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Yūyo 五 ヴ ヨ 猶豫 n. Hesitation, doubt, quandary, perplexity; leniency, mildness, not severe; grace, indulgence, extension of time in paying debt: ikaga sen to — suru, to hesitate what to do; nanibun — shite kudasare, please be as lenient as you can with me,—as in paying money.

Syn. KOGI, TAMERAU.

Yūyo ユウョ有餘 (amari ari) n. Room, space, or time remaining; redundancy, excess, more than, something over: — ga nai, there is no room left, or there is nothing over; ro-ku-jū — no rōjin, an old man of more than sixty years; — no aru yō ni kiru, cut it so that there shall be something over.

Yū-yoku ユウョク 右翼 n. The right wing of

an army.

Yūyū イウイウ 優遊 n. Recreation, diversion. Yūyū ユウュウ 悠悠 adv. In an easy, quiet way; free from labor, want, or trouble: — to shite hi wo kurasu, to live an easy and quiet life.

YUYUSHII,-KI-KU ユュシイ 雄 雄 敷 adj. Having a gallant, grand, martial, or warlike appearance; strong, imposing; fearful, terrible. Also 层层 disagreeable, unpleasant; strange, extraordinary: yuyushiku idetatsu, to march out in a gallant and imposing manner; — dai-ji, to appear of fearful magnitude.

Syn. ISAMASHII, O-OSHIKI.

Yuzu ユズ 柚子 n. A lemon. Same as yu.

Yūzū ユウヅウ 融通 n. The circulation of money, money matters, finance, fiscal matters:
— ga warui; fu —.

Yūzur ユウズイ雄蕊n. The stamens of a flower. Yuzuka ユヅカ 弝 n. The place in the bow

where it is grasped by the hand.

YUZUKE ユヅケ 湯漬 n. Rice eaten with hot water poured on it. Syn. CHAZUKE.
YŪ-ZUKI-YO ユフヅキョ 夕月夜 n. A moonlight

evening.

Yūzukuhi ユフヅクヒ n. The setting sun.

Yuzuri,-Ru ユヅル 讓 t.v. To cede, yield, resign, give up, to give place to, relinquish: kurai wo—, to resign the throne; za wo—, to give up a seat to another; kagyō wo—, to relinquish business in favor of another.

Yuzuri ユヅリ 讓 n. Resignation, cession,

yielding, or giving up: - wo ukeru.

Yuzurijō ユヅリジャウ 譲狀 n. A deed of conveyance, a grant in writing.

Yuzuru ユヅル 弓弦 n. A bow-string: — wo hazushite kōsan suru, to unbend the bow and surrender.

Yuzuruha ユヅルハ 交譲木 n. The Daphniphillum macropodum, the leaves of which are attached to the straw rope stretched before the doors of houses on new-year.

Yūzursu ユフヅッ 太白 n. The evening star,

Venus.

†Yuzutsumagushi ユヅッマグシ n. A fine-toothed comb.

Z.

ZA 学座 n. A seat, place to sit; assembly, company; also the numeral for dancers in a kagura:—ni tsuku, to take one's seat;—wo tatsu, to rise from a seat;—wo yuzuru, to yield a seat;—suru, to sit down; ichiza, the whole assembly; nijūgo za no kagura, a play having twenty-five acts.

Syn. SEKI, KURAI.

ZABON ザボン 柚 n. A pumelo.

ZA-BUTON ザブトン 座蒲團 n. A rug or cushion for sitting on.

ZABUZABU # " " adv. (coll.) The sound of the splashing of water: mizu ga — tonaru;

mizu wo — to kakeru.

ZACHŪ ザチウ 座 中 In or of the assembly, session, or meeting, during the session.

ZAGASHIRA ザガシラ 座頭 n. The head man or chief of a company, the person who sits at the head.

Zagu ザ ヴ 座具 n. A cloth on which a bonze sits when praying.

Zaguri-ito j j j j the n. Silk reeled from the cocoon by hand, hand-reeled silk.

Zagusa ザグサ 雜 覧 n. Weed. Zagutsuki,-ku ザクック i.v. To be mealy, or soft, as fruit.

Zaguzagu + j j j j adv. (coll.) Mealy; soft and friable, as fruit: kuri ga — shite umaku nai.

ZAGWA ザグワ 坐臥 (suwaru to fusu) Sitting and lying down: — ni mo wasurezu.

ZAI I A. (coll.) Ice: — ga hatta, the water is frozen; — ga nagareru, the ice is flowing down the river; zaiwari, posts driven in before the timbers on which a bridge rests, to protect from the ice.

Zai 形 (tsumi) n. (used only in comp.) Crime, transgression of law, sin, punishment: kwa — wo okosu, to commit a crime; kwa —, punishment by burning; kōzai, punishment by strangulation; benzai, by whipping; geizai, punishment by branding.

Zai 步 剂 劑 n. A numeral used in counting doses of medicine, or the periods in which medicines are taken: ichi zai no kusuri, one

dose of medicine.

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ZA SA ZA ZAI + (takara) n. Wealth, riches, property: - wo musaboru, to covet wealth; - wo konomu.

ZAI ザイ在 n. The country, a place away from a town: Kanagawa no -, the country near Kanagawa; — no hito, a countryman, rustic.

ZAI-AN ザイアン 罪案 n. Written accusation. ZAIBAN ザイバン 在番 n. The guard who formerly had charge of the Shōgun's castles at Osaka and Kyōto.

ZAIBON ザイボン 罪犯 (tsumi toga) n. Crime, offense, guilt: - wo tsumi suru.

ZAIGO ザイゴ 在郷 n. The country or place away from a town: - ni oru, to live in the country.

Syn. INAKA.

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ZAIGŌ ザイゴフ 罪業 n. Sin, evil deeds (Budd.): zensei no —, the sins committed in a previous state; — ga fukai, his sins are Syn. TSUMI, ZAISHŌ. great.

ZAIHAN ザイハン 在判 (han ari) n. (coll.) Having a seal, sealed: — no kakitsuke, a

sealed writing.

ZAIHō ザイホウ 財 質 n. Money, riches, wealth: - yutakanaru mono, a person in affluent circumstances.

Syn. TAKARA.

ZAI-I ザイ井 在位 (kurai ni aru) n. Upon the throne, reign: - no Tenshi, the reigning Emperor; — wo manzai to inoru, to pray that the reigning monarch may reign a thousand years.

ZAIJō ザイジャウ 罪狀 n. The nature or kind of crime: -gaki, accusation, indictment. ZAIJŪ ザイデュウ 在住 n. Now residing, a

resident: Tōkyō — no hito, a person now residing in Tōkyō.

Syn. JŪKYO, ZAIRYŪ.

ZAIKIN ザイキン 在勤 (tsutome ni aru, coll.) Discharging official duty, in office: Yokohama - no mono domo, officers doing duty in Yokohama.

ZAIKWA ザイクワ 罪過 n. Transgression, sin, crime.

Syn. TSUMI, TOGA, AYAMACHI.

ZAIMEI ザイメイ 在名 (na aru, coll.) Having the maker's name inscribed, as a sword: no katana.

ZAIMOKU ザイモク 罪 目 n. Written specifications of crime.

ZAIMOKU ザイモク 材木 n. Timber for building; lumber.

ZAIMOKUYA ザイモクヤ 材木屋 n. A lumberyard, or a person who sells timber.

ZAIMOTSU ザイモッ 財物 (takara mono) Precious things, any article of value, property. ZAININ ザイニン 罪人 (tsumi-bito) n. A.

criminal, malefactor, a sinner.

Syn. TOGA-NIN. ZAINō)ザイノウ 財囊 n. A purse: fujin 一,

Sainō lady's purse,—in racing.

ZAIRAI ザイライ 在来 (arikitari) Customary, common, usual: — no $f\bar{u}$, common or previous custom.

ZAIRYō ザイレウ 材料 n. Materials.

ZAIRYŪ ザイリウ 在留 Dwelling, living, residing: $t\bar{o}ji T\bar{o}ky\bar{o}$ — no daimy \bar{o} , the nobles now residing in Tōkyō.

Zaisai ザイサイ 罪祭 n. A sin-offering.

ZAISAN ザイサン 財産 (mochi mono) n. Property.

ZAISE ザイセ 在世 (yo ni aru) Living, in the world: chichi ga - no toki, when my father was living.

Syn. ZOMMEI.

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ZAISEKI ザイセキ 罪跡 (tsumi no ato) n. The proof or evidence of crime or guilt: — akiraka narazu.

ZAISEKI ザイセキ 在昔 (mukashi) Anciently, formerly, in ancient times.

ZAISHO ザイショ 在所 n. Dwelling place, place of one's birth, native place; the country: — wa doko da, where were you born? — no hito, a countryman, a native of a place. Syn. kokyō.

ZAISHō ザイシャウ 罪障 (tsumi sawari) n. Sins (which are an obstruction in the way to paradise,—Budd.): — wo shōmetsu suru.

ZAISHOKU ザイショク 在職 n. In office: — no toki, while in office.

ZAISHU ザイシュ 罪首 n. The ringleader in crime, chief offender: - wo hidoku bassuru.

ZAISHUKU ザイシュク 在宿 (yado ni iru) At home: — bi, the days when one is at home; sensei wa — de gozarimasu ka, is Mr. — at home?

ZAITAKU ザイタク 在宅 (ie ni aru, coll.) home, in the house.

ZAITEN ザイテン 在天 (ten ni aru) Dwelling in heaven: — no chichi, the Father who is in heaven.

ZAIYAKU ザイヤク 在役 (yaku ni aru, coll.) In office: — $ch\bar{u}$ ni, while in office.

ZAKKI ザッキ 雜記 n. A miscellany.

ZAKKOKU ザッコク雜穀 n. All kinds of grain. ZAKKUBARA ザックバラ adv. (coll.) candid, sincere in manner, without affectation: — ni hanasu ga yoroshii=uchimakete, fukuzō naku.

ZAKKWA ザックワ 雜貨 n. Miscellaneous goods; divers sorts of goods kept for sale; a

medley: - wo uru.

ZAKKYO ザッキョ 雑居 n. Mixed residence, dwelling of foreigners amongst the natives of a country: naichi — wo yurusu, to permit —. ZAKONE ザコ子 雜 寐 n. Sleeping crowded or

confusedly together.

ZAKO ザコ 雑 魚 n. A general name for small fish: — no totomajiri (prov.).

ZAKOBA ザコバ雑魚塊 n. A fish-market. ZAKOTSU ザコッ 坐骨 n. (med.) The bone on which we sit, Ischium.

ZAKURO ザクロ 柘榴n. The pomegranate, Punica Granatum, i.q. jakuro.

ZAKUROBANA ザクロバナn. A grog-blossom, the red nose of a grog-drinker.

ZAKURO-DAMA ガカロダマ n. Grape-shot.

ZAKUROGUCHI ザクログチ n. The small entrance to the tank of a bath-house.

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ZAMA ザマ 糕 n. (same as sama, but used in

contempt or anger) State, condition, manner,

Zannin デンニン 残忍 n. Cruel, devoid of pity, inhuman: — na hito, a cruel man.

appearance, habit: ikuji no nai — wo shite iru. Zambu to, or Zamburi to チンプト adv. The sound made by anything falling or plunging into water: — mizu ni tobi-komu.

ZAMBUTSU ザンプッ 残物 (nokori mono) n. Anything left over or remaining; the residue, remnants.

Zammai # > < / Fond of, or addicted to, devoted to, making use of: hamono — suru na, don't use edged tools; hotoke —, devoted to the worship of hotoke; hokke —.

Zamochi 手毛子座持 n. One who is hired to attend at tea-houses or entertainments to amuse the company: — no yoi onna, an entertaining woman=kyaku-ashirai.

Zamoro ザモト座元 n. The manager or proprietor of a theatre, or show.

ZAMPATSU ザンパッ 斬 髮 n. i.q. zangiri.

ZAMPEI ザンペイ 残兵 n. The residue of a defeated army.

ZAMPō ザンパウ 讒 謗 (soshiri) Libel, calumny: — suru, to libel.

Zan 步之殘 (nokori amaru) That which remains, or is left: — getsu, the waning moon; — kwa, a withered flower.

Zan 形之 鏡 (soshiri) n. Slander, calumny, false charges: — wo kamaeru, to get up a slander; — suru, to slander, calumniate.

Zangai ザンガイ 残害 (sokonai korosu) — suru, to kill; to oppress, to injure, destroy. Zange ザンゲ 懺悔 Same as sange.

Zangen ザンゲン 讒言 n. Slander, calumny, detraction, false charges: — wo suru, to slander, to malign: — wo shinzuru, to believe a slander. Syn. soshiri, shikoji, zan.

Zangi ザンギ 慚愧 (haji hajiru) n. Shame, regret: — wo idaku, to feel ashamed. Syn. HAJI.

Remaining money, remainder, or balance of the money not yet paid, arrear: — wa ikura, how much money is there yet due; — wa itsuka sugite haraimashō, I will pay the balance in five days. Syn. Nokori kin.

Zangiri ザンギリ 残切 n. The custom of cutting the hair: — atama.

Zanji ザンジ 暫時 n. A short space of time, a little while, a moment: — ni, soon, quickly, in a little while; — no aida; — no uchi.

Syn. shibaraku, sukoshi no aida. Zanjin デンジン 残忍 Same as zannin.

Zanketsu デンケッ残缺 (kake) n. A deficiency, that which is lacking: — wooginau, to supply something that is lacking.

Zankin ザンキン 残金 n. Same as zangin. Zankoku ザンコク 残刻 (mugoi) n. Cruelty, inhumanity: — naru, cruel, inhuman.

Zannen ザシ子ン 残念 n. Regret, sorrow; chagrin, vexation, disappointment felt at the failure of hope, expectation, or desire: kataki wo utazu ni shinu no ga — da, I regret that I should die without slaying my enemy.

Syn. kuchi-oshii, kuyashii, munen.

Syn. Bō-AKU, NASAKENAI, MUGOI.
ZANNYŪ デンニフ 綾入 n. Interfering, intermeddling, or interposing improperly; interrupting, mixed together: — suru, to intermed-

dle.
Zansatsu ザンサッ 斬殺 (kirikorosu) — suru, to kill, slay.

Zansha デンシャ 讒者 n. A slanderer, calumniator.

Zanso デンソ 讒訴 n. Calumnious charges, or complaints against another; slander, backbiting.

Zansō ザンソウ 讒奏 — suru, to slander or calumniate a person to the Emperor.

Zantō デンタウ 残 黨 (nokoreru tomogara) n. The remaining members of a company, those that are left: — wo kari-atsumeru, to collect all the members that are left.

Zanzai ザンザイ 斬罪 n. Capital punish-ment: — ni okonau.

Syn. SHIZAI.

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ZAPPAKU ザッパク 雑 駁 Many and diverse, various kinds, multifarious: kembun—, various kinds of knowledge.

Zappi ザッピ 雑費 n. General, or miscellaneous expenses; disbursements of money: ikusa no — ga ōi, the expenses of war are great; mueki no —, useless expense.

Syn. NYŪYŌ, NYŪSHI.

ZARARI TO # 7) 1 adv. (coll.) Rough to the feel or hearing, roughly, without order or nicety: — te ni sawaru.

Zaratsuki,-ku + 7 7 2 i.v. (coll.) To be rough, not smooth to the feel, as sand, etc.: kona ga —, the flour feels rough.

ZARA-ZARA ガラガラ adv. In a manner rough or harsh to the feel, or hearing: teatari ga — suru, it feels rough.

ZARE,-RU + (same as jare) To sport, play, frolic.

ZAREKOTO デレコト 諧謔 n. Jesting, joking, facetious, humorous or playful talk: — wo iu.

ZARI F n See jari.

Zarigani ji j ji = n. The crayfish, Astacus.

ZARU ザル 笊 n. A basket.

Zaru Fra A neg. adjective suffix to verbs, formed from zu, and aru; the same as nu: kami no shirazaru koto nashi, God knows all things; omowazaru saiwai wo eta, have got an unexpected good fortune.

ZASEKI ザセキ座席 n. An apartment or room,

a place of meeting or assembly.

Zasetsu 步之ッ 挫折 (kujiku) — suru, to break, crush, destroy; to fail, become weak: teki no ikioi wo — suru; yūki ga — shita, his courage failed.

Zashi デシ 坐視 (suwatte miru) — suru, to sit still and see a matter; — suru ni shinobizu, I could not endure to see it without interfering.

Zashi 步之 座次 (inarabu) n. The order in which a company of persons sit: — wo tadashiku suru.

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Zashiki ザシキ座敷 n. A room, or apartment, parlor.

ZASHIKIRŌ ザシキラウ 座 敷 牢 n. A room of a private house converted into a prison, or place of confinement, as for a lunatic: — ni ireru, to imprison in a room.

ZASHŌ ザシヤウ 座上 At the time of sitting, in the chamber.

ZASHOKU ザショク 坐食 (igui) — suru, to live without labor, or business: - shite tsukihi wo okuru; — sureba yama mo munashi, if one eats without working a mountain (of food) would not be enough.

ZASSETSU ザッセッ 雑説 n. Miscellaneous sayings, or writings. Syn. ZAKKI.

ZASSHI ザッシ 雑 誌 n. A magazine, newspaper.

Zassho ザッショ雑書 n. Miscellaneous books, a medley of different kinds of books.

Zasshō ザッシャウ 雜 掌 n. An inferior officer who does a variety of work, anything that he may be called upon to do.

Zassō ザッサウ 雜 草 n. A weed. Syn. HAGUSA.

ZASU, or ZASURU #7 See za.

9C

ZASU ザス 座主 n. The head bishop of a Buddhist sect, always a son of the Mikado, and belonging to the Tendai sect.

ZATO ザトウ 座頭 n. The general name of the privileged persons among the blind, of whom there are three ranks,—the $Kengy\bar{o}$, Kōtō, and Shibun.

ZATOKUJIRA ザトウクジラ n. The Rorqual, a species of Balænptera.

ZATSU ザッ 雜 Coarse, badly or roughly made, unworkmanlike, carelessly done: — da, it is coarsely made; — na mono or butsu, a coarse article; — ni shite mo ii, you need not be very particular in making it.

ZATSUGŌ ザッガフ 雜合 n. Composed of several ingredients, compound.

ZATSUJI ザッジ 雑事 (samazama no koto) n.

miscellaneous affairs. ZATSUYō ザッヨウ 雑用 n. Many or various

kinds of business, a multiplicity of engagements.

ZATTA ザッタ 雜多 Miscellaneous, various. ZATTO ザット 粗 adv. (coll.) Coarsely, roughly, not nicely, not minutely; without care, attention, neatness, or skill: — de yō gozarimasu, you need not be very particular in doing it; - deki-agatta, done coarsely, or not done with care; — shita mono, a carelessly made thing.

ZATTō ザットウ 雜 選 Bustling, noisy: — naru tokoro; — suru, to be noisy.

ZAYŪ ザュウ 座 右 (za no migi) The right side of a seat, or a place always near to where one sits: kono hon wa — wo hanasu bekarazu, this book must not be removed from its place near the desk; tsune ni — ni oku.

ZAZAMEKI,-KU + + + > 1 i.v. To make a noise, clamor, tumult, or clatter.

Syn. SAWAGU.

ZAZEN ザゼン 坐禪 n. Sitting in religious meditation or abstraction, as the Buddhists: - wo suru.

Zazō ザザウ 坐臟 n. The crime of receiving stolen goods.

Zazō ザザウ 坐像 n. An image, or idol in a sitting posture.

ZE 总是 n. That which is right, that which is: izure ka ze-naru wo shirazu, don't know which is right; sono setsu wo ze to su, to regard that doctrine as the right one.

ZE & (cont. of zo and e) A colloquial particle, used to give emphasis to what is said before, same as zo and yo; as: bakemono-banashi ga ii ze, ghost stories are the best.

ZECHI ゼチ n. (coll.) Alternative, one of two things: - wo suru, to offer the alternative; — ni kakeru, id.; — ni kakaru, to have the choice of two things offered to one.

Syn. RYŌTEMBIN.

ZEGAISŌ ゼガイサウ 是界草n. Same as okinagusa.

Zegen ゼゲン n. A person who supplies prostitutes to houses of ill-fame; a pimp, procurer, pander.

Syn. HANNIN.

ZE-HI ゼセ 是非 n. Right or wrong, so or not; true or false; (adv.) by all means; must: - wo araso, to dispute about the right or wrong, so or not so, of any subject; ze ka hi ka imada sadamarazu, not determined whether it is so or not; hi wo sutete ze wo toru, to reject the false and hold to that which is true; - ni oyabazu, without gainsaying; ga nai, no help for it, no room for dispute, no gainsaying; — ni tsumaru, unable to gainsay, or deny; — tomo sō seneba naran, must by all means do so; — kite kudasare, you must come.

ZEHI-ZEHI ゼヒゼヒ 是非是非 adv. Must, by all means.

Syn. KANARAZU.

Manyand various things, various engagements, Zei 七 1 義 n. The fine feathers or down on a bird. Syn. NIKOGE.

> ZEI ゼイ 税 n. Duty, excise, customs, tax: wo osameru, to pay duty or tax; - wo toru, to collect duty.

Syn. unjō, nengu.

ZEI ゼイ 聱 — suru, to use unnecessary words, to enlarge upon, to dilate upon.

ZEIBUTSU ゼイブッ 贅物 n. An excrescence, a useless appendage, unnecessary or superfluous thing.

Syn. YOKEI NA MONO, CHŌBUTSU.

ZEICHIKU ゼイチク 筮竹 n. The 50 rods, or sticks used by fortune-tellers.

Syn. MEDOGI.

ZEIGAKU ゼイガク 税額 n. The amount of taxes: - wo sadameru, to fix -.

ZEIGEN ゼイゲン 贅言 (yokei no kotoba) Superfluous or redundant words, needless repetition: — tsukamatsurazu.

ZEIGIN ゼイギン 税銀 n. Money paid for duty or tax.

Syn. unjo, nengu.

ZEIHō ゼイハフ 稅 法 n. Tariff law.

ZEIKWAN ゼイクワン 税 關 n. The customhouse.

ZEIKYO ゼイキョ 逝去 n. Decease, death.

ZEIRI ゼイリ 税 吏 n. A custom house officer. Zeiroku ゼイロク pron. A vulgar word, used in speaking in depreciation of one's self,=I, me.

ZEISOKU ゼイソク 税 則 n. A tariff or rate in which customs, taxes, or excise are levied.

ZEITAKU ゼイタク 贅澤 n. Luxury, extravagance, extravagant, prodigality in the way of living: — hin, articles of luxury.

ZEIZEI ゼイゼイ (coll.) Wheezing, or crepitation in breathing: nodo ga — suru.

ZEKKEI ゼッケイ 絶景 n. An extremely fine landscape.

Zekkō ゼッカウ 絶交 (majiwari wo tatsu) suru, to break off intimacy, fellowship, or friendship.

Syn. NAKATAGAI, FUTSŪ.

ZEKKŌ ゼッカウ 舌 耕 (shita de tagaesu, lit. ploughing with the tongue) — suru, to make a living by talking, lecturing, etc.

ZEKKU ゼック 絕句 n. A verse or stanza of

poetry of four lines.

ZEMBI ゼンビ 全備 (mattaku sonawaru) Full and complete in all its parts, having no deficiency, perfect: - shitaru, complete, perfect. Syn. MATTAKI, MANZOKU.

ZEMBU ゼンブ 全部 Complete number of volumes: kono hon wa - rokusatsu da, this book is complete in six volumes.

ZEMBU ゼンブ 膳部 n. A table set out and furnished with food.

ZEMBU ゼンブ 膳夫 n. A person who superintends the arrangements and preparing of food; a butler.

ZEMBUN ゼンブン 前文 n. The introductory part of a letter.

Syn. Jo, HASHIGAKI.

ZEMMAI ゼンマヒ 狗脊 n. The shoots of

young ferns.

ZEMMAI E > v t n. A circular spring for moving machinery, a mainspring: - shikake, a machine moved by a mainspring; saiku, id.

ZEMMON ゼンモン 禪門 n. The Zen sect of Buddhists.

ZEMPAI ゼンパイ 前輩 (mae no tomogara) n. Predecessors, those previously engaged in the same work: - kōhai, predecessors and successors.

ZEMPEN ゼンペン 前篇 n. The first series of a book.

ZEMPI ゼンピ 前非 n. Former crimes or sins, former evil practices: - wo kuyamu, to repent of one's crimes; — $k\bar{o}kwai$.

ZEMPITSU ゼンピッ 染筆 (fude wo someru) n. Dipping the pen into ink; only used fig. in asking for one's autograph or specimen of his writing.

ZEMPYō ゼンペウ 前表 n. An omen, prognostic, presage.

Syn. KIZASHI, SHIRASE.

ZEN ゼン 善 (yoshi) n. Virtue, goodness: wo okonau, to practice virtue: — wo susumu, to persuade to the practice of virtue.

ZEN ゼン 膳 n. A dining table (such as the Japanese use, low and small, each person having a table to himself): — ni suwaru, to sit at a dining table; - wo sueru, to set a table.

ZEN ゼン 前 (mae) Before, previous, former, in the presence of (only used in compounds): zen-ni, before, previously.

ZEN-AKU ゼンアク 善惡 (yoshi ashi) Virtue and vice, good and evil: - wo wakimaeru, to discern between good and evil.

ZENCHI ゼンチ 全知 (shirazaru nashi) n. Omnipotent.

ZEN-CHI-SHI ゼンチシ 前置 詞 n. A preposition. ZEN-CHI-SHIKI ゼンチシキ 善知識 n. A priest of eminent virtue, a learned priest.

ZENCHō ゼンテウ 前兆 n. A prognostic, an omen.

Syn. ZEMPYO.

ZENCHō ゼンテウ 前朝 (mae no asa) n. Yesterday morning, the previous dynasty. Syn. SAKUCHŌ.

ZENDAI ゼンダイ 前代 (mae no yo) n. Former ages, previous times: - mi-mon, unheard of in former times.

ZENDANA ゼンダナ 膳棚 n. A closet in which dining tables are kept.

ZENDō ゼンダウ 善道 (yoki michi) n. The good way, the way of virtue.

ZENGAKU ゼンガク 禪學 n. The literature or learning of the Zen sect of Bud.

ZENGEN ゼンゲン 前言 (mae ni iu) n. A prophecy, prediction, foretelling; words spoken before.

ZEN-GO ゼンゴ 前後 (mae ushiro, or saki ato) Before and behind, before or after, front and rear, more or less, about: - wo wasureru, to be bewildered, or confused; unconscious; toka - ni kuru, to come in ten days, sooner or later.

ZENGO ゼンゴ 善後 (nochi wo yoku suru) Doing better hereafter: — no saku wo kōzuru, to devise a plan for amicable or better relations in future,—as between countries that have been at war.

ZENGō ゼンゴフ 善業 n. Good or virtuous deeds, good works: - no mukui, the reward of good works.

ZENGON ゼンゴン 善根 n. Virtuous deeds, acts of charity and benevolence, good works: - wo okonau; - wo tsumu.

ZENI ゼニ 錢 n. Small copper or iron coin, cash.

ZEN-I ゼン井 禪 位 (kurai wo yuzuru koto) n. Abdicating the throne.

ZENI-AOI ゼニアフヒ 錢葵 n. The common Mallow, Malva sylvestris.

ZENIBAKO ゼニバコ 錢箱 n. A money-box. ZENIBASU ゼニバス 錢蓮 n. A kind of fresh. water plant having a small leaf.

ZENIGAME ゼニガメ 錢 龜 n. A small kind of tortoise.

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ZENIGASA ゼニガサ n. Ringworm.

Syn. TAMUSHI.

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ZENI-IRE ゼニイレ 錢入 n. A purse.

Syn. SAIFU, KANE-IRE.

ZENISASHI ゼニサシ 錢 費 n. The string on which cash are strung.

ZENIZA ゼニザ 錢座 n. The mint where copper coins are made.

Zenizutsu ゼニッツ n. A section of bamboo used as a cash-box.

ZENJI ゼンジ 禪師 n. The highest title of the priests of the Zenshū sect.

ZENJI ゼンジ 善事 (yoki koto) n. A good deed, virtuous action.

day previous, yesterday, a previous or former day, the other day.

ZENJō ゼンジャウ 禪 定 n. Abstract contemplation (Bud.): — ni iru.

ZENJō ゼンヂヤウ 禪 讓 (kurai wo yuzuru koto) n. Abdication, resigning the government.

ZENKA ゼンカ 全家 n. The whole house, whole family.

ZENKEN ゼンケン 全權 n. Full power or authority, plenipotentiary: — $k\bar{o}shi$, minister plenipotentiary.

ZENKEN ゼンケン 前見 n. Prognosis, foresight: — suru, to prognosticate, foresee; no akiraka na hito.

ZENKIN ゼンキン 錢金 Money.

ZENKIN ゼンキン 前金 n. Money paid in advance: - ni haran.

ZENKō ゼンカフ 禪 閤 n. The title of the father of a Kampaku, who shaved his head and became a bōzu.

ZENKō ゼンカウ 前項 n. Before-mentioned article, antecedent.

ZENKWAI ゼンクワイ 全快 n. Recovery from sickness, perfect restoration to health: shita, restored to perfect health.

Syn. HOMBUKU.

previous year, the year before.

ZENNI ゼンニ 禪尼 n. A nun, the widow of a noble who shaves her head after her husband's death.

Syn. AMA, BIKUNI.

ZENNIN ゼンニン 善人 (yoki hito) n. A good man, virtuous person.

ZENNō ゼンノウ 全能 (atawazaru nashi) n.

Almighty, omnipotent. ZENNOTSUNA ゼシノッナ 綿 n. Two long positively, without dispute. strips of cotton cloth attached to a coffin

front of it. ZENSAI ゼンサイ 前妻 (mae no tsuma) n. The

first wife, a former wife. ZENSE ゼンセ 前世 (mae no yo) n. The

previous state of existence (Bud.).

ZENSEI ゼンセイ 善政 (yoki matsurigoto) n. Good government.

ZENSEI ゼンセイ 全盛 (mattaku sakannari) Flourishing, prosperous, the greatest perfection, bloom.

ZENSHI ゼンシ 漸次 — ni, gradually.

ZENSHIN ゼンシン 善心 (yoki kokoro) virtuous mind.

ZENSHIN ゼンシン 全身 (mattaki mi) n. The whole body.

Syn. söshin.

ZENSHIN ゼンシン 漸進 (sorosoro susumu) Gradual advancement or progress (opp. to kyūshin): — shugi wo toru, to advocate the principle of gradual progress; — $t\bar{o}$, the party

ZENSHITSU ゼンシッ 禪室 n. A Buddhist temple belonging to the $Zensh\bar{u}$ sect.

ZENSHŪ ゼンシウ 禪 宗 n. The name of a sect of Buddhists.

ZENJITSU ゼンジッ 前日 (mae no hi) n. The ZENSō ゼンソウ 禪僧 n. A priest of the Zenshū sect.

ZENSOKU ゼンソク 喘息、n. Asthma.

ZENTAI ゼンタイ 全體 n. The whole body, the entire system of anything composed of parts; (in com. coll. used as an adverb) usually, generally, commonly, customarily, habitually, naturally, constitutionally or from birth, before, properly speaking: kyō mo i-nai ga — rusugachi da, he is out again to-day, he is always out; — shōjiki na mono, he has always been an honest person; Yokohama wa - hito no warui tokoro, Yokohama is generally the place for bad men; — sayō na koto wa nai hazuda, properly speaking there can be no such thing. Syn. GWANRAI, ITTAI.

ZENTEI ゼンティ 筌蹄 (lit. a trap) n. A handbook, manual: shigo -, a handbook of poet-

ical words.

ZENTO ゼント 前途 (yuku saki) n. The future of one's course of life: - wo omompakaru, to reflect upon the future.

ZENTOKU ゼントク 善徳 n. Morality, virtue. ZENYA ゼンヤ 前 夜 (mae no yo) n. The previous night, the night before; last night.

ZENZAI ゼンザイ 善哉 (yoi kana, Bud.) How good! how excellent!

ZENNEN ゼン子ン 前年 (mae no toshi) n. The ZENZEN ゼンゼン 前前 (coll.) Former times, past times, before: — mo mōsu tōri, as I said before.

ZENZEN NI ゼンゼンニ 漸漸 adv. Gradually, by degrees.

Syn. SHIDAI-SHIDAI-NI.

ZEPPAN ゼッパン 絶板 n. Out of print: - ni naru; — suru, the edition is exhausted.

ZEPPEKI ゼッペキ 経壁 n. A precipice. ZEPPI ゼッピ 是非 adv. (coll. for zehi) Must,

Syn. KANARAZU.

and held in the hands of those walking in ZEPPIN ゼッピン 総品 n. An article of the very best quality. Syn. BEPPIN.

ZEPPITSU ゼッピッ 経筆 n. The last writing: kore wa ano hito no - no kakimono da, this is the last thing he wrote.

ZERITSUKI,-KU ゼリック i.v. To breathe with difficulty and noise; to wheeze: zensoku de -.

ZERIZERI ゼリゼリ adv. Breathing with a wheezing noise, i.q. zeizei.

ZESSEI ゼッセイ 絶世 n. The finest or best in the world: — no bijin, the most beautiful of women; — no meisaku.

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ZESSEN ゼッセン 舌戦 n. (lit. a tongue battle) A war of words, dispute, quarrel, logomachy.

ZESSHI,-su ゼッスル 経 (taeru) i.v. To be cut off, destroyed, exterminated, to come to an end: gongo ni — suru, to be inexpressible.

ZESSHOKU ゼッショク 経食 Ceasing to eat from want of appetite, as in sickness.

Zesso ゼッソ 舌疽 n. Cancer of the tongue. Zetchō ゼッチャウ 紹頂 n. The apex, highest peak, the summit of a mountain. Syn. ITADAKI, CHŌJO.

ZETSU ゼッ舌 (shita) n. The tongue (in comp. only).

ZETSUDAI ゼッダイ 絕大 The largest, biggest. ZETSUDAI ゼッダイ 絕代 (yo ni narabi nashi) Unmatched, unequaled: — no bijin, a woman of matchless beauty.

ZETSUGAI ゼッガイ 経崖 n. A precipice.
ZETSUMEI ゼッメイ 経命 (inochi taeru) n.
The end of life, death.

ZETSUMU ゼッム 経無 (taete nashi) Absolutely none, not a particle, not a bit.

ZETSUMYŌ ゼッメウ 経 妙 Most wonderful, most admirable, splendid.

ZETSURIN ゼッリン 総倫 The highest or best of the kind, or amongst men; as: bu-yū—, the bravest of men.

ZETSU-RYŪ ゼッリフ 総 粒 Same as zesshoku.
ZETSUYEKI ゼッエキ 総域 n. Remote nations.
ZETTAI ゼッタイ 舌 告 (hita no koke) A fur, or coat on the tongue, as in fever; a furred tongue: — ga kakatta.

ZETTAI ゼッタイ 経對 n. Absolute, unconditioned, perfect: Kami wa — naru mono.

ZETTAI-ZETSUMEI ゼッタイゼッメイ 絶 體 紹 命 adv. Reduced to the last extremity.

ZETTAN ゼッタン 舌端 (shita no saki) n. The tip or end of the tongue.

ZETTŌ ゼットウ 舌 頭 (shita no saki) n. The tip of the tongue.

ZETTŌ ゼットウ 経例 — suru, to fall down with excess of emotion, to be enraptured or overcome with emotion.

ZEZE 世世 n. (same as zeni) A small coppercoin.

Zo y A particle used to give emphasis to the preceding word or sentence: nani zo, what? sono hako no naka ni nan zo aru ka, is there anything in that box? nan to iu koto zo, what is that you say? sō de wa nai zo, it is no such thing; bushi ni nigon wa nai zo, I would have you know that a soldier never breaks his word; warui koto wo suru to butsu zo, if you are bad I'll beat you; naku to ōkami ga kuru zo, if you cry the wolf will catch you.

Zō ヴウ 贈 (okuru) n. Conferring a posthumous title: — kwan, or — i, a rank conferred after death; — $daij\bar{o}daijin$.

Zō ザウ 象 n. An elephant.

Zō ザウ 像 n. An image, statue, idol, a likeness: butsuzō, a Buddhist idol; hito no —, a statue; mokuzō, a wooden image; seki zō, a stone image.

Syn. KATA, KATACHI.

Zō ザウ 臓 n. The viscera: gozō, the five

viscera, viz., the heart, lungs, stomach, liver, and kidneys: hai no —, the lungs; shin no —, the heart.

Zō-AI グウアイ 憎愛 (nikumi itsukushimi) n. Hating or loving, hatred or love.

Zōashi ザウアシ 象 脚 n. Elephant's leg, Elephantiasis.

Zōbutsu ザウブッ 造 物 n. The Creator.
Zōbutsusha ザウブッシャ 造 物 者 n. The Creator.

Syn. zökwa.

Zōchō ブウチヤウ 増長 — suru, to become more and more, to become greater and greater, to grow worse and worse; to increase: ogori ga —, to become more and more extravagant. Zōchō ブウチウ 増注 n. Notes, or commentary added to the original notes.

Zōdan ザフダン 雜談 n. Miscellaneous or idle talk.

Zōfu ザウフ 臓 腑 n. The viscera, or internal organs of the body, the intestines.

Zōgan ザウガン 象 眼 Inlaid work of gold or silver.

Zōge ザウゲ 象 牙 n. Ivory: — zaiku, ivory. ware.

Zō-GEN ッウゲン 増減 (mashi herashi) Adding to or taking from, increasing or diminishing:—suru.

Syn. KA-GEN.

Zōgon ザフゴン 雜言 n. Scurrilous, foul, or abusive language: — wo iu, to abuse.

Syn. WARU-KUCHI, AKKŌ.

Zōgu ザフグ 雑 具 n. Various articles of furniture.

Zōgyō ゾウゲフ 増業 (ashiki waza, Bud.) Wicked deeds, sinful conduct.

Zōнan ザウハン 藏板 Holding, or possessing the blocks or stereotype plates on which a book has been printed.

ZōHEI ザウヘイ 造幣 n. Coining money:—
ryō, the mint.

Zōно ууж 增 浦 (mashi oginau) Enlarged and deficiencies filled up; corrected and enlarged,—spoken of a book.

Zōhyō ザフヒヤウ 雜 矢 n. Common soldiers. Zōjōman ゾウジヤウマン 増 上慢 n. Pride, arrogance, haughtiness: — no tomogara wo shirizokeru.

Zōka グウカ 増加 (masu) n. Increase (in number): — suru, to increase, multiply.

Zōka ゾウカ 増 價 (atai wo masu) — suru, to increase the price.

Zōkin ザフキン 雑 巾 n. A house-cloth, or coarse towel.

ZOKKAN グカカン 俗間 n. Amongst the common or uneducated people: — ni okonawareru setsu, a saying in vogue amongst the uneducated.

Zokkoku ゾクコク 属國 n. A subject state, dependency.

Zokkoku ゾクコク 賊國 n. A rebel state, a state in rebellion.

Zokkon y y z z adv. (coll.) Very, exceedingly, truly, indeed: — kokoroyasui, very intimate. Syn. JITSU NI.

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Zoku ック 俗 Common, vulgar, plebian; inelegant, uneducated, unpolished; laity, secular, profane: — na mono, a vulgar person; - ni, vulgarly, commonly; - no kotoba, the vulgar dialect; seken no —, layman,—not a Bud. priest.

ZOKU ゾク 墓 (tsuku) — suru, to belong, pertain, attached to, to be subject to, tributary, to connect one's self with, join: $Ry\bar{u}$ - $ky\bar{u}$ wa Satsuma ni —, the Lew-Chew islands belong to Satsuma; mikata wo hanarete teki ni —, to leave one's party and join the enemy; kujira wa nan no bu ni -, to what class (of animals) does the whale belong? Nichiren-shū ni —, to belong to the sect of Nichiren.

Syn. SHITAGAU, KISURU, IRU, TSUKU.

ZOKU ゾク族 n. A family, clan, or tribe having the same surname: ichi-zoku, the whole family, or tribe. Syn. YAKARA.

Zoku ゾク 賊 n. A robber, bandit, brigand; a rebel.

ZOKUBUN ゾクブン 俗文 n. The vulgar style of writing.

Zokubutsu ゾクブッ俗物 n. A vulgar person, one uneducated, or unrefined; common or profane things.

Zокиснō ゾクチャウ 賊長 n. The chief of a band of robbers.

ZOKUDAN ゾクダン 俗談 n. Common con- Buddhist priesthood. common dialect.

or vulgar dialect; the common colloquial or spoken language.

Zoku-go ゾクゴ 俗語 n. The common colloquial or spoken language.

Zokugun ゾクグン 賊軍 An army of robbers, rebel army.

ZOKUHEN ゾクヘン 續編 n. A supplementary treatise, or additional volume.

Buddhistic philosopher,—one who does not wages or salary. belong to the priesthood.

Zokuhitsu ゾクセッ 俗筆 Inelegant penmanship.

Zokuji ブクジ 俗事 n. The common or vulgar business or affairs of life; secular business.

ZokuJin ゾクジン 俗塵 n. Lit. world dust, i.e. the common business, cares, vexations, and toils of this world: - wo harau; - wo kiyomeru; — wo arau.

Zokujin ゾクジン 俗人 n. A common or unlearned person; layman, laity.

ZOKUKAN ゾクカン 賊艦 (tōzoku no fune) A pirate ship, or ship belonging to a country in rebellion.

ZOKUMEI ゾクメイ 續 命 (inochi wo tsunagu) n. Supporting life, support, subsistence, maintenance: — obotsukanashi.

ZOKUMEKI,-KU ゾクメク 俗 i.v. Not in good taste, inartistic, inelegant,—used mostly of drawings or paintings.

ZOKUMU ブクム 俗務 (yo no tsutome) n. Secular business, common business of every day.

ZOKUMYō ゾクミヤウ 俗名 n. The secular name which a person bore while living, in contradistinction to the kaimyō or posthumous name.

ZOKUNIN ゾクニン 俗人 Same as zoku-jin. ZOKURASHII,-KI-KU ゾクラシイ 俗 敷 adj. Common, vulgar, unrefined, inelegant, or unlearned in manner, style, language, etc.

Zokurui ゾクル井 族 類 n. Relations, kinsmen, kindred, genus, class, family.

ZOKU-SAN-KOKU ゾクサンコク 粟散國 (Bud.). The country scattered like millet, i.e. Japan.

ZOKUSEI ゾクセイ 俗姓 n. The family name of a Bud. priest.

ZOKUSEN ゾクセン 賊 舩 n. A pirate ship.

Zokusetsu ゾクセッ 俗説 n. A saying, story, or belief current among the vulgar, or common people; a vulgar saying.

Zokushū ゾクシウ俗臭 (zoku kusai, lit. vulgar smell) Having the appearance, manner, or language of a vulgar person, or thing.

Syn. Zokurashii.

ZOKUSHU ゾクシュ 賊首 The chief of a band of robbers.

Zokusō ゾクサウ 賊 巢 n. A robber's den.

ZOKUTAI ゾクタイ 俗體 n. The condition of a layman, or one who does not belong to the

versation, vulgar talk, conversing in the Zokuto ックト 賊徒 A band of robbers, a company of thieves, insurgents, rebels.

Zokugen ゾクゲン 俗言 n. The common, Zokuyō ゾクヤウ 俗様 n. Vulgar penmanship,—such as is plain and easily read.

ZOKUZOKU ゾクゾク 簇簇 (mura-mura) adv. In crowds, multitudes.

Zokuzoku ブカブカ (coll.) adv. — suru, to start, shudder, or shiver, as when cold water is poured over a person; to have a chill.

Zōkwa ゾウクワ 造化 Creator: — suru, to create; — no tawamure, a freak of nature.

Zokuhijiri ゾクヒジリ 俗聖 n. A secular Zōkyū ゾウキフ 増給 — suru, to increase the

Zombun ゾンブン 存分 n. All that is in one's mind, sentiments, pleasure: — wo nokosazu iu, to speak one's mind without reservation; — ni kanawanu, not to one's liking; omae no — ni shinasare, do as you think best. Syn. omoire, zonjiyori, zoni.

Zomeki,-ku グメク i.v. To be noisy, uproarious, turbulent: zomeki-aruku, to go along shouting, or making a noise.

Syn. SAWAGU. ZOMMEI ゾンメイ 存命 In life, still living: chichi no - no uchi ni wa empō ye yukemasen, I cannot go to a distant country while my father is living; otottsan wa — de gozarimasu ka, is your father still living?

Syn. NAGARAE, ZAISEI. ZōMotsu ザウモッ 雑物 (iro-iro no mono) n. Miscellaneous articles, diverse things, various things: — wo ireru koya.

ZōMOTSU ザウモツ臓物 (nusunda mono) n. Stolen goods: — wo azukaru.

Zōmotsu ゾウモッ 藏物 n. Personal property, the things which one possesses.

Zongwai ブングワイ 存外 (omoi no hoka, coll.) Contrary to one's expectations, different from what one supposed: — hayaku dekita, done sooner than I expected.

Zōni ザフニ 雑煮 n. A kind of food made by boiling mochi, fish, and various vegetables

together, eaten at new year.

Zon-I ゾンイ 存意 n. Mind, opinion, sentiments, thoughts.

Syn. zombun, omoiri.

Zōnin ザフニン 雑人 n. Inferior servants, the rabble, the common herd.

Syn. Komono.

Zonji,-ru or -zuru デンズル 存 i.v. To think, to know (a polite word): arigatō-zonjimasu, thank you; go-zonji ka, do you know? Tōkyō wo gozonji de gozarimasu ka, have you ever been to Tōkyō? zonjite oru, I know, or I have been. Syn. shiru, omou.

Zonji-gakenai,-ki-ku-shi ゾンジガケナイ 無存掛 (coll.) adj. Unexpected, unlooked for.

Syn. furyo, omoi-yorazu.

Zonji-yorazu, or Zonjiyoranu グンジョラズ 不存寄 Unexpected, unlooked for, unthought of, incidental.

Syn. omoiyorazu.

Zonjiyori グンジョリ存寄 n. Opinion, mind, sentiments, views: jishin no — wo mochiyuru, to act according to one's own opinions; — ga chigai, to differ in opinion.

Syn. ZOMBUN.

Zonjō ブンジャウ 存生 n. In life, living: ojii san wa go — de gozarimasu ka, is your grandfather still living?

Syn. ZOMMEI.

ZONKI ">> # (coll.) Gruff, churlish, or crabbed; perverse and uncompliant: — no koto wo iu.

ZONNEN ブン子ン 存念 n. Thoughts, mind, opinion, views, sentiments.

Syn. kokorozashi, zonjiyori.

Zonzai > > + 1 Careless, inattentive, negligent; not neat; slovenly: ano daiku wa — da, that carpenter does his work in a very careless manner; — ni mono wo iu, to speak in a careless or rude way.

Syn. SOMATSU, ZATTO.

Zonzo y > y (coll.) — suru, to shudder, or tremble,—as with cold or fear.

Zonzuru ゾンズル 存 See zonji.

Zōrī ザウリ 草履 n. Sandals made of straw:
— no o, the thong of a sandal.

Zörikui ザウリクヒ n. A sore on the foot made by the sandal.

Zōritori ザウリトリ 草履取 n. The servant who carries his master's sandals: — ni mo tarimasen, unworthy even to carry his sandals.

Zorozoro y n y n adv. Dragging or trailing like the long skirt of a robe; in succession:—
to aruku, to walk with the skirt dragging behind.

Zōryō ザウリフ 造 立 (tsukuri tateru) — suru, to erect, build: tera wo —, to build a temple. Syn. kon-ryu.

Zōsa y 为サ 造作 Always with a negative, as:
zōsa mo nai, not difficult; easy; zōsa mo naku
dekita, easily done. Syn. yasui.

Zōsaku ずうサク 造作 (tsukuru) — suru, to finish off a building, to fit it up for the use intended, to repair or make improvements: ie wo —.

Zōsemba ザウセンバ 造船場 n. A place for building ships, a dockyard.

Zōshiki ザフシキ 雑色 n. An inferior servant of a kuge, or noble.

Zōsноки ザウショク 増殖 (mashi fueru) — suru, to increase.

Zosoriko ブッリコ側根n. The tubercles that grow out of the principal tuber or root.

Zōsui ザフスイ 雜 炊 n. A kind of coarse food. Zōzō ゾウタフ 贈 答 (okuri kotaeru) Sending and replying to letters, correspondence: tegami no — mo nai.

wo gozonji de gozarimasu ka, have you ever Zotto yy hadv. (coll.) Startled, shocked, been to Tōkyō? zonjite oru, I know, or I have been. Syn. shiru, omou. Zotto yy hadv. (coll.) Startled, shocked, as by sudden alarm; a sudden feeling of chilliness: — suru.

Zōyaku fyron. A mare.

Zōxer ザウエイ 造 夢 (tsukuri itonami) — suru, to erect, to build, construct, make.

Syn. KENCHIKU.
ZŌYEKI グウエキ 増 盆 (mashimasu) — suru, to add to and complete, as a book.

Syn. zōно.

Zōyō ザフョウ 雑 用 n. Expenses, outlay for miscellaneous purposes: — ga tanto kakaru, the expenses are heavy.

Syn. ZAPPI, NYŪHI.

ZOYOMEKI,-KU グヨメク i.v. Same as zomeku. Zu ズ 不 A neg. suffix to verbs, as: kikazu, do not hear.

Zu ッ 項面 n. The head: — ga takai, your head is too high (in scolding an inferior for want of good manners in holding his head up): — ga omoi, my head feels heavy.

Syn. KASHIRA, ATAMA, KÖBE.

Zu ッ 圖 n. A drawing, picture, sketch; a plan, map; a favorable opportunity: — suru, to draw a sketch; — wo hiku, to draw a plan; — wo toru, to draw a picture; ie no —, the plan of a house; kuni no —, a map of a country; — ni noru, to take advantage of a favorable opportunity; — wo hazusu, to lose the opportunity or favorable occasion; — wo nukasu.

Syn. E, EZU, KATA.

ZUBAKE,-RU ッパケル i.v. (coll.) To hoax, to play a trick, befool.

Zubon スポン n. Trousers, pantaloons: - tsuri, braces.

Zuboshi ヅボシ 圖星 n. The black spot in the centre of a target, the crown of the head: omoi — wo hazusanu, not to fail in one's aim, or object; — ni ataru.

Zubōtō ズボウタウ 甘草糖 n. Extract of liquorice.

Zubu "" adv. The sound made by plunging into water: — to mizu ni tsukeru, to plunge anything into water.

ZUBUNURE ヴブヌレ 渾濡 n. Wet from head to foot, wet through: — ni naru.

Zuburoku ップロク (coll.) Drunk: — ni natta, to become drunk.

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ZUBUTOI,-KI-KU ズブトキ adj. (coll.) Bold, fearless, daring, audacious: zubutoi dorobō, a bold robber.

ZUDA ヅダ 頭陀 n. A Buddhist priest.

ZUDABUKURO ヅダブクロ 頭陀囊 n. The bag carried by begging priests; also the purse of money tied to the neck of the dead to pay for crossing Sanzu no kawa.

ZUDAZUDA ズダズダ 寸寸 adv. Into pieces: - ni kiru, to cut into pieces.

Syn. SUNZUN NI.

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Zudori y F) n. A plan, diagram. Zufuri "フリ adv. i.q. zumburi.

ZUGANI "it = n. The swimming crab.

Zugwa ヅグワ 圖畫 n. Picture.

Zuhiki-Gami ヅヒキガミ 圖引紙 n. Drawing paper.

Zuhiki-ita ヅヒキイタ 圖引板 n. Drawing Zuisō ズ井サウ 瑞相 n. A lucky sign, a board, a board used for drawing or painting pictures on.

Zui ズ井 瑞 n. A sign, omen: hōnen no —, sign of a fruitful year.

Zui ブ井 酷 n. Marrow, pith of wood. Syn. Kotsuzui.

Zui ズ井 燃 n. A piece of wood from which fire is evolved by friction; also a concave mirror used for producing heat.

ZUI ズ井 絵 (shirizoku) — suru, to decline, retract or withdraw,—from a battle.

Zui ブ井 游 n. The pistils of a flower.

Zuibu ブ井ブ 緩無 — suru, to tranquilize,

calm, pacify: tenka wo - suru.

Zuibun ズ井ブン 隨 分 adv. Tolerably, as good as the circumstances will admit of, pretty well, as much as possible: — yoku narimashō, it will do pretty well; — jōzu ni natta, has become pretty skillful; - ki wo tsuke yo, be as careful as possible.

Syn. KANARI, YOKU.

ZUICHō ブ井テウ 瑞兆 (yoki shirushi) n. A good omen, lucky sign.

Zuigen ズ并ケン 瑞 驗 A favorable token, a good omen.

ZUIHEI ブキヘイ 隨兵 n. A guard of soldiers.

Zuihitsu ズ井 ヒッ 隨 筆 (fudezusami) n. Miscellaneous writings, commonplace book: - wo kaku.

Syn. MAMPITSU.

ZUI-I ブ并イ 暗 意 (kokoro makase) At one's pleasure, according to one's mind, or convenience: — ni nasare, do as you like.

Syn. omomama, kimama.

ZUI-ICHI ブ井イチ 隋 - The best, the first: baka no —, the greatest fool; Nippon — no hito, the greatest hero of Japan.

ZUIJIN ブ井ジン 暗神 n. The attending or guarding gods, especially those that sit at the entrance of a Miya; i.q. yukisuki.

ZUI-JIN ブ井ジン Same as zuishin.

Zujō ッジャウ 頭上 Upon the head: — ni ochi-kakaru, to fall upon the head.

ZUIJŪ ブ井ジウ 隨從 n. A follower, attendant; a disciple, adherent: - suru, to obey, to follow. Syn. SHITAGAU.

ZUIJUN ズ井ジュン 隨順 — suru, to obey, submit to.

Zuiki ズ井キ 隨喜 n. Delightful assent, joyful approval, pleasure or joy felt in sympathy; affected with joy: seppō wo chōmon shi — no namida wo moyōshikeri.

Zuiki ブイキ 芋 莖 n. The stem of the Taro, used as food.

Syn. IMOGARA.

Zuimu ズ井ム 瑞夢 n. A lucky dream.

Zuiseki ズイセキ 燧石 n. Flint.

Zuishin ブ 井 シン 隨 臣 n. A follower, a disciple, attendant: — suru, to follow.

Zuishu ズ井シュ 陪珠 n. The name of a precious stone, carbuncle (?).

ZUISHU ブ井シュ 墜珠 n. The crystalline lense,—of the eye.

favorable sign; a sign.

Syn. Yoi-shirase, Zuigen.

ZUITAI ブ井タイ 墜 體 n. A falling body,—in mechanics: — no sokuryoku, the velocity of —.

Zui To y'i adv. Directly; in a direct, straight manner, without minding ceremony: - hairu, to go straight in without saying anything or minding anybody.

ZUI-UN ズ井ウン 瑞雲 n. The cloud that is a

good omen.

Zuizai-zuisho ブ井ザイズ井ショ 隨在隨處 adv. Everywhere, = doko nite mo: - kimi no ontoku wo agamu.

ZUKA ヅカ 直 adv. Straight, directly: — to iru, to go straight in,—without formality.

Zukara ッカラ An affix, found in the words, kuchi —, by one's own mouth; mizukara, of one's self; onozukara, tezukara.

Zuki ズキ n. Secret police, detective: — ga mawaru.

Zukin ッキン頭巾 n. A bonnet, a cap worn in cold weather.

Zuki-zuki y + y + — itamu, to throb with pain.

ZUKKARI, or ZUPPARI ズッカリ adv. Straight, direct: — to kiru, to cut in two; — to iu, to speak freely without reserve.

Zuku "> Dised only as an auxilliary word, = on account of, by force, or by means or influence of: tokushin — de, by connivance of; kane-zuku de chūgi wo suru, to be loyal only because of gain by it; shinsetsu — ga kurō no tane, lavishing kindness on others is the seed of trouble; aitai — nite, by mutual consent; chikara — de, by force.

Zuku yyn. An owl. Same as mimizuku. Zuku y n. Crude or unwrought iron;

pig-iron.

Zū-kuni ッウクニ n. Same country (a provincialism): — no hito da, fellow countryman.

Zuku-shi ックシ n. A ripe persimmon. ZUMBAI ヅンバイ 飄 石 n. A sling.

Zumburi ">> ") adv. The sound made by anything suddenly sinking in water: - nureru, to be thoroughly wet.

Zumi y z n. A kind of yellow dyestuff.

Zumi y in. The Pyrus toringo.

ZUNASHI ヅナシ 無頭 (ue nashi) Highest, best, -in quality, price: kono shinamono da, this article is of the best quality.

ZUNDO ズンド adv. (coll.) Particularly, especially, very: — yoi, very good; — yoku nai, very bad; — moto, origin, first, or beginning.

Syn. KAKUBETSU, KOTO NI.

ZUNGIRI ズンギリ 直切 n. A cross section of bamboo used as a flower vase.

ZUN TO ズント adv. Powerfully, with all one's might: — kiru.

ZUNUKE,-RU ヅヌケル i.v. To be extraordinary, or outlandish, or different from the common run: zunuke ni sei no takai hito, an extraordinarily tall man.

Zun-zun ズンズン adv. (coll.) Rapidly, fast: fune ga — hashiru, the ship sails fast; kodo mo wa — sodatsu, the child grows rapidly.

Syn. SASSATO.

ZUN-ZUN NI ズンズンニ 寸寸 adv. Into small pieces: kami wo - hikisaku, to tear paper into small pieces.

Syn. ZUDA-ZUDA, KIRE-GIRE.

ZUPPURI ブップリ adv. All over, completely: mizu ni ochite — nureta, fell into the water and got wet all over; — neru, to be confined to bed.

ZURARI TO ッラット adv. (coll.) One after another, in a line, continuously; single file: — narabu.

ZURAZURA ズラズラ adv. (coll.) smoothly: - hon wo yomu, to read a book glibly.

Zure yu (impure tsure, used only in compounds) Accompanying, going with, companion, associate: michizure, a fellow-traveler; uma wa umazure, horses keep company with horses.

ZURI,-RU ズル t.v. (coll.) To slide down, to slip down: uma no ni ga —, the horse's load slips down; jishin de kawara ga zutta, owing to the earthquake the tiles slip down.

Syn. SUBERU. ZURI-KOMI,-MU ズリコム i.v. (coll.) To slip, or slide down into, to take secretly, steal: kawa ni —, to slip into the river.

ZURI-OCHI,-RU ブリオチル t.v. To slip, or slide down anything: uma kara —, to slide down from a horse; yama wo -, to slide down a hill.

Zurō ズロウ Slow, idle, careless: — na hito.

ZURUI,-KU-SHI ブルイ adj. (coll.) Cheating, knavish; shirking and imposing one's work on others; slow, lazy, idle: — yatsu da, a knavish fellow; zuruku suru, to be lazy; or slow; — koto wo suru.

ZURUKE,-RU ズルケル i.v. To be idle, lazy, to shirk work: shokunin ga zurukete komaru, I am pestered by the laziness of the workmen; ano ko wa zurukete gakkō ye yukazu ni asobu, that child plays truant and does not go to school.

Zuru-zuru ズルズル adv. Slippery, smoothly, in a slippery manner: — to suberu, to slide; — ni natta, to slide into the possession of anything; — bettari ni naru, id.

Zu-sa ブサ 從者 n. A follower, servant,

retainer. Syn. Jūsha, Tomo.

Zushi ヅシ 廚子 n. A small shrine in which idols are kept.

Zushiyaka ッシャカ i.q. tsushiyaka.

Zusho ヅショ 圖書 (ezu to kakimono) Pictures and books: — no kami, a librarian; — ryō, the Imperial library.

ZU-SHO-KWAN ッショクワン 圖書館 Library.

Zu-sho-Ryō ッショレウ 圖書寮 n. The department, or library where the pictures and books of the Emperor are kept.

Zusō ヅサウ 頭瘡 n. An eruption on the

scalp.

Zusshiri "">> " adv. The sound of a heavy body falling to the ground,—as a bag of money.

Zu-TAKA ヅタカ — ni, holding the head up with

the air of a superior.

Zursu ッツ 充 adv. At a time, apiece, the number to which it is joined separately taken, as: hitotsu-zutsu, one by one, one at a time; futatsu-zutsu, two by two, or two at a time; hitori-zutsu, one person at a time, one by one; san nin -, three by three; chawan ni ippai — hi ni sando nomu ga yoi, take one tea-cupful three times a day.

Zursū ヅッウ 頭痛 (kashira no itami) n. Headache: — ga itashimasu, have a headache. Zutsunai,-ki-ku-shi ブッナシ adj. Painful,

grevious, distressing, hard to bear.

Syn. KURUSHII, SETSUNAI.

Zutsunai,-ki-ku-shi "" " + 1 adj. (wom.) Lazy, indolent, indisposed to exertion: hito; — kute ikenai.

A lazy fellow who Zutsunashi ッッナシ n. hates to move.

Zutto "" > adv. (coll.) In a direct, straight course; i.q. zuito.

The young shoots or Zuwae ズハエ 末枝 n. branches of a tree.

Zuzan ヅザン 社撰 — na, fanciful, unsupported by fact or reason, hypothetical: — na setsu.

Zuzu ズズ 念珠 n. A rosary: — wo momu, to roll the rosary between the hands; - wo tsumaguru, to push the beads of the rosary along with the nail. Syn. JUZU, NENJU.

Zuzudama, or Zuzugo ブブダマ 意 汝仁 n. A plant vulgarly called Job's tears, Coix lacryma.

Bold, Zūzūshii,-ki-ku ブウブウシク adj. fearless, daring, audacious.