAMA トヤマ 外山 n. The outer or further mountain,—in comparison with a nearer one.

TOYE トヘ n. Ten-fold, ten ranks deep: — *hatae*.

†TOYO トヨ (used as a term of praise) Fruitful, abundant: — *toshi*, fruitful year; — *kuni*, fruitful country.

TŌYŌ タウヨウ 登庸 (*age mochiyuru*) Elevation from a low position to official service: — *suru*.

TŌYŌ トウヤウ 東洋 n. Orient, oriental.

TŌYŌ タウヨウ 當用 n. Present use, temporary use.

†TOYOHATAGUMO トヨハタグモ n. A strata of cloud.

†TOYOMI, -MU トヨム i.v. i.q. *doyomi*.

†TOYOMOSU トヨモス n. A fan=*aogi*.

†TOYO-NO-AKARI トヨノアカリ n. A feast or entertainment made by the *Tenshi*.

†TŌYORI, -RU トヲヨル i.v. To lean towards.

TOYOSE トヨセ n. The post of a door against which the sash abuts.

TOYU トユ n. A pipe for conducting water.

Syn. TOI, HI.

TŌYU トユ 桐油 n. An oil used in oiling paper, oiled paper, a rain-coat made of oiled paper.

TŌZA タウザ 當坐 For this time only, temporary, for the time being: — *no hōbi*, a reward intended only for the time being, until something better can be obtained.

TOZAI トザイ 徒罪 n. Punishment by hard labor: — *ni sadameru*, to condemn to hard labor; — *nin*.

TŌZAI トウザイ 東西 (*higashi nishi*) East and west; also a call used before raising the curtain of a theatre or at the commencement of an exhibition to still the audience.



- TOZAI トザイ 吐劑 (*haku gusuri*) n. An emetic.
- TŌZAKARI,-BU トホザカル 遠 i.v. To be separated or absent, to keep at a distance from, not to be familiar with, estranged, alienated.
- TŌZAKE,-RU トホザケル 遠 t.v. To separate from, keep at a distance from, keep away from, alienate: *akunin wo* —; *teki wo* —.
- TOZAMA トザマ 外様 A daimyō or baron who was not a vassal of the *Shōgun*, distinguished from *fudai*.
- TŌZAN タウザン 唐山 n. China.
- TŌZAN タウザン 唐棧 n. Taffachelles.  
Syn. SANTOME.
- TOZASHI,-SU トサス 鎖 t.v. To shut, close: to *wo* —, to shut the door.  
Syn. TOJIRU, SHIMERU.
- TOZEN トゼン 徒然 n. Leisure and ennui, when one has nothing to do and time hangs heavy: — *de komaru*; — *wo nagusameru*.  
Syn. TAIKUTSU, TSUREZURE.
- TŌZEN トウゼン 東漸 (*higashi ni susumu*) — *suru*, to advance eastward, to spread toward the east: *buppō* —.
- TŌZEN タウゼン 當然 (*shikaru beki*) Proper, right, that which ought to be; natural, or according to the stated course of things, of course: — *no koto*. Syn. ATARIMAE.
- TOZOKU トゾク 土俗 (*tochi no hito*) n. The natives of a place, inhabitants of the district; customs of a place.
- TŌZOKU タウゾク 盜賊 n. A robber, thief.  
Syn. DOROBŌ, NUSUBITO.
- †TOZUKI トヅキ Same as *todoki*.
- †TŌZUMA トホツマ n. The wife who is far away.
- TSU ツ 津 (*minato*) n. A harbor, a port for ships. See *nyū-tsu*, *shut-tsu*.
- TSU ツ An obs. pret. suffix, =*ta*, or *tari*; *mitsu*=*mita*; *kikitsu*=*kiita*; *ame ga furitsu yamitsu*, =*ame ga futtari yandari*, it rains by fits and starts.
- TSU ツ An obs. gen. suffix to nouns, =*no*; as *ama-tsu*, of heaven; *kuni-tsu*, of the state.
- †TSU ツ 津 n. Saliva, spittle: — *wo haku*, to spit.
- TSŪ ツウ 通 n. A numeral used in counting letters, documents, etc.: *tegami ittsū*, one letter; *ni tsū*, two letters.
- TSUBA ツバ 鐔 n. The guard on the hilt of a sword.
- TSUBA, or TSUBAKI ツバキ 唾 n. Saliva: — *wo haku*, to spit.
- TSUBAIMOCHI ツバイモチヒ 椿餅 n. Boiled rice enveloped in the leaves of the camellia and eaten at festivals.
- TSUBAKI ツバキ 山茶 n. The Camellia japonica.
- TSUBAKURA ツバクラ 燕 n. The swallow or martin.
- TSUBAME ツバメ 燕 n. The swallow: *ni gwatsu no naka ni* — *ga itaru*.
- TSUBANA ツバナ 茅花 n. The flower of the *kaya*.
- TSUBANAKASHI,-SU ツバナカス t.v. To pick open or loose, as cotton or wool when lumpy: *wata wo* —.  
Syn. TSUMU.
- TSUBARA, or TSUBARAKA ツバラカ Contracted form of *tsumabiraka*.
- TSUBASA ツバサ 翼 n. The wings of a bird.  
Syn. HANE, HAGAI, HA, UYOKU.
- †TSUBEDAMASHI ツベダマシ adj. Fearful, dreadful.
- TSUBE-KOBE ツベコベ adv. (coll.) Talking much and long: babbling, garrulous: — to *kuchigotae suru*.
- TSŪBEN ツウベン 通辯 n. An interpreter.  
Syn. TSŪJI.
- TSUBI ツビ 陰戸 (*immon*) n. The vulva.
- TSUBO ツボ 坪 n. A land measure of six feet square, or 36 sq. feet.
- †TSUBO ツボ 局 n. An official chamber, i.q. *kyoku*.
- †TSUBO ツボ n. A garden; courtyard.
- TSUBO ツボ 壺 n. A cup, jar.
- TSUBO ツボ n. The object or aim: *nerau* — *ni iateru*, to hit the object at which one aims; *omou* — *ni ataru*, to succeed in one's design.
- TSUBOGIRI ツボギリ n. Gouge-bit, auger.
- TSUBO-GUCHI ツボグチ n. The mouth puckered up or contracted, as when speaking in anger, or scolding: — *wo shite rikutsu wo iu*.
- TSUBOGUSA ツボグサ n. Plants planted in a garden to beautify it.
- TSUBOKI ツボキ n. Trees planted in a garden for ornamentation.
- TSUBOMARI,-RU ツボマル i.v. To be puckered up, drawn together, or contracted (same as *subomaru*): *fukuro no kuchi ga* —, the mouth of the bag is drawn together.
- TSUBOME,-RU ツボメル t.v. To pucker, draw together, or contract: *kuchi wo* —, to pucker the mouth.  
Syn. SUBOMERU.
- TSUBOMI,-MU ツボム i.v. To be puckered, drawn together, contracted; to be closed or shut, as a flower.  
Syn. SUBOMU, SHIBOMU.
- TSUBOMI ツボミ 蕾 n. A flower-bud.
- TSUBONE ツボ子 局 n. A room,—generally used of the rooms occupied by female servants in the house of a noble; also the women who occupy them.
- TSUBO-NO-ISHIBUMI ツボノイシブミ 壺碑 n. A stone pillar or monument in the province of Ōshū.
- TSUBONOMI ツボノミ n. A round chisel, a gouge.
- TSUBOSHI ツボシ n. The mark, the right point: — *ni ataru*, to hit the nail.
- TSUBOSUMIRE ツボスミレ n. The violet.
- †TSUBOTSUKE ツボツケ n. A land register.
- †TSUBOTSUKI ツボツキ n. A deep cup.
- TSUBO-UCHI ツボウチ n. A kind of game, where a ball is cast so as to enter a cup.
- TSUBOYAKI ツボヤキ n. A clam or oyster roasted in the shell.

TSUBO-YANAGUI ツボヤナグヒ 壺筭籙 n. A quiver of the shape of a long jar.

TSUBU ツブ 粒 n. A grain; the numeral in counting grains, seeds, pills, or anything small and roundish: *kome hito* —, one grain of rice; *gwanyaku mi tsubu*, three pills.

TSUBUBUSHI, or TSUBUSHI ツブブシ n. The ankle-bone.

TSUBUNAKI ツブナキ n. The ankle, i.q. *kuru-bushi*.

†TSUBUNE ツブ子 n. A man-servant, boy.

TSUBUNOKI ツブノキ 木筭樹 n. The Soap-berry-tree, *Sapindus chinenses*. Same as *mukurenji*.

TSUBURA, or TSUBURAKA ツブラ Round and full, plump, chubby.

†TSUBURA ツブラ n. A fortress, fort.

†TSUBURAI ツブラ井 n. A well that is no longer used, i.q. *tsubure-ido*.

TSUBURE,-RU ツブレル 潰 i.v. To be broken, said of things like an egg, bubble, the eye, gall-bladder, etc.; to be burst, mashed; worn off or effaced, as by friction; stopped up or closed up, as a hole; to be bankrupt and ruined: *tamago ga* —, the egg is broken; *me ga* —, the eye is spoiled; *dekimono ga* —, the boil is broken; *hari no ana ga* —, the eye of the needle is closed up; *yasuri no me ga* —, the teeth of the file are worn off; *kabu ga* —, his license is broken or taken away; *ie ga* —, his house is bankrupt; *kimo ga* —, gall-bladder is mashed, i.e. to be greatly astonished; *mimi ga* —, to be deaf; *koe ga* —, to lose the voice.

Syn. KOWARERU, YABURERU, KUZURERU, KUDAKERU.

TSUBURE-IDO ツブレ井ド n. An old well that is broken or filled up.

†TSUBUREISHI ツブレイシ n. A round stone.

TSUBURI ツブリ See *tsumuri*.

†TSUBURI ツブリ adv. i.q. *zumburi*.

TSUBUSA NI ツブサニ 具 adv. Minutely, fully, particularly, in detail, in full.

Syn. KUWASHIKU, KOMAYAKA NI, TSUMABIRAKA NI, KOSAI NI.

TSUBUSHI ツブシ 潰 n. Breaking, mashing, bursting, crushing; spoiling: *kono tokei wa — ni shite mo hyaku yen ga mono aru*, even if this watch were broken the gold in it is worth a hundred yen; *tsubushi no ne de kau*, to buy anything at its intrinsic value, or at the value of the material in it.

TSUBUSHI,-SU ツブス 潰 t.v. To break, to mash, burst, to crush, to spoil, or destroy; to fill up, as a hole; to rub off, or wear off by friction: *tamago wo* —, to break an egg; *kimo wo* —, to be astonished; *ji wo* —, to erase a letter; *mimi wo* —, to deafen; *me wo* —, to spoil the eyes.

Syn. KOWASU, YABURU, KUZUSU.

TSUBUTE ツブテ 礫 n. A small stone, a pebble: — *wo utsu*, to throw stones; *hito wo — ni utsu*, to fling a man, as if he were a stone.

TSUBU-TSUBU ツブツブ 粒粒 n. Grains, any

small lumps, granulations, drops: *kono nori wa — ga dekita*, this paste is lumpy, not smooth; — *namida*, tears falling in drops; — *to futotte oru*, to be fat and chubby.

†TSUBU-TSUBU ツブツブ adv. i.q. *tsubusa ni*.

TSUBUYAKI,-KU ツブヤク i.v. To grumble, or complain or mutter to one's self.

Syn. GUZUGUZU IU.

TSUCHI ツチ 土 n. Earth, clay, soil, ground, mortar; 地 the earth.

TSUCHI ツチ 槌 n. A hammer, mallet.

TSUCHI ツチ 通知 — *suru*, to report, inform, communicate.

TSUCHI-ABURA ツチアブラ 地油 n. Earth oil, petroleum.

TSUCHIBASHI ツチバシ 圪橋 n. A bridge, the floor of which is made of earth.

TSUCHIBETA ツチベタ n. (coll.) The ground: — *ni neru*, to lie on the ground; — *ni oku*, to set it on the ground.

TSUCHIBOTOKE ツチボトケ 土佛 n. A clay idol.

Syn. DOBUTSU.

TSUCHI-BUNE ツチブ子 n. A boat used for carrying earth.

TSUCHIDO ツチド 土戸 n. A door made of plaster, as in fire-proof store-houses.

†TSUCHIDONO ツチドノ n. An earthen house, or house plastered on the outside.

Syn. KURA.

TSUCHI-FUMAZU ツチフマズ n. The part of the sole of the foot that does not touch the ground.

TSUCHI-FURI,-RU ツチフル i.v. To have a dust or sand-storm.

TSUCHI-GUMO ツチグモ 土蜘蛛 n. A species of spider which makes its net in the ground, *Atypus*; a troglodyte.

TSUCHI-HARAI ツチハラヒ n. A fender or screen to keep off the dust of a carriage wheel.

TSUCHI-HOKORI ツチホコリ n. Dust.

TSUCHI-HOTARU ツチホタル 土螢 n. A glow-worm.

TSUCHI-IMI ツチイミ n. Divining the properties of the ground, as the veins of water, proper places for building, etc.

TSUCHIKAI,-AU ツチカフ 培 t.v. To hoe and draw the earth around the stems of grain, to manure: *mugi ni* —.

TSUCHI-KAWAZU ツチカハツ 土蛙 n. A toad.

TSUCHI-KAZE ツチカゼ 土風 n. A sand-storm, or wind accompanied with dust.

TSUCHI-KURE ツチクレ 塊 n. A clod of earth.

TSUCHIMURO ツチムロ 窖 n. A subterranean vault, a cellar.

TSUCHI-NINGYŌ ツチニンギヤウ 土人形 n. Clay figures of men.

TSUCHINOE ツチノエ 戊, and TSUCHINOTO, ツチノト 己 n. Two of the ten signs used in numbering years, months, days, hours, etc.

TSUCHIRŌ ツチラウ 地牢 n. A subterranean prison, dungeon.

TSUCHITAKE ツチタケ 土菌 n. A mushroom growing from the earth.

TSUCHIWARI ツチワリ n. A harrow; a beetle used by farmers for breaking clods.

Syn. MAN-GUWA.

†TSUCHIYA ツチヤ 窟 n. A cave.

TSUCHIYA ツチヤ 土屋 n. A dealer in earth, clay, etc.

†TSUDAMI ツダミ n. Throwing up the milk after nursing, — of children.

TSUDASHI ツダシ 津出 n. Exportation, loading a ship with goods for exportation: *kome no — wo yurusu*, to allow the exportation of rice. Syn. YUSHUTSU.

TSUDATSU ツウダツ 通達 n. A communication, a public notice, message; proficient, accomplished, skillful: — *suru*, to communicate, inform, publish; *Tenshi no miyuki wo — suru*, to give notice of the going out of the Emperor.

TSUDO ツド 都度 n. The time, occasion: *sono — ni*, every time (it happens).

TSUDOE,-RU ツドヘル 集 t.v. To assemble, collect, gather.

Syn. ATSUMERU.

TSUDOI,-OU ツドフ 聚 i.v. To assemble, to collect together, gather: *sakura no shita ni kodomo ga —*, the children gather under the cherry tree; *mono wa konomu tokoro ni tsudori*, things collect where they are liked.

Syn. ATSUMARU.

TSUDO-TSUDO ツドツド 度度 adv. Each time, every time.

Syn. GOTO NI, TOKI-DOKI.

TSUE ツエ 杖 n. A cane: — *wo tsuku*, to carry a cane; — *wo hiku*, id.; also to take a walk; *korobanu saki no —* (prov.).

TSUFŪ ツウフウ 痛風 n. Rheumatism of the joints, arthritis.

TSUGA ツガ 樺 n. The larch.

TSUGAI,-AU ツガフ 番 (cont. of *tsugi* and *ai*) i.v. or t.v. To join one thing to another by a joint or hinge, to couple together, to copulate: *yumi ni ya wo —*, to fix the arrow to the bowstring.

Syn. HAMERU.

TSUGAI ツガヒ 番 n. A pair or couple consisting of male and female; a joint, hinge, or place where two things hinge on each other, as a screen: *niwatori hito —*, a pair of fowls; *byōbu no — ga kireta*, the joint of the screen is broken.

TSUGAIME ツガヒメ 番目 n. A joint, hinge: *hone no —*, the joint of a bone.

TSUGANE,-RU ツガネル 束 t.v. To bind into a bundle, as straw, sticks, etc.: *wara wo —*, to bind straw into a sheaf; *te wo —*, to fold the hands.

Syn. TABANERU.

TSUGASE,-RU ツガセル 令續 (caust. of *tsugi*) To cause, or let splice, etc.: *nawa wo —*, to order another to splice a rope.

TSUGASHI,-SU ツガス Same as *tsugaseru*.

TSUGE,-RU ツゲル 告 t.v. To tell, inform, to announce, relate: *shujin ni —*, to tell the master.

Syn. KIKASERU, SHIRASERU, IU.

TSUGE ツゲ 黄楊 n. Boxwood.

TSUGE-GUCHI ツゲグチ 告口 n. Telling tales or informing on others: — *wo suru*.

Syn. IITSUKEGUCHI.

TSUGI,-GU ツグ 繼 t.v. To join or connect one thing to another, so as to lengthen, repair, or supply a deficiency; to splice, to graft, to mend; to inherit, to succeed or follow another; to pour into, to cement: *chawan wo —*, to join together the pieces of a broken tea cup; *hone wo —*, to set a broken bone; *ki wo —*, to graft a tree; *nawa wo —*, to splice a rope; *ie* or *yo wo —*, to succeed to a family estate, or name; *ato wo —*, id.; *cha, mizu, abura, sake nado wo —*, to pour tea, water, oil, or wine into a cup; *kimono wo —*, to patch or lengthen a garment; *yo wo hi ni tsuide yuku*, to go constantly day and night; *setomono wo —*, to cement porcelain; *ninsoku wo —*, to change coolies, take a relay of fresh hands; *ki ni take wo tsuida yō na hanashi*; *inochi wo —*, to prolong life, to live.

TSUGI ツギ 繼 n. Enlarging, lengthening, or repairing, by joining one thing to another; succeeding, inheriting, splicing; a patch: — *wo suru*, to splice, to patch.

TSUGI ツギ 次 n. The next, succeeding, adjacent, contiguous, adjoining, inferior: *sono — wa dare*, who comes next to him? *kono shina mono wa — da*, this article is inferior in quality; — *no heya*, the next room; — *no ma*, id.; — *no hi*, the next day.

TSŪGI ツウギ 通義 n. Universal or general principle: *chūkō wa tenka no — nari*.

TSUGI-AWASE,-RU ツギアハセル 繼合 t.v. To join together, connect, splice together; to patch up.

TSUGI-BA ツギバ 繼場 n. The office in a post-station where coolies and horses are changed; a seam.

Syn. TATEBA, TSUGIME.

TSUGIHO ツギホ 接穂 n. The branch that is ingrafted into a tree, a graft.

TSUGIKI ツギキ 接木 n. A grafted tree.

TSUGIME ツギメ 續目 n. The place where two things are joined, a joint, seam, connection, succession.

TSUGIMONO ツギモノ 繼物 n. (coll.) Mending, or patching garments, sewing: — *wo suru*.

TSUGI NI ツギニ 次 adv. Next in time, order, or place; adjoining to, contiguous to, adjacent to; after: *hon wo yonde — tenarai wo suru*, after reading to practice writing.

TSUGI-TASHI,-SU ツギタス 續足 t.v. To lengthen, to enlarge, to splice: *ie wo —*, to enlarge a house; *nawa wo —*, splice a rope.

TSUGITATEBA ツギタテバ Same as *tsugiba*.

TSUGI-TSUGI NI ツギツギニ 次次 adv. One after the other, in succession, consecutively: — *ryōji wo suru*, to prescribe for patients one after another.

Syn. JUN-JUN NI.

TSUGI-ZAMA ツギザマ n. Lower or inferior kind: — *no hito*.

TSUGŌ ツガフ 都合 (subete awaseru) n. (coll.)

The sum total, amount, aggregate; convenience, circumstance, condition, case, predicament: — *ikura*, what is the amount? — *ga warui*, inconvenient; — *ga yoi*, convenient; — *shidai ni suru*, to act according to circumstances; — *wo awaseru*, to suit one's convenience, to be opportune.

Syn. SHIMETE.

TSUGOMORI ツゴモリ 晦日 n. The last day of a month.

Syn. MISOKA.

TSUGUMI ツグミ 鷓 n. The name of a bird.

TSUGUMI, -MU ツグム 咄 t.v. To shut the mouth, to be silent, to stoop down: *kuchi wo* — id.; *kutsuwa wo* —.

TSUGUNAI, -AU ツグナフ 償 t.v. To make good, to indemnify, to make satisfaction, compensation, or restitution, to commute, to make amends; to atone for, answer for, to expiate: *tomodachi no shakkin wo* —, to pay the debts of a friend; *kō wo tatete tsumi wo* —, to atone for one's crimes by a meritorious deed.

Syn. AGANAU.

TSUGUNAI ツグナヒ 償 n. Compensation, reparation, indemnification, restitution, atonement, commutation.

TSUGUNAI-KIN ツグナヒキン 償金 n. Money paid as indemnity, satisfaction money, ransom.

TSUGURA ツグラ i.q. *tsuguro*.

TSUGURO ツグロ n. A kind of basket made of straw used to keep a baby in, a cradle.

TSŪHŌ ツウハフ 通法 n. Universal or general rule.

TSUI ツイ adv. (coll.) Quickly, soon, promptly, suddenly: — *dekimasu*, I will do it soon.

TSUI ツ井 對 n. A couple, or two of like things, a pair; a like thing, match: *ittsui no kakemono*, a pair of hanging pictures; — *no kimono*, clothes that are alike, or match; — *no nari*, same style; *ittsui no hanaike*, a pair of flower vases; — *ni suru*, to pair, to match.

Syn. SOROI.

TSUI ツヒ An exclam. of regret, sorrow, or disappointment in making a mistake, committing a blunder, or on forgetting anything; as, *tsui wasuremashita*, there! I have forgotten; *tsui otoshita*; *tsui ayamatta*; — *shita koto*, an accident.

TSUI ツイ An obs. particle prefixed to verbs, for euphony, not affecting their meaning—as, *tsui-ikeru*, *tsui-yugami*, *tsui-sueru*.

TSUI ツイ cont. of *tsuki*.

TSUIBAMI, -MU ツイバム 啄 (comp. of *tsuki*, to pick; and *hamu*, to eat) t.v. To pick up and eat, as a bird: *tori ga ye wo* —, the bird picks up its food.

Syn. HAMU, KURAU.

TSUIBO ツ井ボ 追慕 (*oi-tsutau*) — *suru*, to look back or reflect upon the past, to feel admiration for one who has died: *shinishi hito no toku wo* — *suru*, to admire the virtues of one who has died.

TSUIDE ツイデ 序 (coll.) n. Order, arrangement, turn; occasion, convenience, opportunity: — *wo midasu*, to disturb the order;

— *ni yotte kuru*, to come in regular order; — *ga attara yorimashō*, when I have an opportunity I shall call; — *nagara mōshi age soro*, I take this opportunity to say; — *wo matsu*, wait for a convenient time; *on* — *no setsu*, when you have a convenient time; *tōru* — *ni yoru*, to call as one is passing; *sentaku no* — *ni kore wo arae*, wash this when you are washing clothes.

TSUIE ツヒエ 弊 n. Bad habit, way or custom.

TSUIE ツヒエ 費 n. Waste, useless consumption, expenditure.

TSUIE, -RU ツヒエル 費 i.v. To be wasted, squandered, consumed, or spent uselessly: *kane no tsuieru koto wo suru na*, don't waste money.

TSUIE, -RU ツヒエル 潰 i.v. To burst and run out, burst out; to be routed, defeated: *ike no mizu ga* —, the water has burst out of the pond; *gunzei ga* —, the army was routed.

TSUIFUKU ツ井フク 追福 — *wo inoru*, to pray for the future happiness of one deceased; — *wo itonamu*, to say mass for the dead.

TSUIFUKU ツ井フク 對幅 n. A pair of hanging pictures.

TSUIGAKI ツイカキ 築墻 n. A fence or wall of earth.

TSUI-GASANE ツ井ガサ子 對重 n. A set of boxes, either wood or porcelain, fitting one on the other.

TSUIGEKI ツ井ゲキ 追撃 (*oi-uchi*) — *suru*, to pursue and smite, to follow after and attack.

†TSUIHIJI ツイヒジ n. i.q. *tsuiji*.

TSUIHO ツ井ホ 追捕 (*oi-toraeru*) — *suru*, to pursue and seize.

TSUIHŌ ツ井ハウ 追放 (*oi-hanatsu*) n. Banishment or expulsion from a place, as a punishment for crime; exile: — *suru*.

Syn. TOKORO-BARAI.

†TSUI-HOSHI ツ井ホシ 追捕使 n. The ruler of a province in the time of Yoritomo, who was called *Sō-tsui-ho-shi*.

TSUIJI ツイヂ 墻 n. A fence, or wall made of earth or clay. Syn. NERIBEI.

TSUIJI-GAWARA ツイジガハラ n. A brick.

TSUIKA ツ井カ 追加 n. An appendix, a supplement or addendum to a book.

Syn. FUROKU, SHŪI.

TSUIKEI ツ井ケイ 追啓 n. A postscript to a letter.

TSUIKU ツ井ク 對句 n. Antithetical sentence.

†TSUIMATSU ツイマツ 續松 n. A torch made of pine, flambeau.

Syn. TAIMATSU.

TSŪIN ツウイン 痛飲 (*itaku nomu*) — *suru*, to drink deeply of *sake*.

TSUI-NA ツ井ナ 追難 (*oni yarai*) The ceremony of driving evil spirits out of the house by scattering parched beans about on the last evening of the old year.

Syn. MAME-MAKI.

TSUI NI ツヒニ 遂 adv. Then, therefore, upon that, finally.

TSUI NI ツヒニ 終 adv. At last, at length, finally, after all; with a negative verb,—

never: *ryōji wo shite mo — shinimashō*, do all you can for him he will die after all; — *mita koto mo nai*, have never seen it.

Syn. TŌTŌ.

TSUI-NO-MICHI ツヒノミチ 終道 (*owari no michi*) n. The last journey, i.e. death.

TSUIRI ツイリ n. The rainy season in June, i.q. *tsuyu*.

TSUIROKU ツ井口ク 追録 (*oi-kaki-tomeru*) — *suru*, to chronicle or record one's meritorious deeds after his decease.

TSUIRON ツ井ロン 追論 — *suru*, to consider or deliberate upon one's virtues after his decease.

†TSUISHIRO ツイシロ n. A mat or carpet spread on the floor.

TSUISHŌ ツ井シヤウ 追賞 n. Honors or rewards bestowed after the death of a person.

TSUISHŌ ツ井シヨウ 追従 n. Flattery: — *suru*, to flatter; — *wo iu*, id.

Syn. HETSURAI, KOBİ.

TSUISHU ツ井シユ 堆朱 n. Red lacquer carved or embossed.

†TSUISŌ ツ井ソウ 追従 i.q. *tsui-shō*.

TSUISŌ ツ井サウ 追想 (*omoi-dasu*) — *suru*, to think over something past, to look back upon.

TSUISON ツ井ソン 追尊 (*oi-tattobu*) — *suru*, to render posthumous honor to one deceased.

†TSUISUE,-RU ツイスヘル t.v. To set down, to place.

TSUITACHI ツイタチ 朔日 n. The first day of a month.

TSUITATE ツイタテ 衝立 n. A screen of one leaf set in a frame.

TSUITŌ ツ井タウ 追討 (*oiutsu*) — *suru*, to pursue and fight against, to quell, subdue,—as a body of rebels.

Syn. SEIBATSU.

TSUIYASHI,-SU ツヒヤス 費 t.v. To waste, squander, to spend uselessly, to consume, expend: *kin gin wo* —, to waste money; *muna-shiku toki wo* —, to spend time uselessly; *chikara wo* —, to waste the strength.

TSUIZEN ツ井ゼン 追善 n. Mass said or offerings made for the dead: — *wo suru*, to perform mass; — *wo itonamu*, id.

Syn. HŌJI.

TSŪJI ツウジ 通 n. Free, open, unobstructed in passage, communication: *daiben no — wa ikaga*, how are your bowels? *nan no — mo nai*, no communication.

TSŪJI ツウジ 通詞 n. An interpreter, translator.

Syn. TSŪBEN.

TSUJI ツジ 辻 n. The place where two streets cross, or where a street forks; a whirlwind.

Syn. CHIMATA.

TSŪJI,-RU ツウズル 通 i.v. and t.v. To have communication or intercourse with, to pass through freely or without obstruction; to be current, to be acquainted with, proficient in; to communicate, repeat: *teki ni* —, to have secret communication with the enemy; *onna ni* —, to have illicit intercourse with a woman; *kokoro wo* —, to communicate one's mind; *daiben ga*

—, to have an unconstipated condition of bowels; *banji ni tsūjite*, applicable to everything, to be proficient in everything

Syn. KAYŌ.

TSUJIBAN ツジバン 辻番 A guard-house at a cross-street.

TSUJIDAMA ツジダマ n. A plant. Same as *zuzudama*.

TSUJIDŌ ツジダウ 辻堂 n. A small shed with an idol in it erected at a crossing, or at the fork of a road.

TSUJIGE ツジゲ n. Woolly hair; curly hair.

TSUJIGIMI ツジギミ n. A street-walker, harlot.

TSUJIGIRI ツジギリ 辻切 n. Killing or murdering in the streets to try one's sword or skill.

TSUJI-GŌSHAKU ツジガウシヤク n. Telling stories on the streets.

TSŪJIGUSURI ツウジグスリ n. Cathartic medicines, laxatives.

TSUJI-KATAME ツジカタメ n. Guarding the crossing places of roads.

†TSUJI-KAZE ツジカゼ n. i.q. *tsumujikaze*.

TSUJI-MATSURI ツジマツリ n. A festival in honor of *Dōsojin*, the god of roads.

†TSUJIMI ツジミ n. A bruise.

†TSUJIMI,-MU ツジム i.v. To become dark in color, as a scar.

TSUJITSUMA ツジツマ Relation of one thing with another: — *ga awanu koto*, something contradictory, or that has no connection with what was said before.

TSUJI-URA ツジウラ 辻卜 n. Divining one's luck by something heard at a cross-road, used now for anything by which one tries his luck.

TSUJI-URI ツジウリ 辻賣 n. Selling in the streets.

TSŪJŌ ツウジヤウ 通常 (*tsune no*) — no, common, usual, customary: — *kwai*, a regular meeting.

TSŪJŌ ツウジヤウ 通情 n. A universal feeling, or sentiment common to men.

TSUKA ツカ n. A prop, brace: — *wo kau*, to brace.

Syn. TSUKKAI-BŌ.

TSUKA ツカ 塚 n. A tomb, a mound of earth: *ichi ri zuka*, mounds along a road for marking the miles.

Syn. HAKA.

TSUKA ツカ 柄 n. The hilt of a sword; handle of a knife, hoe, sickle, etc.

TSUKA ツカ 束 n. A hand-breadth, a short time: *to — no tsurugi*, a sword ten hands long; — *no ma*, a hand's-breadth; — *no aida*, id.

TSUKA-ANA ツカアナ 窟 n. A cave, vault or tomb.

TSUKABASHIRA ツカバシラ 支柱 n. A beam used as a support, a prop.

TSUKA-BUKURO ツカブクロ 柄袋 n. The covering of a sword hilt.

†TSUKABUNA ツカブナ 束鮒 n. A large *funa*.

TSUKAE ツカヘ 支 n. Obstruction, impediment, stoppage, pain in the stomach.

Syn. JAMA, TODOKŌRI, SAWARI.

TSUKAE,-RU ツカヘル 事 or 仕 t.v. To serve, to wait upon, minister to, to perform official duties, to obey: *fubo ni* —, to obey one's parents; *te wo* —, to place the hands in a polite posture. Syn. TSUTOMERU.

TSUKAE,-RU ツカヘル 支 痞 i.v. To be obstructed, blocked up, impeded, stopped, hindered, clogged: *mune ga* —, to have an obstruction in the stomach.  
Syn. TODOKŌRU, FUSAGARU.

†TSUKAERA ツカヘラ n. Coolies employed by government.

TSUKAGASHIRA ツカガシラ n. The piece of metal at the end of a sword-hilt.

TSUKAI ツカヒ 使 n. A message, messenger: — *wo yaru*, to send a messenger; *chotto — ni itte koi*, take a message for me; *kami no* —, a messenger of God, an angel.  
Syn. SHISHA.

TSUKAI,-AU ツカフ 使 t.v. To use, handle, manage, employ, spend: *kane wo* —, to spend money; *hito wo* —, to employ a man; *ki wo* —, to be anxious or worried; *kokoro wo* —, id.; *uma wo* —, to drive a horse; *fune wo* —, to manage or handle a ship.  
Syn. MOCHIIRU.

†TSUKAI-DACHI ツカヒダチ n. A sword worn only for ceremony, not for use.

TSUKAI-HATASHI,-SU ツカヒハタス 使果 t.v. To use up, to spend all, consume.

TSUKAI-KATA ツカヒカタ 使方 n. The way of using, or how to use anything: — *wo shiranu*, don't know how to use it; — *ga nai*, of no use.

TSUKAI-KOMI,-MU ツカヒコム t.v. To embezzle, to commit a fraud: *hito no kane wo* —.

TSUKAI-KONASHI,-SU ツカヒコナス t.v. To make pliant, easy, tractable or comfortable by use; to use with ease or comfort.

TSUKAI-ME ツカヒメ 使女 n. A female messenger, maid-servant.  
Syn. KOSHIMOTO, GEJO.

TSUKAI-MICHI ツカヒミチ 使道 n. The way or manner of using, use.

TSUKAI-MONO ツカヒモノ 遺物 n. A present.  
Syn. REIMOTSU, SHINJŌ-MONO, OKURI-MONO.

TSUKAI-NARASHI,-SU ツカヒナラス t.v. To use and break in, to make pliant by use.

TSUKAI-NIKUI,-KI-KU ツカヒニクイ 使悪 adj. Difficult or disagreeable to use or employ; unhandy.

TSUKA-ISHI ツカイシ 撐石 n. A stone prop, or support.

TSUKAI-SUGI ツカヒスギ 使過 n. Using or spending to excess, wastefulness, prodigality, extravagance.

TSUKAITE ツカヒテ 使手 n. A user, an employer.

TSUKA-ITO ツカイト 柄絲 n. The thread used for winding round the hilt of a sword.

TSUKAI-YŌ ツカヒヤウ 使様 n. The way of using, how to use.  
Syn. TSUKAI-KATA.

†TSUKAI-ZANE ツカヒザネ n. Chief messenger, or ambassador.

TSUKAMARE,-RU ツカマレル 被 扼 (pass. of *tsukami*) To be grasped in the hand, to be caught, seized.

TSUKAMATSURI,-RU ツカマツル 仕 To do; a respectful word used to superiors or honorable persons; the same as, *suru*, *itasu*, *nasu*; *o tomo tsukamatsuri-mashō*,=*o tomo shi-mashō*, I shall go with you.

TSUKAMAE,-RU ツカマヘル 扼 t.v. To grasp, lay hold of, to seize, to catch, to arrest, capture: *dorobō wo* —, to catch a thief; *hashiri uma wo* —, to catch a runaway horse; *nawa wo tsukamaete noboru*, to climb up by a rope.  
Syn. TORAERU, NIGIRU, TSUKAMU.

TSUKAMI ツカミ 扼 n. A handful: *kome hito* —, a handful of rice.

TSUKAMI ツカミ n. A metal clamp.

TSUKAMI,-MU ツカム 扼 t.v. To grasp, to lay hold of, to seize, to catch, to clutch: *washi ga hebi wo* —, the eagle seizes the snake; *ki no ne wo tsukande yama ye noboru*, to climb the mountain by catching hold of the roots of trees.  
Syn. NIGIRU, TORAERU.

TSUKAMI-AI,-AU ツカミアヒ 扼合 t.v. To grasp or seize hold of each other: *kami wo tsukamiatte kenkwa suru*, to seize hold of each other's hair and fight.

TSUKAMI-DASHI,-SU ツカミダス 扼出 t.v. To seize hold of and put out, or take out.

TSUKAMI-DORI ツカミドリ 扼取 n. Seizing or clutching all one can get, snatching.

TSUKAMI-KAKARI,-RU ツカミカカル 扼掛 i.v. About to lay hold, or seize.

TSUKAMI-KOROSHI,-SU ツカミコロス 扼殺 t.v. To squeeze or choke to death with the hand.

TSUKAMI-KOWASHI,-SU ツカミコハス 摑破 t.v. To break by squeezing in the hand, to crush with the hand.

TSUKAMI-KUDAKI,-KU ツカミクダク 扼摧 t.v. To crush with the hand.

†TSUKANAGI ツカナギ n. A club.

TSUKANAI ツカナイ Something irrelevant which one thinks of and wishes to say—by the way.

†TSUKANAMI ツカナミ n. Sheaves of straw or fern.

TSUKANE ツカ子 n. A bundle, sheaf.

TSUKANE,-RU ツカ子ル t.v. To bind, bundle: *te wo* —, to fold the arms.

TSUKANU, or TSUKAZU ツカヌ 不付 (neg. of *tsuku*) *Ki ga tsukananda*, did not take notice, did not come to mind.

TSUKARAKASHI,-SU ツカラカス (caust. of *tsukareru*) To cause to be tired or fatigued: *uma wo* —, to tire a horse.

TSUKARASE,-RU ツカラセル t.v. i.q. *tsukarakasu*.

TSUKARE ツカレ 疲 n. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion: *tabi no* —, the fatigue of traveling; *byōgo no* —, the weakness which follows sickness; — *ga deru*, to become tired.

TSUKARE,-RU ツカレル 疲勞 i.v. To to tired, fatigued, wearied, faint, exhausted, worn out, enfeebled, consumed: *nagamichi wo aruite*

*ashi ga tsukareta*, my feet are tired by walking so far; *ara shigoto de tsukareta*, worn out by hard work.

Syn. KUTABIRERU, YOWARU.

TSUKARE,-RU ツカレル 被突 (pass. or pot. of *tsuki*) To be stabbed, etc.: *yari de tsukareru*, stabbed by a spear.

†TSUKARI ツカリ n. A chain.

TSUKARI,-RU ツカル 浸 i.v. To be soaked, steeped, macerated: *mizu ni* —, to be steeped in the water; *nagaku mizu ni tsukatte-ita kara omoku natta*, it is heavy from being long in the water.

Syn. HITASARU.

TSUKASA ツカサ 司 n. Ruler, superintendent, director, chief officer.

Syn. CHŌ, KASHIRA, OSA.

†TSUKASA-BITO ツカサビト 官人 n. An officer, official.

TSUKASADORI,-RU ツカサドル 司 t.v. To govern, direct, rule, superintend: *kuni no seiji wo* —, to rule over a country; *fushin wo* —, to superintend a building.

Syn. SHIHAI SURU, MAMORU.

†TSUKASAMESHI ツカサメシ n. Appointment to official service.

Syn. JOMOKU.

TSUKASARE,-RU ツカサレル Past of *tsukasu*.

†TSUKASA-YATSUKO ツカサヤツコ 官奴 n. A convict.

TSUKASE,-RU ツカセル 令付 (caust. of *tsuki*) To cause to stick, etc.: *aisō wo tsukasaseru*, to cause another to lose their affection for a person; *uso wo* —, to cause another to lie.

TSUKA-TSUKA ツカツカ adv. Suddenly, abruptly, unceremoniously.

TSUKAWARE,-RU ツカハレル 被使 (pass. of *tsukai*) To be used or employed.

TSUKAWASHI,-SU ツカハス 遣 t.v. To send, to give, to pay: *tsukai wo* —, to send a messenger; *tegami wo Tōkyō ye* —, to send a letter to Tōkyō; *sono-hō ni oshiete tsukawasu*, to deign to teach you; *kore wa sonohō ye tsukawasu*, I give this to you.

Syn. YARU, OKURU.

TSUKAYA ツカヤ 塚屋 n. A wooden structure built over a tomb, as an ornament.

TSUKE ツケ n. (coll.) A bill, or account, as of an inn, hotel or restaurant.

TSUKE,-RU ツケル 付 t.v. To apply, affix, fix, attach, join, or fasten one thing to another; to put on, set, write down: *na wo* —, to give a name; *kizu ni kusuri wo* —, to apply medicine to a wound; *iro wo* —, to color, or dye; *kabe wo* —, to put on plaster, to plaster; *oshiroi wo* —, to powder the face; *hi wo* —, to kindle, or set on fire; *chōmen ni* —, to write anything in an account book or register; *ban wo* —, to set a watch; *me wo* —, to fix the eye on; *hari ni ito wo* —, to thread a needle; *ne wo* —, to fix or offer a price; *shirushi wo* —, to mark, fix a mark on; *kane wo* —, to blacken the teeth; *ki wo* —, to give heed to, be careful of; *nan wo* —, to fasten trouble upon any one, as by a false report; *tegami wo* —, to send a let-

ter; *mizu ni* —, to put into water, to soak; *shio wo tsukete kū*, eat it seasoned with salt; *fude wo sumi ni* —, to dip the pen into ink; *nikki wo* —, to keep a journal.

TSUKE-AGARI,-RU ツケアガル i.v. To exalt one's self, to be puffed up.

TSUKEBANA ツケバナ 付鼻 n. Artificial nose.

TSUKEBI ツケビ 付火 n. A conflagration caused by an incendiary.

TSUKEBITO ツケビト n. A watch, keeper; a guardian, nurse; a tutor.

TSUKEFUDA ツケフダ 附札 n. A card or slip of writing attached to anything.

TSUKE-GAMI ツケガミ 紙簽 n. The small piece of paper used to mark a word or sentence not known.

TSUKEGAMI ツケガミ 付髪 n. False hair: — *wo suru*, to put on false hair.

Syn. KAMOJI.

TSUKEGI ツケギ 火奴 n. A match made of sticks tipped with sulphur.

TSUKEGUSURI ツケグスリ 附薬 n. Medicines used by external application.

TSŪKEI ツウケイ 通計 n. The whole amount, sum total.

TSUKE-IRI,-RU ツケイル 附入 i.v. To try to gain the favor of any one by a present, to curry favor; to pursue and enter, as a castle; to draw near to strike, as in fighting.

TSUKE-ISHI ツケイシ 試石 n. A touchstone.

TSUKEJIE ツケヂエ 附智慧 n. A scheme or cunning to which one has been instigated or put up to by others.

TSUKEJIRO ツケジロ n. A subsidiary fortress.

TSUKE-KAKE ツケカケ 付掛 n. Overcharging, charging in a day-book more than the price for which anything was bought.

TSUKE-KOMI,-MU ツケコム 付込 i.v. and t.v. To carry or convey into, to observe, perceive, to mark, take notice of, take advantage of: *hito no yowami wo tsukekonde komaraseru*, to take advantage of the weak points of another to vex him; *nimotsu wo kura ni* —.

TSUKE-KONASHI,-SU ツケコナス t.v. To beat down the price, cheapen.

TSUKE-MAGE ツケマゲ n. The false hair on the top of the head worn by women.

TSUKEMONO ツケモノ 漬物 n. Anything pickled in brine, *sake*, etc.; preserves, pickles.

TSŪKEN ツウケン 通券 n. A ticket for admission to a theatre, show or lecture.

TSUKENA ツケナ 漬菜 n. Pickled greens or cabbage.

TSUKENE ツケ子 附根 n. The root or place where one thing joins on another; a bid, or price offered for anything (cont. of *tsukenedan*): *mimi no* —, the place where the ear joins the temple; *hana no* —.

TSUKENEDAN ツケ子ダン 附直 n. A bid or price offered for goods.

TSUKETARI ツケタリ 附 n. Anything added as a note, or addendum; (adv.) together with, besides.

TSUKE-TODOKE ツケトドケ 附届 n. A fee, a payment of money, a bribe.

TSUKE-TSUKU ツケツケ — *iu*, to speak to another in an angry manner.

TSUKEYAKI ツケヤキ 附焼 *n.* Baked with some kind of seasoning put on it.

TSUKE-YAKIBA ツケヤキバ 附焼 *n.* A false edge, or an edge put on a sword by roasting, so as to resemble a good edge; (fig.) spoken of a fictitious knowledge or skill which is only put on.

†TSUKEZUMAI ツケズマヒ *n.* A balky-horse: — *suru*, to balk.

TSUKI ツキ 月 (*getsu*) *n.* The moon, month; menses (obs.): — *ga deru*, the moon rises; — *ga iru*, the moon sets; — *ga mitsuru*, the moon is full; — *ga kakeru*, the moon wanes; *kono* —, this month; *ato no* —, last month; — *no de*, the rising of the moon.  
Syn. GWATSU.

†TSUKI ツキ *n.* Way, means, help; i.q. *sazuki*.

TSUKI ツキ 槻 *n.* The name of a tree, same as *keyaki*.

TSUKI ツキ The name of a bird, same as *toki*.

TSUKI ツキ *n.* Form, manner, used only in compound words; as, *kao-tsuki*, expression of face; *me-tsuki*, the expression of the eye; *te-tsuki*, the form of the hand, or way of using it; *ashi-tsuki*, way of walking; *kotoba-tsuki*, manner of speaking, or voice.  
Syn. NARI, FURI.

†TSUKI ツキ *n.* A cup, vessel; used now only in comp. as *sakazuki*, *takazuki*.

TSUKI, -KU ツク 吐 *t.v.* To vomit, eructate: *hedo wo* —, to eructate.

TSUKI, -KU ツク 付 *i.v.* To stick, cleave or adhere to; to be fixed, fastened or attached to; to arrive; to follow, join or side with; to belong to; to appertain to; to pertain, or relate to, refer to; 着 to bewitch, spell, as a fox: *sumi ga te ni* —, the ink sticks to the hand; *kutsu ni doro ga* —, the mud sticks to the shoes; *shōne ga* —, to come to one's senses; *kitsune ga* —, possessed by a fox; *toko ni* —, to go to bed, or to be confined to bed; *byōki ga* —, infected with disease; *fune ga tsuita*, the ship has arrived; *ueki ga* —, the shrub has taken root; *kurai ni* —, to ascend the throne; *za ni* —, to take a seat; *waga te ni* —, to join my command, or party; *kerai ga shujin ni* —, the servant adheres to, or sides with his lord; *fune ni wa ro ga* —, the oar belongs to, or is a part of the boat; *migi ni tsuite*, on account of the foregoing reasons; *katte ni tsuki tentaku suru*, to move one's residence for the sake of convenience; *iro ga* —, to be stained or colored; *ato kara tsuite koi*, follow me, or come after me; *hi ga tsuita*, the fire begins to burn; *kokoro ga tsukanu*, not aware or conscious of; *kono sekitan wa hi ga tsukanu*, this coal will not burn; *kokoro no tsuita koto*, a thing of which one is conscious.

TSUKI, -KU ツク 突搗撞 *t.v.* To thrust, or strike with anything pointed; to stab; to pound, as with a pestle: *kane wo* —, to ring a large bell by thrusting a stick of wood

against it; *tsue wo tsuite aruku*, to walk with a cane; *mochi wo* —, to beat rice bread in a mortar; *yari de* —, to stab with a spear; *iki wo* —, to make an expiration, to take breath.

TSUKI, -KU ツク 築 *t.v.* To build with stones, or earth: *shiro wo* —, to build a castle; *ishigaki*, *toride*, *odaiba*, *hettsumi nado wo* —, to build a stone wall, intrenchment, fort or furnace. Syn. KIZUKU.

TSUKI, -RU ツキル 盡 *i.v.* To be used up, to be exhausted, consumed, spent, finished, ended, to give out: *kane ga tsukita*, the money is all gone; *chikara ga* —, strength is exhausted; *toshi ga* —, the year is ended.  
Syn. NAKUNARU.

TSUKI-AGE, -RU ツキアゲル 突上 *t.v.* To thrust upward at anything. 築上 To finish building, as a wall.

TSUKI-AGEDO ツキアゲド *n.* A door which is opened by pushing up.

TSUKI-AI, -AU ツキアフ 著合 *i.v.* To associate, keep company, to have intercourse, or communion. 突合 To thrust, push at, or gore each other: *aku nin ni tsuki-au na*, keep no company with a wicked man.  
Syn. MAJIWARU.

TSUKI-AI ツキアヒ 交際 *n.* Associating, keeping company, intercourse, communion, acquaintance.  
Syn. MAJIWARI, KŌSAI.

TSUKI-AKARI ツキアカリ 月明 *n.* Moonlight: — *de hon wo yomu*, to read a book by moonlight.

TSUKI-ATARI, -RU ツキアタル 突當 *t.v.* To strike against, to collide, run against.

TSUKIBAN ツキバン 月番 *n.* Monthly duty, as guard or watchman.

TSUKIBARAI ツキバラヒ 月拂 *n.* Monthly payment, paying by the month.

†TSUKI-BITAI ツキビタイ 月額 *n.* That part on the top of the head formerly shaven, supposed to resemble a half-moon; a horse with a white forehead.  
Syn. SAKAYAKI, TSUKISHIRO.

TSUKI-DASHI, -SU ツキダス 突出 *t.v.* To drive or push out.

TSUKI-DEPPŌ ツキデッポウ *n.* A popgun.

TSUKIFU ツキフ 月賦 Monthly instalments, or payments of a debt: — *ni shite kane wo harau*, to pay money by monthly instalments.

TSUKI-FUSE, -RU ツキフセル 突伏 *t.v.* To stab or thrust and cause to fall, = *tsuki-taosu*; *tsuki-korobasu*.

TSUKI-GAKE ツキガケ 月掛 *n.* Monthly dues, or payments of money: — *ni shite kane wo atsumeru*, to collect money by monthly collections.

TSUKIGANE ツキガネ 鐘 *n.* A large bell rung by thrusting a stick of wood against it.  
Syn. TSURIGANE.

TSUKIGANNA ツキガンナ *n.* A plane used by pushing.

†TSUKIGE ツキゲ *n.* Cream-colored, of a horse.

TSUKIGOME ツキゴメ *n.* Cleaned or white rice: — *ya*, a shop where rice is cleaned.



- TSUKI-GOSHI ツキゴシ adj. Passing over from the end of a month to the beginning of the next: — *no ame*.
- TSUKIGUSA ツキグサ n. A plant, same as *tsuyugusa*.
- †TSUKI-HAE ツキハエ n. The brilliancy of the moon, bright moonlight.
- TSUKI-HANASHI, -SU ツキハナス 突放 t.v. To thrust away, push asunder, to let go; to decline, as a request.
- TSUKI-HATE, -RU ツキハテル 盡果 i.v. To be exhausted, used up, finished.
- †TSUKI-HITO-OTOKO ツキヒトヲトコ n. The *sen-nin* in the moon, who as a punishment is doomed to cut the *katsura* tree, which heals up as soon as it is cut.
- TSUKI-IRE, -RU ツキイレル 突入 t.v. To thrust in, to push or pound in with anything pointed.
- TSUKIJI ツキヂ 築地 n. Land made by filling in, as a swamp; reclaimed land.  
Syn. UMECHI.
- †TSUKIJIROI, -OU ツキジロフ t.v. To beckon, to show or direct by the motion of the hands.
- TSUKI-KAESHI, -SU ツキカヘス 突返 t.v. To thrust back, to stab back, or in return.
- TSUKI-KAGE ツキカゲ 月影 n. The shadow of the moon, moonlight: — *ni hon wo yomu*.
- TSUKI-KAKARI, -RU ツキカカル 突掛 i.v. To be about to thrust or stab, to commence fighting with.
- TSUKI-KAWASHI, -SU ツキカハス t.v. To thrust, stab, or stick each other.
- TSUKI-KOMI, -MU ツキコム 突込 t.v. To thrust into, to draw near suddenly, as in fighting.
- TSUKI-KOROSHI, -SU ツキコロス 突殺 t.v. To kill by stabbing, or thrusting with the point of anything.
- TSUKI-KUDAKI, -KU ツキクダク 搗摧 t.v. To break and pulverize by pounding in a mortar, or with the point of anything.
- TSUKI-KUZUSHI, -SU ツキクツス 突崩 t.v. To throw down anything piled up, by thrusting, battering, or pushing; to put to rout.
- TSUKI-MACHI ツキマチ 月待 n. Watching for the rising of the moon, on the 7th or 23rd night of the month.
- TSUKIMATAGE ツキマタゲ 月跨 n. Straddling or stretching across from one month to another, as an unfinished work: *tōryū shite* — *ni naru*, continued to stay on from month to month.
- TSUKI-MATOI, -OU ツキマトフ 著纏 t.v. To cleave to, adhere to and follow.
- TSUKI-MAWARI ツキマハリ 月廻 n. Month about, alternate months: — *ni ban wo suru*, to watch month about.
- TSUKIME ツキメ n. Puncture of the eye.
- †TSUKI-ME ツキメ n. A woman who pounded *mochi* in a mortar.
- TSUKIMI ツキミ 月見 n. The 15th of the 8th month (o.c.), set apart especially to conviviality or paying homage to the moon.
- †TSUKIMI, -MU ツキム i.v. To refuse, decline.
- TSUKI-MODOSHI, -SU ツキモドス 突戻 t.v. To thrust back, to stab back.
- TSUKIMONO ツキモノ 付物 n. Anything which is attached to, or is an indispensable part or accompaniment of another, as an oar to the boat, a cork to a bottle, etc., or anything that bewitches or takes possession of one, as a fox, ghost, etc.: *ro wa fune no* —, the oar is a part of a boat; *jō ni kagi wa* — *da*, the key is a part of the lock.
- †TSUKINAKI, -SHI ツキナキ adj. Not to accord, match, or suit.
- TSUKI-NAMI ツキナミ 月並 Each month, monthly, month by month: *jū go nichī wa* — *no yasumi da*, the 15th day is a monthly rest.  
Syn. MAI TSUKI, TSUKIZUKI, MEGURI.
- †TSUKI-NO-DESHIO ツキノデシホ n. The rising of the moon compared to the rising tide.
- †TSUKI-NO-HAYASHI ツキノハヤシ n. The *kuge*.  
See *gekkei-unkaku*.
- TSUKI-NO-KATSURA ツキノカツラ 月桂 n. The *katsura* tree in the moon, used only figuratively for attaining high literary honor.
- TSUKI-NO-MONO ツキノモノ 月經 n. The menses, catamenia.  
Syn. SAWARI, KEISUI, GESSUI, MEGURI.
- †TSUKI-NO-NEZUMI ツキノネズミ n. The moon compared to a rat, which by its constant revolutions gradually consumes human life.
- †TSUKI-NO-NUNO ツキノヌノ n. Cloth which in ancient times was paid to government as tax.
- TSUKI-NO-OKINA キノオキナ 月老 n. The god of marriage; (coll.) the old man of the moon.
- TSUKI-NO-SHIZUKU ツキノシヅク n. Grapes preserved by a coating of sugar.
- †TSUKI-NO-WA ツキノワ n. The full-moon; also the vital part in the breast of a bear.
- TSUKI-NUKI, -KU ツキヌク t.v. To pound thoroughly, to pound over and over.
- TSUKI-NUKI, -KU ツキヌク 衝抜 t.v. To thrust through, stick through.
- TSUKI-OTOSHI, -SU ツキオトス 突落 t.v. To thrust down, to knock down.
- TSUKI-SASHI, -SU ツキサス 衝刺 t.v. To stick, or thrust into.
- TSUKI-SEZU ツキセズ Not exhausted, not finished.
- †TSUKISHIRAI, -AU } ツキシラフ t.v. To gore,  
†TSUKISHIROI } push, or butt with the horns, or with the knee.
- †TSUKI-SHIRO ツキシロ 月代 n. The new moon; the shaven part on the top of the head.
- TSUKISOI ツキソヒ 付添 n. An escort, a guard, retinue, attendants.
- TSUKI-SOI, -OU ツキソフ 付添 i.v. To cleave to, attached to, be joined to, as a wife to her husband: *issō tsukisō teishu*; *mi ni tsukisōte oru*, to be united to one's body.
- TSUKI-TAOSHI, -SU ツキタホス 突倒 t.v. To thrust over anything standing, to stab and cause to fall.
- TSUKI-TATE, -RU ツキタテル 突立 t.v. To thrust in and cause to stand, as a stick into the ground: *katana wo ki ni* —.
- TSUKI-TOME, -RU ツキトメル 突留 t.v. To

thrust into until it stops; to examine to the bottom of a thing; to ascertain, or investigate thoroughly.

TSUKI-TŌSHI, -SU ツキトホス 突通 t.v. To thrust through: *hito ni yari wo* —, to run a spear through a man.

TSUKI-TSUME, -RU ツキツメル t.v. To examine into or search to the bottom of a matter.

TSUKI-USU ツキウス 春臼 n. A large mortar used for cleaning rice, etc.

TSUKIYA ツキヤ 春屋 n. A person who cleans rice by pounding it in a mortar, = *kome-tsuki*.

TSUKI-YABURI, -RU ツキヤブル 突破 t.v. To break or tear by thrusting.

TSUKI-YAKU ツキヤク 月役 n. Monthly courses, menses: — *ni naru*.

TSUKI-YAMA ツキヤマ 築山 n. An artificial mountain, or hillock; rock-work.

TSUKI-YATOI ツキヤトヒ 月雇 n. One hired by the month: — *ni suru*; — *no mi*.

TSUKIYO ツキヨ 月夜 n. A moonlight night.

TSUKI-YODOMI ツキヨドミ n. Stoppage of the menses.

TSUKIYOMI-NO-MIKOTO ツキヨミノミコト 月夜見命 n. The moon god, begotten when Izanagi washed the filth contracted in *yomi* from his right eye, brother of the Sun goddess.

TSUKIZUE ツキズエ 月末 n. The latter part of a month.

Syn. GEJUN.

TSUKI-ZUKI ツキツキ 月月 adv. Monthly, each month, every month: — *no kanjō*.

TSUKIZUKISHI ツキツキシ adj. Convenient and pleasant; beautiful.

TSUKKAI, -AU ツツカフ (coll.) t.v. To prop up, or hold up, so as to prevent from falling; to fall out inopportunely, to come at an unlucky time.

Syn. TSUPPARU.

TSUKKAIBŌ ツツカヒボウ (coll.) n. A prop: — *wo suru*.

TSUKKAKARI ツツカカリ coll. cont. of *tsukikakari*.

TSUKKOMI ツツコミ (coll. cont. of *tsukikomi*) — *nedan*, the price of anything in the lump without assorting.

TSŪKŌ ツウコウ 通行 (*ōrai*) Passing through, transit.

TSŪ-KOKU ツウコク 痛哭 (*itaku naku*) — *suru*, to mourn bitterly.

TSŪKOKU ツウコク 通國 n. The whole country.

†TSUKŌMATSURI, -RU ツカウマツル t.v. To serve.

TSŪKU ツウク 痛苦 (*kurushimi*) n. Pains of body.

TSUKUBAI, -AU ツクバフ (coll.) i.v. To sit down on the heels bend forward and rest the body on the hands, as when speaking to a superior; to squat down on all fours, to crouch down.

TSUKUBŌ ツクバウ 鐵把 n. A weapon in the shape of a cross, armed with sharp teeth, kept standing in a frame before guard-houses.

TSUKUDA ツクダ 佃 n. A rice-field,—especially those that belonged to the Shōgun.

TSUKUDA-NI ツクダニ 佃煮 n. Anything boiled in soy in order to preserve it, as fish.

TSUKUE ツクエ 机 n. A writing table, desk, table.

TSUKUIMO, or TSUKUNE-IMO ツクイモ n. The name of an edible root, a species of *Dioscorea*.

TSUKUMA ツクマ 筑摩 n. The name of a place in Ōmi, where the god of the kitchen was worshiped: — *no matsuri*, an ancient festival in honor of the god of the kitchen, where married women followed the *koshi* in procession, having pots or kettles on their heads, and offered them to the god; the number of the pots was according to the number of times that they had been married.

†TSUKUMO-DOKORO ツクモドコロ n. A house in the palace grounds where articles of silver or gold are made.

†TSUKUMOGAMI ツクモガミ n. An old hag with disheveled hair.

TSUKUNE, -RU ツクネル 捏 t.v. To press together or knead in the hands, as a lump of clay, a dumpling, etc.: *ningyō wo* —, to make clay images; *te wo* —, to fold the hands.

TSUKUNEN ツクネン adv. (coll.) Sitting idly and lazily: — *to shite hi wo kurasu*, to pass the time listlessly without employment.

†TSUKUNOI-BITO ツクノヒビト 客作人 n. A hired laborer.

Syn. YATOIBITO.

TSUKURA ツクラ n. A bundle of straw used as a target in shooting with the bow.

TSUKURA ツクラ n. The young of the *bora*.

TSUKURAI, -AU ツクラフ Same as *tsukuroi*.

TSUKURASE, -RU ツクラセル 令作 (caust. of *tsukuri*) To cause to, or let make or produce.

TSUKURE, -RU ツクレル 作造爲 (pot. of *tsukuru*) To be made, able to make or produce: *dare mo tsukureru mono wa nai*, no one can make it.

TSUKURI, -RU ツクル 作 t.v. To make; to form, fashion; to produce, cultivate, grow; compose: *ie wo* —, to build a house; *katachi wo* —, to adorn one's person; *ta wo* —, to cultivate rice fields; *ine wo* —, to grow rice; *uta wo* —, to compose a song; *hon wo* —, to make a book; *tsumi wo* —, to commit a crime; *toki wo* —, to crow, as a cock.

Syn. SAKU, KOSHIRAERU, SURU, NASU.

TSUKURI ツクリ 作 n. Production, crop; the make, structure, construction; the right side of a Chinese character: *kotoshi no* — *wa yō gozarimasu*, this year's crop is good.

TSUKURI-AGE, -RU ツクリアゲル 作上 t.v. To build up, to erect; to finish making.

TSUKURI-AWASE, -RU ツクリアハセル 作合 t.v. To make so as to fit, to unite in making: *toki wo* —, to shout in answer to the shout of the opposite party.

TSUKURIBANA ツクリバナ 作花 n. Artificial flowers.

TSUKURI-BITO ツクリビト n. Maker, author.

TSUKURIDORI ツクリドリ 作取 n. Keeping all that one produces,—said of a farmer who pays no taxes.

TSUKURI-EDA ツクリエダ n. The stalk of an artificial flower.

- TSUKURIGOE** ツクリゴエ 作聲 n. A fictitious, counterfeit, or artificial voice.
- TSUKURIGOTO** ツクリゴト 作言 n. A fiction, a made-up story, a myth.
- TSUKURI-KATA** ツクリカタ n. The way or mode in which a thing is made, the construction, formation.
- TSUKURIKAWA** ツクリカハ 作革 n. Leather, imitation leather.
- TSUKURIMATSU** ツクリマツ n. An ornamental pine, such as are trained and cultivated in gardens.
- TSUKURIMI** ツクリミ 鱒肉 n. Fish cut up in thin slices and eaten raw, or seasoned with soy or vinegar.
- TSUKURIMONO** ツクリモノ 作物 n. Anything made, or produced; crop, production: *mugi wa hyakushō no — da*, wheat is raised by farmers.
- TSUKURI-MONO-GATARI** ツクリモノガタリ 作物語 n. A novel, fictitious story, romance.
- TSUKURI-OYA** ツクリオヤ n. Adopted, as a parent.
- TSUKURI-TATE,-RU** ツクリタテル t.v. To adorn, ornament, embellish.  
Syn. KESHŌ SURU.
- TSUKURITSUKE** ツクリツケ 作付 n. Made of one piece, or put on when made; not made separately and afterwards joined together; anything made and attached to another: — *no to*; — *no mado*.
- TSUKURI-WARAI** ツクリワラヒ 作笑 n. A forced, or feigned laugh.  
Syn. USO-WARAI.
- TSUKURI-YAMAI** ツクリヤマヒ 作病 n. A feigned sickness. Syn. KEBYŌ.
- TSUKURIYE** ツクリエ n. A colored picture.
- TSUKUROI,-OU** ツクロフ 繕 t.v. To repair, to mend; to remedy, to adjust, or put in order; to put right, set right: *yane wo —*, to repair a roof; *mi wo —*, to adjust one's clothes.  
Syn. OGINAU, NAOSU.
- TSUKUROI** ツクロヒ 繕 n. Repair, mending, remedy.
- TSUKUSHI** ツクシ n. A species of horse-tail, *Equisetum arvense*.
- TSUKUSHI,-SU** ツクス 盡 t.v. To use up, to exhaust, consume, to do to the utmost, to spend the whole, to finish, end: *te wo —*, to exhaust one's art or skill; *chikara wo tsukushite kimi ni tsutomeru*, to serve one's lord to the utmost of his ability; *kokoro wo tsukushite oya ni tsukaeru*, to serve one's parent with the whole heart.
- TSUKUSHI-GAMO** ツクシガモ n. The common Sheldrake.
- TSUKUTSU** ツクツツ 通窟 n. (coll.) A bribe, fee, or gift secretly made in order to gain the good will of another, secret collusion to defraud: — *wo harau*, to give a bribe; — *de hito wo tsumi ni otosu*, to collude together and get another convicted of crime.
- TSUKU-TSUKU-BŌSHI** ツクツクバフシ n. A species of cicada, so called from its sound.
- TSUKUTSUKUSHI** ツクツクシ n. Same as *tsukushi*.
- †**TSUKU-YO** ツクヨ i.q. *tsukiyo*, a moonlight night.
- TSUKUZUKU** ツクヅク 熟 adv. Ripely, maturely, attentively, carefully, thoroughly: — *to kangaueru*, to consider thoroughly; — *to miru*, to look at attentively.  
Syn. TSURA-TSURA.
- TSUKUZUKUSHI** ツクヅクシ n. A kind of reed or grass.
- TSŪKWA** ツウクワ 通過 n. Transit, passing over.
- TSŪKWA** ツウクワ 通貨 n. Current money.
- TSŪKWAI** ツウクワイ 痛快 (*itaku kokoroyoi*) n. Extremely glad, or joyful.
- TSŪKYŌ** ツウケウ 通曉 (*akiraka ni satoru*) — *suru*, to thoroughly understand, to be well versed in. Syn. TSŪDATSU.
- Tsuma** ツマ n. Anything which should be eaten with something else to give it relish; as, *shōga wo sashimi no tsuma ni suru*.
- Tsuma** ツマ 妻 n. A wife; also 夫, husband, but now obsolete.  
Syn. KANAI, NYŌBŌ, SAI.
- †**Tsuma** ツマ n. Cause: *koi no —*, cause of love.
- Tsuma** ツマ 裾 n. The skirt or edge of a garment or fan: *noki no —*, the eaves of a house.  
Syn. SUSO.
- Tsumabarami** ツマバラミ 甲疽 n. A swelling under the nail, whitlow.
- †**Tsuma-biki** ツマビキ n. Playing the harp, or on the bowstring, with the finger or nails.
- Tsumabiraka** ツマビラカ 詳審 Particulars, plain, evident, not doubtful or ambiguous, clear: — *ni*, clearly, plainly, particularly; *imada tsumabiraka narazu*, not fully known; — *ni suru*. Syn. ISAI, KOMAYAKA.
- Tsumadachi,-tsu** ツマダツ 爪立 t.v. To stand on tiptoe: *ashi wo —*, id.
- †**Tsumade** ツマデ n. Timber.
- Tsumado** ツマド n. A door revolving upon hinges, i.q. *hirakido*.
- †**Tsumadoi** ツマドヒ n. Talking together, as two lovers; calling for its mate.
- †**Tsumadoi,-ou** ツマドフ i.v. To seek after the female (as animals or birds), or communing together as two lovers.
- Tsumadori,-ru** ツマドル 褌 t.v. To hold up the skirts of the dress.
- †**Tsumae,-ru** ツマヘル t.v. To cut with scissors, to shear.
- Tsumagi** ツマギ 妻木 n. Brush-wood, branches collected for fire-wood.  
Syn. SHIBA.
- †**Tsumagoi** ツマゴヒ n. Seeking for its mate.
- Tsumaguri,-ru** ツマグル 爪繰 t.v. To roll between the thumb and finger, turn with the nail: *juzu wo —*, to tell the rosary.
- Tsumaguro** ツマグロ n. An arrow, the feather of which was partly black.
- †**Tsumagushi** ツマグシ n. A comb.
- Tsumahajiki** ツマハジキ 爪弾 n. A filip, or snapping with the finger and thumb: — *wo suru*, to dislike, regard with contempt.

- TSUMAIRI ツマイリ n. A disease of the hoof of the ox.
- TSUMA-JIRO ツマジロ 爪白 n. A horse with four white legs.
- TSUMA-JIRUSHI ツマジルシ 爪印 n. A mark made with the nail.
- TSUMAKARAGE ツマカラゲ n. Having the skirts of the dress tucked up, or girded up: — *shite yuku*.
- TSUMA-KURENAI ツマクレナ井 n. i.q. *hōsenkwa*.
- TSUMAMI ツマミ 撮 n. A pinch of anything; a knob, as of a drawer: *hito — no cha wo ireru*, to put in one pinch of tea.
- TSUMAMI,-MU ツマム 撮 n. To take between the ends of the fingers, to take a pinch: *shio wo —*, to take a pinch of salt; *tsumande mōsu*, to say briefly or in a few words; *tsumami-banashi*, a concise account.
- †TSUMA-OBŌE ツマオボエ n. Fingers skillful in playing the *koto*.
- TSUMA-ORI-GASA ツマオリガサ n. A hat with the rim bent.
- †TSUMA-OTO ツマオト n. The sound of horses' feet; also the sound of the harp.
- TSUMARANU ツマラヌ 不満 (neg. of *tsumaru*) Not clogged, or filled up; much used in coll. to express disapprobation, =stupid, useless, foolish, absurd: — *koto wo iu na*, don't say anything so absurd; — *yatsu da*, a stupid, useless fellow.
- TSUMARI ツマリ 詰 n. A corner, a place beyond which there is no passing, a closure, stoppage, the end, conclusion.
- TSUMARI ツマリ adv. After all, in the end, at last.  
Syn. HIKKYŌ.
- TSUMARI,-RU ツマル 塞 i.v. To be stopped up, obstructed, clogged, stuffed up, filled up, choked: *hana ga —*, the nose is stopped up, as by a cold; *nodo ga —*, the throat is obstructed; *kiseru ga —*, the pipe is clogged up; *kotoba ga —*, no words with which to reply; *ri ni —*, convinced by reason.  
Syn. FUSAGARU.
- TSUMARI,-RU ツマル i.v. To become short, or less in size, to shrink: *take ga tsumatta*, to be diminished in length; *hi ga —*, the days have become short.
- TSUMASAKI ツマサキ n. The end of the toes: — *kara nōten made*, from the end of the toes to the crown of the head.
- TSUMASE,-RU ツマセル (caust. of *tsumi*) To cause to pile up, etc.
- TSUMASHII,-KI-KU-SHI ツマシキ adj. Economical, frugal or sparing in expenses: — *hito*, an economical person; — *waza*, a business in which the earnings are small.  
Syn. KENYAKU.
- TSUMAWARE ツマハレ n. Sand cracked,—of a horse's hoof.
- †TSUMAYA ツマヤ n. A bed-chamber.
- †TSUMA-YASHIRO ツマヤシロ n. A small Shintō shrine.
- †TSUMA-YOBI,-BU ツマヨブ i.v. To call after its mate, as a stag.
- TSUMAYŌJI ツマヤウジ 爪揚技 n. A tooth-pick.
- TSUMAYORI,-RU ツマヨル t.v. To turn anything in the fingers to see if it is straight, especially of an arrow: *ya wo —*.
- TSUMAZUKI,-KU ツマヅク 躓 t.v. To strike the foot against anything in walking, to stumble: *ishi ni tsumazuite korobu*, to stumble against a stone and fall.  
Syn. KE-TSUMAZUKU.
- †TSUMBĀI ツンバイ n. A sling.
- TSUMBŌ ツンボウ 聾 n. Deaf: — *ni naru*, to become deaf; *kata —*, deaf in one ear; — *no haya mimi* (prov.).  
Syn. MIMISHII.
- TSUME ツメ 爪 n. The nail of the finger, or toe; a hoof, claw, talon: *yubi no —*, a finger nail; *ashi no —*, toe nail; *uma no —*, horse's hoof; *neko no —*, cat's claw; *washi no —*, an eagle's talons; — *no aka wo toru*, to clean the nails; — *wo haru*, to spread the claws (as a cat); — *no nagai hito*, a miser; — *de hi wo tomosu*, to burn the nails in order to make a light; — *wo kū*, to bite the nails, to be ashamed; *akari no —*, the fluke of an anchor.
- TSUME ツメ 塞 n. Anything used for filling, stuffing, or packing a hole, crack, or waste place; a block, or wedge used to prevent anything from moving, or shaking; a plug, stopper: — *wo ireru*; — *wo suru*, or — *wo kō*.
- TSUME ツメ n. The packing; also, the material used for packing goods; a day's march or journey: *wata wo — ni suru*, to use cotton for packing; *jū rizume*, a journey of ten miles.
- TSUME,-RU ツメル 捻 t.v. To pinch, to straiten; distress: *waga mi wo tsumete hito no itasa wo shire* (prov.), pinch yourself and know how others feel.
- TSUME,-RU ツメル 詰 t.v. To shorten, to make smaller, to abridge, to contract, reduce in size, to crowd together, to restrain, to corner; to fill; to stuff, to pack, to make close; to serve, to perform official duty; to do constantly, or without ceasing; to checkmate: *kimono no take wo —*, to shorten a coat; *nagai mono wo —*, to shorten anything long; *fukuro ni wata wo —*, to stuff cotton in a bag; *iki wo —*, to suppress the breathing, breathe softly; *tsumete itamu*, to pain incessantly; *nimotsu wo hako ni —*, to pack goods in a box; *yakusho ye —*, to be in one's office; *ha ni kin wo —*, to fill a tooth with gold.  
Syn. TSUZUMERU, KOMERU, TŌSU.
- TSUME-AI,-AU ツマアフ 詰合 i.v. To press each other closely or violently, as in fighting or in argument.
- TSUME-BAN ツメバン 爪判 n. A mark made by the nail to a document as a seal: — *wo osu*.
- TSUME-BIKI ツメビキ n. Playing the guitar with the nails,—not with a plectrum: *samisen wo — suru*.
- TSUME-KOMI,-MU ツメコム 詰込 t.v. To stuff, press, or pack into, to crowd in: *nimotsu wo fune ni —*, to pack goods in a ship.

- TSUME-KIRI } ツメキリ n. A nail-cutter,—in-  
 TSUMA-KIRI } strument.
- †TSUME-KUI,-Ū ツメクフ t.v. To bite the nails;  
 to be ashamed.
- TSUMERARE,-RU ツメラレル pass. or pot. of  
*tsumeru*.
- TSUMERENGE ツメレンジ n. A plant, *Cotyledon*  
*spinosa*.
- TSUMERŌ ツメラウ 迫牢 n. A close, narrow  
 prison, a dungeon, cell.
- TSUMESHO ツメシヨ 詰所 n. The place of  
 service, or duty; station, guard-house, office.
- TSUMETAI,-KI-KU-SHI ツメタイ 冷 adj. (*tsume*,  
 nails, and *itai*, painful) Cold, chilly,—spoken  
 only of things: as, *te ashi ga* —, hands and  
 feet are cold; — *mizu*, cold water; *tsumetaku*  
*nai*, not cold.  
 Syn. HIYAYAKA.
- TSUMETASA ツメタサ n. Coldness, chilliness.
- †TSUME-TSUME ツメツメ adv. Slowly.
- TSUME-YORI,-RU ツメヨル 詰寄 i.v. To ap-  
 proach close to, close with.
- TSUMI ツミ n. Checkmated: — *ni naru*.
- TSUMI ツミ 野桑 n. A kind of mulberry-tree.
- †TSUMI ツミ n. i.q. *tsumu*, a spindle.
- TSUMI ツミ 罪 n. Crime, trespass, guilt, sin;  
 also the punishment of crime: — *wo okasu*,  
 to commit a crime, or sin; — *wo tsukuru*, or  
 — *wo nasu*, id.; — *wo yurusu*, to pardon sin, or  
 crime; — *suru*, to punish a criminal; — *wo*  
*iivatasu*, to sentence; — *wo okonau*, id.; — *wo*  
*sange suru*, to confess one's sins; — *no aru*,  
 to be guilty; — *wo horobosu*, to wipe out sin  
 (by sacrifice, or alms); — *wo manukareru*, to  
 escape punishment for one's crimes; — *ni*  
*otosu*, to criminate.  
 Syn. TOGA, AYAMACHI.
- TSUMI,-MU ツム i.v. To be checkmated.
- TSUMI,-MU ツム 積 t.v. To pile, heap up, to  
 pack; to accumulate, increase, amass, to  
 deposit: *fune ni ni wo* —, to put cargo into a  
 ship; *ishi wo* —, to pile stones; *toshi wo* —,  
 to add year to year; *kō wo* —, to accumulate  
 merit; *zen wo* —, to increase in virtue; *aku*  
*wo* —, to grow more wicked.  
 Syn. KASANERU.
- TSUMI,-MU ツム 摘 t.v. To pick up, as a bird;  
 to nibble, as a rat; to pinch off with the nail,  
 or scissors; nip off; to pinch, to pick or pull  
 apart (obs.): *ito wo* —, to spin thread (obs.);  
*cha no ha wo* —, to pluck off tea-leaves; *wata*  
*wo* —.
- TSUMI-AGE,-RU ツミアゲル 積上 t.v. To pile  
 up, heap up.
- TSUMI-BITO ツミビト 罪人 (*zai-nin*) n. A  
 criminal, a transgressor, sinner.  
 Syn. TOGANIN.
- TSUMI-HOROBOSHI ツミホロボシ 罪滅 n. Blot-  
 ting out sin, penance: — *ni hodokoshi wo suru*,  
 to give alms in order to wipe away one's sins.
- †TSUMI-ISHI ツミイシ n. Foundation stones.
- TSUMI-KAESHI,-SU ツミカヘス 積返 t.v. To  
 re-ship, to load and send back.
- TSUMI-KASANE,-RU ツミカサネル 積重 To pile  
 up one on another.
- TSUMIKIN ツミキン 積金 n. A fund or deposit  
 of money: — *wo shite oite ie wo kau*.
- TSUMI-KIRI,-RU ツミキル 摘切 t.v. To pinch  
 or pluck off, as a leaf.
- TSUMI-KOMI,-MU ツミコム 積込 t.v. To pile  
 up anything inside of something else, as cargo  
 in a ship; or 摘込, to pluck off, as leaves,  
 and put into, as a basket.
- TSUMIKUSA ツミクサ 摘草 n. Gathering plants  
 for food: *yama ye* — *ni yuku*.
- TSUMINAI,-AU ツミナフ 罪 t.v. To punish for  
 crime: *hito wo* —, to punish a person for  
 crime.  
 Syn. BASSURU.
- TSUMI-OKI,-KU ツミオク 積置 t.v. To pile  
 away, hoard up, to deposit, lay up.
- TSUMI-TATE,-RU ツミタテル 積立 t.v. To lay  
 by or set aside money for future use,—used  
 only of money collected in company.
- TSUMITATEKIN ツミタテキン n. Money col-  
 lected and laid by or deposited for future use.
- TSUMOGORI ツモゴリ Incorrect for *tsugomori*.
- TSUMORI ツモリ 計 n. Calculation, reckoning;  
 supposition, presumption; meaning, design,  
 intention: — *ga hazureru*, to mistake in one's  
 reckoning; *dō suru* — *de koko ni kita*, what  
 was your intention in coming here? *nai* — *da*,  
 I think not, or reckon there is not; *kono tana*  
*wa nani ni suru* — *darō ka*, what does he  
 intend doing with this shelf? *ishi ni mukatte*  
*hotoke no* — *de shinjin wo suru*.  
 Syn. HAKARI, RYŌKEN, OMOI.
- TSUMORI,-RU ツモル 積 i.v. To be piled or  
 heaped; to accumulate, to increase in number:  
*chiri tsumotte yama to naru* (prov.), dust  
 heaped up becomes a mountain; *yuki ga* —,  
 the snow is deep.  
 Syn. KASANARU.
- TSUMORI,-RU ツモル 計 t.v. (coll.) To reckon,  
 estimate, compute, calculate: *kono fushin wa*  
*ikura de dekiru ka tsumotte minasare*, estimate  
 how much you can do this work for.  
 Syn. HAKARU.
- TSUMORI-GAKI ツモリガキ 計書 n. A written  
 estimate.
- TSUMU ツム 紡錘 n. The spindle of a spin-  
 ning-wheel.
- TSUMUGARI ツムガリ n. Sharp-pointed.
- TSUMUGI ツムギ 紬 n. Pongee.
- TSUMUGI,-GU ツムグ 紡 t.v. To spin: *ito wo*  
 —, to spin thread, or yarn.
- TSUMUJI ツムジ 旋毛 n. The whirl of hair on  
 the crown of the head; a whirlwind.
- TSUMUJI-KAZE ツムジカゼ 旋風 n. A whirl-  
 wind.
- †TSUMURE ツムレ n. A mound in a rice-field.
- TSUMURI ツムリ 頭 n. The head.  
 Syn. ATAMA, KŌBE.
- †TSUMU-TSUMU ツムツム adv. Slowly, i.q. *tsu-*  
*me-tsume*.
- Tsū NA ツウナ 通 adj. (coll.) Liberal-minded,  
 free from prejudices, easily adapting one's  
 self to circumstances; intelligent, well ac-  
 quainted with the world: — *hito*, an intelli-  
 gent, liberal-minded person.

- TSUNA ツナ 綱 n. A rope, cable, hawser: — *wo utsu*, to make a rope.  
Syn. NAWA.
- †TSUNADE ツナデ n. A hawser.
- TSUNAGARE, -RU ツナガレル 被繫 Pass. or pot. of *tsunagi*.
- TSUNAGI ツナギ n. Straw, or any other fibre mixed with plaster, to make it stick together; a bond.  
Syn. SUSU, TSUTA.
- TSUNAGI, -GU ツナグ 繫 t.v. To tie with a rope or halter, to hitch, to tether; to link together, to support, sustain or lengthen, as life: *uma wo ki ni* —, to hitch a horse to a tree; *fune wo* —, to moor a ship or boat; *inochi wo* —, to support life.
- TSUNAGI-BASHIRA ツナギバシラ n. A post for hitching horses to.
- TSUNAHIKI ツナヒキ n. Pulling the rope— either as boatmen, coolies, or for amusement to see who is the strongest.
- †TSUNAKI, -KU-SHI ツナキ adj. Painful; i.q. *tsuraki*.
- TSUNAMI ツナミ 海嘯 n. A large wave which rolls over and inundates the land.
- †TSUNAMI, -MU ツナム i.v. To be fond of, addicted to.
- †TSUNANUKI } ツナヌキ n. A sock made of  
†TSURANUKI } leather.
- TSUNASHI ツナシ n. The name of a fish.
- †TSUNASHI ツナシ i.q. *tsurenashi*: — *nikuki kao*, cold and distant countenance.
- TSUNA-UCHI ツナウチ n. A rope-maker, rope-making: — *ba*, a rope-walk.
- TSUNA-WATARI ツナワタリ 綱渡 n. Walking the rope, a rope-dancer.
- TSUNA-WATASHI ツナワタシ n. A rope-ferry.
- TSUNE ツ子 常 Usual, common, ordinary, habitual, ordinary course of things, universal: — *no koto*, a common occurrence; — *no tōri*, the usual way; — *no kimono*, every day clothes; *tanoshimi wo negau wa hito no nari*.  
Syn. FUDAN, ITSUMO, HEIZEI.
- TSUNEGI ツ子ギ n. Common or every day clothing. Syn. FUDANGI.
- TSUNE-NARAZU, or TSUNE-NARANU ツ子ナラヌ 不常 adj. Unusual, strange, uncommon, not habitual, not constant or enduring: *koko-chi* —, to feel different from one's ordinary state.
- TSUNE NI ツ子ニ 常 adv. Always, constantly; commonly, ordinarily.  
Syn. ITSUMO, HEIZEI.
- TSUNE-ZUNE ツ子ツ子 常常 adv. Always, constantly, habitually, commonly.  
Syn. MAI-MAI, ITSUMO, FUDAN.
- TSUNO ツノ 角 n. A horn, antenna: *ushi shika nado no* —, a cow or deer's horns; — *wo dasu*, to get angry.
- TSUNODARAI ツノダラヒ n. A square wash-basin with spouts at the corners.
- †TSUNO-FUDE ツノフデ n. A book-mark.
- †TSUNO-GAMI ツノガミ 角鬚 n. Two locks of hair like horns left on shaving a boy's head.
- TSUNOGI ツノギ 骨鏃 n. An arrow tipped with horn or bone instead of iron.
- †TSUNOGUMI, -MU ツノグム i.v. To sprout, send forth, shoot.
- TSUNOGURIGAMI ツノグリガミ 螺髻 n. The hair gathered into a knot and curled on the top of the head.
- †TSUNOKI, or TSUNOKIWARI ツノキツリ n. A kind of arrow-head.
- TSUNO-MATA ツノマタ 角菜 n. A kind of sea-weed used in plastering walls.
- TSUNOMUSHI ツノムシ 天牛 n. The horned beetle, *Cerambyx*.
- TSUNORASE, -RU ツノラセル (caust. of *tsunoru*) To cause to increase, to aggravate, to cause to levy.
- TSUNORI, -RU ツノル 募 t.v. To raise, collect, gather, to levy or enlist. 強 (i.v.) To increase, or grow more severe, or violent, to persist in: *hei wo* —, to levy troops; *kin wo* —, to collect money; *kaze, byōki, samusa, atsusa nado ga* —, the wind, sickness, cold, or heat increase in severity; *iitsunoru*, to insist upon, adhere to what one has said.  
Syn. ATSUMERU, TSUNORU.
- †TSUNOYA ツノヤ n. A steep-roofed house.
- †TSUNO-YORI-GAMI ツノヨリガミ n. i.q. *tsunogami*.
- TSUN TO ツント adv. (coll.) Not noticing, recognising or speaking to another; cold and distant, arrogant or unsocial.
- TSUN-TSUN ツンツン (coll.) n. Uncourteousness, incivility, rudeness: — *suru*; — *shita onna*.
- †TSUNU ツヌ i.q. *tsuno*.
- TSUNYŌ-KI ツウニヨウキ 通尿管 n. A bougie for the urethra.
- TSUNZAKI, -KU ツンザク 裂 or 擘 t.v. To break or rend off; to rend, rive, tear apart: *den wa kumo wo tsunzakite hikari wo hassu*.
- TSUNZUN-NI ツンズンニ adv. Minutely, finely, into pieces: *hōchō de* — *kizamu*, to cut fine with a knife.
- TSUPPARI ツツパリ 張突 n. A prop.  
Syn. TSUKKAIBŌ.
- TSUPPARI, -RU ツツバル 突張 t.v. (*tsuki* and *haru*) To prop up, to hold up anything about to fall; to push away, to stretch: *ie wo* —, to prop a house.
- †TSURA ツラ i.q. *tsuru*, a bow-string.
- TSURA ツラ 頬 n. The cheeks, the face.  
Syn. KAO, OMOTE.
- TSURA ツラ 連 n. A row, rank, file, line, series: *gan hito* —, a row of wild geese.
- TSURABONE ツラボ子 輔骨 n. The cheek bones.
- TSURABUCHI ツラブチ 面扶持 n. One ration apiece, according to the number in the family.  
Syn. MEMBUCHI.
- TSURA-DAMASHII ツラダマシイ n. The expression of countenance.
- †TSURA-GAMACHI ツラガマチ n. The lower jaw, or lower part of the face.
- TSURAGAMAE ツラガマへ 顔構 n. The features, expression of countenance.

- TSURAI, -KI-SHI** ツライ 憂 adj. Cruel, hard, unfeeling; painful, disagreeable, offensive, injurious, cold, unsympathetic: *tsuraki shujin*, a cruel master; *tsurai koto da*, hard lot, a cruel thing; — *me ni au*, to have a hard or painful lot.  
Syn. NASAKENAI, UKI.
- TSURAKEN** ツラケン n. A kind of sport in which the players make grimaces, and the person who first laughs pays a forfeit.
- TSURAKI** ツラキ 列樹 n. Trees planted in a row; a row of trees.
- TSURAKUSE** ツラクセ n. The features, looks, countenance: — *no warui hito*.
- TSURAMI** ツラミ n. Resentment, complaint, murmuring on account of ill-treatment: *urami tsurami no taradara wo iu*.  
Syn. URAMI.
- TSURANARI, -RU** ツラナル 連 i.v. To be arranged in a row, file, or rank; to be connected, continued, joined, united or associated: *gan ga tsuranatte tobu*, wild geese fly in rows; *retsu ni* —, arranged in ranks; *seki ni* —, to sit in an assembly.  
Syn. NARABU, TSUZUKU.
- TSURANE, -RU** ツラナル 連 t.v. To arrange in a row, rank or file; to place in order; to join, unite. Syn. NARABERU, TSUZUKERU.
- TSURANE-UTA** ツラ子ウタ n. i.q. *renga*.
- TSURA-NIKUI, -KI-KU** ツラニクイ 顔憎 adj. Hateful, heinous, detestable.
- TSURANUKI, -KU** ツラヌク 貫 t.v. To run or pierce through; to string together, to pervade, pass or spread through, reach, permeate: *ito ni tama wo* —, to string beads; *tsuranuite yomu*, to read through a succession of volumes.  
Syn. TOSU.
- †TSURAO** ツラヲ n. The string of a bow.
- TSURARA** ツララ 氷柱 n. An icicle: — *ishi*, a stalactite. Syn. TARUHI.
- †TSURARAKA** ツララカ adv. Bold, impertinent, shameless.
- TSURARE, -RU** ツラレル 被釣 (pass. or pot. of *tsuri*) To be suspended, caught, decoyed.
- TSURASE, -RU** ツラセル 令釣 caust. of *tsuri*.
- TSURA-TSUKI** ツラツキ n. The face, countenance.
- TSURA-TSUKURI** ツラツクリ n. — *suru*, to make believe, pretend.
- TSURA-TSURA** ツラツラ 熟 adv. Thoroughly, maturely, attentively, carefully: — *to miru*, to look attentively at; — *kangaeru*, to consider carefully.  
Syn. TSUKU-ZUKU.
- TSURA-YOGOSHI** ツラヨゴシ 面汚 n. (lit. dirtying the face) Shame, disgrace: *oya no* — *wo suru*, causing shame to a parent.
- TSURAZUE** ツラヅエ 頬杖 n. Resting the face on the hand and elbow: — *wo tsuku*.  
Syn. HÔZUE.
- TSURE** ツレ 伴 n. A companion, or company in going or traveling: — *ga nai kara yukimasen*, as I have no companion I shall not go; — *wo sasôte yuku*, to take another along with.
- TSURE, -RU** ツレル 伴 t.v. To lead, or take in company, to conduct, go along with, together with: *tomo wo* —, to take a servant along in going to any place; *ashita tsurete koi*, bring him with you to-morrow; *jikō ni tsurete byōki ga okoru*, diseases vary with the climate; *toki yo ni tsurete fūzoku ga kawaru*, customs change with the times.  
Syn. TOMONAU, SASŌ.
- TSURE, -RU** ツレル 釣 i.v. To be caught with a hook and line, as a fish.
- TSURE-AI** ツレアヒ 連合 n. Companion in wedlock, husband, partner or consort.
- TSURE-AI, -AU** ツレアフ 連合 i.v. To go together, or in company; to be companions, to live together.
- TSUREBIKI** ツレビキ 連弾 n. Playing musical instruments: *samisen no* — *wo suru*.
- TSUREBUSHI** ツレブシ 齊唱 n. Singing together or in company, a choir: — *de utau*.
- TSURE-DACHI, -TSU** ツレダツ 連立 i.v. To go together or in company: *tsuredatte yuku*.
- TSUREI** ツレイ 通例 n. Common, general, customary, usual, current.
- TSUREKO** ツレコ 連兒 n. A stepchild, or a child by a former marriage, which the mother takes with her when she marries another husband.
- TSURENA-GOKORO** ツレナゴコロ n. Unfeeling, hard-heartedness.
- TSURENAI, -KI-KU-SHI** ツレナイ adj. Hard, painful; cold, distant, unfriendly; unfeeling, heartless: *tsure monaki kao*, a cruel, unfeeling countenance; — *hito*, a man void of feeling or pity; — *inochi*, a hard, or painful life; *tsurenaku naru*, to become distant or unfriendly.  
Syn. TSURAI, HAKU-JŌ-NA, NASAKENAI.
- TSURE-SOI, -OU** ツレソフ 連添 i.v. To go together, or in company, to be companions.
- TSURE-ZURE** ツレヅレ 徒然 n. Leisure time, unoccupied or idle moments: — *naru*.  
Syn. TOZEN, TAIKUTSU.
- TSURI** ツリ 釣 n. Fishing with a hook and line, angling: — *ni yuku*, to go a-fishing; — *wo suru*, to fish with a hook and line.
- TSURI** ツリ n. (coll.) Change, or the balance of money paid beyond the price of goods purchased: — *wo toru*, to receive the change.
- TSURI** ツリ n. A line with the upper end fixed, and used to brace or support anything from falling: — *wo kakeru*, to attach or support with a line.
- TSURI, -RU** ツル 釣 t.v. To suspend, or hang by a line; to fish with hook and line; to allure or catch by artifice, decoy: *sakana wo* —, to fish with a hook and line; *tana wo* —, to hang up a shelf by ropes; *jōro ga kyaku wo* —, the harlot allures visitors; *hito wo tsutte oku*, to keep one in suspense.
- TSURI, -RU** ツル 攀 i.v. To be drawn together or contracted, as by disease; cramped: *suji ga* —, the muscles are cramped or contracted.
- TSURI-AGE, -RU** ツリアゲル 釣上 t.v. To fish up, to climb up on a dangling rope, to hang up.

TSURI-AI ツリアヒ n. Match: *fūfu no — ga warui*, the husband and wife do not match.

TSURI-AI, -AU ツリアフ 鈎合 i.v. To balance, to be in equipoise, as of weights suspended from each end of a weighing-beam; to be in equilibrium: *tsuriawanu*, do not balance.

TSURIBARI ツリバリ 鈎鈎 n. A fish-hook, also any hook attached to a line.

TSURIBASHI ツリバシ 鈎橋 n. A suspension bridge. Syn. HANEBASHI.

TSURIBITO ツリビト n. Angler, fisherman, — with a rod and line.

TSURIBORI ツリボリ 鈎堀 n. A fishing pond, or a place where boats for angling are hired, and refreshments kept for pleasure parties.

TSURIBUNE ツリブネ 鈎舟 n. A fishing-boat, used in angling.

TSURIDAI ツリダイ 鈎臺 n. A box, or frame used by coolies suspended from a pole.

TSURI-DASHI, -SU ツリダス 鈎出 t.v. To draw out with a hook and line, to lure out, draw or entice out of the house, to decoy.

TSURIDOKO ツリドコ n. A hanging bed, a hammock.

TSURIDONO ツリドノ 鈎殿 n. A saloon built over a pond for angling.

TSURIDŌRO ツリドウロ 鈎燈籠 n. A hanging lantern.

TSURIGANE ツリガネ 鐘 n. A large hanging bell.

TSURIGANE-NINJIN } ツリガネニンジシ 沙參 n.  
TSURIGANESŌ } A spurious kind of ginseng, *Adenophora verticillata*.

TSURIGANNA ツリガンナ 鈎鉤 n. A circular plane.

TSURIHASHIGO ツリハシゴ 鈎梯 n. A rope ladder.

TSURI-ITO ツリイト 鈎絲 n. A fishing line.

TSURIKI ツウリキ 通力 n. Supernatural power, or influence, as of becoming invisible, of seeing, hearing, and knowing all things. Syn. JINZŪ.

TSURI-KOMI, -MU ツリコム 鈎込 t.v. To allure, entice, or draw into. Syn. HIKI-IRERU.

TSURIMANAKO } ツリマナコ n. Oblique eyes.  
TSURIME }

†TSURINAWA ツリナハ n. A fishing-line.

TSURI-SAGE, -RU ツリサゲル 鈎下 t.v. To hang or suspend so as to swing; to dangle. Syn. TSURUSU.

TSURISEN ツリセン n. (coll.) The change received after paying more than the price of the article. Same as *tsuri*.

TSURITE ツリテ 鈎手 n. A cord, or rope by which anything is suspended.

TSURI-YOSE, -RU ツリヨセル 鈎寄 t.v. To allure, entice, attract, to draw near or close to.

TSURIZAO ツリザヲ 鈎竿 n. A fishing-rod.

TSŪRO ツウロ 通路 n. An open road, a thoroughfare, communication: — *wo tatsu*, to cut off communication.

TSURU ツル 鶴 n. A crane, stork, — said to live a thousand years, an emblem of long life: — *no mago*, a great-great-grandson.

TSURU ツル 蔓 n. A vine: *budō no —*, a grape-vine; — *ga nobiru*; — *ga hau*.

TSURU ツル 弦 n. A bow-string: — *wo kakeru*, to fix the string to the bow; — *wo hazusu*, to loose the bow-string; *nabe no —*, the bow-like handle of a pot; *masu no —*, the diagonal iron bar across the top of a grain measure.

TSURU ツル A pret. suffix to verbs, = *taru*: *yume ni hito wo mitsuru yo*, the night when she saw a man in a dream.

TSURUBAMI ツルバミ 椽 n. An acorn, fruit of the *ichiji*. Syn. DONGURI.

TSURUBASHI ツルバシ n. An iron pick.

TSURUBE ツルベ 鈎瓶 n. A well-bucket: — *nawa*, a well-rope.

TSURUBE-UCHI ツルベウチ n. Firing by volley. Syn. REMPATSU.

TSURUGI ツルギ 劍 n. A long double-edged sword used in ancient times. Syn. KATANA, KEN, TACHI.

†TSURUHAGI ツルハギ n. Naked legs; garments rolled up: — *nite wataru*, to wade across with the garments rolled up.

TSURUKAKE-MASU ツルカケマス n. A dry measure that has an iron bar extending across to give accuracy to the measure.

TSURUKUBI ツルクビ n. Crane's neck, a long kind of gourd.

TSURUMI, -MU ツルム i.v. To copulate, to cover, or tread, as animals or fowls: *tori, kedamono, mushi nado ga —*.

TSURU-NO-HASHI ツルノハシ 鶴嘴 n. A crane's bill; a pickaxe, = *tsurubashi*.

†TSURU-NO-KO ツルノコ n. A great-grandchild.

†TSURUSASHI ツルサシ n. A maker of bow-strings.

TSURUSHI, -SU ツルス 鈎 t.v. To let hang by a rope, to suspend, hang: *tōrō wo —*, to hang a lantern or lamp. Syn. SAGERU.

TSURUSHIGAKI ツルシガキ n. Persimmons dried, by stringing on a stick and hanging in the air.

TSURU-TSURU ツルツル adv. (coll.) In a gliding manner, glibly, smoothly: — *to suberu*, to slide glibly; — *shita mono*, a smooth thing.

†TSURU-UCHI ツルウチ n. Striking the bow-string to keep of evil spirits.

TSŪSETSU ツウセツ 痛切 — *naru*, sincere, faithful.

†TSUSHIMA-YOMI ツシマヨミ n. The *go-on* of the Chinese characters originally brought to Japan by way of Tsushima.

TSŪSHIN ツウシン 痛心 (*kokoro wo itameru*) n. Great anxiety, mental trouble or disquiet, pain or sorrow, grief.

TSŪSHIN ツウシン 通信 n. Communication, correspondence, tidings, word: — *suru*, to correspond, communicate. Syn. OTOZURE, TAYORI, INSHIN.

†TSUSHIYAKA ツシヤカ adj. Cautious, prudent, circumspect.

TSŪSHŌ ツウセウ 通宵 (*yomosugara*) n. The whole night.



TSŪSHŌ ツウシヤウ 通商 n. Commerce, trade: — *jōyaku*, treaty of commerce.  
 TSŪSHŌ ツウシヨウ 通稱 (*zoku-myō*) n. The name by which one is generally known.  
 TSUSHŌJI ツシヤウジ 通障子 n. A screen made of lattice work.  
 TSŪSO ツウソ 痛楚 (*itami*) n. Pain, suffering.  
 TSUTA ツタ 蔦 n. Ivy, *Cissus thunbergii*.  
 TSUTA ツタ n. Straw or any fiber mixed with plaster.  
 Syn. NUTA, TSUNAGI.  
 TSUTAE ツタヘ 傳 n. Tradition, transmission, handing from one to another.  
 TSUTAE,-RU ツタヘル 傳 t.v. To transmit or pass along from one to another, hand down by tradition, to teach: *shison ni mono wo* —, to transmit anything to posterity.  
 TSUTAE-KIKI,-KU ツタヘキク 傳聞 t.v. To hear by tradition, to hear through others.  
 TSUTAI,-AU ツタフ 傳 i.v. To walk or go along, to pass along: *nawa wo* —, walk the rope; *kumo ga ito wo* —, the spider climbs its thread; *ishi wo* —, to walk over a line of stones; *mizu ga kakehi wo* —, the water runs along the outside of the pipe.  
 TSUTAMO ツタモ n. A species of rush.  
 TSŪTAN ツウタン 痛歎 (*itaku nageku*) — *suru*, deeply sighing or lamenting: — *no itari*, exceedingly lamentable.  
 TSUTANAI,-KI-KU-SHI ツタナイ 拙 adj. Ignorant, unacquainted; unskillful, unhandy, inexpert; awkward, clumsy; rude, rough, or badly done: *saike ga* —, the work is clumsily done. Syn. HETA, BUSAIKU, BUKYŌ.  
 †TSUTA-TSUTA ツタツタ adv. Mistily, as seen through a fog.  
 TSUTAWARI,-RU ツタハル 傳 i.v. To be transmitted, delivered, or passed along from one to another, or from age to age; to receive, derive or inherit from one's ancestors: *senzo yori tsutawatta mono*, a thing received from one's ancestors.  
 TSUTE ツテ 傳 n. An introducer, go-between, or mediator between two parties who are strangers to each other.  
 Syn. TETSUZURI.  
 TSUTEGOTO ツテゴト n. Something heard from an intermediate person.  
 TSUTO ツト 晨 n. Early morning, already: — *ni okiru*, to rise early.  
 TSUTO ツト 蟬鬢 n. A mode of dressing the hair where the hair on the sides of the head is spread out like the wings of the cicada.  
 Syn. TABO.  
 †TSUTO ツト adv. Fixedly, steadily: — *miru*.  
 TSUTO ツト 苞苴 n. A present, a wrapper of straw such as that in which eggs are carried: *ie-zuto ni suru*. Syn. MIYAGE.  
 TSUTO ツト adv. (coll.) In a sudden or quick manner, hastily, abruptly, quickly: — *tatte deru*, got up hastily and went out.  
 TSUTOMARI,-RU ツトマル 勤 i.v. To be able to serve, or perform official duty: *yaku no tsutomaranu hito*, a person who cannot discharge the duties of his office.

TSUTOME ツトメ 勤 n. Service, office, ministry; the labor or duty which one owes to a master, or lord; (coll.) the business of a harlot: — *no mi*. Syn. HŌKŌ, YAKU.  
 TSUTOME,-RU ツトマル 勤 i.v. or t.v. To serve, attend, wait on; to perform official duty; to do, as a servant, or official; to do diligently: *okotari naku* —; *yaku wo* —, to attend to one's official business; *hōkō wo* —, to do the work of a servant.  
 TSUTOMETE ツトメテ adv. Industriously, diligently, exerting one's self; early, in the morning (obs.).  
 TSUTSU ツツ 筒 n. A pipe, tube; a gun: *teppō no* —, a gun-barrel; — *sode*, tight sleeves; *ō* —, a cannon; *kō* —, a musket; *tan* —, a pistol; *kiba* —, a carbine; *motogome* —, a breech-loader; — *sasage*, present arms; — *kataye*, shoulder arms; — *sage*, order arms.  
 TSUTSU ツツ A suffix to verbs, =while: *ame ga furi-tsutsu hi ga teru*, while it was raining the sun shone; *oya no koto wo ii-tsutsu hi wo okuru*, spent the day in talking about his parents.  
 Syn. NAGARA.  
 TSUTSUGA ツツガ 恙 n. Harm, evil, hurt; an insect that stings persons sleeping on the ground.  
 †TSUTSUGAI ツツガイ n. A horn, trumpet.  
 TSUTSUGANAI,-KI-KU-SHI ツツガナイ 無恙 adj. Well, free from sickness; safe, free from harm, or accident: *tsutsuganaku o kurashi nasaru ka*, are you in good health?  
 Syn. MUBYŌ, BUJI.  
 TSUTSUGIRI ツツギリ n. Cut transversely into sections,—as a fish.  
 TSUTSUGUCHI ツツグチ 筒口 n. The muzzle of a gun.  
 TSUTSUJI ツツジ 杜鵑花 n. Azalea, *Rhododendron indicum*.  
 TSUTSUKI,-KU ツツク t.v. (cont. of *tsuki-tsuki*) To punch, stick, or thrust at repeatedly; to pick, peck: *bō de nezumi no ana wo* —, to punch into a rat hole with a stick; *ana wo* —, to peck a hole.  
 †TSUTSUMARI-IRU ツツマリイル i.v. To crouch, lie close to the ground, as an animal watching its prey.  
 TSUTSUMASHII,-KI-KU ツツマシキ 包敷 adj. Feeling shame: *tsutsumashiku omou*, to feel ashamed. Syn. HAZUKASHII, OMOTEBUSE NARU.  
 †TSUTSUMEKI,-KU ツツメク i.v. To speak in a low voice, whisper; i.q. *susumeku*.  
 †TSUTSUMI ツツミ n. Harm, hurt, evil, mishap.  
 TSUTSUMI ツツミ 包 n. A covering, wrapper, a packet, package, or bundle: *hito* — *no kusuri*, one paper of medicine.  
 TSUTSUMI ツツミ 堤 n. A bank or dike to prevent an overflow of water: — *ga kireru*.  
 TSUTSUMI,-MU ツツム 包 t.v. To wrap up, to cover, to conceal, to hide, envelope: *kami ni* —, to wrap in paper; *kumo ga tsuki wo* —, a cloud covers the moon; *haji wo* —, to conceal a shame; *kin de akagane wo* —, to cover copper with gold; *hon wo* —, to cover a book.  
 Syn. KAKUSU, ŌU.

†TSUTSUMI, -MU ツツム i.v. To be ill, to meet with hurt or mishap.

†TSUTSUMI-BUMI ツツミブミ n. Anciently a letter or any writing folded in leaf, a love-letter.

†TSUTSUMI-I ツツミ井 n. A well fenced around to prevent others from drawing water.

†TSUTSUNAHASEDORI ツツナハセドリ n. The wagtail, = *sekirei*.

TSUTSUPO ツツポ n. A coat made in foreign style.

TSUTSUSHIMI ツツシミ 謹 n. Care, watchfulness, or circumspection over self, self-restraint, confinement to one's house for some offense; — *wo mōshi-tsukeru*, to order a person to confine himself to the house.

TSUTSUSHIMI, -MU ツツシム 謹 t.v. To keep a watch over one's self, to be circumspect, cautious, careful; reverential, respectful; to confine one's self to the house, as a punishment: *mi wo —*; *hitori wo —*, to be watchful of self even when alone; *tsutsushinde mōshigeru*, respectfully to say (to a superior); *tsumi atte uchi ni tsutsushinde iru*, to keep in the house on account of crime.

TSUTSUSODE ツツソデ n. A tight sleeve.

†TSUTSUYAMI ツツヤミ n. Pitch, darkness.

TSUTTACHI, -TSU ツツタツ 突立 (cont. of *tsuki* and *tatsu*) i.v. To rise up suddenly.

TSUTTO ツツト adv. (coll.) In the manner of anything passing along quickly: — *deru*, to slip out.

TSUWABUKI ツハブキ 石落 n. Name of a flowering plant, *Ligularia kampferi*.

TSUWAMONO ツハモノ 兵 n. A soldier: — *gura*, armory.  
Syn. HEI-SHI.

†TSUWARI ツハリ n. Over-ripe and soft, as fruit.

TSUWARI ツハリ 悪阻 n. The bodily disorders caused by pregnancy: — *yami*, the indisposition attending quickening.  
Syn. oso.

TSUYA ツヤ 通夜 n. Passing the whole night, as in religious exercises: — *kyō wo yomu*, to spend the whole night in reciting prayers; — *wo suru*.

TSUYA ツヤ 光澤 n. Gloss, shine, lustre, polish: — *ga aru*, to be glossy; — *wo dasu*, to make to glisten.

TSUYA ツヤ 津屋 n. A large mercantile shipping house.

TSUYAMEKI, -KU ツヤメク adj. Glossy, lustrous, bright.

†TSUYA-TSUYA ツヤツヤ adv. Clearly, plainly; used with a negative verb, not at all, not very well: — *gugo wo meshi-tamawazu*, did not eat his food.

TSUYAYAKA ツヤヤカ 艶 adj. Beautiful, glossy; bright, clear.

TSUYŌ ツウヨウ 通用 Current, in common or general use: — *suru*, to be current; *Nippon de wa doru ga — senu*, the dollar is not current in Japan; — *kin*, current coin.

TSUYOI, -KI-KU-SHI ツヨイ 強 adj. Strong,

powerful, violent, mighty, severe, firm: *tsuyoi kaze*, a violent wind; *ikioi ga —*, of great power; *tsuyoi hito*, a mighty man; *tsuyoku naru*, to become strong or powerful.

TSUYOME, -RU ツヨメル 強 t.v. To make strong, to strengthen, encourage, invigorate: *hi wo —*, to make a fire burn more intensely; *kokoro wo —*, to encourage, or animate; *karada wo yōjō shite tsuyomeru*, by taking care of one's health to invigorate the body.

TSUYOMI ツヨミ 強 n. Strength, support, a stay.  
Syn. CHIKARA, TAYORI.

TSUYORI, -RU ツヨル 強 i.v. To grow stronger, severe, or more violent: *zen ga tsuyoreba aku ga yowaru*, as virtue becomes stronger vice grows weaker; *kaze ga —*, the wind increases in violence.

TSUYOSA ツヨサ 強 n. The degree of power, might, violence.

TSUYOYUMI ツヨユミ 勁弓 n. A strong bow; a powerful archer.

TSUYU ツユ 梅雨 n. The rainy season, commencing about the 1st June.  
Syn. NYŪBAI.

TSUYU ツユ 露 n. Dew; fig. for the smallest particle, brief: — *ga oku*, the dew falls; — *no inochi*, life as evanescent as the dew; — *utagau beki tokoro mo nashi*, not the least reason for doubt; — *hodo mo shirazu*, don't know the least.

TSUYU ツユ 汁 n. Broth, soup.

†TSUYU ツユ n. A tassel worn from the sleeve of the *shitatare*.

TSUYU-AKI ツユアキ 送梅 n. The end of *tsuyu* or rainy season in June.

†TSUYUFUKE, -RU ツユフケル i.v. To be late in the night.

TSUYU-HARAI ツユハラヒ 露拂 n. The person who went before a noble to clear the way, and to make people squat down; also, an inferior actor, who amuses people assembling in a theatre until the principal actor makes his appearance.

TSUYUKEKI, -KU-SHI ツユケキ adj. Wet with dew, dewy: *tsuyukeki michi*, a road wet with dew.

TSUYUKUSA ツユクサ n. Dewy grass: — *ni koromo wo nurasu*.

TSUYUKUSA ツユグサ 鴨跖草 n. A plant, Spider-wort, *Commelina communis*, anciently used as a dyestuff.

†TSUYUMUSHI ツユムシ n. Insects that live in the grass.

TSUYUPPOI, -KU ツユツポイ adj. (coll.) Dewy: — *michi*.

TSŪ-YŪ-SEI ツウイウセイ 通有性 n. General or common properties of matter.

TSUYUTAKE ツユタケ n. A mushroom that springs up in the rainy season of June.

TSUYUZASA ツユザサ n. Bamboo grass.

TSŪZOKU ツウゾク 通俗 Popular, suitable to the common people, easy to be understood; common.

†TSUZU ツヅ Same as *juzu-dama*.