

E.

E

- †E 一 兄 n. Eldest brother; elder.
- †E 一 胞 n. The placenta; i.q. *ena*.
- †E 一 縁 n. Affinity; relation; i.q. *en*.
- E 一 柄 n. A handle: *kuwa no* —, the handle of a hoe.
- E 一 繪 n. A picture, drawing: — *wo kaku*, to draw a picture; — *ni kaku*, to picture, or draw a likeness of.
Syn. GWA, EZU.
- E 一 江 n. A river; an arm or inlet of the sea; a sound, frith, ford: *horie*, a canal.
- †E 一 一 Used in comp. as, *e-otoko*, a handsome man; *e-otome*, a beautiful woman.
- †E 一 枝 n. i.q. *eda*. Branch of a tree, member of the body: *ume ga e*, branch of a plum-tree; *hotsue*, topmost branch.
- E 一 餌 n. The food of animals, birds or fishes; a bait: *tori ni e wo yaru*, to feed the birds.
- E 一 檟 n. The name of a tree: *eno-ki*, the *Celtis willdenowiana*.
- E 一 桂 n. The name of a plant, from the seeds of which oil is obtained.
- E 一 穢 (*kegare*) n. Defilement, pollution, or ceremonial uncleanness: — *ni fureru*, to be defiled.
- E 一 會 (*kwai*) n. A meeting, assembly: *nembutsue*; *bussōe*.
- E 一 重 n. A fold, layer, ply, sheet, or thickness: *hito e*, a single thickness, fold, or layer; *futa e*, double thickness; *iku e*, how many folds?
- E 一 coll. exclam. of interrogation, or doubt: *sō ka e*, is it so? or indeed? *shitte iru ka e*, do you know?
- E, or EE 一 Exclam. of grief, repentance, anger, dislike, etc.: — *kuyashii*.
- E, -RU 一 得 t.v. To get, obtain; to receive: can, able: *ri wo* —, to get profit; *saiwai wo* —, to be fortunate; *miru koto wo* —, to get to see, or can see; *shiru koto wo ezuru*, could not find out or obtain the knowledge of; *me atte miru koto wo eru*, having eyes we are able to see; *nan to mo e iwazu*, could not say anything; *shi-tai mama mo e sezu*, could not do as one would like to; *e idezu*, could not go out.
Syn. URU, MOTOMERU.
- EBA 一 餌 n. The food of animals, birds or fishes; bait: *nikuki mono ni eba wo atae yo* (prov.).
- EBAMI, -MU 一 餌 t.v. To eat, or feed

EBU

- (used only of animals, birds or fishes): *tori ga ebande iru*, the birds are feeding.
Syn. TSUIBAMU.
- EBI 一 鰯 n. A shrimp, prawn: — *de tai wo tsuru* (prov.).
- †EBI 一 葡萄 n. The grape: — *zuru*, a wild grape-vine.
Syn. BUDŌ.
- EBI, -RU 一 破 i.v. To burst open, as ripe fruit: *kuri ga ebita*.
Syn. HAZERU.
- EBI-ASHI 一 躰 n. Club-foot; also called *kama-ashi*.
- EBI-GOSHI 一 背 n. Bent in the back like a lobster.
- †EBI-IRO 一 色 n. Grape-color; reddish brown.
- EBIJŌ 一 魚籠 n. A kind of padlock shaped like a fish.
- EBI-KAZURA 一 蔕 n. A kind of wild grape.
- EBIRA 一 蓆 n. A mat made of bamboo on which silkworms are fed.
- EBIRA 一 胡笳 n. A kind of quiver.
Syn. YANAGUI.
- EBISU 一 夷 n. A barbarian, savage.
- EBISU 一 蛭子 n. The god of wealth, and guardian of markets.
- EBISU-GAMI 一 葉 n. A leaf of a book, which, in binding, by being folded, has escaped being trimmed by the bookbinder.
- EBISU-GOKORO 一 心 n. Savage; cruel; barbarous.
- EBISUGUSA } 一 蓆 n. i.q. *shakuyaku*.
EBISUGUSURI }
- EBISUKŌ 一 祭 n. A festival celebrated in honor of the god of wealth.
- EBISUME 一 菜 n. A kind of edible seaweed; i.q. *kombu*.
- EBISUMEKI, -KU 一 菜 i.v. To be barbarous, savage.
- EBI-WARE, -RU 一 破 i.v. To be burst or split open, as ripe fruit.
- EBO 一 蓆 i.q. *ibo*.
- EBOSHI 一 烏帽子 n. A kind of cap worn on the crown of the head by nobles, also by *Manzai* and *Kannushi*.
- EBUKURO 一 鰯袋 n. The crop, or craw of fowls; the first stomach of some animals.
- EBURI 一 杓 n. An instrument like a scraper used by farmers for breaking hard clods and leveling the ground.

- EDA エダ 枝 n. A branch, bough, or limb of a tree; a limb or member of the body; a branch of a river, of a family, or of a sect, used as a numeral in counting bows: *hanashi no tochū ni — ga saku*, to branch off to another subject; *yumi hito —*, one bow.
- EDABURI エダブuri n. Putting forth branches (of a tree): — *ga ii*; — *ga warui*.
- †EDACHI エダチ n. Government or public service.
Syn. KWAYAKU.
- †EDAGAMI エダガミ n. A small or branch Shintō temple.
- EDA-GAWA エダガハ 技川 n. A branch of a stream or river.
- EDAHA エダハ 枝葉 n. Branches and leaves; subdivision, or branches of a sect.
- EDAMICHI エダミチ 枝道 n. A branch road.
- EDA-OTORI エダオトリ n. Inferior to other branches or to the main stem of a tree (used met. of a branch of a family).
- EDASHIMA エダシマ n. A peninsula.
- EDA-WAKARE エダワカレ n. Branches of a tree or family, or branches separated and scattered.
- EDAZASHI エダザシ n. Putting forth branches (of a tree); i.q. *edaburi*: — *ga ii*; — *ga warui*.
- EDO エド 穢土 (*kegareta kuni*) n. This unclean, or sinful world (Bud.).
Syn. SHABASEKAI.
- EDORI,-RU エドル 彩 t.v. To paint; to color: *kao wo —*, to paint the face, as play-actors do.
Syn. IRODORU, SAISHIKI SURU.
- EE エエ interj. See *e*.
- EFU エフ 衛府 n. A guard-house.
- EFU エフ n. A basket for keeping fish alive.
Syn. IKESU.
- EFU エフ 衛符 n. A sign-board attached to the baggage of officials, or persons on public business; a charm.
- †EFU エフ n. (Pali) This world; i.q. *embu*: — *no mi*, a mortal, human being.
- E-FUDE エフデ 畫筆 n. A drawing pencil, or paint brush.
- EFURI エフリ n. A tool used by farmers for leveling the ground.
- EGACHI エガチ — *ni*, in a pedantic or ostentatious manner: — *mono itaku iu*.
Syn. KOKOROEGAO NI, MONOSHIRIGAO NI.
- EGAHARA エガハラ n. A child's belly-ache, or colic.
- EGAKI,-KU エガク 畫 t.v. To draw, delineate; to picture: *hana wo —*, to draw a flower.
- EGAO エガホ 笑顔 n. A laughing or smiling face.
Syn. WARAI-GAO.
- EGATAI,-KI-KU-SHI エガタイ 難得 adj. Difficult to obtain; hard to get; unable to get.
- EGO エゴ 江泥 n. A dock for repairing ships.
- EGO-EGO エゴエゴ adv. (coll.) Walking in a waddling manner, as a goose: — *shite aruku*, to waddle.
- EGOMATA エゴマタ n. (coll.) Bandy-legged.
- EGUI,-KI-KU-SHI エグシ 醜 adj. Bitter and sour in taste; rancid.
- EGURI,-RU エグル 割 t.v. To cut with a twist-
- ing motion; to scoop; to bore; to gouge: *ana wo —*, to scoop out a hole; *me no tama wo —*, to gouge out the eye-ball.
- EGURI-WARUKI,-KU-SHI エグリワルシ adj. Tortuous; winding; perverse.
- EGUSA エグサ n. A tingling sensation in the throat.
- †EHI エヒ n. Croup (?); also a kind of incense or fragrant gum.
- †EHIME エヒメ n. Elder sister.
Syn. ANE.
- EHIRA エヒラ n. The frame on which silk-worms spin the cocoon=*mayudana*.
- EHŌ エハウ 吉方 n. The point of the compass corresponding to the name of the year towards which it is supposed to be lucky to face in worshipping; as: *u no toshi* corresponds to *u no hō*, or the east.
- EHON エホン 繪本 n. A drawing book, or picture book; a book that has pictures in it.
- EI エヒ 酔 n. Intoxication; drunkenness: *fune no —*, sea-sickness.
Syn. YOI.
- EI エイ 纒 n. The strings of a cap.
- EI,-EU エフ 酔 t.v. To be drunk.
Syn. YOU.
- EIBIN エイビン 穎敏 (*satoki*) — *na*, clever; smart; intelligent.
- EIBUN エイブン 叡聞 n. The hearing of the *Mikado*: — *ni tassuru*.
- EICHI エイチ 叡智 n. Divine or superior intelligence, such as the sages possess.
- EIDAN エイダン 英斷 n. Excellent decision, or good judgment (of a superior).
- EIEI エイエイ Exclam. i.q. *eiya*.
- EIEI エイエイ 永永 (*naga naga*) adv. Forever; ever; perpetually; always.
Syn. ITSUMADEMO, NAGAKU.
- EIEI-GOE エイエイゴエ adv. Same as *eigoe*.
- EI-FUSHI,-SU エヒフス 酔臥 i.v. To be drunk and lying down=*yoi-fusu*.
- EIGO エイゴ 英語 n. The English language.
- EIGOE エイゴエ n. The cry or song of a number of men exerting themselves together, as in pulling a rope, etc.: — *idasu*.
- EIGURUI,-Ū エヒグルフ 酔狂 i.v. To be raving drunk; crazed with drink; to have the delirium tremens.
- EIGWA エイグワ 榮華 n. Splendor; magnificence; luxury; sumptuousness: — *ni kurasu*, to live sumptuously.
Syn. OGORI.
- EIGYŌ エイゲウ 營業 n. Business; occupation: — *zei*, tax on occupation.
- EIJI, EIZŪRU エイヅル 詠 t.v. To compose poetry; to sing: *uta wo —*.
Syn. UTAU, GINZURU.
- EIJI, EIZURU エイヅル 映 (*utsuru*) i.v. To reflect, as a mirror; to shine upon: *yūhi mado ni —*, the setting sun is reflected upon the window.
- EIJI エイジ 嬰兒 n. An infant, babe.
Syn. AKAGO.
- EIJITSU エイジツ 永日 (*nagaki hi*) n. A long day.

- EIJŪ エイヂユウ 永住 (*nagaku sumu*) A long residence: — *suru*, to live long in a place.
- EIKA エイカ 詠歌 (*yomi uta*) n. A poem.
- EIKAKU エイカク 鋭角 n. Acute angle.
- EIKAN エイカン 睿感 n. The admiration of the Mikado: — *asakarazu*.
- EIKEI エンケイ 遠景 n. Distant landscape; the perspective; background of a picture.
- EIKI エイキ 銳氣 n. Ardent spirit; ardor; eagerness; courage: *teki no — wo kujiku*.
- EIKŌ エイクワウ 榮光 n. Glory; splendor.
Syn. SAKAE, EIYŌ.
- EIKO エイコ 榮枯 (*sakaeru kareru*) Flourishing and decaying; blooming and withering; rise and fall.
- EIKOKU エイコク 英國 n. England.
- EIKYO エイキヨ 盈虚 (*michi kake*) Waxing and waning; increase and decrease; ebb and flow: *tsuki no —*.
- EIKYŪ エイキウ 永久 (*nagaku hisashi*) Long; lasting; enduring; everlasting: — *no majiwari*, long intimacy.
- EIMEI エイメイ 英名 (*suguretaru na*) n. An illustrious name; fame; celebrity.
- EIRAN エイラン 睿覧 n. The eyes, notice, or seeing of the Mikado.
- EIRYO エイリヨ 睿慮 n. The mind, opinion, or thought of the Mikado.
- EISAI エイサイ 穎才 (*kashikoki*) n. Cleverness; smartness; ability.
- EISAME, —RU エイサメル 醉醒 i.v. To recover from intoxication; become sober.
- EISEI エイセイ 永生 (*kagirinaki inochi*) n. Eternal life.
- EISEI エイセイ 衛生 Hygiene: — *suru*, to preserve health; — *kyoku*, the Board of Health.
- EISHIRE, —RU エイシレル 醉愚 i.v. To become foolish or silly from intoxication.
- EITAI エイタイ 永代 (*nagaki yo*) Long ages; forever; always.
Syn. EIEI, BANDAI.
- EITAORE, —RU エイタフレル 醉倒 i.v. To fall down from intoxication.
- EIYA エイヤ Exclam. used by a number of persons in exerting their strength all together.
- EIYEN エイエン 永遠 (*nagashi*) Eternal; everlasting: — *ni mashi-masu*; — *ni oru*; — *no saiwai*.
- EIYŌ エイエフ 榮耀 (*sakae kagayaki*) Glory; magnificence; splendor; pomp; luxury: *nin-gen no — wa fū zen no chiri*, human glory is like the dust before the wind; — *gui*, luxurious eating. Syn. EIGWA, OGORI.
- EIYŪ エイエウ 英雄 n. A hero; an eminent and illustrious man.
Syn. MASURAO.
- EIZENYAKU エイゼンヤク 營繕役 n. An architect.
- EIZOKU エイゾク 永續 (*nagaku tsuzuku*) — *suru*, to continue or last a long time.
- EIZURU エイズル 詠 or 映. See *eiji*.
- EJI エジ 衛士 n. A servant in the Mikado's palace.
- EJIKARI, —RU エヂカル i.v. To walk with the legs wide apart; to straddle: *ejikari-aruku*.
- EJIKI エジキ 餌食 n. The food of birds, fishes, or animals.
Syn. E, EBA.
- EJIPUTO エジプト 埃及 n. Egypt.
- EKAKI エカキ 畫師 n. A painter, sketcher, or drawer of pictures.
- EKAME エカメ n. A large sea-turtle.
- EKI エキ 易 n. The art of divining by means of diagrams, sticks, etc.: — *wo miru*, to divine.
Syn. URANAI.
- EKI エキ 驛 n. A post-station.
Syn. SHUKU.
- EKI エキ 疫 n. A pestilence; contagion; epidemic: — *ki*, pestilential influences; — *byō*.
Syn. YAKUBYŌ.
- EKI エキ 役 n. A campaign; the time of a war: — *suru*, to employ as a servant; to subject; *chōsen no — ni*, in the war with Corea.
Syn. IKUSA.
- EKI エキ 益 n. Profit; advantage; benefit: — *mo nai*, unprofitable.
Syn. KAI.
- EKIBA エキバ 驛馬 n. A post-horse, or horses kept at a post-station for public use.
Syn. SHUKUBA.
- EKIBYŌ エキビヤウ 疫病 n. An epidemic; pestilence.
- EKIREI エキレイ 疫癘 n. A pestilence, plague.
Syn. EKIBYŌ, EYAMI.
- EKIRO エキロ 驛路 n. A post-road.
- EKISHA エキシヤ 役者 n. A minister; servant; officer.
- EKITEI エキテイ 驛亭 n. An inn or tea-house on a post-road.
Syn. YADOYA, HATAGOYA.
- EKITEI エキテイ 驛遞 n. A Letter post.
- EKITEI-KYOKU エキテイキヨク 驛遞局 n. Post-office department: — *ninka*, entered at the P. O.
- EKKEN エツケン 謁見 (*mamieru*) n. Audience, interview or meeting with the Emperor or persons of high rank: — *suru*.
- EKKI エツキ 悦喜 n. Joy; delight.
Syn. YOROKOBI.
- EKO エコ 依怙 n. Partiality; bias; favoring one more than another: — *hiki suru*, to show partiality.
Syn. HIKI, KATAYORU, HEMBA.
- E-KŌ エカウ 回向 Repeating prayers or saying mass for the dead, as Buddhist priests do; praying for blessings upon others: — *suru*.
- †EKO エコ n. Elder brother.
- EKOJI エコジ 依怙自 n. Prejudice; bigotry: — *suru*, to contradict, gainsay, call in question; — *ni katamaru*, to be bigoted.
- EKŌRYŌ エカウリヨウ n. Money paid to Bud. priests for saying prayers for the dead.
- †EKOSO エコソ adv. Positively.
- EKUBO エクボ 靨 n. A dimple in the cheek when laughing.
- EMA エマ 繪馬 n. The pictures (especially of a horse) hung up in Shintō temples as votive offerings.
- EMAI, —AU エマフ 笑 i.v. To smile; to laugh.
Syn. WARAU.

- EMAKI-MONO エマキモノ n. Pictures in rolls.
- EMBAN エンバン 鉛板 n. Stereotype plates:
— *ni toru*, to stereotype.
- EMBIFUKU エンビフク 燕尾服 n. A swallow-tailed coat; dress coat.
- EMBU or EMBUDAI エンブ 閻浮 n. This world:
— *no chiri* (Bud.).
- EMBUN エンブン 衍文 n. A redundant or superfluous phrase.
- EMI エミ 笑 n. A smile, laughter: — *wo fukumu*, to smile; — *no uchi ni yaiba wo fukumu* (prov.), to conceal a sword under a laugh.
Syn. WARAI.
- EMI, -MU エム 笑 i.v. To laugh; to smile.
Syn. WARAU.
- EMI, -MU エム i.v. i.q. *ebi*, to be ripe.
- EMIGURI エミグリ n. An opening chestnut burr.
- EMISHI エミシ 夷 Same as *ebisu*.
- EMIWARE, -RU エミワレル i.v. To split open, like a ripe fig or chestnut burr.
- EMMA エンマ coll. for *ema*, which see.
- EMMA or EMMA-Ō エンマ 閻魔王 n. The king of Hades, who judges the souls of the dead, and according to their conduct in this life punishes them: — *no chō*, the judgment seat or court of *Emma*.
- EMMAN エンマン 圓満 (*madoka ni mitsuru*)
Lit. round and full; perfect; complete; deficient in nothing; used by the Buddhists in speaking of *Hotoke*, who is said to be *Mantoku em-man*, complete in every virtue, all perfect.
- EMMON エンモン 轅門 n. The head-quarters of a general.
- E-MO-IWAZU エモイハズ 不得言 adj. Un-speakable; inexpressive; ineffable: — *utsukushiki tokoro*, a place of ineffable beauty.
- EMON エモン 衣紋 n. The clothes or dress: — *wo tsukurou*, to adjust or smooth one's dress.
- EMONO エモノ 獲物 n. Game taken in hunting or fishing; hunting or fishing tackle.
- EMORI エモリ 柄漏 n. The leaking along the handle of an umbrella.
- EMPEI エンペイ 援兵 n. Auxiliary troops; a reinforcement.
Syn. KASEI.
- EMPEN エンペン 縁邊 n. Relations; connections.
Syn. SHINRUI.
- EMPITSU エンピツ 鉛筆 n. A lead-pencil.
- EMPŌ エンパウ 遠方 (*tōi tokoro*) n. A distant place: — *kara kita*, came from a distant place.
- EMPUN エンブン 鉛粉 n. Carbonate of lead; white lead.
- EMUSHIRO エムシロ n. A variegated mat.
- EN, or YEN エン 炎 n. (med.) Inflammation.
Syn. KINSHŌ.
- EN エン 鉛 (*namari*) n. Lead.
- EN エン 艶 (*tsuyayaka*) Charming; fascinating: — *engarū*, affected in manner, coquettish; — *endatsu*, charming; — *en ni mono-haji shite*, unassuming, modest.
- EN エン 鹽 n. (chem.) A salt, alkali.
- EN, or YEN エン 宴 (*sakamori*) n. A feast, entertainment.
- EN or YEN エン 圓 n. The Japanese dollar.
- EN or YEN エン 縁 n. Relation; affinity; connection; secret cause, influence, or combination of circumstances; the ties, bonds in which man are held; fate: — *fū-fu no* —, the relation of husband and wife; — *wo musubu*, to form a connection; — *mu-en no hito*, a person who has no relations or friends; — *wo kiru*, to sever a connection or relationship; — *nan no* — *de koko ni kite iru*, what strange concatenation of causes has brought you here? — *fushigi na* — *de fū-fu ni natta*, became husband and wife by a strange providence; — *ga araba mata aimashō*, if fate permit we will meet again; — *ni hikaru*, to be bound or constrained by ties or obligations; — *naki shujō wa doshi-gatashi* (Bud.).
- EN or YEN エン 椽 n. A verandah; porch; balcony: — *ochi-yen*, a low porch close to the ground; — *ageyen*, a porch which can be raised or let down.
- ENA エナ 胞 n. The placenta.
- ENARANU } エナラヌ adj. Extraordinary; un-
ENARAZU } common; indescribable: — *nioi*.
- ENCHŪDOKU エンチウドク 鉛中毒 n. Lead-poisoning.
- ENDAN エンダン 縁談 n. A consultation about or proposal of marriage: — *wo mōshi-komu*.
- ENDŌ エンドウ 篇豆 n. A kind of pea (*Pisum sativum*).
- ENDŌI, -KI, -KU, -SHI エンドホヒ 縁遠 adj. Late in forming a marriage relation (used only of a woman): — *endōi onna*, an old maid; — *endōi mono*, an article for which there is no demand.
- ENGAWA エンガハ 縁側 n. A portico, verandah, porch, balcony.
- ENGEKI エンゲキ 演劇 n. Theatrical performance; a play: — *wo miru*.
- ENGI エンギ n. A model of the male member, made of paper or clay, and formerly sold in the streets at new year, and kept in prostitute houses to be worshiped: — *yengi-dana*.
- ENGI エンギ 縁起 n. The historical record of the origin of a *Miya* or *Tera*.
- ENGI エンギ 縁起 n. Omen; sign; prognostic; luck: — *ga yoi*, a good sign, lucky; — *ga warui*, a bad sign, unlucky; — *no warui koto wo iu*, to say something which will bring bad luck. Syn. ZEMPYO.
- ENGI エンギ 演義 n. Commentary; exposition.
- ENGUMI, -MU エン Gum 婚姻 t.v. (coll.) To be betrothed, affianced; to be contracted in marriage.
- ENGUMI エン Gum n. Marriage relation; matrimony: — *wo suru*, to contract a marriage.
- †ENI エニ n. i.q. *enishi*.
- †ENI エニ n. i.q. *ezu*. Cannot; impossible, — *dekinu*: — *ieba-eni*, impossible to describe.
- EN-IN エンイン 延引 See *ennin*.
- ENISHI エニシ 縁 n. The same as *en*; relation.
- ENISHIDA エニシダ 金雀花 n. A shrub of the broom species.

ENJA エンジャ 縁者 n. Relations by marriage; connections.

Syn. SHINRUI, EN-RUI.

ENJAKU エンジャク 縁雀 n. The wagtail.

ENJI, ENZURU エンジル 怨 (*uramu*) To be displeased or offended with; to complain.

ENJI エンヂ 衍字 n. A redundant or superfluous word.

ENJIN エンジン 閹人 n. An eunuch.

ENJŌ エンジャウ 炎上 — *suru*, to be burnt, consumed (only of the Mikado's palace).

ENKAKU エンカク 沿革 (*utsuri kawari*) n. The history or successive changes; development: — *wo tsumabiraka ni suru*.

ENKEI エンケイ 圓形 (*marui katachi*) n. A circle.

ENKEN エンケン 遠見 (*tōmi*) n. A distant view; anything seen from a distance.

ENKI エンキ 延期 (*kagiri wo nobasu*) — *suru*, to postpone to another time; to adjourn.

ENKIN エンキン 遠近 (*tōi chikai*) Far and near.

ENKIRI エンキリ 縁切 n. Breaking off the conjugal relation; divorce.

ENKŌ エンコウ 猿猴 n. A long-armed ape; baboon.

Syn. SARU.

ENKŌ エンコウ 遠行 Going far away, or to a distant place: — *suru*.

ENKWAN エンクワン 閹官 n. An eunuch or chamberlain.

Syn. GI-JIN.

ENNETSU エンネツ 炎熱 n. Extreme heat of weather.

Syn. SHOKI.

ENNICHI エンニチ 縁日 n. A fixed day of the month, when the god is supposed to be especially propitious to worshippers visiting his temple; a fête day.

ENNIN エンニン 延引 n. Postponement; procrastination; adjournment; delay; tardiness; lateness; dilatory; slow: — *suru*, to be late, slow; to postpone, adjourn.

Syn. NOBE.

ENOGU エノグ 顔料 n. Paints used in drawing; also toilet articles: — *zara*, the cups in which paints are mixed.

ENOKI エノキ See *e*.

ENOKORO エノコロ 狗兒 n. A young dog; a pup.

ENORI エノリ 榮利 n. Glory; honor.

ENRAI エンライ 遠來 (*tōku kitaru*) Come from a distant place: — *no chimbutsu*.

ENRI エンリ 厭離 (*itoi hanareru*) Disgusted, as with the world, and separating one's self, (Bud.): — *no kokoro wo okosu*.

ENRO エンロ 遠路 (*tōi michi*) n. A long road, or journey.

ENRUI エンルイ 遠類 n. Remote relations.

ENRYO エンリョ 遠慮 (*tōki omompakari*) n. Thinking of and providing against future contingencies; provident; reserve; self-restraint; backwardness; diffidence; confinement to one's house as a punishment or in mourning; *hito* — *naki toki wa kanarazu kinyū ari*,

when a person does not look well to the future trouble is near; — *naku mōsare yo*, speak without restraint.

Syn. YŌJIN, HABAKARI.

ENSAI エンサイ 鹽酸 n. Muriatic acid.

ENSHA エンシャ 遠者 n. An eunuch.

ENSHO エンショ 炎暑 n. Hot weather; the heat.

Syn. ATSUSA.

ENSHŌ エンセウ 焰硝 n. Gunpowder: — *ire*, a powder flask.

Syn. KWA-YAKU.

ENSHO エンショ 艶書 n. A love letter.

Syn. CHIWA-BUMI.

ENSHŌGURA エンセウグラ n. A powder magazine.

ENSHŪ エンシウ 演習 — *suru*, to drill; maneuver (as troops).

ENTAI エンタイ 圓體 n. A round or globular body; a ball.

ENTAN エンタン 鉛丹 n. Red lead.

ENTEN エンテン 炎天 (*atsui sora*) n. Hot weather: — *ni mizu ga kareta*.

ENTŌ エンタウ 遠嶋 (*tōi shima*) Transportation or banishment to a penal island.

Syn. RUZAI, SHIMA-NAGASHI.

ENTŌ エンタウ 鉛糖 n. Sugar of lead.

ENU エヌ 不得 neg. of *e*, — *ru*.

ENYEN エンエン 燄燄 adv. In a hot or flaming manner: — *to moe-agaru*; — *taru*.

ENZA エンザ 縁坐 n. Involved in trouble through the crime of another.

ENZA エンザ 圓座 n. A round cushion for sitting on.

ENZAI エンザイ 冤罪 (*mushitsu no tsumi*) Punishment inflicted on an innocent person, or a crime of which one is innocent: — *wo kōmuru*, to be punished for a crime which one has not committed.

ENZETSU エンゼツ 演説 n. Oration; lecture; address: — *suru*, to tell; to speak; to address an audience; to lecture: — *ni oyabanu*, no need of speaking about; — *kwai*, a meeting to listen to a lecture or sermon.

ENZUKE, —RU エンツケル 縁著 t.v. To form a marriage alliance; to give in marriage.

ENZUKI, —KU エンツク 縁著 i.v. To be affianced or contracted in marriage; in mercantile language, to meet with a buyer, or be in demand: *musume wa mada enzukimasen*, my daughter is not yet betrothed.

ENZUKI エンツキ 縁着 n. Betrothment; given in marriage.

ENZURU エンズル 怨 i.v. To complain of ill-treatment; to express pain, = *uramite mono wo iu*.

ENZURU エンズル 演 To exercise, perform, practice: *bu wo* —, to parade or exercise troops; *shibai wo* —, to perform theatrical plays.

†EJOI エヲヂ n. Father's elder brother, = *chichi no ani*.

EPPUKU エツク 悦服 (*yorokobi shitagau*) — *suru*, to render cheerful obedience.

ERA エラ 鰓 n. The gills of a fish = *agito*.

- ERABARE, -RU** エラバレル 被選 pass. or pot. of *erabu*, to be chosen; can choose.
- ERABI, -BU** エラブ 選 t.v. Same as *erami*.
- ERAI, -KI, -KU** エライ adj. Extraordinary; wonderful; remarkable; very: — *hito da*, a remarkable man; — *ō ame ga futta*, a very great rain has fallen.
Syn. OSOROSHII, TAISŌ.
- ERAKU** エラク adv. Very much; exceedingly: — *atsui*, very hot.
- ERAMARE, -RU** エラマレル 被選 Same as *erabareru*.
- ERAMI, -MU** エラム 選 t.v. To choose, select, pick out; to elect: *yoi no wo* —, select a good one; *yoki wo erande ashiki wo suteru*, choose the good and reject the bad.
Syn. YORU, ERU.
- ERAMI** エラミ 選 n. Choice; selection; election: — *ni azukaru*, to be chosen.
- ERAMI-DASHI, -SU** エラミダス 選出 t.v. To pick out, select.
Syn. YORI-DASU.
- ERAMI-TORI, -RU** エラミトル 選取 t.v. To pick out, select.
Syn. YORI-TORU.
- ERARE, -RU** エラレル 被得 pass. or pot. of *eru*, to be obtained; can be obtained, or can obtain.
- ERARENU** エラレヌ 不被得 neg. of *erareru*, cannot be obtained; cannot obtain.
- EREKITER** or **EREKI** エレキテル 電氣 n. (Dutch) Electricity: *ereki-kikai*, electrical machine; — *no hibana*, electric spark.
- ERI, -RU** エル 擇 t.v. To choose, select, pick out; to elect.
Syn. YORU, ERABU.
- ERI, -RU** エル 彫 t.v. To engrave, carve: *ji wo ishi ni* —, to engrave letters on stone.
Syn. CHIRIBAMU, HORU.
- ERI** エリ 襟 n. The collar of a coat; a shirt collar.
- ERI-ASHI** エリアシ n. The loose hairs on the back of the neck.
- ERI-DASHI, -SU** エリダス 擇出 t.v. To pick out, choose, select; to elect.
Syn. YORIDASU.
- ERIGE** エリゲ n. The loose hairs on the back of the neck.
- ERIKAZARI** エリカザリ n. A neck-tie.
- ERI-KUBI** エリクビ 領 n. The nape of the neck: — *wo tsukamu*, to take one by the neck.
- ERIKURI** エリクリ adj. Winding; tortuous (as of a road): — *michi*.
- ERI-MAKI** エリマキ 領巾 n. A tippet, muffler, scarf, or comforter worn around the neck; cravat: — *wo suru*.
- ERINUKI, -KU** エリヌク t.v. To choose, select.
- ERI-WAKE, -RU** エリワケル 擇分 t.v. To pick out and separate, as the good from the bad.
- ERŌ** エロウ 画蠟 A painted candle, such as are placed on Bud. altars.
- ERU** エル See *e*.
- ERU** エル 擇 or 彫 See *eri*, or *e*.
- ESA** エサ 餌魚 n. A bait, for catching fish.
Syn. EBA.
- ESARANU** エサラヌ adj. Cannot get rid of; indispensable—*sarigataki*.
- ESASE, -RU** エサセル 令得 caust. of *eru*, to cause to get, or receive; to let another have; to give, bestow.
- ESASHI** エサシ 餌指 n. A person who catches small birds with a pole armed with bird-lime.
- ESASHI-ZAO** エサシザヲ 黏竿 n. A pole armed at the end with bird-lime for catching birds.
Syn. MOCHI-ZAO.
- ESE** エセ adj. Bad; mean; vile; infamous; wicked; false; weak; unskilful: — *mono*, a vile fellow; — *ushi*, a weak ox; — *saiwai*, prosperity unjustly obtained; — *katachi*, false appearance.
Syn. USO, YOKOSHIMA.
- ESHAKU** エシヤク 會釋 n. Salutation; a courteous excuse, or apology for a seeming rudeness, as in passing in front of another, or drinking before another: — *suru*, to salute; to make a formal apology; *enryo* — *mo nai*, without reserve or apology.
Syn. SHIKIDAI.
- ESHI** エシ 畫師 n. A painter or drawer of pictures.
- ESHIKI** エシキ 會式 n. An assembly; meeting (of Buddhists).
- †**ESHIMO** エシモ (*e* and *shimo* expletive): — *wasureneba*, since I cannot forget.
- ESSHI, ESSURU** エッスル 謁 i.v. To visit a superior.
Syn. MAMIYURU, TOBURAU.
- ESUGATA** エスガタ n. The likeness or figure of a person drawn or painted: — *wo ogamu*.
- ETA** エタ 穢多 n. A class of persons occupying the lowest social position. They follow the occupation of leather-dressers or buriers of dead animals; they are compelled to live separate from others and not allowed to enter the house, to sit or cook at the same fire with persons out of their own class. (This distinction of caste has recently been abolished by the Imperial government.)
- ETA** エタ pret. of *eru*, have got; have obtained: *kiki-eta*, have succeeded in hearing.
- ETE** エテ pp. of *eru*.
- ETE** エテ 得手 n. (coll.) That which one is most expert in doing; skillful or versed in; specialty: *teppō ga* — *da*, an adept in the use of a gun; *nan-zo* — *ga aru ka*, is there anything at which you are expert; — *katte wo suru*, to do what one is best at or likes best, or is most convenient; — *ni ho wo aguru* (prov.), to give sails to dexterity.
Syn. TOKUI.
- ETE, -RU** エテル 得手 (contr. of *ete* and *aru*) i.v. (coll.) To be skilled or versed in; to be an adept at, expert in, experienced in: *eteta koto da kara shiyasui*, as it is a thing I have experience in, it is easy to do.
- ETŌ** エタウ 惠投 — *suru*, to give, bestow; *go* — *no shina*, something you gave me.
Syn. CHŌDAI.
- ETO** エト 甲乙 The ten stems used in naming years, days, etc.